### Welcome GSA Virtual Workshop Attendees!

Analyzing Longitudinal Aging Studies within an Interoperability Environment: The NACDA Data Portal

Plan for Today: 4hr workshop - 4 sessions

- Welcome, intros, technical (5min)
- **Session 1** NIA Program Priorities John Phillips (40min)
- 5min Break
- Session 2 MIDUS and the MIDUS portal Barry Radler (45min)
- 20min Break
- Session 3 NACDA and the NACDA portal James McNally, Kathryn Lavender (60 min)
- 10min break
- Session 4 Colectica, demo, benefits to using Jeremy Iverson (45min)
- Open question/discussion (10min)
- End workshop 2pm EST

#### Our Presenters

- **Dr. John Phillips** Chief of the Population and Social Processes Branch (PSP) of the NIA Division of Behavioral and Social Research (BSR). During a career spanning over 20 years, John has worked to produce research and data resources on aging related topics.
- **Dr. Barry Radler** Research background is in quantitative social science with a focus on how information technologies can improve research processes and data. Dr. Radler is currently the Survey Project Manager and Data Management Director for the MIDUS study (<a href="www.midus.wisc.edu">www.midus.wisc.edu</a>) at the UW-Madison Institute on Aging.
- **Dr. James McNally** Director of NACDA for 20 years, researches family support and health among the aged, in the United States and internationally. He also studies the impacts of heterogeneity on health outcomes among elderly U.S. Asian/Pacific Islander populations.
- **Kathryn Lavender** Data Project Manager for NACDA with 14 years of experience in social science data management.
- **Jeremy Iverson** Co-founder and partner at Colectica where he helps build software to document statistical data using open standards. Previously, he was a programmer at the Wisconsin Longitudinal Study, working to process, document, and disseminate data for the long-running study. Jeremy is currently an invited expert on the Data Documentation Initiative's (DDI) Technical Committee.



# Analyzing Longitudinal Aging Studies within an Interoperability Environment:

#### The NACDA Data Portal

NACDA Director Dr. James McNally,
NACDA Data Project Manager Kathryn Lavender
November 10, 2021







#### **NACDA** Session

- Why Interoperability?
- Intro to NACDA
- Intro to NACDA Colectica Portal
- How to Download Data from the NACDA Portal Customized Datasets
- How to Search the NACDA Site
- How to Download Data from the NACDA Site Whole Datasets
- Related Publications
- How to Cite the Data You Use
- How to Share Your Data

We will share these slides from our NACDA announcements page after the conference.



### In Search of a Superpopulation

The superpopulation and the finite population concepts are compatible if one views the finite population labels (which are needed to allow specific units to be sampled) to be part of the superpopulation model. Doing so, the final sample can be thought of as the result of a two-step process:

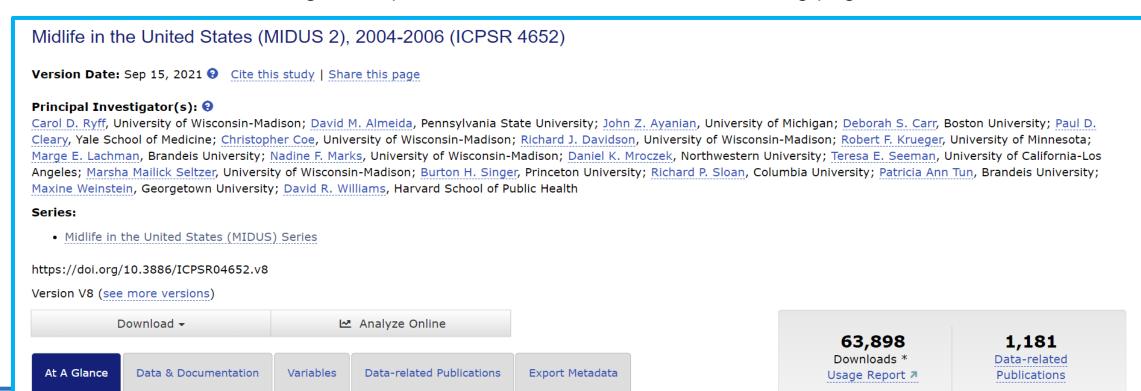
First, the finite population is selected from a superpopulation according to the superpopulation model.

Then, after each unit is identified with a label and related information, a sample design is formed and the final sample of units is selected. The measured characteristics are known only for the final sample. However, other information, such as the information used as part of the sample design, will be known for the **entire finite population**.

\*\*nacda-aging.org\*

# Step 1: Metadata

ICPSR has produced study descriptions, or metadata records, describing its holdings since the organization began in 1962. In the 1980s the metadata records were converted to a standardized, fielded text format. In 1999, ICPSR received an NSF Infrastructure in the Social Sciences award (SES-9977984), which enabled us to enrich the content of the records and to convert them to XML. In 2006, ICPSR, in partnership with the University of Michigan Library, produced MARC records for its collection. More recently, ICPSR has added machine-readable schema.org markup in JSON-LD format to dataset landing pages.





#### Step 2) Variable Database

**∠** Log In



Studies, publications, variables, webpages

Q

Home

Find Data -

Share Data 🕶

Membership ▼ Summer Program ▼

Teaching & Learning ▼

Data Management -

About ▼

#### Powered by DDI

The SSVD builds on a pilot project funded by the National Science Foundation. It demonstrates the benefits of using structured variable-level documentation in XML, tagged according to the Data Documentation Initiative 3 standard.



#### Search/Compare Variables

The Social Science Variables Database (SSVD) enables ICPSR users to examine and compare variables and questions across studies or series. The SSVD currently includes over 5 million variables, representing about 76% of ICPSR's holdings that have quantitative data described in statistical syntax.

The SSVD does not include our entire collection. For a comprehensive search of all datasets, use our <u>main data search</u>, which indexes all of the documentation available for our studies, including the variable descriptions.

Search

- Browse by Study
- Browse by Series

#### Comparing Variables

Select checkboxes, and then select "Compare" from the Actions button. This will take you to a screen where you can compare the details of the variables you chose.

#### Search Tips

 Enter words or strings that are likely to appear in a variable name, label, question, and value labels:

Presidential election will return variables dealing with all presidential elections

Presidential election Obama will return only variables dealing with the 2008 and 2012 presidential elections

 Use quotes to search for specific phrases:

"life satisfaction" "minority rights" "community programs"

• The minus sign may be used to remove certain types of results:

"Presidential debate" - "Bill Clinton"

### Step 3: Research Frameworks

Research data is used in a systematic manner to build models that measure specific activities, populations, or behaviors of interest. To accomplish this, researchers use frameworks that attempt to capture and model outcomes that follow theoretical pathways. To build and analysis model based on a specific research framework such as Social Determinants of Health, the analyst needs access to a specified set of variables. NACDA seeks to organize and present variables commonly used in research frameworks using Variable Cascades.

The variable-cascade is an essential tool for organizing compatibility across longitudinal study waves and creating cross-study linkages for related, though independent studies. Variable-cascades consist of four levels, each level corresponding to more detailed descriptions. The levels also indicate the main focus of the descriptive label. The Concept and Conceptual Variable provide details about the concepts employed. The Represented Variable and Instance Variable provide details about the codes, characters, and numbers that define higher-level concepts

Concept





Represented Variable



Instance Variable

#### Step 4: Harmonization and Quasi-Harmonization

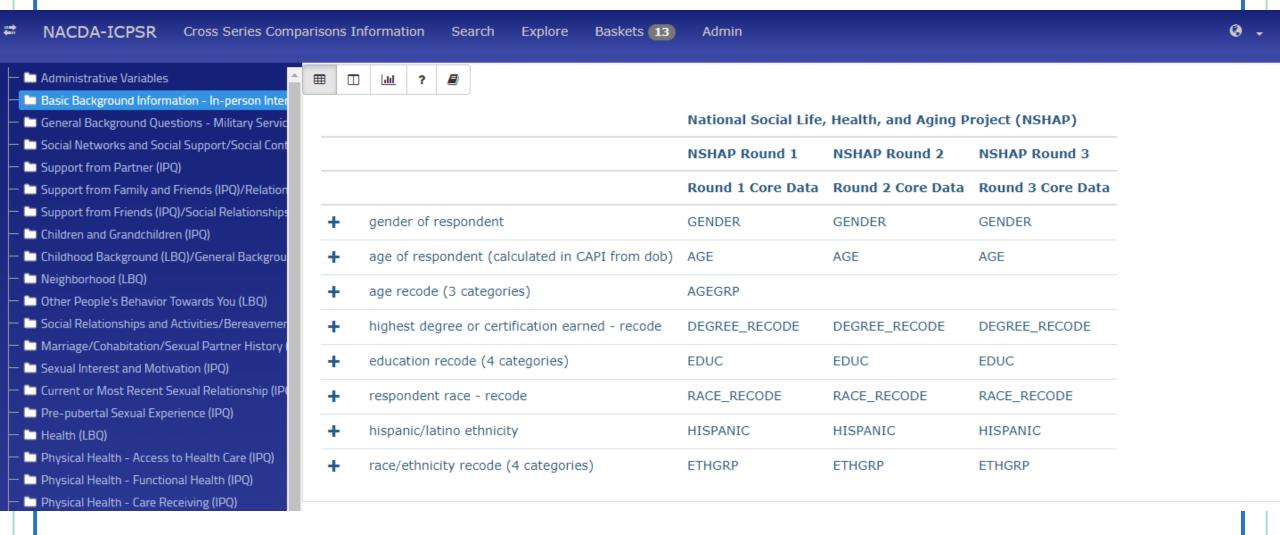
NACDA Concordance Sheet for Levels of Conceptual Variable Comparability

