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**Side Friction for Superelevation  
on Horizontal Curves**

**Appendices A - G  
Volume III**

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16. Abstract <p>The basic objective of this study has been to address the issue of how adequate point-mass representations are in predicting friction requirements for actual vehicles operating along superelevated curves. The project focused on this and related questions by combining computer analysis and full-scale vehicle testing. Simple-to-use models for predicting the friction factor requirements at individual wheel locations were first developed and applied to the steady-turning condition. An existing comprehensive computer model used for predicting transient or nonsteady maneuvering situations was also employed to analyze friction demand while maneuvering along superelevated curves. Highway tests were then performed for two passenger cars and a five-axle tractor-semitrailer to collect representative test data and assist in validating the predictions of the computer models. Finally, a sensitivity analysis was performed to illustrate the relative importance and interactions of various vehicle parameters and highway geometrics in influencing side friction requirements.</p>					
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## Appendix A

### STEADY TURNING MODEL EQUATIONS: TWO-AXLE VEHICLE

The equations presented here represent the steady turning motion of a two-axle vehicle moving along a circular path while resting upon a road surface which contains both superelevation and grade. The two-axle vehicle model is described by four degrees of freedom for the sprung mass element (vehicle body): roll, pitch, yaw, and bounce. Front and rear unsprung mass elements (suspension masses) are also represented but are located at a fixed height above the road plane (no vertical tire compliance). Solution of the model equations produces the steady state values for vehicle sideslip velocity, roll angle, pitch angle, vertical bounce, front wheel steer angle, and tire drive thrust required for traversing a curve of specified geometry at a given speed. The six equations describing the model are three force equilibrium equations and three moment equilibrium equations applied to the vehicle with respect to a body axis system whose origin is located along the vehicle centerline at a distance  $d_f$  aft of the front axle. All rotations and displacements of the sprung mass are with respect to a static reference condition defined by the vehicle at rest on a horizontal plane which is normal to the gravity vector. Normal SAE sign conventions apply [7].

The next section of this appendix contains a list of definitions for symbols appearing in the equations which are then presented in the final section. The equations are in the form  $\mathbf{A} \mathbf{x} = \mathbf{b}$ , where  $\mathbf{A}$  is a 6 by 6 matrix, and  $\mathbf{b}$  is a 6 by 1 vector. Each of these two arrays contains various vehicle and highway geometric parameters. The 6 by 1 solution vector,  $\mathbf{x}$ , is obtained by computing the matrix inverse of  $\mathbf{A}$  and multiplying it by the  $\mathbf{b}$  vector:

$$\mathbf{x} = \mathbf{A}^{-1} \mathbf{b}$$

A two- or three-stage iterative solution is required since a few terms in the  $\mathbf{A}$  and  $\mathbf{b}$  arrays contain components of  $\mathbf{x}$  as weak nonconstant influences. The

six elements of  $\mathbf{x}$  are the solution quantities noted above and are also defined in the following nomenclature listing. The first three model equations represent force equilibrium conditions acting in the longitudinal, lateral, and vertical directions. The last three model equations represent moment equilibrium conditions about the roll, pitch, and yaw axes.

Lastly, equations defining the lateral and vertical tire forces, suspension forces, and friction factors at each wheel location are included.

### *Nomenclature*

$C_{af}$	front tire cornering stiffness	( $<0$ )
$C_{ar}$	rear	( $<0$ )
$C_D$	aerodynamic drag coefficient	
$C_{L0}$	lift coefficient at trim pitch angle	( $p = p_r$ )
$C_r$	rolling resistance percentage / 100	
$d_f$	distance from front axle to vehicle body-axis origin	(arbitrary)
$d_r$	rear	( $L - d_f$ )
$e$	highway superelevation	
$F_{xTf}$	front tire traction force,	$\mathbf{x}(6)$
$F_{xTr}$	rear tire traction force	
$g$	acceleration of gravity	
$h$	height above ground of sprung mass c.g.	
$h_A$	height above ground of the aerodynamic center of pressure	
$h_r$	arbitrary height above ground of reference axis system origin	
$K_f$	front suspension stiffness	
$K_r$	rear	
$L$	vehicle wheelbase	
$m_s$	mass of sprung weight (body)	
$m_{uf}$	front unsprung mass	
$m_{ur}$	rear	

$N_{sf}$  front static axle load  
 $N_{sr}$  rear " "  
 $p$  vehicle sprung mass pitch angle relative to the horizontal plane normal to the gravity vector,  $x(4)$   
 $p_r$  highway grade  
 $q$  aerodynamic force = [(density of air)(reference area)  $U^2$  / 2]  
 $R$  highway curve radius  
 $s_L$  slope of aerodynamic lift coefficient with respect to pitch  
 $s_Y$  slope of aerodynamic side force with respect to sideslip angle  
 $T_F$  front suspension spread  
 $T_R$  rear " "  
 $TT_f$  front tire track  
 $TT_r$  rear " "  
 $U$  vehicle speed  
 $v$  vehicle sideslip velocity at the body-axis origin,  $x(1)$   
 $W_T$  total vehicle weight  
 $x_A$  distance of aerodynamic center of pressure ahead of body-axis origin  
 $x_C$  distance of sprung mass center ahead of body-axis origin  
 $z$  vehicle sprung mass displacement normal to the road surface (relative to the static reference condition),  $x(2)$   
 $z_f$  height above ground of front suspension roll center  
 $z_r$  " " rear " "  
 $\delta_{FW}$  vehicle front wheel steer angle,  $x(5)$   
 $\theta$  vehicle sprung mass roll angle relative to the horizontal plane normal to the gravity vector,  $x(3)$

Two-Axle Model Equations:  $A x = b$

$$A = \begin{bmatrix} U W_T / (R g) & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 2 \\ 2(C_{af} + C_{ar}) & 0 & 0 & 0 & -2C_{af} & 2\partial_{FW} \\ -q S_Y / U & & & & & \\ 0 & -2(K_f + K_r) & 2(C_{ar} d_r - C_{af} d_f)/R & 2(d_f K_f & 0 & 0 \\ & & + U^2 W_T / (R g) & -d_r K_r) & & \\ & & -2(C_{af} + C_{ar})V/U & + q S_L & & \\ & & + 2C_{af} \partial_{FW} & & & \\ 2[C_{ar}(z_r - h_r) & & m_S g(h - h_r) + m_{UR} g(z_r - h_r) & & & \\ + C_{af}(z_f - h_r)]/U & 0 & + m_{UF} g(z_f - h_r) - T_F^2 K_F / 2 & & & \\ - (h_A - h_r) S_Y / U & & - T_R^2 K_R / 2 - N_{SR}(z_r - h_r) & 0 & -2C_{af}(z_f - h_r) & 2\partial_{FW}(z_f - h_r) \\ & & - N_{SF}(z_f - h_r) & & & \\ U[m_S(h_r - h) & & 2[C_{ar} d_r^2 - C_{af} d_f^2]/R & m_S g(h - h_r) + m_{UR} g(z_r - h_r) & & \\ + m_{UF}(h_r - z_f) & 2(K_f d_f - K_r d_r) & - U^2[d_f m_{UF} + x_C m_S & + m_{UF} g(z_f - h_r) - 2d_f^2 K_f & 0 & -2(z_f - h_r) \\ + m_{UR}(h_r - z_r)]/R & & - d_r m_{UR} / R & - 2d_r^2 K_r - N_{SR}(z_r - h_r) & & \\ & & + 2(C_{af} d_f + C_{ar} d_r)V/U & - N_{SF}(z_f - h_r) + x_A q S_L & & \\ & & - 2C_{af} d_f \partial_{FW} & & & \\ 2(C_{af} d_f - C_{ar} d_r)/U & 2\partial_{FW} & 0 & 2\partial_{FW}(z_f - z_r) & -2C_{af} d_f & 2d_f \partial_{FW} \\ - x_A S_Y / U & & & & & \end{bmatrix}$$

$$x = [v, z, \theta, p, \partial_{FW}, F_{XT}]^T$$

**b** =

$$\begin{aligned}
 & qC_D - 2F_{xTr} + W_T Cr + W_T p_r \\
 & 2C_{ar}d_r/R - W_T e + U^2W_T/(Rg) - 2C_{af}d_f/R \\
 & 2(C_{ar}d_r - C_{af}d_f)e/R + 2(d_fK_f - d_rK_r)p_r + q(C_{L0} - s_L p_r) - 2(C_{af} + C_{ar})eV/U + 2C_{af}e \partial_{FW} \\
 & 2C_{ar}d_r(z_r - h_r)/R + m_S U^2(h - h_r)/R - m_{Uf}U^2(h_r - z_f)/R - m_{Ur}U^2(h_r - z_r)/R \\
 & - T_F^2 K_f e/2 - T_R^2 K_r e/2 - N_{Sr}(z_r - h_r)e - N_{Sf}(z_f - h_r)e - 2C_{af}(z_f - h_r)d_f/R \\
 & 2C_{ar}d_r^2e/R + m_{Uf}gd_f + m_S g x_c - m_{Ur}gd_r - qC_D(h_A - h_r) - 2d_f^2K_f p_r - d_f N_{Sf} + d_r N_{Sr} - x_A q(C_{L0} - s_L p_r) \\
 & - 2d_r^2K_r p_r + 2F_{xTr}(z_r - h_r) - N_{Sr}(z_r - h_r)p_r - N_{Sf}(z_f - h_r)p_r - 2C_{af}d_f^2e/R \\
 & + 2(C_{af}d_f + C_{ar}d_r)eV/U - 2C_{af}d_fe \partial_{FW} \\
 & - 2C_{ar}d_r^2/R - d_f N_{Sf}e + d_r N_{Sr}e + U^2(d_f m_{Uf} + x_c m_S - d_r m_{Ur})/R - 2C_{af}d_f^2/R
 \end{aligned}$$

The boldface terms,  $\mathbf{v}$  and  $\partial_{FW}$ , appearing in the **A** and **b** arrays represent the  $\mathbf{x}$  components contributing to weak nonlinear terms.

