

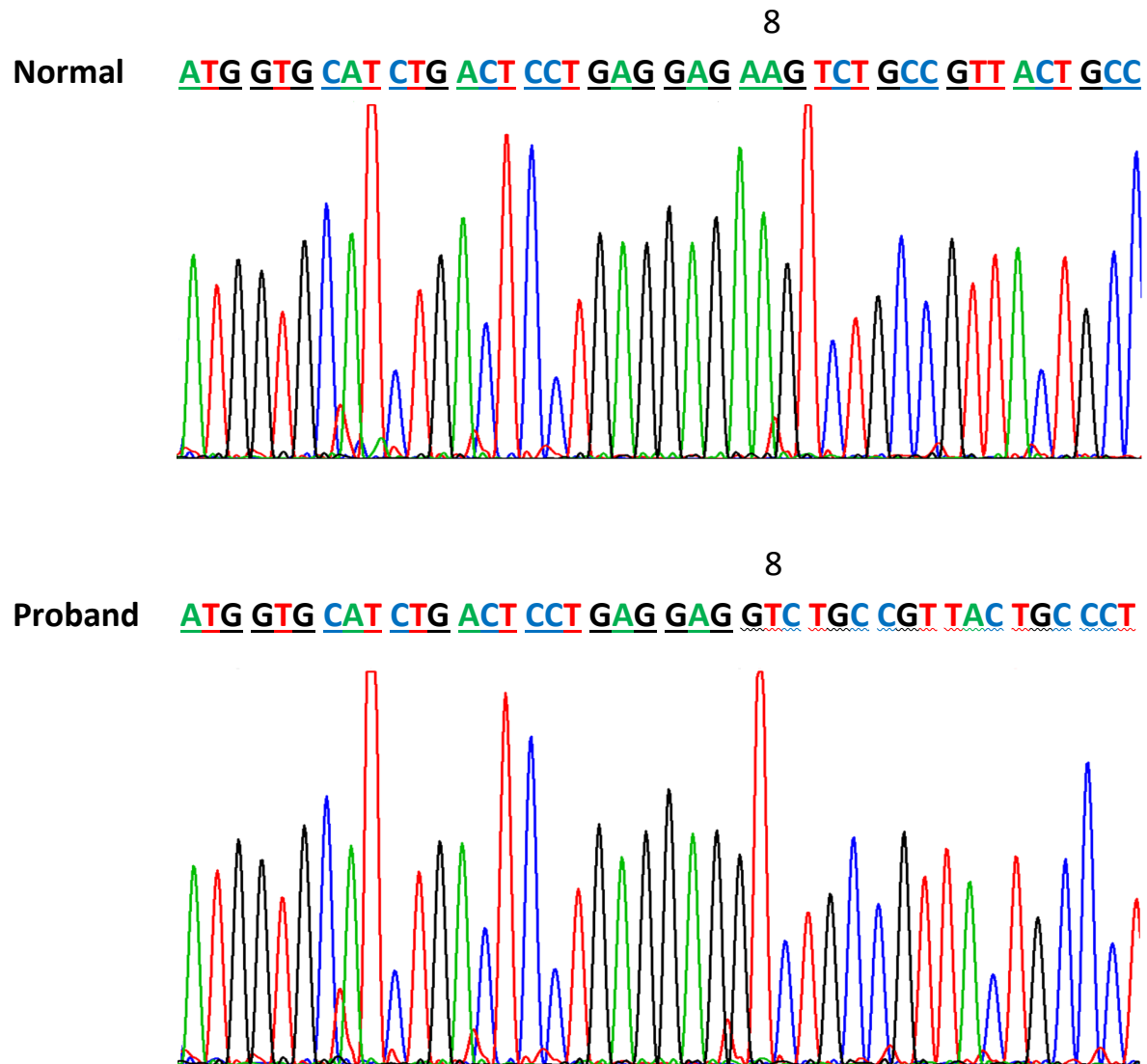
# The Genetic Basis of Asymptomatic Codon 8 Frame-Shift $\beta^0$ -Thalassaemia Homozygotes