24	A	В	C
1	Topical Groups and Subgroups	NEW Cross-Series Conceptual Items	Comparability note
26 1	Respondent demographics	Number of stepchildren	Comparability: one to many
27 1	Respondent demographics	Number of sons	Comparability: directly comparable
28 1	Respondent demographics	Number of daughters	Comparability: directly comparable
29 1	Respondent demographics	Born in the US	Comparability: need harmonization
30 1	Respondent demographics	Financial status in childhood	Comparability: need harmonization
31 (	Respondent demographics	Lived with both parents in childhood	Comparability: related concepts
32 1	Respondent demographics	Health status in childhood	Comparability: need harmonization
33	Respondent demographics	Gender of partner	Comparability: directly comparable
34 1	Respondent demographics	Education of spouse or partner	Comparability: need harmonization
35 1	Respondent demographics	Internet use	Comparability: related concepts
36			
47			
48 :	Social life	Size of social network	Comparability: need harmonization
19 :	Social life	Socializing with friends or family	Comparability: related concepts
50 5	social life	Volunteer work	Comparability: related concepts
51 5	Social life	Attending organized group activities	Comparability: related concepts
52 5	Social life	Attending religious services	Comparability: related concepts
53 :	Social life	Total years lived in current neighborhood	Comparability: directly comparable
54			
55 1	Biomeasures	Current weight	Comparability: directly comparable
56 1	Blomeasures	Waist measurement final status	Comparability: related concepts
57 (	Biomeasures	Waist measurement (inches)	Comparability: directly comparable
58 1	Biomeasures	Height	Comparability: one to many
59 1	Biomeasures	Height (feet)	Comparability: one to many
50 1	Biomeasures	Height (inches)	Comparability: one to many

#### Step 5: Interoperability - the NACDA site, NSI-AP series page



# Step 5: Interoperability - the NACDA Portal

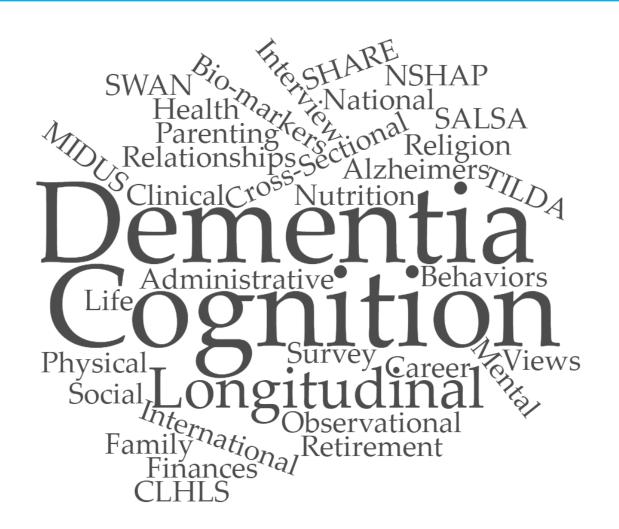


#### What is NACDA?

- The National Archive of Computerized Data on Aging
- Free data on aging resources and data user support
- Preserving and sharing data resources for 35+ years
- Part of ICPSR, ISR at the University of Michigan
- Funded by the National Institute on Aging (NIA)



## NACDA is a Resource for Data on Aging



- Indexed and searchable secondary data on aging resources
- Data preservation
- Data usage tracking
- Data sharing
- Code sharing
- Linking data to publications
- Data user support and outreach

#### Metadata Levels at NACDA, ICPSR

We are going to be talking today about Variable-Level Metadata efforts, but there are many types of and purposes for metadata, and often you need one to effectively assess and use the other. NACDA and ICPSR typically work with:

- **Series-level** a series is a set of studies intended to be used together; series metadata describe several studies and can include topics, timeframes, and anything else that applies to all of the studies that belong to a series.
- **Study-level** a study at NACDA and ICPSR is a unique data collection which can be comprised of a single or multiple datasets, questionnaires, etc. Study metadata would be the title, universe, methodology, sampling, collection dates, subject terms...
- **File-level** file metadata describes a specific file within a series, study, project, etc. (this is an area we are currently developing further); it can include version, filetype, etc.
- **Variable-level** variable metadata gives context to the data points in a dataset, and includes the variable label, value labels, values, related question/record info, etc.

#### NACDA Preserves, Provides, and Promotes Longitudinal Data on Aging Resources

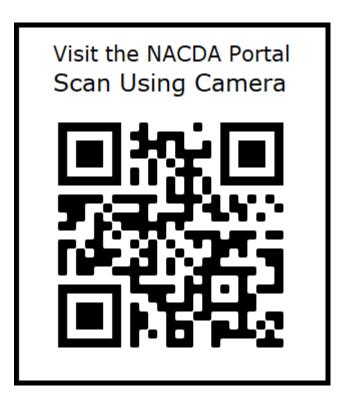


					Topics Explored in These Longitudinal Data Collections								
Study	Start Year	Country	Sample	Age Group	Cognition	Biomeasures	Caregiving	Physical Health	Dementia	Depression			
ACL	1986		Multi-stage	25+	x	x	x	x	na	x			
HRS*	1992	986 992 994 995 U.S. National  988 995 0011 984 Sweden 998 China 9002 6 Countries 0004 Costa Rica 27 European countries + Israel 1008 Japan 1009 Ireland	Multi-stage	51-61	x	x	na	x	x	x			
<u>SWAN</u>	1994		Site-specific, women	40-55	na	x	x	x	na	x			
MIDUS	1995	U.S. National	General population, plus oversamples	25-74	x	х	x	х	х	x			
NSHAP	2005		Complex	Adults born 1920- 1947	x	х	x	х	na	x			
NHATS**	2011		Medicare beneficiaries ages 65+	65+	x	x	x	x	x	x			
SATSA	1984	Sweden	All pairs of twins from the Swedish Twin Reg. separated before age 10	25+	x	х	na	х	х	x			
CLHS	1998	China	Randomly selected	Centenarians and older	na	х	x	x	х	x			
SAGE	2002	6 Countries	Representative	18+	×	x	x	x	na	x			
CRELES	2004	Costa Rica	Census drawn	Adults born 1945 or earlier	x	х	na	х	na	x			
SHARE*	2004		Probability	50+	x	х	na	х	х	x			
MIDJA (part of MIDUS series)	2008	Japan	Probability	30-79	x	x	na	х	х	x			
TILDA	2009	Ireland	Complex	50+	x	x	na	x	x	x			
<u>HAALSI</u>	2014	South Africa	INDEPTH, Census and WHO SAGE based	40+	x	x	х	х	na	x			

Tonics Explored in These Longitudinal Data Collections

#### NACDA Colectica Portal





- The NACDA-ICPSR Portal facilitates efficient comparisons of public longitudinal data (on aging)
- The Portal is based on the DDI metadata standard and is powered by Colectica software.
- Search across all datasets in the Portal, by variable name, label, question text, or topic/concept
- Download custom variable subsets and documentation



# NACDA Colectica Portal – <a href="https://harmonize.icpsr.umich.edu/">https://harmonize.icpsr.umich.edu/</a>

NACDA-ICPSR Search Explore Baskets 0 Admin Log in Welcome to the NACDA-ICPSR Colectica Portal! The NACDA-ICPSR Portal facilitates efficient comparisons of longitudinal data, focusing on data on aging populations. The Portal is based on the DDI metadata standard and is powered by Colectica software. The NACDA-ICPSR Portal is supported by the National Institute on Aging U24AG056918, and is managed by NACDA staff. The National Archive of Computerized Data on Aging (NACDA) is part of ICPSR; find out more and discover thousands of FREE data resources by visiting our sites! Discover more Longitudinal Data Portals, such as for the Midlife in the United States Study (MIDUS) by visiting the Colectica website. Please note that the credentials required below are independent from your ICPSR MyData credentials. Please contact us at icpsr-nacda@umich.edu for questions about the Portal. Email Password Remember me Log in It's free, but registration is required (independent of ICPSR MyData). Register as a new user? The terms of use are the same as ICPSR's terms of use. Forgot your password?