### *Lateral Tire Forces*

$$\begin{aligned}\text{Front Tires: } F_{yf} &= C_{af} (\alpha f) \\ &= C_{af} (v/U + d_f/R - \delta_{FW})\end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}\text{Rear Tires: } F_{yr} &= C_{ar} (\alpha r) \\ &= C_{ar} (v/U - d_r/R)\end{aligned}$$

### *Front Suspension Forces*

$$\text{Left Side: } F_{sfL} = [-T_F(\theta - e)/2 - d_f(p - p_r) + z] K_f$$

$$\text{Right Side: } F_{sfR} = [T_F(\theta - e)/2 - d_f(p - p_r) + z] K_f$$

### *Rear Suspension Forces*

$$\text{Left Side: } F_{srL} = [-T_R(\theta - e)/2 + d_r(p - p_r) + z] K_r$$

$$\text{Right Side: } F_{srR} = [T_R(\theta - e)/2 + d_r(p - p_r) + z] K_r$$

### *Front Vertical Tire Forces*

$$\begin{aligned}\text{Left Side: } F_{zfL} &= N_{sf} / 2 + (F_{sfL} + F_{sfR})/2 - T_F(F_{sfR} - F_{sfL})/(2TT_f) \\ &\quad + F_{yf} z_f / TT_f\end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}\text{Right Side: } F_{zfR} &= N_{sf} / 2 + (F_{sfL} + F_{sfR})/2 + T_F(F_{sfR} - F_{sfL})/(2TT_f) \\ &\quad - F_{yf} z_f / TT_f\end{aligned}$$

### *Rear Vertical Tire Forces*

$$\begin{aligned}\text{Left Side: } F_{zrL} &= N_{sr} / 2 + (F_{srL} + F_{srR})/2 - T_R(F_{srR} - F_{srL})/(2TT_r) \\ &\quad + F_{yr} z_r / TT_r\end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}\text{Right Side: } F_{zrR} &= N_{sr} / 2 + (F_{srL} + F_{srR})/2 + T_R(F_{srR} - F_{srL})/(2TT_r) \\ &\quad - F_{yr} z_r / TT_r\end{aligned}$$



### *Friction Factors*

Front Left Side:  $ff_1 = F_{yfL} / F_{zfL}$

Front Right Side:  $ff_2 = F_{yfR} / F_{zfR}$

Rear Left Side:  $ff_3 = F_{yrL} / F_{zrL}$

Rear Right Side:  $ff_4 = F_{yrR} / F_{zrR}$

## Appendix B

### STEADY TURNING MODEL EQUATIONS: TRACTOR-SEMITRAILER

The equations presented in this appendix represent the steady turning motion of a multiple axle tractor-semitrailer moving along a circular path while resting upon a road surface which contains both superelevation and grade. In this model, the semitrailer and rear end of the tractor are treated as a single unit (full-trailer) with articulation acting as the "steer" angle for the full-trailer. Following solution of the full-trailer steady turning equations, the front wheel steer angle of the tractor is solved with the requirement that the tractor front axle tire forces support and counterbalance its share of the centripetal force deriving from the tractor sprung and unsprung masses during steady turning motion. The vehicle model is described by four degrees of freedom for the sprung mass element (semitrailer body): roll, pitch, yaw, and bounce. Tractor and semitrailer unsprung mass elements (suspension masses) are also represented but are located at a fixed height above the road plane (no vertical tire compliance). Solution of the model equations produces the steady state values for semitrailer sideslip velocity, roll angle, pitch angle, vertical bounce, articulation angle, and tractor tire drive thrust required for traversing a curve of specified geometry at a given speed. The six equations describing the model are three force equilibrium equations and three moment equilibrium equations applied to the vehicle with respect to a body axis system whose origin is located along the trailer centerline at a distance  $d_f$  aft of the tractor rear suspension centerline. All rotations and displacements of the trailer sprung mass are with respect to a static reference condition defined by the vehicle at rest on a horizontal plane which is normal to the gravity vector. Normal SAE sign conventions apply [7].

The tractor front axle lateral tire forces, steer angle, and sideslip angle are obtained from the required yaw moment equilibrium condition about the kingpin, the calculated articulation angle, and the specified turning conditions. The tractor sprung mass is assumed constrained to the semitrailer for roll motions. The tractor pitch angle is calculated as equal to the semitrailer pitch angle, modified by pitch moment effects deriving from centripetal forces during

turning. The tractor sprung mass vertical position is the vertical displacement of the tractor sprung mass c.g. relative to the kinpin and due only to tractor pitch angle.

The next section contains a list of definitions for symbols appearing in the equations which are then presented in the final section. The equations are in the form  $\mathbf{A} \mathbf{x} = \mathbf{b}$ , where  $\mathbf{A}$  is a 6 by 6 matrix, and  $\mathbf{b}$  is a 6 by 1 vector. Each of these two arrays contains various vehicle and highway geometric parameters. The 6 by 1 solution vector,  $\mathbf{x}$ , is obtained by computing the matrix inverse of  $\mathbf{A}$  and multiplying it by the  $\mathbf{b}$  vector:

$$\mathbf{x} = \mathbf{A}^{-1} \mathbf{b}$$

A two- or three-stage iterative solution is required since a few terms in the  $\mathbf{A}$  and  $\mathbf{b}$  arrays contain components of  $\mathbf{x}$  as weak non-constant influences. The six elements of  $\mathbf{x}$  are the solution quantities noted above and are also defined in the following nomenclature listing. The first three model equations represent force equilibrium conditions acting in the longitudinal, lateral, and vertical directions of the trailer. The last three model equations represent moment equilibrium conditions about the roll, pitch, and yaw axes of the trailer.

Lastly, equations defining the lateral and vertical tire forces, suspension forces, and friction factors at each wheel location are included. Expressions for calculating the tractor steer angle, sideslip, pitch angle, and vertical bounce are also shown.

#### *Nomenclature*

- $b_T$  distance from tractor sprung mass c.g. to rear suspension centerline  
(set at  $0.8 L_T$ )
- $C_{a1}$  tractor front tire cornering stiffness ( $<0$ )
- $C_{aj}$  tractor rear tire cornering stiffness ( $<0$ )
- $C_{ak}$  semitrailer rear " ( $<0$ )
- CD aerodynamic drag coefficient

$C_{L0}$  aerodynamic lift coefficient at trim pitch angle ( $p = p_r$ )  
 $C_r$  rolling resistance percentage / 100  
 $d_f$  distance from semitrailer kingpin to semitrailer body-axis origin  
 (arbitrary)  
 $d_r$  " " " " rear suspension centerline to " " "  
 ( $L - d_f$ )  
 $d_j$  distance from tractor rear axle  $j$  to semitrailer body-axis origin  
 $d_r$  " " " " semitrailer rear axle  $k$  to " " "  
 $e$  highway superelevation  
 $F_{pz}$  static semitrailer kingpin load applied to tractor  
 $F_{xTf}$  tractor rear tire traction force, **x(6)**  
 $F_{xTr}$  tire traction force  
 $g$  acceleration of gravity  
 $h$  height above ground of semitrailer sprung mass c.g.  
 $h_A$  height above ground of the aerodynamic center of pressure  
 $h_r$  arbitrary height above ground of reference axis system origin  
 $i$  subscript denoting all of the rear tractor and semitrailer axles  
 $j$  subscript denotes one of possibly several tractor rear axles  
 $k$  " " " " " " " " semitrailer rear axles  
 $K_1$  spring rate of tractor front suspension (one side)  
 $K_j$  tractor rear suspension stiffness " "  
 $K_k$  semitrailer rear " "  
 $L_T$  tractor wheelbase  
 $L$  semitrailer wheelbase  
 $m_1$  mass of tractor front unsprung mass  
 $m_2$  total mass of tractor rear suspension (rear unsprung masses)  
 $m_j$  tractor rear unsprung mass  
 $m_k$  semitrailer rear " "  
 $m_s$  mass of sprung weight (semitrailer body + payload)

$N_{sj}$  tractor rear static load of axle  $j$   
 $N_{sk}$  semitrailer " " axle  $k$   
 $N_1$  static load on tractor front axle  
 $N_2$  total static load on tractor rear axles  
 $n_d$  number of tractor rear drive axles  
 $n_s$  number of tractor rear axles  
 $p$  semitrailer sprung mass pitch angle relative to the horizontal plane normal to the gravity vector,  **$x(4)$**   
 $p_r$  highway grade  
 $p_T$  tractor pitch angle  
 $q$  aerodynamic force = [(density of air)(reference area)  $U^2 / 2$ ]  
 $R$  highway curve radius  
 $s_L$  slope of aerodynamic lift coefficient with respect to pitch  
 $s_Y$  slope of aerodynamic side force with respect to sideslip angle  
 $T_j$  tractor rear suspension spread  
 $T_k$  semitrailer rear " "  
 $TT_j$  tractor rear tire track  
 $TT_k$  semitrailer rear " "  
 $U$  vehicle speed  
 $v$  semitrailer sideslip velocity at the body-axis origin,  **$x(1)$**   
 $W_T$  total combination vehicle weight  
 $W_1$  weight of tractor sprung mass  
 $x_A$  distance of aerodynamic center of pressure ahead of body-axis origin  
 $x_C$  distance of semitrailer sprung mass center ahead of body-axis origin  
 $z$  semitrailer sprung mass displacement normal to the road surface (relative to the static reference condition),  **$x(2)$**   
 $z_1$  vertical displacement of tractor sprung mass c.g. (positive downward)  
 $z_j$  height above ground of tractor rear suspension roll center

- $z_k$  height above ground of semitrailer suspension roll center
- $B$  sideslip angle of tractor at sprung mass c.g. location
- $\delta_{FW}$  tractor front steer angle
- $\Delta$  kingpin offset ahead of tractor rear axle centerline
- $f_5$  variation in kingpin vertical load due to steady turning (positive downward)
- $\theta$  semitrailer sprung mass roll angle relative to the horizontal plane normal to the gravity vector, **x(3)**
- $\Pi$  articulation angle between tractor and semitrailer, **x(5)**