Zhihua Jiang, Hong-yuan Luo, Shengwen Huang, John J. Farrell, Lance Davis, Roger Théberge, Katherine A. Benson, Suchada Riolueang, Vip Viprakasit, Nasir A.S. Al-Allawi, Sule Ünal, Fatma Gümrük, Nejat Akar, A. Nazli Başak, Leonor Osorio, Catherine Badens, Serge Pissard, Philippe Joly, Andrew D. Campbell, Patrick G. Gallagher, Martin H. Steinberg, Bernard G. Forget, David H.K. Chui

## Supplementary data

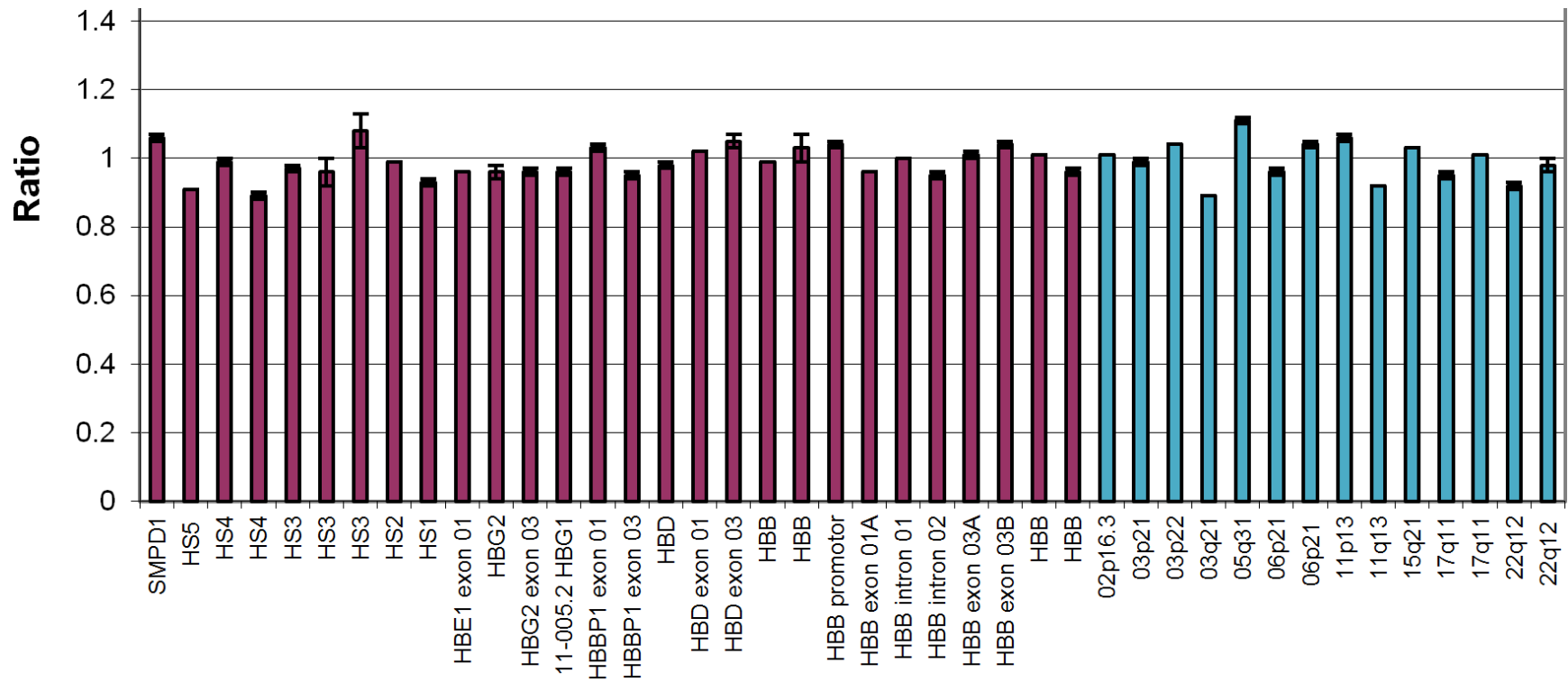
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Figure S1 Nucleotide Sequences of *HBB* from Initiation Codon ATG to Codon 13