#### What's in the NACDA Portal?

- National Social Life, Health, and Aging Project (NSHAP) public data and metadata – 3 Rounds
- National Health and Aging Trends Study (NHATS) metadata 8 Rounds
- Midlife in the United States (MIDUS) metadata M1-M3, Refresher, Milwaukee studies
- Comparisons across NSHAP NHATS and NSHAP-MIDUS at the variable level, organized by concept
- Data can be downloaded as CSV or SPSS formats; metadata documentation can be downloaded as PDF, CSV, Excel, or DDI-3.3 XML

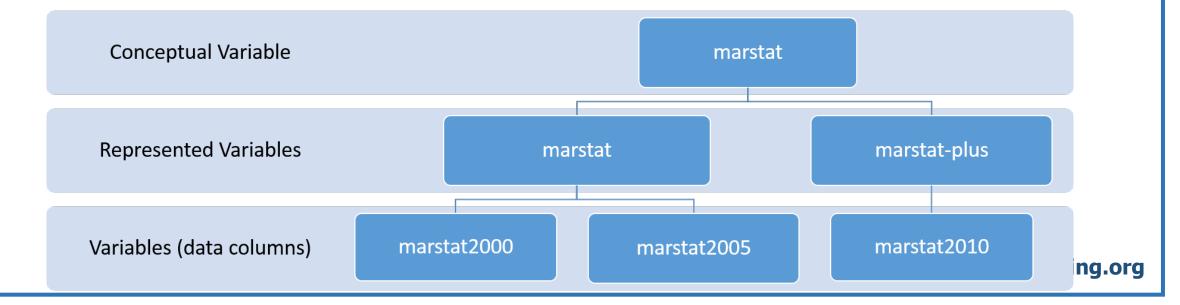
#### What is the Process?

- We identify longitudinal data collections with publicly accessible data, which
  are nationally representative, funded by NIA, and with cognition, Alzheimer's,
  dementia, and biomeasures variables in particular but that overall have a
  broad range of potential research uses.
- We start with a variable crosswalk organized by topic this is often created in Excel.
- From there, the metadata specialist creates a conceptual concordance file.
- After that, we send the materials, data, concordance, any DDI files we have, to the Colectica team and they make the comparisons appear in the portal.

#### A Bit More about the "How"

The concordance file needs to outline the variables, represented variables, and conceptual variables. Additionally, when you have multiple series, we include comparability type.

- Variable: A column in a dataset.
- **Represented Variable**: Describes how a variable is measured; the data type. This may be consistent across rounds, or may change.
- **Conceptual Variable**: Describes a measurement of a person, firm, or other thing, without specifying the data type. The most generic way to describe something that is measured.

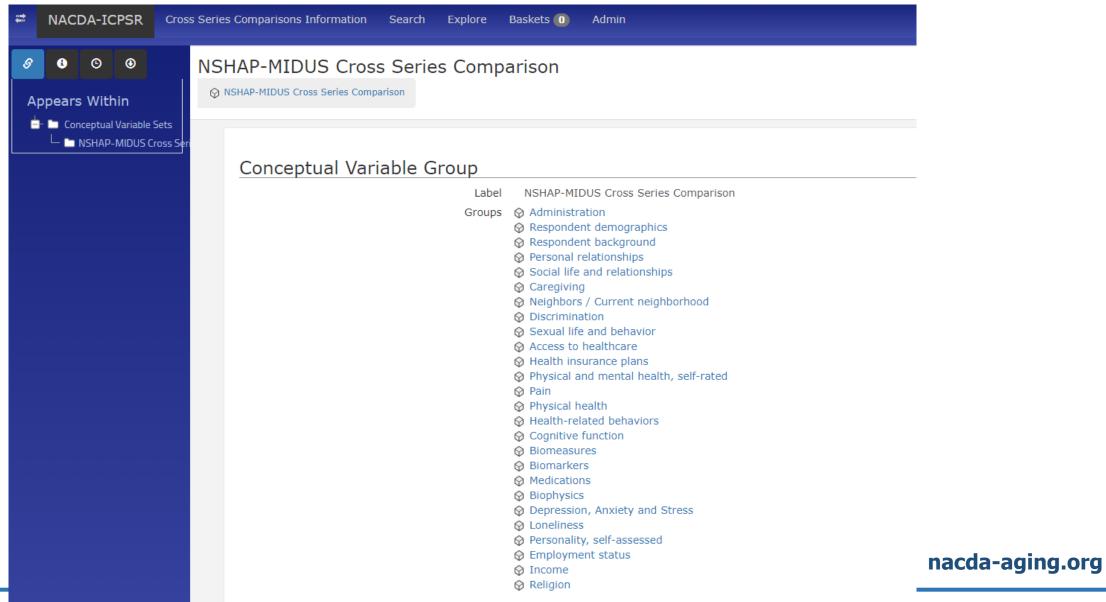


## **NSHAP Concepts/Topics**

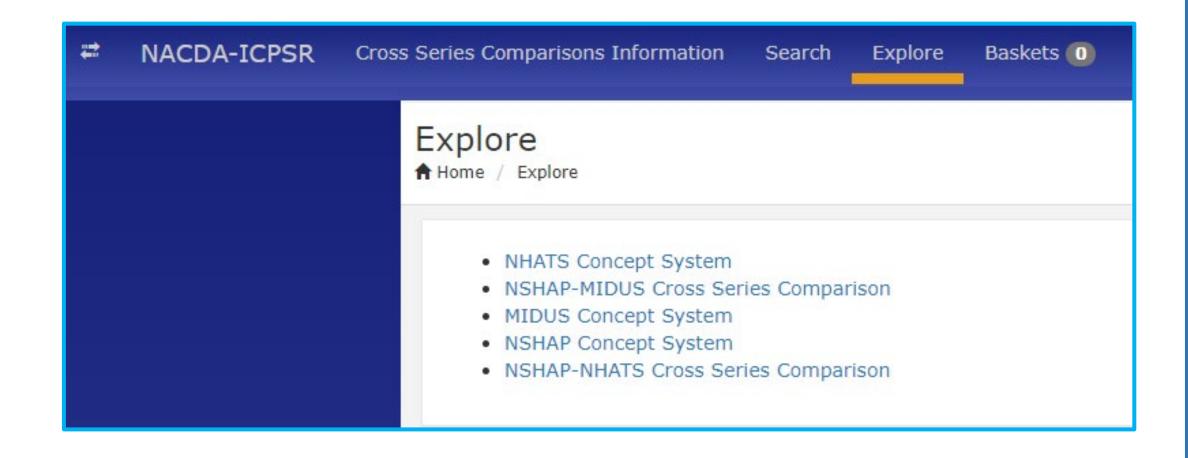
- Administrative Variables
- Military Service and Jail Time
- Social Networks and Social Support/Social Context
- Social Relationships and Activities
- Children and Grandchildren
- Childhood Background
- Neighborhood
- Other People's Behavior Towards You
- Social Relationships and Activities/Bereavement
- Marriage/Cohabitation/Sexual Partner History
- Sexual Interest and Motivation

- Current or Most Recent Sexual Relationship
- Health
- Physical Health
- Fertility and Menopause
- Medical Decision Maker
- Health-related Behaviors
- Short Portable Mental Status Questionnaire
- Biomeasure Questionnaire Montreal Cognitive Assessment (MOCA)
- Biomarker Break/Biomarker Core
- Biomeasures Blood Pressure and Pulse, Smell, Saliva and Medication Log
- Medications (Biomarker)