Tractor-semitrailer Model Equations:  $Ax = b$

$$A = \begin{bmatrix} U W_T / (R g) & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 2n_d \\ 2 \sum C_{ai} / U & 0 & 0 & 0 & -2 \sum C_{ai} & 2 \Pi \\ -q S_Y / U & & & & & \\ 0 & -2 \sum K_i & 2 \sum C_{ai} d_i / R & 2 \sum K_i d_i & 0 & 0 \\ & & + U^2 W_T / (R & + q S_L \\ & & -2 \sum C_{ai} v / U \\ & & + 2 \sum C_{a2i} \Pi \\ 2 \sum C_{ai} (z_i - h_r) / U & 0 & m_s g (h - h_r) & 0 & -2 \sum C_{ai} (z_i - h_r) & 2 \Pi \sum (z_i - h_r) \\ - (h_A - h_r) S_Y / U & & + \sum m_i g (z_i - h_r) & & & \\ & & - \sum N_{si} (z_i - h_r) \\ & & - \sum T_i^2 K_i / 2 \\ U (m_s (h_r - h) & & -2 \sum C_{ai} d_i^2 \operatorname{sgn}(d_i) / R & m_s g (h - h_r) & & \\ + \sum m_i (h_r - z_i) / R & 2 \sum K_i d_i & - U^2 \sum m_i d_i / R & + \sum m_i g (z_i - h_r) & 0 & -2 \sum (z_i - h_r) \\ & & - U^2 m_s x_c / R & -2 \sum K_i d_i^2 & & \\ & & + 2 \sum C_{ai} |d_i| v / U & - \sum N_i (z_i - h_r) & & \\ & & - 2 C_{a2d2} \Pi & + x_A q S_L & & \\ 2 \sum C_{ai} d_i / U & 2 \Pi & 0 & 2 \Pi \sum (z_i - h_r) & -2 \sum C_{ai} d_i & 2 d_r \Pi \\ -x_A S_Y / U & & & & & \end{bmatrix}$$

$$X = [ v, z, \theta, \rho, \Pi, F_{xT} ]^T$$

$$\mathbf{b} = \begin{bmatrix}
 qC_D - 2 \sum_{xTr}^{nt} F_x T_r + W_T C_r + W_T p_r \\
 \\
 -2 \sum C_{ai} d_i / R - W_T e + U^2 W_T / (Rg) \\
 \\
 -2 \sum C_{ai} d_i e / R + 2 \sum K_i d_i p_r + q(C_{L0} - s_L p_r) - 2 \sum C_{ai} e \mathbf{v} / U + 2 \sum_{ns} C_{ai} e \mathbf{\Pi} \\
 \\
 -2 \sum C_{ai} d_i (z_i - h_r) / R + m_s U^2 (h - h_r) / R - \sum m_{ui} U^2 (h_r - z_i) / R - e \sum T_i^2 K_i / 2 - \sum N_{si} (z_i - h_r) e \\
 \\
 2 \sum C_{ai} d_i^2 (\text{sgn } d_i) e / R + m_s g x_c + \sum m_{ui} g d_i - q C_D (h_A - h_r) - 2 \sum d_i^2 K_i p_r - \sum N_{si} d_i - x_A q (C_{L0} - s_L p_r) \\
 + 2 \sum_{xTr} F_x T_r (z_i - h_r) - \sum N_{si} (z_i - h_r) p_r + 2 \sum C_{ai} |d_i| e \mathbf{v} / U - 2 \sum_{ns} C_{ai} d_i e \mathbf{\Pi} \\
 \\
 -2 \sum C_{ai} d_i^2 / R - e \sum d_i N_{si} + U^2 \sum d_i m_{ui} / R + U^2 x_c m_s / R
 \end{bmatrix}$$

The boldface terms,  $\mathbf{v}$  and  $\mathbf{\Pi}$ , appearing in the  $\mathbf{A}$  and  $\mathbf{b}$  arrays represent the  $\mathbf{x}$  components contributing to weak nonlinear terms.



## Tractor Response Variables

*Tractor Front Axle Steer Angle:*

$$\partial_{FW} = v/U - \pi + (d_f + L_T)/R + [(U^2/R - e)(F_{pz} \Delta/g + W_1 b_T/g + m_1 L_T) / (2L_T C_{a1})]$$

*Tractor Sideslip Angle:*

$$\beta = v/U + (d_f - \Delta + b_T)/R - \pi$$

*Tractor Pitch Angle:*

$$p_T = p - \Delta f_5 / (2 K_1 L_T^2)$$

*Tractor Bounce (vertical displacement):*

$$z = - p_T b_T$$

where,

$$\Delta = (N_1 - m_1 g - b_T) L_T / F_{pz}$$

$$F_{pz} = N_1 + N_2 - W_1 - m_1 g - m_2 g$$

$$b_T = 0.80 L_T$$

## *Lateral Tire Forces*

$$\begin{aligned} \text{Tractor Front Tire: } F_{y1} &= C_{a1} (\text{alf}) \\ &= C_{a1} [(v/U + d_f/R - \pi) + (L_T - \Delta)/R - \partial_{FW}] \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \text{Tractor Rear Tires: } F_{yj} &= C_{aj} (\text{alf}) \\ &= C_{aj} (v/U + d_j/R - \pi) \quad ; \quad j \text{ denotes tractor rear axle} \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \text{Rear Tires: } F_{yk} &= C_{ak} (\text{alf}) \\ &= C_{ak} (v/U - d_k/R) \quad ; \quad k \text{ denotes semitrailer rear axle} \end{aligned}$$

## *Tractor Front Suspension Forces*

$$\text{Left Side: } F_{sL1} = [-T_1(\theta - e)/2 - (L_T - \Delta)(p - p_r)] K_1$$

$$\text{Right Side: } F_{sL2} = [T_1(\theta - e)/2 - (L_T - \Delta)(p - p_r)] K_1$$

### *Tractor Rear Suspension Forces*

$$\text{Left Side: } F_{sLj} = [-T_j(\delta - e)/2 - d_j(p - p_r) + z] K_j$$

; j denotes tractor rear axle

$$\text{Right Side: } F_{sRj} = [T_j(\delta - e)/2 - d_j(p - p_r) + z] K_j$$

### *Semitrailer Rear Suspension Forces*

$$\text{Left Side: } F_{sLk} = [-T_k(\delta - e)/2 + d_k(p - p_r) + z] K_k$$

; k denotes semitrailer rear axle

$$\text{Right Side: } F_{sRk} = [T_k(\delta - e)/2 + d_k(p - p_r) + z] K_k$$

### *Tractor Front Vertical Tire Forces*

$$\text{Left Side: } F_{zL1} = N_{s1} / 2 + (F_{sL1} + F_{sR1})/2 - T_1(F_{sR1} - F_{sL1})/(2TT_1) \\ + F_{y1} z_1 / TT_1$$

$$\text{Right Side: } F_{zR1} = N_{s1} / 2 + (F_{sL1} + F_{sR1})/2 + T_1(F_{sR1} - F_{sL1})/(2TT_1) \\ - F_{y1} z_1 / TT_1$$

### *Tractor Rear Vertical Tire Forces*

$$\text{Left Side: } F_{zLj} = N_{sj} / 2 + (F_{sLj} + F_{sRj})/2 - T_j(F_{sRj} - F_{sLj})/(2TT_j) \\ + F_{yj} z_j / TT_j$$

$$\text{Right Side: } F_{zRj} = N_{sj} / 2 + (F_{sLj} + F_{sRj})/2 + T_j(F_{sRj} - F_{sLj})/(2TT_j) \\ - F_{yj} z_j / TT_j$$

### *Semitrailer Rear Vertical Tire Forces*

$$\text{Left Side: } F_{zLk} = N_{sk} / 2 + (F_{sLk} + F_{sRk})/2 - T_k(F_{sRk} - F_{sLk})/(2TT_k) \\ + F_{yk} z_k / TT_k$$

$$\text{Right Side: } F_{zRk} = N_{sk} / 2 + (F_{sLk} + F_{sRk})/2 + T_k(F_{sRk} - F_{sLk})/(2TT_k) \\ - F_{yk} z_k / TT_k$$

FRICTION FACTORS:

Tractor Front Left Side:  $ff_{L,1} = F_{yL1} / F_{zL1}$

Tractor Front Right Side:  $ff_{R,1} = F_{yR1} / F_{zR1}$

Tractor Rear Left Side:  $ff_{L,j} = F_{yLj} / F_{zLj}$

; j denotes rear tractor axle

Tractor Rear Right Side:  $ff_{R,j} = F_{yRj} / F_{zRj}$

Semitrailer Rear Left Side:  $ff_{L,k} = F_{yLk} / F_{zLk}$

; k denotes rear semitrailer axle

Semitrailer Rear Right Side:  $ff_{R,k} = F_{yRk} / F_{zRk}$

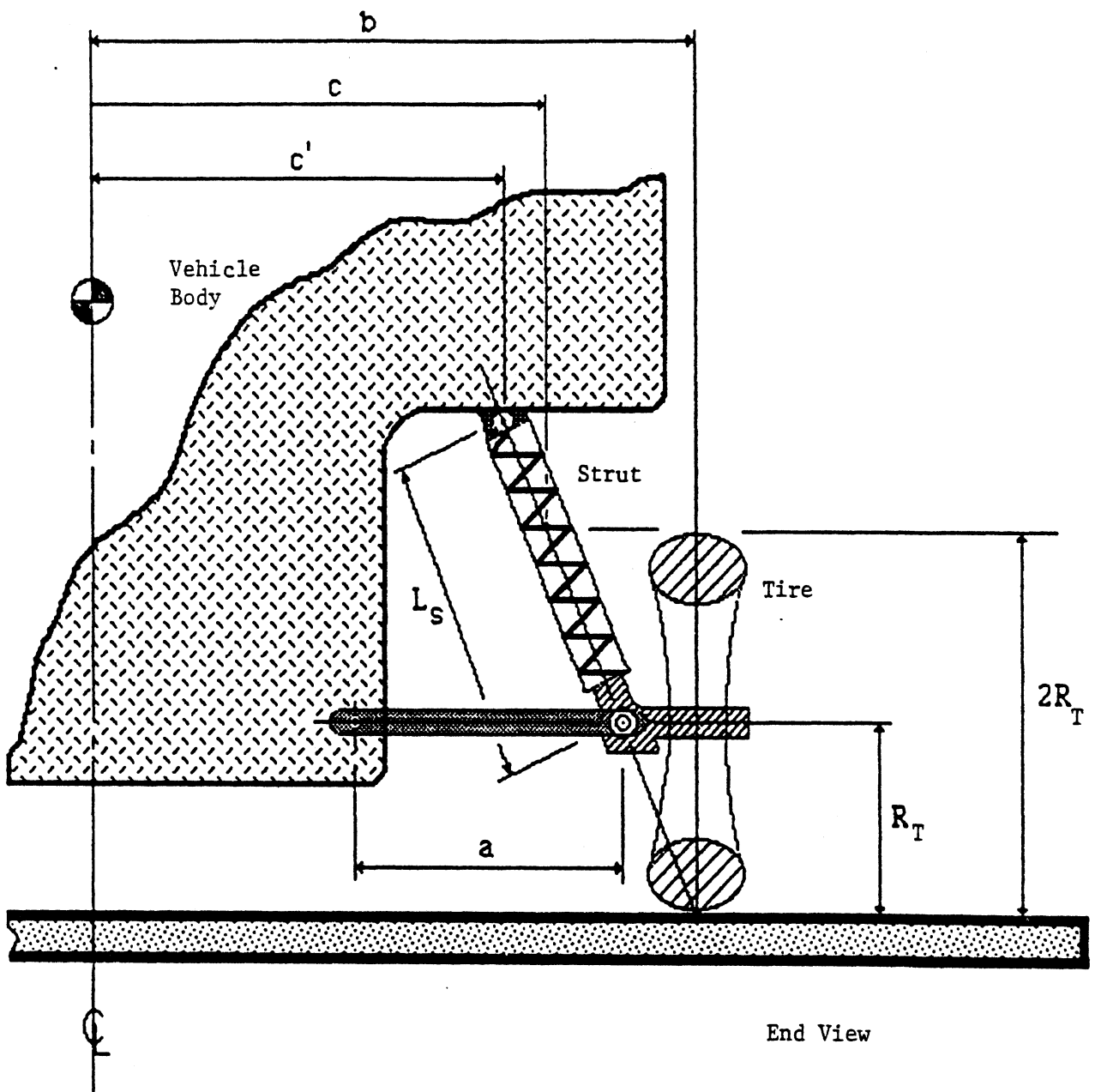
## Appendix C

### INDEPENDENT SUSPENSION ADDITION TO THE PHASE 4 MODEL

An independent wheel suspension was added to the Phase 4 computer model [5] to permit improved simulation of typical passenger car suspension behavior. Section 3.4 (volume II) of this report provides a general description of the modifications to the Phase 4 computer model performed during the project. The material in this appendix supplements that description with more detailed information.

Reference to figure C-1 (or figure 12) shows the basic kinematic layout of the independent suspension which is seen to be very similar to a McPherson strut assembly. The strut, of nominal length  $L_S$ , is allowed to vary in length and pivot about its end points. The strut contains a spring and damper having force characteristics which vary linearly with strut displacement and velocity. The lateral link of length "a" locates the lower endpoint of the strut. On an actual vehicle the upper endpoint, at lateral displacement "c" from the vehicle centerline, is not readily known. Accordingly, input to the model for defining the angular orientation of the strut assembly is provided by specifying the lateral displacement of the strut, "c", coincident with the top of the tire. The static tire radius,  $R_T$ , is normally entered as one of the "Tires and Wheels" data in the Phase 4 model.

Knowledge of the tire half track dimension, "b", in addition to "c" and  $R_T$ , permits the model to calculate the linkage motions shown in figure C-1. The tire track parameter = 2 "b", is normally entered in the Phase 4 model under the category of "Suspension and Axle Parameters." The parameter "c" is selected by the current model version to cause the strut centerline to intersect the center of the tire contact patch at the road surface. However, the wheel axle assembly is assumed to always remain parallel to the road surface. That is, as vehicle roll/ bounce motions and tire bounce motions occur, the axle (tire) will not roll (camber) according to the kinematics depicted in figure C-1. To accommodate tire cambering and steering in response to suspension motion (deriving from vehicle bounce and roll motions), two parameters are entered by the model user to specify these



Input Parameters:

- b tire track dimension
- c spacing of upper strut pivot
- $R_T$  static tire radius

steer-bounce coefficient  
 camber-bounce coefficient

Figure C-1. Independent suspension model (Phase 4).

relationships. The first such parameter is the camber-bounce coefficient which causes the tire to camber an amount proportional to the relative bounce motion of the suspension. The second parameter is the steer-bounce coefficient which causes the tire to steer in direct proportion to the bounce motion of the suspension. In this implementation, the tire camber relationship to suspension motion is not limited to just that seen in figure C-1. Instead, different camber-bounce and steer-bounce relationships, as obtained, for example, from laboratory suspension measurements, may be represented as well. However, the key element to remember is that all tire camber motion is provided by the first of these parameters. No tire camber motion occurs, although it is suggested, by the kinematics depicted in figure C-1.

To use the independent suspension option in the Phase 4 model, the following instructions should be followed during preparation of a Phase 4 data set:

- Under the category of "Suspension and Axle Parameters," when entering the spring rate for a particular wheel location, follow the right-side spring rate entry with any positive number in F10.3 format. This will key the program to interpret subsequent numerical input for *that wheel location* as parametric data for the independent suspension. This should be performed at each wheel location requiring an independent suspension.
- Three lines later, where the "Axle Roll Moment of Inertia" is usually entered, instead enter the independent suspension camber/bounce coefficient value in units of degrees/inch.
- Two lines after this, where the "Roll Steer Coefficient" is usually entered, instead enter the independent suspension steer/bounce coefficient value in units of degrees/inch.

At the start of execution of the Phase 4 program an "echo" of vehicle parameters occurs and any independent suspension parameters entered as described above will be accurately identified at this point (figure C-2). If

HSRT/MVMA BRAKING AND HANDLING SIMULATION OF TRUCKS, TRACTOR-SEMITRAILERS, DOUBLES, AND TRIPLES - PHASE 4.  
 Dodge Aries; 1273 ft radius (Curve#1); Steady Turning; 57 mph, low mlj.

TRUCK PARAMETERS		LEFT SIDE	RIGHT SIDE
WHEELBASE - DISTANCE FROM FRONT AXLE TO CENTER OF REAR SUSPENSION (IN)			
BASE VEHICLE CURB WEIGHT ON FRONT SUSPENSION (LB)		220.00	220.00
BASE VEHICLE CURB WEIGHT ON REAR SUSPENSION (LB)		10.00	10.00
SPRING MASS CG HEIGHT (IN, ABOVE GROUND)		0.0	0.0
SPRING MASS ROLL MOMENT OF INERTIA (IN-LB-SEC**2)			
SPRING MASS PITCH MOMENT OF INERTIA (IN-LB-SEC**2)			
SPRING MASS YAW MOMENT OF INERTIA (IN-LB-SEC**2)			
PAYLOAD WEIGHT (LB)			
*** ZERO ENTRY INDICATES NO PAYLOAD ***			
*** FIVE PAYLOAD DESCRIPTION PARAMETERS ARE NOT ENTERED ***			
TRUCK FRONT SUSPENSION AND AXLE PARAMETERS			
→ SUSPENSION SPRING RATE (LB/IN/SIDE/AXLE)		220.00	220.00
SUSPENSION VISCOUS DAMPING (LB-SEC/IN/SIDE/AXLE)		10.00	10.00
COULOMB FRICTION (LB/SIDE/AXLE)		0.0	0.0
INDEPENDENT SUSPENSION CAMBER/BOUNCE COEFFICIENT (DEG/INCH)			
→ ROLL CENTER HEIGHT (IN, ABOVE GROUND)		0.0	0.0
→ INDEPENDENT SUSPENSION STEER/BOUNCE COEFFICIENT (DEG/INCH)		0.0	0.0
AUXILIARY ROLL STIFFNESS (IN-LB/DEG/AXLE)		57.00	57.00
LATERAL DISTANCE BETWEEN SUSPENSION SPRINGS (IN)		100.00	100.00
TRACK WIDTH (IN)		0.0	0.0
UNSPRING WEIGHT (LB)		1.00	1.00
STEERING GEAR RATIO (DEG STEERING WHEEL/DEG ROAD WHEEL)		0.0	0.0
→ STEERING GEAR RATIO (DEG STEERING WHEEL/DEG ROAD WHEEL)		0.0	0.0
*** NEGATIVE OR ZERO ENTRY INDICATES NO STEERING SYSTEM ***			
*** STEERING SYSTEM PARAMETERS NOT TO BE ENTERED ***			
TRUCK FRONT TIRES AND WHEELS			
CORNERING STIFFNESS (LB/DEG/TIRE)		-1.00	-1.00
*** NEGATIVE ENTRY INDICATES TABLE ENTERED ***			
*** ECHO WILL APPEAR ON TABLE INDEX PAGE ***			
LONGITUDINAL STIFFNESS (LB/SLIP/TIRE)		5000.00	5000.00
CAMBER STIFFNESS (LB/DEG/TIRE)		0.0	0.0
ALIGNING MOMENT (IN-LB/DEG/TIRE)		0.0	0.0
TIRE SPRING RATE (LB/IN/TIRE)		1000.00	1000.00
TIRE LOADED RADIUS (IN)		12.00	12.00
POLAR MOMENT OF INERTIA (IN-LB-SEC**2/WHEEL)		20.00	20.00

Figure C-2. Independent suspension output "echo"; Phase 4 model.

they are not, then a check of the data set should be performed to see that the independent suspension key following the spring rates was entered properly (item 1 above). If this fails, then a check to see that the most recent version of the Phase 4 model, containing the independent suspension model developed under this project, is being used.



## Appendix D

### STEADY TURNING MODEL PREDICTIONS

The steady turning model printouts seen in this appendix correspond in order and vehicle type to the steady turning test results seen in appendix E and the corresponding model/measurement comparisons seen in chapter 5 (volume II). The steady turning model predictions seen in chapter 5 (volume II) are taken directly from the printouts shown in this appendix. The first set of microcomputer model predictions are for the tractor-semitrailer vehicle (test vehicle C); the second set of model predictions are for the front wheel drive passenger car (test vehicle A); and the final set of predictions correspond to the rear wheel drive passenger car (test vehicle B). For example, the first two pages of the tractor-semitrailer predictions represent a single microcomputer run and show input values for path radius, vehicle speed, and superelevation rate of 1273 ft (388 m), 47.6 mph (76.6 km/h), and 6.7 percent. These conditions correspond to the test data for the tractor-semitrailer at curve site 1 and repeat 1. The model output results follow beginning with values of vehicle response variables such as tractor sideslip (0.06 degrees), tractor vertical bounce (0), and tractor roll angle (3.23 degrees). Each microcomputer result concludes with a plan view of the vehicle showing the friction factor values for each wheel location and the c.g. (point-mass) location. All model predictions shown here are for right hand turns. (Most of the test results are for left hand turns and therefore require a sign change for certain variables when model/test result comparisons are performed, as in chapter 5.)

A User's Guide for operating the microcomputer models appears at the end of this appendix.