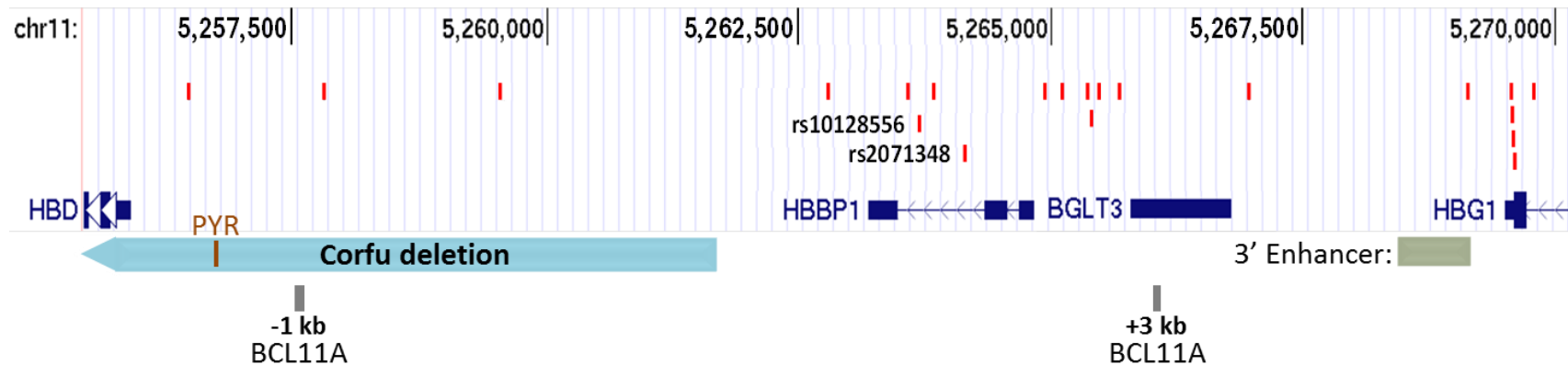
**Figure Legend:** The top figure shows the nucleotide sequences from a normal individual beginning from the *HBB* initiation codon ATG to codon 13. Note codon 8 is AAG. The lower figure shows the nucleotide sequences from the proband. Note codon 8 is GTC, as a result of homozygous deletion of dinucleotides AA from the normal codon 8 sequences.

Figure S2 MLPA on Proband's *HBB* Gene Cluster



**Figure Legend:** MLPA on proband's *HBB* gene cluster showing equal signal strength of probes from LCR to 9 kb downstream from *HBB*. The blue-colored bars represent probes for genes on other chromosomes which serve as control.

Figure S3 SNPs Present in Proband's *HBD* to *HBG1* Intergenic Region



**Figure Legend:** The figure shows ~14.5 kb *HBG1* – *HBD* intergenic region. The numbers on the first row represent hg19 Chr11 positions. Each perpendicular red bar represents a single SNP found in the proband, all homozygous for the alternate alleles (Supplementary Table 2). The light green bar represents the enhancer 3' to *HBG1* (Bodine, Ley, EMBO J 1987; 6:2997-3004). *BGLT3* is the template for a long non-coding RNA (Kiefer et al, Blood 2011; 118:6200-6208). The light blue bar represents the Corfu deletion (Kulozik et al, Blood 1988; 71:457-462). The brown strip represents PYR complex DNA-binding site (Bank, Blood 2006; 107:435-443). The grey strips represent two purported *BCL11A* binding sites, at 3 kb downstream of *HBG1*, and 1 kb upstream of *HBD* (Sankaran et al, N Engl J Med 2011; 365:807-814). SNP rs10128556 is associated with elevated HbF in sickle cell anemia patients (Galarneau et al, Nat Genet 2010; 42:1049-1051). SNP rs2071348 is associated with elevated HbF and milder disease severity in patients with HbE/ $\beta^0$ -thalassemia (Nuinoon et al, Hum Genet 2010; 127:303-314).