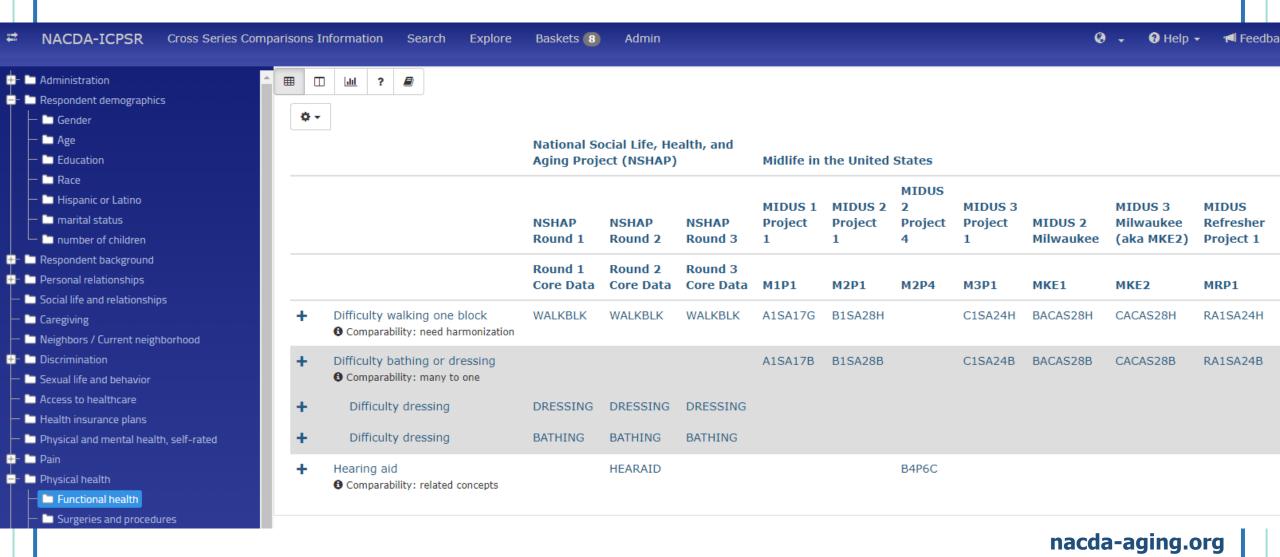
#### NSHAP-MIDUS Conceptual Groups



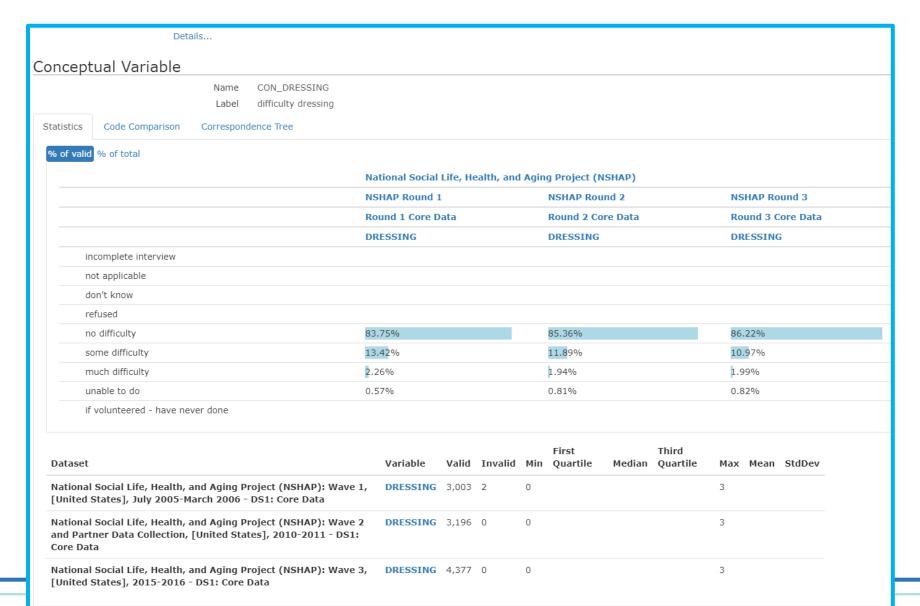
## Exploring the NACDA Portal



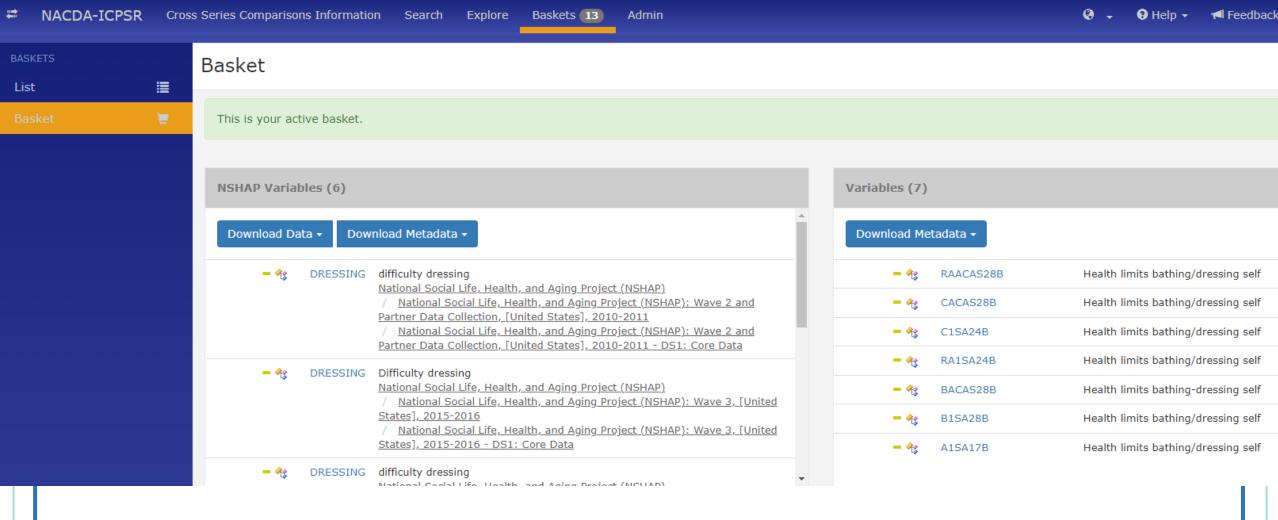
### Cross-Series Comparison – NSHAP-MIDUS



#### Colectica Portal – Variable View



# Colectica Portal – Basket/Custom Files



#### What's Next for the Portal?

- We are applying for more funding to support enhancing the portal.
- We want to add more data to the portal.
  - TILDA, ACL, HAALSI, and more
- We want to add more variable-level metadata comparisons to the portal (cross-series comparisons).
- We want to figure out how to properly preserve the materials related to the portal work.
- We hope to assist in establishing social science Common Data Elements (CDEs) on aging and related health topics.

# Find Out More about our Cross-Series Comparison Efforts: Working Paper and Webinar

 Identifying Cross Series Cognitive Data Similarities Across NSHAP and NHATS

Navigating Longitudinal Collections with Colectica Portals

## Another Source: Gateway to Global Aging



AT A GLANCE ACROSS SURVEYS AND PRESENTATIONS AND TABLES RULES EXPLORER BASED ON SURVEYS DATA AND LINKS AND BLOGS OUR TEAM FAQ

SURVEYS CONCORDANCE DOCUMENTATION GRAPHS INSTITUTIONAL PUBLICATIONS DOWNLOADS NEWS



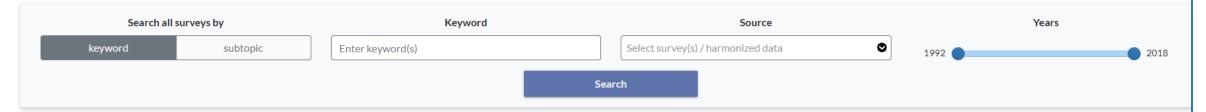






Home » Surveys at a Glance

#### Surveys at a Glance



#### Please cite all information retrieved from the Gateway data as follows:

Gateway to Global Aging Data, Produced by the Program on Global Aging, Health & Policy, University of Southern California with funding from the National Institute on Aging (R01 AG030153)

Study Ov	erview	Core Interview		End of Life Interview	Li	fe History	Health As	sessment	Self-Comple	etion	НСАР
	HRS	MHAS	ELSA	SHARE	CRELES	KLoSA	JSTAR	TILDA	CHARLS	LASI	MARS
	United States	Mexico	England	20+ European countries & Israel	Costa Rica	Korea	Japan	Ireland	China	India	Malaysia
STUDY OVERVIEW	HRS	MHAS	ELSA	SHARE	CRELES	KLoSA	JSTAR	TILDA	CHARLS	LASI	MARS
Respondent Eligibility											
Age Eligibility	51	50	50	50	Cohort 1: 60 / Cohort 2: 55-65	45	50-75	50	45	45	40
One or all age-eligible	one	one	all	one†	one	all	one	all	one	all	three oldest
Spouse inclusion	regardless of age	regardless of age re	egardless of age	regardless of age	Cohort 1: none / Cohort 2: regardless of age	only if age eligible	none	regardless of age	regardless of age	regardless of age	none
Survey											
Method	in-person/phone/self- completion	in-person i	n-person/self- completion	in-person/self- completion	in-person	in-person	in-person/self- completion	in-person/self- completion	in-person	in-person	in-person