## Vehicle C

5-Axle Tractor-Semitrailer

FHWA / UMTRI TRACTOR-SEMITRAILER, STEADY TURNING VEHICLE MODEL

NUMBER OF AXLES ON TRACTOR REAR SUSPENSION: 2  
NUMBER OF AXLES ON SEMITRAILER SUSPENSION: 2

AXLE 1 TIRE CORNERING STIFFNESS (LB/DEG/SIDE): 650  
AXLE 2 TIRE CORNERING STIFFNESS (LB/DEG/SIDE): 1280  
AXLE 3 TIRE CORNERING STIFFNESS (LB/DEG/SIDE): 1280  
AXLE 4 TIRE CORNERING STIFFNESS (LB/DEG/SIDE): 1460  
AXLE 5 TIRE CORNERING STIFFNESS (LB/DEG/SIDE): 1460

AXLE 1 SPRING RATE (LB/IN/SIDE): 1200  
AXLE 2 SPRING RATE (LB/IN/SIDE): 5000  
AXLE 3 SPRING RATE (LB/IN/SIDE): 5000  
AXLE 4 SPRING RATE (LB/IN/SIDE): 6000  
AXLE 5 SPRING RATE (LB/IN/SIDE): 6000  
TRACTOR REAR SUSPENSION AXLE SPACING (IN): 50  
SEMITRAILER SUSPENSION AXLE SPACING (IN): 48  
TRACTOR WHEELBASE (IN): 142  
SEMITRAILER WHEELBASE (IN): 410  
SUPERELEVATION: .067  
GRADE: 0

FORWARD VELOCITY (MPH): 47.6  
PATH RADIUS (FT): 1273  
AXLE 1 STATIC LOAD (LB): 10300  
AXLE 2 STATIC LOAD (LB): 15710  
AXLE 3 STATIC LOAD (LB): 15710  
AXLE 4 STATIC LOAD (LB): 16900  
AXLE 5 STATIC LOAD (LB): 16900  
TRACTOR SPRUNG MASS WEIGHT (LB): 9700  
TRACTOR FRONT ROLL CENTER HEIGHT (IN): 23  
TRACTOR REAR ROLL CENTER HEIGHT (IN): 29  
SEMITRAILER ROLL CENTER HEIGHT (IN): 29  
TRACTOR SPRUNG MASS C.G. HEIGHT (IN): 44  
SEMITRAILER SPRUNG MASS C.G. HEIGHT (IN): 70  
FIFTH WHEEL HEIGHT (IN): 48  
TRACTOR FRAME HEIGHT (IN): 36  
TRACTOR FRONT SPRING SPACING (IN): 32  
TRACTOR REAR SPRING SPACING (IN): 38  
SEMITRAILER SPRING SPACING (IN): 38  
TRACTOR FRONT TRACK (IN): 81  
TRACTOR REAR TRACK (IN): 73  
SEMITRAILER TRACK (IN): 73  
AXLE 1 UNSPRUNG WEIGHT (LB): 1200  
AXLE 2 UNSPRUNG WEIGHT (LB): 2300  
AXLE 3 UNSPRUNG WEIGHT (LB): 2300  
AXLE 4 UNSPRUNG WEIGHT (LB): 1500  
AXLE 5 UNSPRUNG WEIGHT (LB): 1500  
PERCENT ROLLING RESISTANCE: 1

\*\*\*\* OUTPUT \*\*\*\*

TRACTOR SIDESLIP ANGLE (DEG): .06  
TRACTOR VERTICAL BOUNCE (IN): 0

TRACTOR ROLL ANGLE (DEG): 3.23  
 TRACTOR PITCH ANGLE (DEG): -.01  
 TRACTOR STEER ANGLE (DEG): .57  
 TRACTOR TOTAL DRIVE THRUST (LB): 298.4  
 SEMITRAILER SIDESLIP ANGLE (DEG): .42  
 SEMITRAILER VERTICAL BOUNCE (IN): .01  
 SEMITRAILER ROLL ANGLE (DEG): 3.23  
 SEMITRAILER PITCH ANGLE (DEG): -.01  
 ARTICULATION ANGLE (DEG): 1.57  
 HORIZ LATERAL ACCEL (G'S): .118

FRICTION FACTORS:  

LEFT	RIGHT	AXLE
.049	.054	1
.035	.041	2
.062	.075	3
.031	.037	4
.059	.072	5

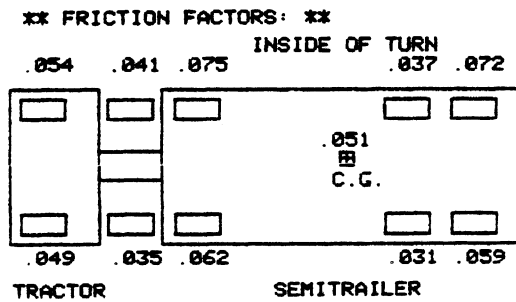
POINT MASS VALUE = .051

VERTICAL TIRE LOADS (LB):  

5427.9	4885.1	1
8543.3	7270.1	2
8638.5	7174.6	3
9247.5	7774.2	4
9351.8	7669.6	5

LATERAL TIRE FORCES (LB):  

267.2	267.2	1
300.6	300.6	2
540.6	540.6	3
292.1	292.1	4
555	555	5



FHWA / UMTRI TRACTOR-SEMITRAILER, STEADY TURNING VEHICLE MODEL

NUMBER OF AXLES ON TRACTOR REAR SUSPENSION: 2  
 NUMBER OF AXLES ON SEMITRAILER SUSPENSION: 2

AXLE 1 TIRE CORNERING STIFFNESS (LB/DEG/SIDE): 650  
 AXLE 2 TIRE CORNERING STIFFNESS (LB/DEG/SIDE): 1280  
 AXLE 3 TIRE CORNERING STIFFNESS (LB/DEG/SIDE): 1280  
 AXLE 4 TIRE CORNERING STIFFNESS (LB/DEG/SIDE): 1460  
 AXLE 5 TIRE CORNERING STIFFNESS (LB/DEG/SIDE): 1460

AXLE 1 SPRING RATE (LB/IN/SIDE): 1200  
 AXLE 2 SPRING RATE (LB/IN/SIDE): 5000  
 AXLE 3 SPRING RATE (LB/IN/SIDE): 5000  
 AXLE 4 SPRING RATE (LB/IN/SIDE): 6000  
 AXLE 5 SPRING RATE (LB/IN/SIDE): 6000  
 TRACTOR REAR SUSPENSION AXLE SPACING (IN): 50  
 SEMITRAILER SUSPENSION AXLE SPACING (IN): 48  
 TRACTOR WHEELBASE (IN): 142  
 SEMITRAILER WHEELBASE (IN): 410  
 SUPERELEVATION: .067  
 GRADE: 0

FORWARD VELOCITY (MPH): 45.5  
 PATH RADIUS (FT): 1273  
 AXLE 1 STATIC LOAD (LB): 10300  
 AXLE 2 STATIC LOAD (LB): 15710  
 AXLE 3 STATIC LOAD (LB): 15710  
 AXLE 4 STATIC LOAD (LB): 16900  
 AXLE 5 STATIC LOAD (LB): 16900  
 TRACTOR SPRUNG MASS WEIGHT (LB): 9700  
 TRACTOR FRONT ROLL CENTER HEIGHT (IN): 23  
 TRACTOR REAR ROLL CENTER HEIGHT (IN): 29  
 SEMITRAILER ROLL CENTER HEIGHT (IN): 29  
 TRACTOR SPRUNG MASS C.G. HEIGHT (IN): 44  
 SEMITRAILER SPRUNG MASS C.G. HEIGHT (IN): 70  
 FIFTH WHEEL HEIGHT (IN): 48  
 TRACTOR FRAME HEIGHT (IN): 36  
 TRACTOR FRONT SPRING SPACING (IN): 32  
 TRACTOR REAR SPRING SPACING (IN): 38  
 SEMITRAILER SPRING SPACING (IN): 38  
 TRACTOR FRONT TRACK (IN): 81  
 TRACTOR REAR TRACK (IN): 73  
 SEMITRAILER TRACK (IN): 73  
 AXLE 1 UNSPRUNG WEIGHT (LB): 1200  
 AXLE 2 UNSPRUNG WEIGHT (LB): 2300  
 AXLE 3 UNSPRUNG WEIGHT (LB): 2300  
 AXLE 4 UNSPRUNG WEIGHT (LB): 1500  
 AXLE 5 UNSPRUNG WEIGHT (LB): 1500  
 PERCENT ROLLING RESISTANCE: 1

\*\*\*\* OUTPUT \*\*\*\*

TRACTOR SIDESLIP ANGLE (DEG): .12  
 TRACTOR VERTICAL BOUNCE (IN): 0

TRACTOR ROLL ANGLE (DEG): 3.34  
 TRACTOR PITCH ANGLE (DEG): -.01  
 TRACTOR STEER ANGLE (DEG): .56  
 TRACTOR TOTAL DRIVE THRUST (LB): 297  
 SEMITRAILER SIDESLIP ANGLE (DEG): .48  
 SEMITRAILER VERTICAL BOUNCE (IN): 0  
 SEMITRAILER ROLL ANGLE (DEG): 3.34  
 SEMITRAILER PITCH ANGLE (DEG): 0  
 ARTICULATION ANGLE (DEG): 1.57  
 HORIZ LATERAL ACCEL (G'S): .108

FRICTION FACTORS:  

LEFT	RIGHT	AXLE
.039	.043	1
.026	.029	2
.054	.063	3
.022	.025	4
.05	.059	5

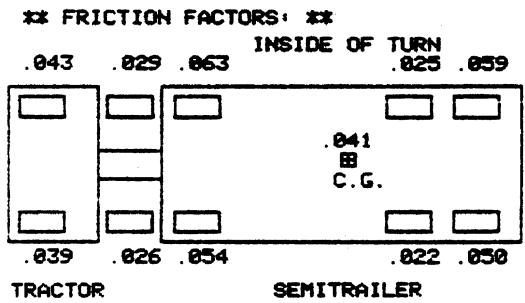
POINT MASS VALUE = .041

VERTICAL TIRE LOADS (LB):  

5374.9	4936.4	1
8411.9	7387.6	2
8507.7	7292.8	3
9099.1	7916.5	4
9204	7812.5	5

LATERAL TIRE FORCES (LB):  

214.4	214.4	1
220	220	2
460.1	460.1	3
205.4	205.4	4
468.3	468.3	5



FHWA / UMTRI TRACTOR-SEMITRAILER, STEADY TURNING VEHICLE MODEL

NUMBER OF AXLES ON TRACTOR REAR SUSPENSION: 2  
NUMBER OF AXLES ON SEMITRAILER SUSPENSION: 2

AXLE 1 TIRE CORNERING STIFFNESS (LB/DEG/SIDE): 650  
AXLE 2 TIRE CORNERING STIFFNESS (LB/DEG/SIDE): 1280  
AXLE 3 TIRE CORNERING STIFFNESS (LB/DEG/SIDE): 1280  
AXLE 4 TIRE CORNERING STIFFNESS (LB/DEG/SIDE): 1460  
AXLE 5 TIRE CORNERING STIFFNESS (LB/DEG/SIDE): 1460