Table SI ARMS tests to determine HbF QTL genotypes

HbF QTL	Primer name	Primer sequences 5' to 3'	PCR amplicons	SNP genotype	Final concentrations of primers picomoles/μL	PCR conditions (Temperature / Time)			
						Denaturing	Annealing	Extension	PCR cycles
rs9399137 Chr.6q23	F-9399137	GTTCTGCTTCTACAATAGACATTTTTTCATG			0.1	98°C / 40sec	56°C / 40sec	72°C / 2min	35
	R-9399137	TAAAAACCTGGCAAGATAACCATTTAAAGTA			0.1				
	F-9399137-C	TAATGTAATTAACCTGAACATATGGTTACTC	250 bp	C	0.2				
	R-9399137-T	AGCAGGGTTGCTTGTGAAAAA <del>CTT</del> A	141 bp	T	0.1				
rs66650371 3-bp deletion Chr.6q23	TAC-1F:	TCACTCTGGACAGCAGATGTTACTAT			0.2	98°C / 20sec	58°C / 40sec	72°C / 40sec	30
	TAC-1R	CTCAGTGATGGTATTTCTGGAGAC	206 bp	no del	0.8				
	TAC-0F	AGCCCGTCCAGACACTCATTGTT			0.1				
	TAC-0R	GCCCTGATAACATTTTGTGGTTTTTCATTTAACAT	276 bp	3-bp del	0.8				
rs766432 Chr.2p15	F-766432	ACAGCGAGACCCTGTCTCAAAAACAA			0.1	98°C / 40sec	56°C / 40sec	72°C / 2min	35
	R-766432	TTCCTTAGTGTAGTGGAGAGGTTTCTA			0.1				
	F-766432-C	GTTTCGCTTAGCTTTATTAAGGTACAC	726 bp	C	0.1				
	R-766432-A	CTTAAAATGAATGACTTTTGTGTATGTACA <del>T</del>	521 bp	A	0.2				

Genomic DNA was extracted from peripheral blood leukocytes by BioRobot EZ1 (Qiagen). PCR was performed using a thermocycler (ABI). In 10 ul reaction mixture, there were 100 ng of genomic DNA, 5 ul Multiplex mix (x2, Qiagen), 2 ul of Q-solution (x5, Qiagen) and the primer mix as shown in the table. The PCR reaction began with denaturation at 95°C for 15 minutes, followed by amplification cycles as summarized in the table. After PCR, 5 ul of reaction mixture was run on 8% polyacryamide gel at 200V for 40 minutes. Note that genotyping for rs9399137 and rs766432 can be done in a multiplex reaction within a single tube. The alternate alleles are colored red in the table.

Table SII Non-identical SNP Genotypes at 7 Loci Found in Two Dizygotic Twins

Gene locus	SNP ID	hg19 position	Reference allele	Alternate allele	Proband	Twin brother
LFNG	rs61564232	Chr7:2,552,881	–	<b>GATG</b>	<b>GATG / GATG</b>	– / <b>GATG</b>
TFDP1	rs750015004	Chr13:114,290,958	G	<b>A</b>	G / <b>A</b>	G / G
CES3	rs145544825	Chr16:66,998,390	G	<b>A</b>	<b>A / A</b>	G / <b>A</b>
EXOX3L1	rs150417999	Chr16:67,222,999	G	<b>A</b>	<b>A / A</b>	G / <b>A</b>
CTRL	rs774504385	Chr16:67,963,944	C	<b>T</b>	<b>T / T</b>	C / <b>T</b>
ILF3	rs200928937	Chr19:10,798,066	G	<b>A</b>	G / <b>A</b>	G / G
ZBTB32	rs202219173	Chr19:36,207,494	C	<b>T</b>	<b>T / T</b>	C / <b>T</b>