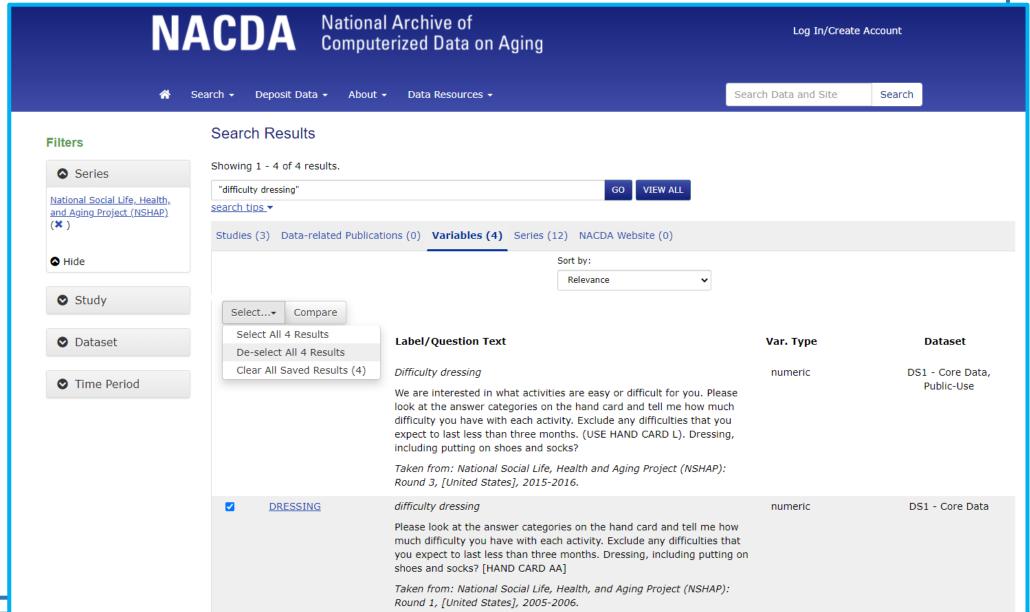
#### Search for Data from the NACDA Site



- By Variable
- By Series
- By Publication
- By P.I.
- By Study
- By Terms Across All
- By Access Level

#### Search by Variable from the NACDA Site





# Variable View from the NACDA Site

These are the same variables I displayed in the portal screenshot a few slides ago.

#### Compare Variables

Compare(4) Back to search results

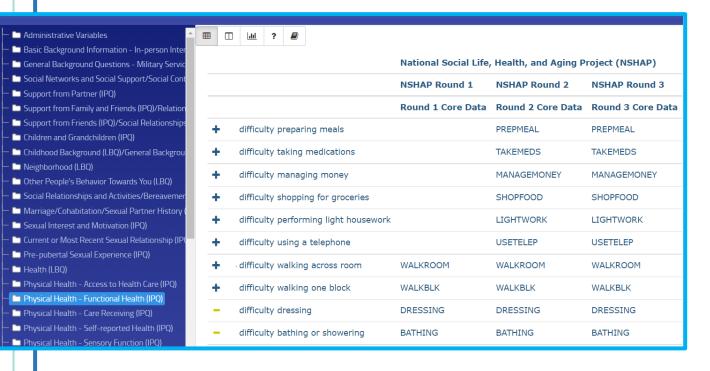
	NAME	LABEL	QUESTION	RESI	ONSES				STUDY	TIME PERIOD	UNIVERSE
<b>~</b>	DRESSING	Difficulty dressing	We are interested in what activities are easy or difficult for	_	ue Label	Unweighted Frequency	%		National Social Life, Health and Aging Project (NSHAP):	2015 2016	Community dwelling individuals
			you. Please look at the answer categories on the	0	No difficulty	3774	86.2%		Round 3, [United States], 2015-2016; DS1 - Core Data,		ages 24 to 97 in the United States, Round
			hand card and tell me how much difficulty you have	1	Some difficulty	480	11.0%		Public-Use	2 res were reints and a Coho	Community dwelling individuals ages 24 to 97 in the United States. Round 2 respondents were reinterviewed, and a New Cohort consisting of adults born between 1948 and 1965 together with their spouses
			with each activity. Exclude any difficulties that you	2	Much difficulty	87	2.0%				and a New Cohort
			expect to last less than three months.	3	Unable to do	36	0.8%				adults born between 1948
			(USE HAND CARD L). Dressing, including putting on shoes and	4	If volunteered	0	0.0%	-			together with their spouses
✓	DRESSING	difficulty dressing	Please look at the answer categories on the hand card and	Val	ue Label	Unweighted Frequency	%		National Social Life, Health, and Aging Project (NSHAP):	2005-07 2006-03	dwelling
			tell me how much difficulty you have	0	no difficulty	2515	83.7%		Round 1, [United States], 2005-2006;		ages 57-85 in
			with each activity. Exclude any difficulties that you	1	some difficulty	403	13.4%		DS1 - Core Data		States.
			expect to last less than three months.	2	much difficulty	68	2.3%				
			Dressing, including putting on shoes and socks? [HAND CARD	3	unable to do	17	0.6%				
			AA]	4	if volunteered - have	0	0.0%	•			
✓	DRESSING	difficulty dressing	We are interested in what activities are easy or difficult for	_	ue Label	Unweighted Frequency	%	^	National Social Life, Health, and Aging Project (NSHAP):	2010 2011	dwelling
			you. Please look at the answer	0	no difficulty	2728	85.4%	П	Round 2 and Partner Data Collection, [United		ages 57-85,
			categories on the hand card and tell me how much	1	some difficulty	380	11.9%		States], 2010-2011; DS1 - Core Data, Public-Use		Respondents, and eligible
			difficulty you have with each activity.	2	much difficulty	62	1.9%		Public-Use		interviewed respondents
			Exclude any difficulties that you expect to last less	3	unable to do	26	0.8%				(Round 1 Non-
			than three months. Dressing, including putting on shoes and socks?	4	if volunteered - have	0	0.0%				Respondents). Cohabiting
<b>✓</b>	DRESSING	difficulty dressing	We are interested in what activities are easy or difficult for		ue Label	Unweighted Frequency	%	<u>^</u>	National Social Life, Health, and Aging Project (NSHAP):	2010 2011	
	<b>□</b> <u>DRESSING</u>		you. Please look at	0	no difficulty	2895	85.7%		Round 2 and Partner		ages 57-85,

#### Search by Series at the Variable Level

Again, these are the same variables from the portal, NSHAP, related to functional health. This view is from the NSHAP series page on the NACDA site.

1 to 4 of 4	Sort by:  Relevance		"difficulty dressing" GO more options			
Name	Label/Question Text	Туре	Dataset			
DRESSING	Difficulty dressing  We are interested in what activities are easy or difficult for you.  Please look at the answer categories on the hand card and tell me how much difficulty you have with each activity. Exclude any	numeric	DS1			
	difficulties that you expect to last less than three months. (USE HAND CARD L). Dressing, including putting on shoes and socks?					
	Taken from: National Social Life, Health and Aging Project (NSHAP): Round 3, [United States], 2015-2016.					
DRESSING	difficulty dressing	numeric	DS1			
	Please look at the answer categories on the hand card and tell me how much difficulty you have with each activity. Exclude any difficulties that you expect to last less than three months.  Dressing, including putting on shoes and socks? [HAND CARD AA]					
	Taken from: National Social Life, Health, and Aging Project (NSHAP): Round 1, [United States], 2005-2006.					
DRESSING	difficulty dressing	numeric	DS1			
	We are interested in what activities are easy or difficult for you. Please look at the answer categories on the hand card and tell me how much difficulty you have with each activity. Exclude any difficulties that you expect to last less than three months. Dressing, including putting on shoes and socks?					
	Taken from: National Social Life, Health, and Aging Project (NSHAP): Round 2 and Partner Data Collection, [United States], 2010-2011.					
DRESSING	difficulty dressing	numeric	DS2			
	We are interested in what activities are easy or difficult for you. Please look at the answer categories on the hand card and tell me how much difficulty you have with each activity. Exclude any difficulties that you expect to last less than three months. Dressing, including putting on shoes and socks?					
	Taken from: National Social Life, Health, and Aging Project (NSHAP): Round 2 and Partner Data Collection, [United States], 2010-2011.					