AXLE 1 SPRING RATE (LB/IN/SIDE): 1200  
AXLE 2 SPRING RATE (LB/IN/SIDE): 5000  
AXLE 3 SPRING RATE (LB/IN/SIDE): 5000  
AXLE 4 SPRING RATE (LB/IN/SIDE): 6000  
AXLE 5 SPRING RATE (LB/IN/SIDE): 6000  
TRACTOR REAR SUSPENSION AXLE SPACING (IN): 50  
SEMITRAILER SUSPENSION AXLE SPACING (IN): 48  
TRACTOR WHEELBASE (IN): 142  
SEMITRAILER WHEELBASE (IN): 410  
SUPERELEVATION: .067  
GRADE: 0

FORWARD VELOCITY (MPH): 46.2  
PATH RADIUS (FT): 1273  
AXLE 1 STATIC LOAD (LB): 10300  
AXLE 2 STATIC LOAD (LB): 15710  
AXLE 3 STATIC LOAD (LB): 15710  
AXLE 4 STATIC LOAD (LB): 16900  
AXLE 5 STATIC LOAD (LB): 16900  
TRACTOR SPRUNG MASS WEIGHT (LB): 9700  
TRACTOR FRONT ROLL CENTER HEIGHT (IN): 23  
TRACTOR REAR ROLL CENTER HEIGHT (IN): 29  
SEMITRAILER ROLL CENTER HEIGHT (IN): 29  
TRACTOR SPRUNG MASS C.G. HEIGHT (IN): 44  
SEMITRAILER SPRUNG MASS C.G. HEIGHT (IN): 70  
FIFTH WHEEL HEIGHT (IN): 48  
TRACTOR FRAME HEIGHT (IN): 36  
TRACTOR FRONT SPRING SPACING (IN): 32  
TRACTOR REAR SPRING SPACING (IN): 38  
SEMITRAILER SPRING SPACING (IN): 38  
TRACTOR FRONT TRACK (IN): 81  
TRACTOR REAR TRACK (IN): 73  
SEMITRAILER TRACK (IN): 73  
AXLE 1 UNSPRUNG WEIGHT (LB): 1200  
AXLE 2 UNSPRUNG WEIGHT (LB): 2300  
AXLE 3 UNSPRUNG WEIGHT (LB): 2300  
AXLE 4 UNSPRUNG WEIGHT (LB): 1500  
AXLE 5 UNSPRUNG WEIGHT (LB): 1500  
PERCENT ROLLING RESISTANCE: 1

\*\*\*\* OUTPUT \*\*\*\*

TRACTOR SIDESLIP ANGLE (DEG): .1  
TRACTOR VERTICAL BOUNCE (IN): 0

TRACTOR ROLL ANGLE (DEG): 3.31  
 TRACTOR PITCH ANGLE (DEG): -.01  
 TRACTOR STEER ANGLE (DEG): .56  
 TRACTOR TOTAL DRIVE THRUST (LB): 297.4  
 SEMITRAILER SIDESLIP ANGLE (DEG): .46  
 SEMITRAILER VERTICAL BOUNCE (IN): 0  
 SEMITRAILER ROLL ANGLE (DEG): 3.31  
 SEMITRAILER PITCH ANGLE (DEG): 0  
 ARTICULATION ANGLE (DEG): 1.57  
 HORIZ LATERAL ACCEL (G'S): .112

FRICTION FACTORS:  

LEFT	RIGHT	AXLE
.042	.047	1
.029	.033	2
.056	.067	3
.025	.029	4
.053	.063	5

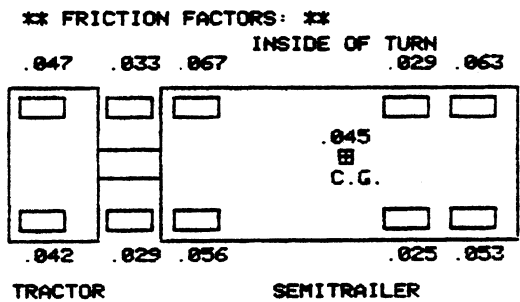
POINT MASS VALUE = .045

VERTICAL TIRE LOADS (LB):  

LEFT	RIGHT	AXLE
5392.3	4919.5	1
8455.1	7349	2
8550.7	7253.9	3
9147.8	7869.8	4
9252.5	7765.6	5

LATERAL TIRE FORCES (LB):  

LEFT	RIGHT	AXLE
231.8	231.8	1
246.5	246.5	2
486.5	486.5	3
233.8	233.8	4
496.7	496.7	5





FHWA / UMTRI TRACTOR-SEMITRAILER, STEADY TURNING VEHICLE MODEL

NUMBER OF AXLES ON TRACTOR REAR SUSPENSION: 2  
NUMBER OF AXLES ON SEMITRAILER SUSPENSION: 2

AXLE 1 TIRE CORNERING STIFFNESS (LB/DEG/SIDE): 650  
AXLE 2 TIRE CORNERING STIFFNESS (LB/DEG/SIDE): 1280  
AXLE 3 TIRE CORNERING STIFFNESS (LB/DEG/SIDE): 1280  
AXLE 4 TIRE CORNERING STIFFNESS (LB/DEG/SIDE): 1460  
AXLE 5 TIRE CORNERING STIFFNESS (LB/DEG/SIDE): 1460

AXLE 1 SPRING RATE (LB/IN/SIDE): 1200  
AXLE 2 SPRING RATE (LB/IN/SIDE): 5000  
AXLE 3 SPRING RATE (LB/IN/SIDE): 5000  
AXLE 4 SPRING RATE (LB/IN/SIDE): 6000  
AXLE 5 SPRING RATE (LB/IN/SIDE): 6000  
TRACTOR REAR SUSPENSION AXLE SPACING (IN): 50  
SEMITRAILER SUSPENSION AXLE SPACING (IN): 48  
TRACTOR WHEELBASE (IN): 142  
SEMITRAILER WHEELBASE (IN): 410  
SUPERELEVATION: .07  
GRADE: 0

FORWARD VELOCITY (MPH): 52.5  
PATH RADIUS (FT): 1273  
AXLE 1 STATIC LOAD (LB): 10300  
AXLE 2 STATIC LOAD (LB): 15710  
AXLE 3 STATIC LOAD (LB): 15710  
AXLE 4 STATIC LOAD (LB): 16900  
AXLE 5 STATIC LOAD (LB): 16900  
TRACTOR SPRUNG MASS WEIGHT (LB): 9700  
TRACTOR FRONT ROLL CENTER HEIGHT (IN): 23  
TRACTOR REAR ROLL CENTER HEIGHT (IN): 29  
SEMITRAILER ROLL CENTER HEIGHT (IN): 29  
TRACTOR SPRUNG MASS C.G. HEIGHT (IN): 44  
SEMITRAILER SPRUNG MASS C.G. HEIGHT (IN): 70  
FIFTH WHEEL HEIGHT (IN): 48  
TRACTOR FRAME HEIGHT (IN): 36  
TRACTOR FRONT SPRING SPACING (IN): 32  
TRACTOR REAR SPRING SPACING (IN): 38  
SEMITRAILER SPRING SPACING (IN): 38  
TRACTOR FRONT TRACK (IN): 81  
TRACTOR REAR TRACK (IN): 73  
SEMITRAILER TRACK (IN): 73  
AXLE 1 UNSPRUNG WEIGHT (LB): 1200  
AXLE 2 UNSPRUNG WEIGHT (LB): 2300  
AXLE 3 UNSPRUNG WEIGHT (LB): 2300  
AXLE 4 UNSPRUNG WEIGHT (LB): 1500  
AXLE 5 UNSPRUNG WEIGHT (LB): 1500  
PERCENT ROLLING RESISTANCE: 1

\*\*\*\* OUTPUT \*\*\*\*

TRACTOR SIDESLIP ANGLE (DEG): -.08  
TRACTOR VERTICAL BOUNCE (IN): 0

TRACTOR ROLL ANGLE (DEG): 3.17  
 TRACTOR PITCH ANGLE (DEG): -.01  
 TRACTOR STEER ANGLE (DEG): .61  
 TRACTOR TOTAL DRIVE THRUST (LB): 303.2  
 SEMITRAILER SIDESLIP ANGLE (DEG): .29  
 SEMITRAILER VERTICAL BOUNCE (IN): .01  
 SEMITRAILER ROLL ANGLE (DEG): 3.17  
 SEMITRAILER PITCH ANGLE (DEG): -.01  
 ARTICULATION ANGLE (DEG): 1.58  
 HORIZ LATERAL ACCEL (G'S): .144

FRICITION FACTORS:

LEFT	RIGHT	AXLE
.069	.08	1
.054	.068	2
.08	.104	3
.05	.064	4
.077	.101	5

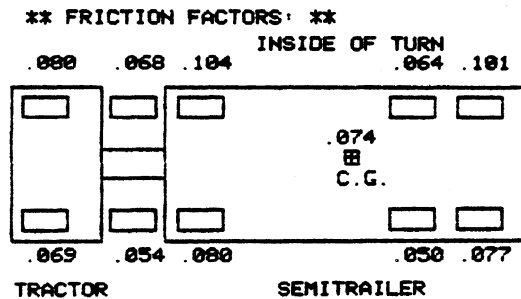
POINT MASS VALUE = .074

VERTICAL TIRE LOADS (LB):

		AXLE
5546.3	4771.5	1
8841	7011.9	2
8935	6915.2	3
9583.8	7461	4
9686.7	7335	5

LATERAL TIRE FORCES (LB):

		AXLE
384.4	384.4	1
479.2	479.2	2
719.2	719.2	3
484.2	484.2	4
747.1	747.1	5



FHWA / UMTRI TRACTOR-SEMITRAILER, STEADY TURNING VEHICLE MODEL

NUMBER OF AXLES ON TRACTOR REAR SUSPENSION: 2  
 NUMBER OF AXLES ON SEMITRAILER SUSPENSION: 2

AXLE 1 TIRE CORNERING STIFFNESS (LB/DEG/SIDE): 650  
 AXLE 2 TIRE CORNERING STIFFNESS (LB/DEG/SIDE): 1280  
 AXLE 3 TIRE CORNERING STIFFNESS (LB/DEG/SIDE): 1280  
 AXLE 4 TIRE CORNERING STIFFNESS (LB/DEG/SIDE): 1460  
 AXLE 5 TIRE CORNERING STIFFNESS (LB/DEG/SIDE): 1460