Table SIII 21 SNPs Present within Proband's *HBD* to *HBG1* Intergenic Region

Chr11 position (hg19)	SNP ID	Reference allele	Alternate allele	Alternate allele frequency, according to 1,000 Genome Project	Proband's Genotype
5,256,431	rs7948416	A	<b>C</b>	C = 0.84	<b>C / C</b>
5,257,778	rs3759074	G	<b>A</b>	A = 0.19	<b>A / A</b>
5,259,534	rs6578590	T	<b>C</b>	C = 0.86	<b>C / C</b>
5,262,782	rs11036415	A	<b>C</b>	C = 0.84	<b>C / C</b>
5,263,577	rs10128555	C	<b>G</b>	G = 0.89	<b>G / G</b>
5,263,683	<b>rs10128556</b>	C	<b>T</b>	T = 0.20	<b>T / T</b>
5,263,831 - 5,263,828	rs59215941	TGTA	-	N.A.	- / -
5,264,146	<b>rs2071348</b>	T	<b>G</b>	G = 0.21	<b>G / G</b>
5,264,929	rs7934275	A	<b>G</b>	G = 0.89	<b>G / G</b>
5,265,106	rs12417960	C	<b>A</b>	A = 0.24	<b>A / A</b>
5,265,366	rs4910739	G	<b>C</b>	C = 0.83	<b>C / C</b>
5,265,396 - 5,265,394	rs143325232	AAG	-	N.A.	- / -
5,265,475	rs4910545	C	<b>T</b>	T = 0.75	<b>T / T</b>
5,265,680	rs11036431	G	<b>A</b>	A = 0.28	<b>A / A</b>
5,266,961	rs6578591	T	<b>C</b>	C = 0.88	<b>C / C</b>
5,269,140	rs6578592	C	<b>A</b>	A = 0.86	<b>A / A</b>
5,269,583	rs5009539	G	<b>A</b>	A = 0.48	<b>A / A</b>
5,269,584	rs1065686	T	<b>G</b>	G = 0.72	<b>G / G</b>
5,269,585	rs61893083	G	<b>A</b>	A = 0.72	<b>A / A</b>
5,269,586	rs62755960	A	<b>G</b>	G = 0.72	<b>G / G</b>
5,269,799	rs28440105	A	<b>C</b>	C = 0.84	<b>C / C</b>

Table SIV FSC8 Homozygotes, with No or Rare Transfusion

Ethnic background	Patient	Age - Gender	Age at dx	Hb (g/dL)	Splenectomy	Transfusions	$\alpha$ -Globin genotype	Chr11p15	Chr6q23		Chr2p16	HBB cluster haplotype
								rs7482144 ( <i>Xmn I</i> )	rs9399137 (HMIP)	rs66650371 (3-bp deletion)	rs766432 ( <i>BCL11A</i> )	
Turkish	3	32 – F	3 yrs	10 at dx. Now 8.6	At age 7 yrs	Yes before splenectomy; none since	$\alpha\alpha / \alpha\alpha$	A / A	T / C	WT / del	A / C	IV / IV
Turkish	4	30 – F	2 yrs	4.2 at dx. Now 9.3	At age 11 yrs	Yes before splenectomy; none since	$\alpha\alpha / \alpha\alpha$	A / A	T / C	WT / del	A / A	IV / IV
Turkish	5	7 – M	---	7.7	No	Rarely	$\alpha\alpha / \alpha\alpha$	A / A	T / T	WT / WT	A / A	IV / IV
Turkish	6	13 – M	---	9.8	No	No	$\alpha\alpha / \alpha\alpha$	A / A	T / C	WT / del	A / C	IV / IV

Patients #3 and #4 were sisters. They were originally reported in 1989 by Gurgey et al.

Patients #6 and #16 (Table 4) were siblings.

SNP alternate alleles are colored red.