#### NACDA Portal – NACDA Site Variable Compare



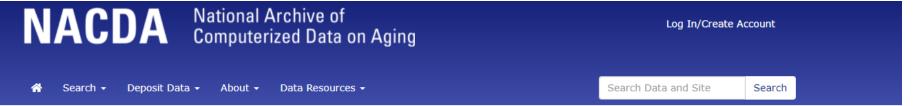
Со	mpare(4)	what activities are easy or difficulty or you. Please look at the answer categories on the hand card and tell difficulty with the months. Close the months and card and tell difficulty with the months. Close the months and card and tell difficulty with the months. Or straing on thoses and socka?   March 1965   March 2016   March												
	NAME	LABEL	QUESTION	RESPON	ISES				STUDY	TIME PERIOD	UNIVERSE			
2	DRESSING	Difficulty dressing	what activities are	Value	Label		%	_	Health and Aging	2015 2016	dwelling			
			you. Please look at the answer	0		3774	86.2%		Round 3, [United States], 2015-2016;		ages 24 to 97 in the United			
			hand card and tell me how much	1		480	11.0%				2 respondents were	5		
			with each activity. Exclude any	2		87	2.0%	Ī			and a New Cohort	•		
			expect to last less than three months.	3		36	0.8%				adults born between 1948	3		
			Dressing, including putting on shoes and	4	volunteered	0	0.0%	•			together with			
2	DRESSING	difficulty dressing	answer categories on	Value	Label		%		Health, and Aging Project (NSHAP): Round 1, [United States], 2005-2006;	2005-07 2006-03	dwelling			
			tell me how much	0	no difficulty	2515	83.7%	ı			ages 57-85 in			
			with each activity. Exclude any difficulties that you expect to last less than three months. Dressing, including putting on shoes and socks? [HAND CARD	1		403	13.4%							
				2		68	2.3%							
				3		17	0.6%							
			ANJ	4	volunteered - have	0	0.0%	<b>*</b>						
2	DRESSING	difficulty dressing	what activities are	Value	Label		%	<u>^</u>	Health, and Aging	2010 2011				
			you. Please look at	0	no difficulty	2728	85.4%		Round 2 and Partner		ages 57-85,			
			categories on the hand card and tell	categories on the hand card and tell me how much difficulty you have with each activity.	categories on the hand card and tell	1		380	11.9%		States], 2010-2011; DS1 - Core Data,		Respondents, and eligible	Respondents, and eligible
			difficulty you have with each activity.		2		62	1.9%		Pasic ose		interviewed respondents		
			difficulties that you expect to last less than three months. Dressing, including putting on shoes and	3		26	0.8%				(Round 1 Non-			
				4	volunteered - have	0	0.0%	*			Respondents).			
2	DRESSING	difficulty dressing	We are interested in what activities are easy or difficult for	Value	Label	Unweighted Frequency	%		National Social Life, Health, and Aging Project (NSHAP):	2010 2011	Community- dwelling individuals			
			you. Please look at	0	no difficulty	2895	85,7%		Round 2 and Partner		ages 57-85,			

#### Search NACDA Hosted Studies



Study results are the default search view across NACDA and ICPSR.

# NACDA Study Pages – Explore and Download



National Social Life, Health, and Aging Project (NSHAP): Round 1, [United States], 2005-2006 (ICPSR 20541)

Version Date: Jun 12, 2019 @ Cite this study | Share this page

#### Principal Investigator(s): 0

Linda J. Waite, University of Chicago. Department of Sociology; Edward O. Laumann, University of Chicago. Department of Sociology; Wendy S. Levinson, University of Toronto. Department of Medicine; Stacy Tessler Lindau, University of Chicago. School of Medicine. Departments of Obstetrics and Gynecology/Medicine-Geriatrics; Colm A. O'Muircheartaigh, Irving B. Harris Graduate School of Public Policy Studies

#### Series:

· National Social Life, Health, and Aging Project (NSHAP)

https://doi.org/10.3886/ICPSR20541.v9

Version V9 (see more versions)



# 11,643 Downloads \* Usage Report → Past three years Notes • The public-use data files in this collection are available for access by the general public. Access does not require affiliation with an ICPSR member institution. • One or more files in this data collection have special restrictions. Restricted data files are not available for direct download from the website; click on the Restricted Data button to learn more.

# NACDA Study Pages - Data & Documentation

National Social Life, Health, and Aging Project (NSHAP): Round 1, [United States], 2005-2006 (ICPSR 20541)

To look at the files that are available, select the "Data & Documentation" tab. Files are listed by dataset.

Stacy Tessler Lindau, University of Chicago. School of Medicine. Departments of Obstetrics and Gynecology/Medicine-Geriatrics; Colm A. O'Muircheartaigh, Irving B. Harris Graduate School of Public Policy

### Series:

National Social Life, Health, and Aging Project (NSHAP)

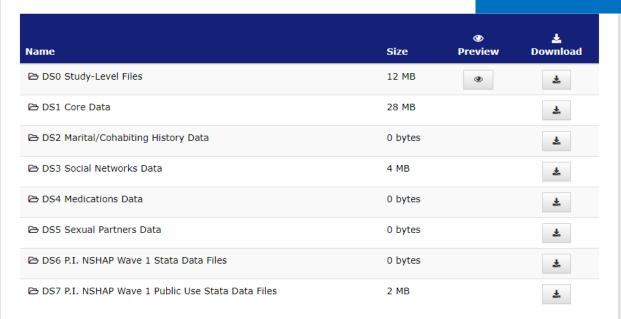
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At A Glance Data & Documentation Variables Data-related Publications Export Metadata

You can **preview** and **download** documentation before downloading the data.



# The public-use data files in this collection are available for access by the general public. Access does not require affiliation with an ICPSR member institution. One or more files in this data collection have special restrictions. Restricted data files are not available for direct download from the website; click on the Restricted Data button to learn more. Featured The NSHAP data are available in the NACDA Colectica Portal where data users can search across the rounds and create custom data and documentation extracts. In this portal, data users will also find that we have compared NSHAP to NHATS and NSHAP to

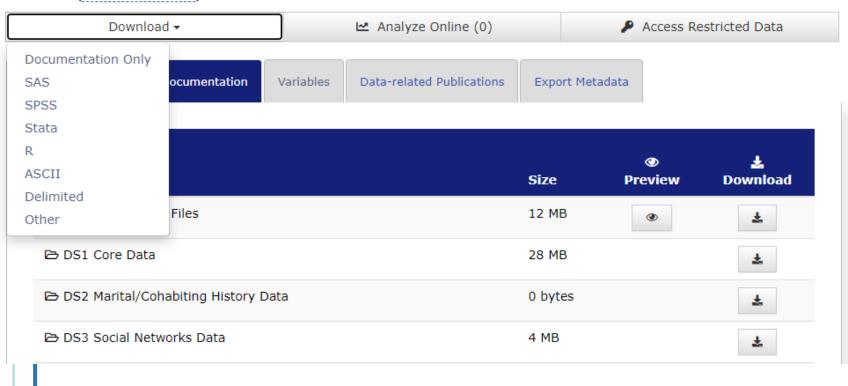
# Downloading Data From a NACDA Study Page

### Series:

· National Social Life, Health, and Aging Project (NSHAP)

https://doi.org/10.3886/ICPSR20541.v9

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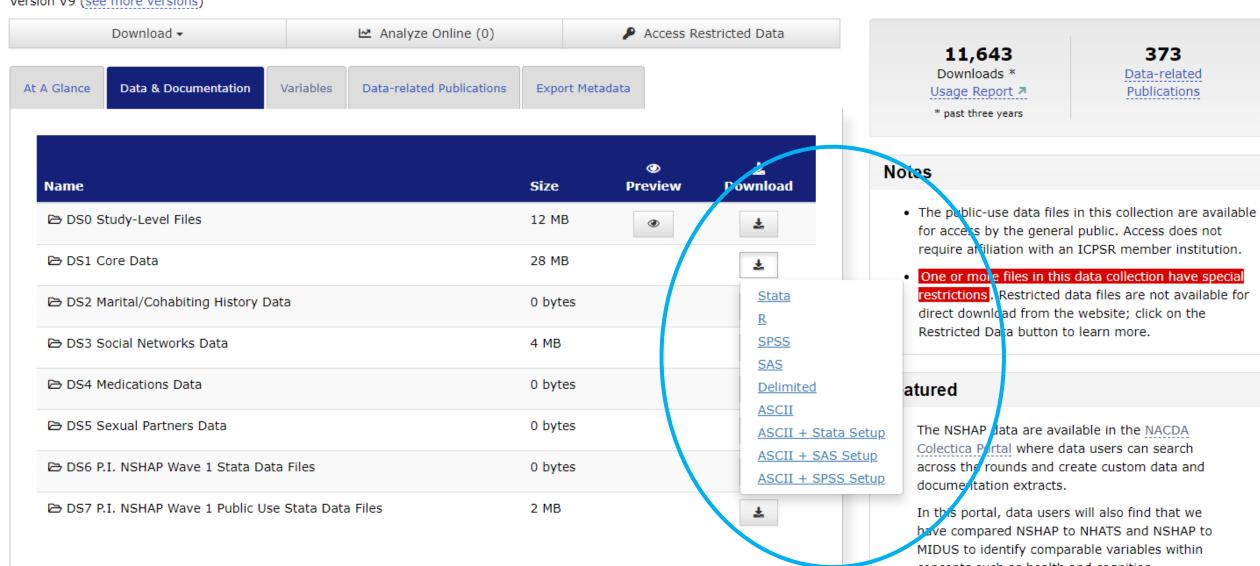
### Notes