AXLE 1 SPRING RATE (LB/IN/SIDE): 1200  
 AXLE 2 SPRING RATE (LB/IN/SIDE): 5000  
 AXLE 3 SPRING RATE (LB/IN/SIDE): 5000  
 AXLE 4 SPRING RATE (LB/IN/SIDE): 6000  
 AXLE 5 SPRING RATE (LB/IN/SIDE): 6000  
 TRACTOR REAR SUSPENSION AXLE SPACING (IN): 50  
 SEMITRAILER SUSPENSION AXLE SPACING (IN): 48  
 TRACTOR WHEELBASE (IN): 142  
 SEMITRAILER WHEELBASE (IN): 410  
 SUPERELEVATION: .067  
 GRADE: 0

FORWARD VELOCITY (MPH): 57.5  
 PATH RADIUS (FT): 1273  
 AXLE 1 STATIC LOAD (LB): 10300  
 AXLE 2 STATIC LOAD (LB): 15710  
 AXLE 3 STATIC LOAD (LB): 15710  
 AXLE 4 STATIC LOAD (LB): 16900  
 AXLE 5 STATIC LOAD (LB): 16900  
 TRACTOR SPRUNG MASS WEIGHT (LB): 9700  
 TRACTOR FRONT ROLL CENTER HEIGHT (IN): 23  
 TRACTOR REAR ROLL CENTER HEIGHT (IN): 29  
 SEMITRAILER ROLL CENTER HEIGHT (IN): 29  
 TRACTOR SPRUNG MASS C.G. HEIGHT (IN): 44  
 SEMITRAILER SPRUNG MASS C.G. HEIGHT (IN): 70  
 FIFTH WHEEL HEIGHT (IN): 48  
 TRACTOR FRAME HEIGHT (IN): 36  
 TRACTOR FRONT SPRING SPACING (IN): 32  
 TRACTOR REAR SPRING SPACING (IN): 38  
 SEMITRAILER SPRING SPACING (IN): 38  
 TRACTOR FRONT TRACK (IN): 81  
 TRACTOR REAR TRACK (IN): 73  
 SEMITRAILER TRACK (IN): 73  
 AXLE 1 UNSPRUNG WEIGHT (LB): 1200  
 AXLE 2 UNSPRUNG WEIGHT (LB): 2300  
 AXLE 3 UNSPRUNG WEIGHT (LB): 2300  
 AXLE 4 UNSPRUNG WEIGHT (LB): 1500  
 AXLE 5 UNSPRUNG WEIGHT (LB): 1500  
 PERCENT ROLLING RESISTANCE: 1

\*\*\*\* OUTPUT \*\*\*\*

TRACTOR SIDESLIP ANGLE (DEG): -.28  
 TRACTOR VERTICAL BOUNCE (IN): 0

TRACTOR ROLL ANGLE (DEG): 2.67  
 TRACTOR PITCH ANGLE (DEG): -.01  
 TRACTOR STEER ANGLE (DEG): .67  
 TRACTOR TOTAL DRIVE THRUST (LB): 316.8  
 SEMITRAILER SIDESLIP ANGLE (DEG): .1  
 SEMITRAILER VERTICAL BOUNCE (IN): .01  
 SEMITRAILER ROLL ANGLE (DEG): 2.67  
 SEMITRAILER PITCH ANGLE (DEG): -.01  
 ARTICULATION ANGLE (DEG): 1.59  
  
 HORIZ LATERAL ACCEL (G'S): .173

FRICITION FACTORS:

LEFT	RIGHT	AXLE
.096	.118	1
.078	.109	2
.103	.148	3
.075	.107	4
.1	.147	5

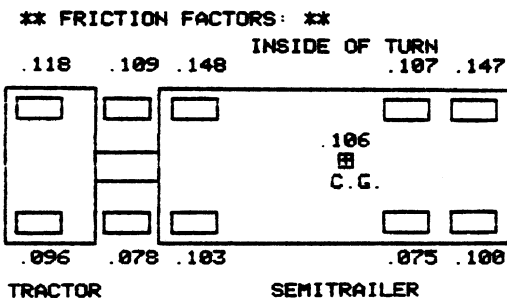
POINT MASS VALUE = .106

VERTICAL TIRE LOADS (LB):

5709.9	4611.9	1
9241.5	6644.1	2
9334	6545.9	3
10037.5	7017.4	4
10138.7	6909.7	5

LATERAL TIRE FORCES (LB):

548.5	548.5	1
729.3	729.3	2
969.4	969.4	3
753.5	753.5	4
1016.3	1016.3	5



FHWA / UMTRI TRACTOR-SEMITRAILER, STEADY TURNING VEHICLE MODEL

NUMBER OF AXLES ON TRACTOR REAR SUSPENSION: 2  
 NUMBER OF AXLES ON SEMITRAILER SUSPENSION: 2

AXLE 1 TIRE CORNERING STIFFNESS (LB/DEG/SIDE): 650  
 AXLE 2 TIRE CORNERING STIFFNESS (LB/DEG/SIDE): 1280  
 AXLE 3 TIRE CORNERING STIFFNESS (LB/DEG/SIDE): 1280  
 AXLE 4 TIRE CORNERING STIFFNESS (LB/DEG/SIDE): 1460  
 AXLE 5 TIRE CORNERING STIFFNESS (LB/DEG/SIDE): 1460

AXLE 1 SPRING RATE (LB/IN/SIDE): 1200  
 AXLE 2 SPRING RATE (LB/IN/SIDE): 5000  
 AXLE 3 SPRING RATE (LB/IN/SIDE): 5000  
 AXLE 4 SPRING RATE (LB/IN/SIDE): 6000  
 AXLE 5 SPRING RATE (LB/IN/SIDE): 6000  
 TRACTOR REAR SUSPENSION AXLE SPACING (IN): 50  
 SEMITRAILER SUSPENSION AXLE SPACING (IN): 48  
 TRACTOR WHEELBASE (IN): 142  
 SEMITRAILER WHEELBASE (IN): 410  
 SUPERELEVATION: .07  
 GRADE: 0

FORWARD VELOCITY (MPH): 31.9  
 PATH RADIUS (FT): 230  
 AXLE 1 STATIC LOAD (LB): 10300  
 AXLE 2 STATIC LOAD (LB): 15710  
 AXLE 3 STATIC LOAD (LB): 15710  
 AXLE 4 STATIC LOAD (LB): 16900  
 AXLE 5 STATIC LOAD (LB): 16900  
 TRACTOR SPRUNG MASS WEIGHT (LB): 9700  
 TRACTOR FRONT ROLL CENTER HEIGHT (IN): 23  
 TRACTOR REAR ROLL CENTER HEIGHT (IN): 29  
 SEMITRAILER ROLL CENTER HEIGHT (IN): 29  
 TRACTOR SPRUNG MASS C.G. HEIGHT (IN): 44  
 SEMITRAILER SPRUNG MASS C.G. HEIGHT (IN): 70  
 FIFTH WHEEL HEIGHT (IN): 48  
 TRACTOR FRAME HEIGHT (IN): 36  
 TRACTOR FRONT SPRING SPACING (IN): 32  
 TRACTOR REAR SPRING SPACING (IN): 38  
 SEMITRAILER SPRING SPACING (IN): 38  
 TRACTOR FRONT TRACK (IN): 81  
 TRACTOR REAR TRACK (IN): 73  
 SEMITRAILER TRACK (IN): 73  
 AXLE 1 UNSPRUNG WEIGHT (LB): 1200  
 AXLE 2 UNSPRUNG WEIGHT (LB): 2300  
 AXLE 3 UNSPRUNG WEIGHT (LB): 2300  
 AXLE 4 UNSPRUNG WEIGHT (LB): 1500  
 AXLE 5 UNSPRUNG WEIGHT (LB): 1500  
 PERCENT ROLLING RESISTANCE: 1

\*\*\*\* OUTPUT \*\*\*\*

TRACTOR SIDESLIP ANGLE (DEG): .7  
 TRACTOR VERTICAL BOUNCE (IN): .03

TRACTOR ROLL ANGLE (DEG): 1.59  
 TRACTOR PITCH ANGLE (DEG): -.02  
 TRACTOR STEER ANGLE (DEG): 3.08  
  
 TRACTOR TOTAL BRAKING FORCE (LB): -114.8  
 SEMITRAILER SIDESLIP ANGLE (DEG): 2.69  
 SEMITRAILER VERTICAL BOUNCE (IN): .02  
 SEMITRAILER ROLL ANGLE (DEG): 1.59  
 SEMITRAILER PITCH ANGLE (DEG): -.02  
 ARTICULATION ANGLE (DEG): 8.71  
  
 HORIZ LATERAL ACCEL (G'S): .295

FRICTION FACTORS:  

LEFT	RIGHT	AXLE
.182	.287	1
.11	.208	2
.222	.49	3
.097	.202	4
.216	.535	5

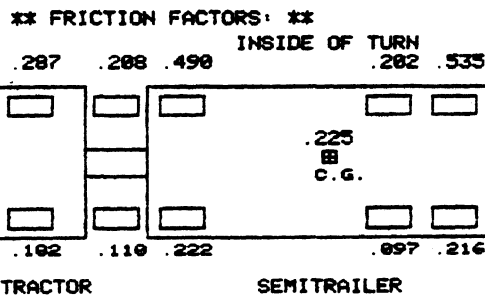
POINT MASS VALUE = .225

VERTICAL TIRE LOADS (LB):  

6356.2	4047.1	1
10852.8	5736.4	2
11317.2	5145.1	3
11286.9	5416.1	4
11791.7	4765	5

LATERAL TIRE FORCES (LB):  

1161.6	1161.6	1
1194.9	1194.9	2
2523.6	2523.6	3
1095.5	1095.5	4
2550.4	2550.4	5



FHWA / UMTRI TRACTOR-SEMITRAILER, STEADY TURNING VEHICLE MODEL

NUMBER OF AXLES ON TRACTOR REAR SUSPENSION: 2  
NUMBER OF AXLES ON SEMITRAILER SUSPENSION: 2

AXLE 1 TIRE CORNERING STIFFNESS (LB/DEG/SIDE): 650  
AXLE 2 TIRE CORNERING STIFFNESS (LB/DEG/SIDE): 1280  
AXLE 3 TIRE CORNERING STIFFNESS (LB/DEG/SIDE): 1280  
AXLE 4 TIRE CORNERING STIFFNESS (LB/DEG/SIDE): 1460  
AXLE 5 TIRE CORNERING STIFFNESS (LB/DEG/SIDE): 1460