Table SV FSC8 Homozygotes, Transfusion Dependent

Ethnic background	Patient	Age - Gender	Age at dx	Hb (g/dL)	Splenectomy	Transfusions	$\alpha$ -Globin genotype	Chr11p15	Chr6q23		Chr2p16	HBB cluster haplotype
								rs7482144 (Xmn I)	rs9399137 (HMIP)	rs66650371 (3-bp deletion)	rs766432 (BCL11A)	
Iraqi	7	19 – F	7 yrs		At age 18 yrs	Yes, since age 7 yrs	$\alpha\alpha / \alpha\alpha$	A / A	T / T	WT / WT	C / C	IV / IV
Iraqi	8	21 – M	8 yrs	7.1 at dx	At age 14 yrs	Yes, since age 8 yrs	$\alpha\alpha / \alpha\alpha$	A / A	T / C	WT / del	A / C	IV / IV
Iraqi	9	15 - M	3 yrs	7.5	At age 6 yrs	Yes	$\alpha\alpha / \alpha\alpha$	A / A	T / T	WT / WT	A / A	IV / IV
Iraqi	10	14 - F	1 yr	7.9	At age 10 yrs	Yes	$\alpha\alpha / \alpha\alpha$	A / A	T / C	WT / del	A / A	IV / IV
Iraqi	11	14 - M	4 yrs	6.8	At age 5 yrs	Yes	$\alpha\alpha / \alpha\alpha$	A / A	T / C	WT / del	A / C	IV / IV
Iraqi	12	18 - M	1 yr		At age 12 yrs	Yes	$-\alpha^{3.7} / \alpha\alpha$	A / A	T / T	WT / WT	A / A	IV / IV
Turkish	13	16 – M	18-month	6.5 at dx	At age 8 yrs	Yes, since age 18-month	$\alpha\alpha / \alpha\alpha$	A / A	T / C	WT / del	A / A	IV / IV
Turkish	14	21 – F	4 yrs	7.6 at dx	No	Yes, since age 6 yrs	$\alpha\alpha / \alpha\alpha$	A / A	T / C	WT / del	A / C	IV / IV
Turkish	15	20 – M	9-month	8.2 at dx	At age 6 yrs	Yes, since age 1 yr	$\alpha\alpha / \alpha\alpha$	A / A	T / T	WT / WT	A / C	IV / IV
Turkish	16	7 – F		8.0 when transfusion began	No	Yes, since age 4 yrs	$\alpha\alpha / \alpha\alpha$	A / A	T / C	WT / del	A / A	IV / IV
Turkish	17	25 – F			No	Yes	$\alpha\alpha / \alpha\alpha$	A / A	T / T	WT / WT	A / A	IV / IV

Table SV FSC8 Homozygotes, Transfusion Dependent (continued)

Ethnic background	Patient	Age - Gender	Age at dx	Hb (g/dL)	Splenectomy	Transfusions	$\alpha$ -Globin genotype	Chr11p15	Chr6q23		Chr2p16	HBB cluster haplotype
								rs7482144 (Xmn I)	rs9399137 (HMIP)	rs66650371 (3-bp deletion)	rs766432 (BCL11A)	
Moroccan	18	F				Yes	$\alpha\alpha/\alpha\alpha$	A/A	T/T	WT/WT	A/C	IV/IV
Moroccan	19	15 – F				Yes	$\alpha\alpha/\alpha\alpha$	A/A	T/T	WT/WT	A/A	IV/IV
North African	20	DOB 1993 – F			Yes	Yes, since age 3 years	$\alpha\alpha/\alpha\alpha$	A/A	T/T	WT/WT	A/C	IV/IV
North African	21	DOB 1989 – F			At age 20 yrs	Yes, since age 2 years		A/A	T/C	WT/del	A/A	IV/IV
Turkish	22	4 – F	6 month	9.8 at dx	No	Yes, since age 3	$\alpha\alpha/\alpha\alpha$	G/G	T/C	WT/del	C/C	VII/VII
North African	23	DOB 2008 – F			No	Yes, since age 3 months	$\alpha\alpha/\alpha\alpha$	G/G	T/T	WT/WT	A/C	VII/VII
North African	24	DOB 2005 – M			No	Yes, since age 4 months	$\alpha\alpha/\alpha\alpha$	G/G	T/T	WT/WT	A/A	VII/VII

Patients #13 and #14 were siblings.

Patients #16 and #6 (Table 3) were siblings.

Patients #23 and #24 were siblings.

Patient #23 underwent bone marrow transplantation in 2011 at age 3.

SNP alternate alleles are colored red.