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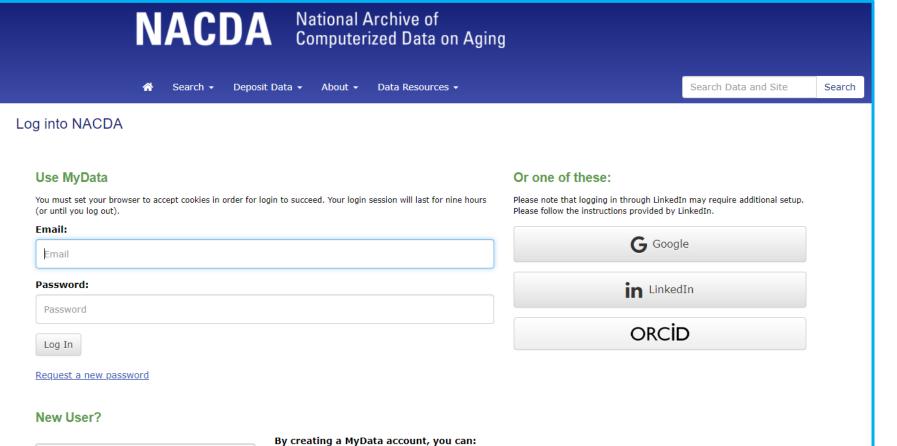
# Download Data from the NACDA Site

https://doi.org/10.3886/ICPSR20541.v9

Version V9 (see more versions)



# Register to Download Data from NACDA and ICPSR



. Download data available only to ICPSR members, if you are from a member institution

Access Summer Program registration and history of courses taken (forthcoming)

Download data and use online analysis tools

· Update your account profile and settings

**Create Account** 

· Generate utilization reports and download statistics

· Access your past searches, downloads, and deposits (forthcoming)

- It's free
- Very little info is needed
- We do not spam you or sell your data

# Download Data - Steps

- Select the files you want
- Agree to the terms of use

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Quick access

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Downloads

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> This PC > Downloads

Make sure you are logged in to your MyData Account

Name

Check your downloads folder



C:\Users\kfrania\Downloads\ICPSR\_20541-V9.zip\ICPSR\_20541

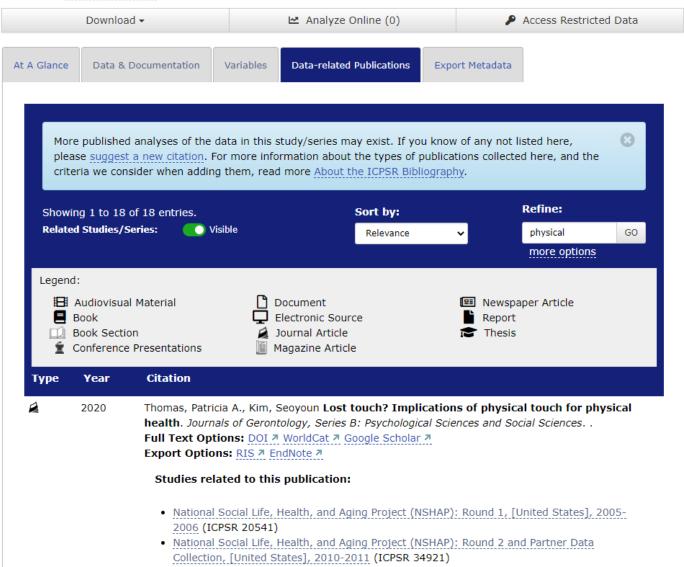
compressed Folder Tools > This PC > Downloads > ICPSR\_20541-V9.zip > ICPSR\_20541 Type Compressed size Name Ouick access File folder DS0001 Desktop DS0003 File folder Downloads DS0007 File folder Documents 20541-Codebook.pdf Adobe Acrobat Document 7,073 KB ICPSR\_20541-V9.zip Pictures 20541-descriptioncitation.html Chrome HTML Document 6 KB 20541-Documentation-rest\_pub\_va... Microsoft Excel Worksheet 89 KB OneDrive 20541-Documentation-restricted\_c... Microsoft Excel Worksheet 178 KB This PC 20541-manifest.txt Text Document 3 KB 20541-Questionnaire.pdf Adobe Acrobat Document 1,164 KB 3D Objects 20541-related\_literature.txt Text Document 35 KB Desktop 20541-Report-bloodspot\_assays.pdf Adobe Acrobat Document 354 KB Documents 20541-Report-salivary assays.pdf 640 KB Adobe Acrobat Document Downloads 20541-Report-vaginal\_swabs.pdf 781 KB Adobe Acrobat Document Music 20541-User\_agreement.pdf Adobe Acrobat Document 456 KB Pictures Chrome HTML Document TermsOfUse.html 3 KB

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# Check the Related Publications

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Version V9 (see more versions)



11,643

Downloads \*
Usage Report ↗

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373

Data-related Publications

### Notes

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- One or more files in this data collection have special restrictions. Restricted data files are not available for direct download from the website; click on the Restricted Data button to learn more.

### Featured

The NSHAP data are available in the NACDA Colectica Portal where data users can search across the rounds and create custom data and documentation extracts.

In this portal, data users will also find that we have compared NSHAP to NHATS and NSHAP to MIDUS to identify comparable variables within concepts such as health and cognition.

Please note that you will need new login credentials to access the portal as it is not accessible with your MyData login credentials.

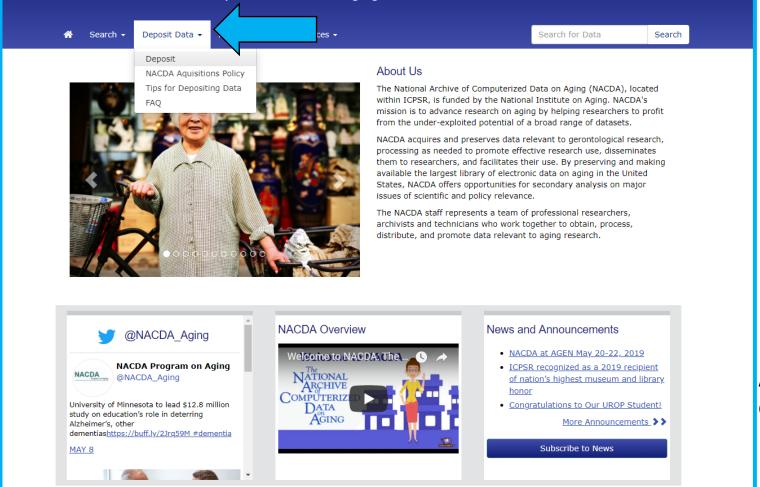
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# Have You Used NACDA or ICPSR Data? Submit Your Citation to Us

Email us at <a href="mailto:icpsr-nacda@umich.edu">icpsr-nacda@umich.edu</a> or <a href="mailto:use our ICPSR citation submission form">use our ICPSR citation submission form</a> that provides the citation directly to our bibliography team. Your publication will be linked to the data you used and become part of our bibliography database!

# How to Share Your Data - "Deposit"

Kathryn Lavender (logout)



NACDA National Archive of Computerized Data on Aging

### **Prepare to provide:**

- Title
- PI
- Description
- Data Files
- Codebook
- Questionnaire
- Relevant Syntax
- Methodology Info
- User Guide

Anytime you need help depositing, email us: icpsr-nacda@umich.edu

# How to Deposit with NACDA



Deposit Data - NACDA welcomes and encourages deposits of digital data on aging.

Deposits are made using a secure form to describe the data collection and upload content. Users must have or create a MyData 7, Facebook, or Google account to sign in to the deposit form.

### NACDA has two options for sharing your data!

Use this decision tree № to determine which option best meets your needs — NACDA curated or the NACDA Open Aging Repository (NACDA-OAR).

### NACDA National Archive of Computerized Data on Aging

NACDA offers curation services as staff obtain, process, preserve, and disseminate electronic data to researchers for secondary analysis in aging research. After a data collection is deposited with NACDA, the data and documentation will be reviewed, enhanced, and made available in several widely used formats, including ASCII, tab-delimited (for use with Excel), SAS, SPSS, and Stata. Documentation is provided as PDF.

Deposit to NACDA

### NACDA\OAR

The NACDA-Open Aging Repository (NACDA-OAR) offers free self-publishing options for gerontological researchers to share their research projects. Data collections published in NACDA-OAR are immediately distributed as-is for research use in the same condition and format submitted by the depositor.

Deposit to NACDA-OAR

### Tips for Preparing Data for Deposit at NACDA

**Providing a Complete Deposit** 

What Happens After Depositing

Data Management Plans Resources

The main idea is to provide **complete** data, documentation, and metadata (study level and variable level) so that your data can be easily reused and replicated. Preparing your dat will help reduce the time it takes to fully curate it, increase secondary usage, ensure consistency in use across statistical packages, and ultimately stand the test of time against changes it software. **How do you ensure your materials are "complete"? What should your deposit include?** Review our <u>Data Sharing Best Practices for NIA Funded Research.</u>

Need help assessing how to prepare your materials or address data confidentiality? Please contact us .....

Review our Depositor Agreement and Depositor Checklist (based on best practices) for more details.

Refer to our "Data Sharing Best Practices"

# NACDA-OAR: Self-Published Data and Code Sharing

**OPENICPSR** 

Find Data

Share Data

NACDA\OAR

NACDA-OAR Deposit Instructions

Browse NACDA-OAR Deposits

### **About the NACDA - Open Aging Repository**

The NACDA - Open Aging Repository (NACDA-OAR) from the National Archive of Computerized Data on Aging (NACDA) offers free self-publishing options for gerontological researchers to share their research projects. Data collections published in the NACDA-OAR are immediately distributed as-is for immediate research use. NACDA-OAR services are primarily meant to be a resource for NIA-funded projects, although all aging-related data may use the service.

NACDA-OAR self-publications should include all data, annotated program code, command files, and documentation that are needed to replicate research findings. For general instructions for publishing data, see the NACDA-OAR Deposit Instructions. For best practice in preparing data for sharing, please refer to ICPSR's Guide to Social Science Data Preparation and Archiving.

**Start Your Deposit** 

### **NACDA's Role**

NACDA does not alter datasets deposited in NACDA-OAR in any way. Data are distributed in the same condition and format submitted by the depositor.

NACDA-OAR is one of many services provided by the <u>NACDA Program on Aging</u> to archive and promote gerontological research, aging health and a better understanding of the life course. Please contact NACDA at <u>icpsr-nacda@umich.edu</u> with any questions you might have about your data and archiving options.

NACDA staff may review data deposited and published to the NACDA - Open Aging Repository at random. If any issues are found during these random reviews, NACDA will contact depositors to remediate the concerns. In the event any data contain direct identifiers or pose a risk to respondent anonymity, NACDA reserves the right to make the data unavailable.

### **Confidentiality and Copyright**

Researchers publishing data in NACDA-OAR are entirely responsible for ensuring the confidentiality of their research subjects. Self-publishers are also required to affirm that they have the right to publish this material. NACDA-OAR requires written permission for distribution of data, but copyright remains with the author.

# Why Self Publish with NACDA-OAR?

- Great for code sharing and replication data
- You control the content and version control
- Quick availability and DOI

- Discoverable through ICPSR and NACDA site searches
- Track usage of your project

Find Data / Social-Relationship-Quality-Depression-and-Inflammation-A-Cross-Cultural-Longitudinal-Study

### Social-Relationship-Quality-Depression-and-Inflammation-A-Cross-Cultural-Longitudinal-Study

Principal Investigator(s): Penjamin Kaveladze, University of California-Irvine; Allison Diamond Altman, University of California-Berkeley; Meike Niederhausen, VA Portland Health Care System; Oregon Health & Science University-Portland State University School of Public Health; Jennifer M. Loftis, VA Portland Health Care System; Oregon Health & Science University; Alan R. Teo, VA Portland Health Care System; Oregon Health & Science University School of Public Health; Oregon Health & Science University

Version: 🔞 V1



Name   □	File Type 🖸	Size 🖸	Last Modified 🖸
code for main analyses.R	text/x-r-syntax	4.3 KB	09/08/2020 11:52:AM
short version.csv	text/csv	1.6 MB	09/08/2020 11:53:AM

### **Project Citation:**

Kaveladze, Benjamin, Diamond Altman, Allison, Niederhausen, Meike, Loftis, Jennifer M., and Teo, Alan R. . Social-Relationship-Quality-Depression-and-Inflammation-A-Cross-Cultural-Longitudinal-Study. Ann Arbor, MI: Inter-university Consortium for Political and Social Research [distributor], 2020-09-08. https://doi.org/10.3886/E121261V1

Usage Metrics Overall Project Metrics

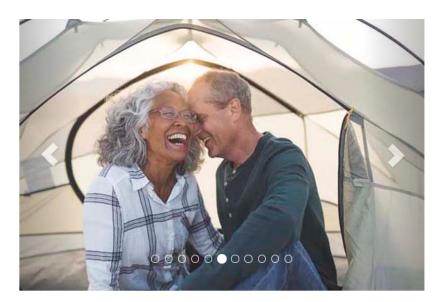
395
Views

Downloads

Overall Project Metrics

1
Publications

## Subscribe to Our Newsletter



The National Archive of Computerized Data on Aging (NACDA), located within ICPSR, is funded by the National Institute on Aging. NACDA's mission is to advance research on aging by helping researchers to profit from the under-exploited potential of a broad range of datasets.

NACDA acquires and preserves data relevant to gerontological research, processing as needed to promote effective research use, disseminates them to researchers, and facilitates their use. By preserving and making available the largest library of electronic data on aging in the United States, NACDA offers opportunities for secondary analysis on major issues of scientific and policy relevance.

The NACDA staff represents a team of professional researchers, archivists and technicians who work together to obtain, process, distribute, and promote data relevant to aging research.

### **Regularly Includes:**

- Recent releases
- Outreach efforts
- New Resources





### **News and Announcements**

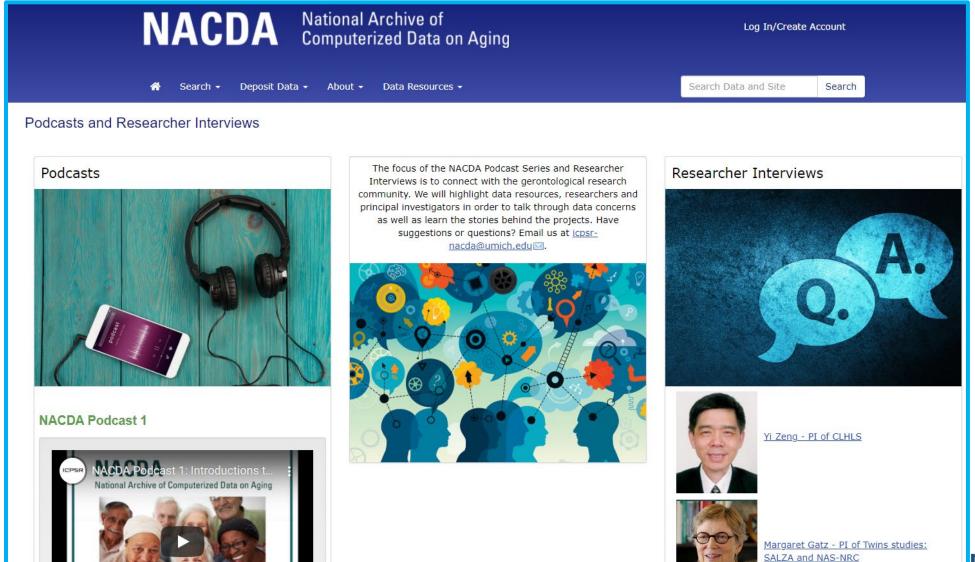
- NIH requests public comment on Draft NIH Policy for Data Management and Sharing and Supplemental Draft Guidance
- NACDA Pre Conference Workshop at GSA in 2 weeks
- NACDA Fall Newsletter 2019

More Announcements >>

Subscribe to News



# Podcasts and Researcher Interviews



# Recap

- We are working to make data on aging resources interoperable to further the potential research use
- NACDA represents FREE data on aging and resources to the research community
- Check out our Colectica portal for cross-series comparisons and custom data extracts
- Visit nacda-aging.org for whole datasets and data user support
- Make sure to check our related publications to see what's happening with the data
- Contact us if you have used data we host in your publication so we can link it to the study
- Share your data and code with us visit our deposit page for details
- Sign up for our quarterly newsletter to stay in the know

# **Thank You!**

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- OR contact us at NACDA directly by emailing icpsr-nacda@umich.edu