AXLE 1 SPRING RATE (LB/IN/SIDE): 1200  
AXLE 2 SPRING RATE (LB/IN/SIDE): 5000  
AXLE 3 SPRING RATE (LB/IN/SIDE): 5000  
AXLE 4 SPRING RATE (LB/IN/SIDE): 6000  
AXLE 5 SPRING RATE (LB/IN/SIDE): 6000  
TRACTOR REAR SUSPENSION AXLE SPACING (IN): 50  
SEMITRAILER SUSPENSION AXLE SPACING (IN): 48  
TRACTOR WHEELBASE (IN): 142  
SEMITRAILER WHEELBASE (IN): 410  
SUPERELEVATION: .07  
GRADE: 0

FORWARD VELOCITY (MPH): 32.1  
PATH RADIUS (FT): 230  
AXLE 1 STATIC LOAD (LB): 10300  
AXLE 2 STATIC LOAD (LB): 15710  
AXLE 3 STATIC LOAD (LB): 15710  
AXLE 4 STATIC LOAD (LB): 16900  
AXLE 5 STATIC LOAD (LB): 16900  
TRACTOR SPRUNG MASS WEIGHT (LB): 9700  
TRACTOR FRONT ROLL CENTER HEIGHT (IN): 23  
TRACTOR REAR ROLL CENTER HEIGHT (IN): 29  
SEMITRAILER ROLL CENTER HEIGHT (IN): 29  
TRACTOR SPRUNG MASS C.G. HEIGHT (IN): 44  
SEMITRAILER SPRUNG MASS C.G. HEIGHT (IN): 70  
FIFTH WHEEL HEIGHT (IN): 48  
TRACTOR FRAME HEIGHT (IN): 36  
TRACTOR FRONT SPRING SPACING (IN): 32  
TRACTOR REAR SPRING SPACING (IN): 38  
SEMITRAILER SPRING SPACING (IN): 38  
TRACTOR FRONT TRACK (IN): 81  
TRACTOR REAR TRACK (IN): 73  
SEMITRAILER TRACK (IN): 73  
AXLE 1 UNSPRUNG WEIGHT (LB): 1200  
AXLE 2 UNSPRUNG WEIGHT (LB): 2300  
AXLE 3 UNSPRUNG WEIGHT (LB): 2300  
AXLE 4 UNSPRUNG WEIGHT (LB): 1500  
AXLE 5 UNSPRUNG WEIGHT (LB): 1500  
PERCENT ROLLING RESISTANCE: 1

\*\*\*\* OUTPUT \*\*\*\*

TRACTOR SIDESLIP ANGLE (DEG): .68  
TRACTOR VERTICAL BOUNCE (IN): .03

TRACTOR ROLL ANGLE (DEG): 1.55  
 TRACTOR PITCH ANGLE (DEG): -.02  
 TRACTOR STEER ANGLE (DEG): 3.08  
  
 TRACTOR TOTAL BRAKING FORCE (LB): -116.6  
 SEMITRAILER SIDESLIP ANGLE (DEG): 2.67  
 SEMITRAILER VERTICAL BOUNCE (IN): .02  
 SEMITRAILER ROLL ANGLE (DEG): 1.55  
 SEMITRAILER PITCH ANGLE (DEG): -.02  
 ARTICULATION ANGLE (DEG): 8.71  
  
 HORIZ LATERAL ACCEL (G'S): .299

FRICITION FACTORS:

LEFT	RIGHT	AXLE
.185	.293	1
.112	.214	2
.224	.5	3
.099	.21	4
.218	.548	5

POINT MASS VALUE = .229

VERTICAL TIRE LOADS (LB):

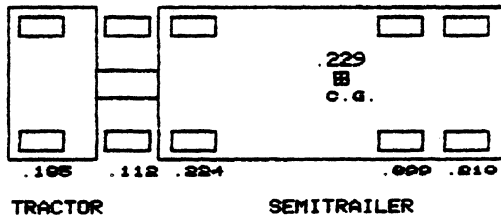
6375.9	4029	1
10904.7	5698.1	2
11368.1	5105.8	3
11337.6	5361.5	4
11841.3	4709.3	5

LATERAL TIRE FORCES (LB):

1180.8	1180.8	1
1224.2	1224.2	2
2552.9	2552.9	3
1126.9	1126.9	4
2581.8	2581.8	5

\*\* FRICTION FACTORS: \*\*

INSIDE OF TURN  
 .293 .214 .500 .210 .548





Vehicle A

Front-Wheel-Drive Passenger Car

FHWA / UMTRI SINGLE-UNIT, STEADY TURNING VEHICLE MODEL

\*\*\*\* INPUT PARAMETERS \*\*\*\*

NUMBER OF AXLES ON FRONT SUSPENSION: 1  
 NUMBER OF AXLES ON REAR SUSPENSION: 1  
 AXLE 1 TIRE CORNERING STIFFNESS (LB/DEG/SIDE): 210  
 AXLE 2 TIRE CORNERING STIFFNESS (LB/DEG/SIDE): 191  
 AXLE 1 SPRING RATE (LB/IN/SIDE): 220  
 AXLE 2 SPRING RATE (LB/IN/SIDE): 300  
 WHEELBASE (IN): 100.3  
 SUPERELEVATION: .067  
 GRADE: 0  
 FORWARD VELOCITY (MPH): 56.7  
 PATH RADIUS (FT): 1273  
 AXLE 1 STATIC LOAD (LB): 1800  
 AXLE 2 STATIC LOAD (LB): 1400  
 FRONT ROLL CENTER HEIGHT (IN): 1  
 REAR ROLL CENTER HEIGHT (IN): 6  
 SPRUNG MASS C.G. HEIGHT (IN): 25  
 FRONT SPRING SPACING (IN): 57  
 REAR SPRING SPACING (IN): 40  
 FRONT TRACK (IN): 57  
 REAR TRACK (IN): 57.6  
 AXLE 1 UNSPRUNG WEIGHT (LB): 100  
 AXLE 2 UNSPRUNG WEIGHT (LB): 100  
 PERCENT ROLLING RESISTANCE: 1

\*\*\*\* OUTPUT \*\*\*\*

SIDESLIP ANGLE (DEG): -0.16  
 VERTICAL BOUNCE (IN): .02  
 ROLL ANGLE (DEG): 3.12  
 PITCH ANGLE (DEG): 0  
 STEER ANGLE (DEG): .43  
 TOTAL DRIVE THRUST (LB): 34  
 HORIZ LATERAL ACCEL (G'S): .168  
 FRICTION FACTORS:  

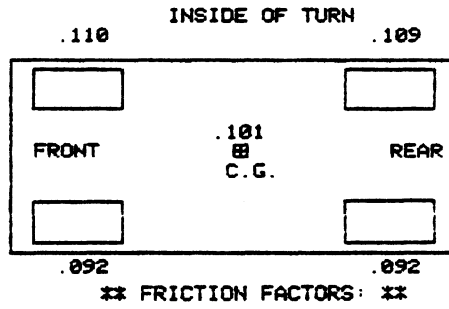
LEFT	RIGHT	AXLE
.092	.11	1
.092	.109	2

 POINT MASS VALUE = .101  
 VERTICAL TIRE LOADS (LB):  

985.4	825.1	1
769.4	650.1	2

LATERAL TIRE FORCES (LB):

91.4	91.4	1
71.1	71.1	2



FHWA / UMTRI SINGLE-UNIT, STEADY TURNING VEHICLE MODEL

\*\*\*\* INPUT PARAMETERS \*\*\*\*

NUMBER OF AXLES ON FRONT SUSPENSION: 1  
 NUMBER OF AXLES ON REAR SUSPENSION: 1  
 AXLE 1 TIRE CORNERING STIFFNESS (LB/DEG/SIDE): 210  
 AXLE 2 TIRE CORNERING STIFFNESS (LB/DEG/SIDE): 191  
 AXLE 1 SPRING RATE (LB/IN/SIDE): 220  
 AXLE 2 SPRING RATE (LB/IN/SIDE): 300  
 WHEELBASE (IN): 100.3  
 SUPERELEVATION: .067  
 GRADE: 0  
 FORWARD VELOCITY (MPH): 57  
 PATH RADIUS (FT): 1273  
 AXLE 1 STATIC LOAD (LB): 1800  
 AXLE 2 STATIC LOAD (LB): 1400  
 FRONT ROLL CENTER HEIGHT (IN): 1  
 REAR ROLL CENTER HEIGHT (IN): 6  
 SPRUNG MASS C.G. HEIGHT (IN): 25  
 FRONT SPRING SPACING (IN): 57  
 REAR SPRING SPACING (IN): 40  
 FRONT TRACK (IN): 57  
 REAR TRACK (IN): 57.6  
 AXLE 1 UNSPRUNG WEIGHT (LB): 100  
 AXLE 2 UNSPRUNG WEIGHT (LB): 100  
 PERCENT ROLLING RESISTANCE: 1

\*\*\*\* OUTPUT \*\*\*\*

SIDESLIP ANGLE (DEG):           -.17  
 VERTICAL BOUNCE (IN):           .02  
 ROLL ANGLE (DEG):               3.1  
 PITCH ANGLE (DEG):               0  
 STEER ANGLE (DEG):               .43  
 TOTAL DRIVE THRUST (LB):        34  
 HORIZ LATERAL ACCEL (G'S):       .17  
 FRICTION FACTORS:  

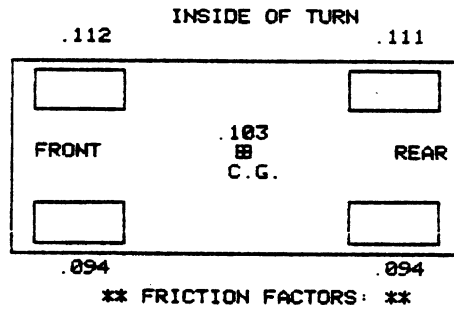
LEFT	RIGHT	AXLE
.094	.112	1
.094	.111	2

 POINT MASS VALUE = .103  
 VERTICAL TIRE LOADS (LB):  

986.9	823.8	1
770.5	649.2	2

LATERAL TIRE FORCES (LB):

93	93	1
72.4	72.4	2



FHWA / UMTRI SINGLE-UNIT, STEADY TURNING VEHICLE MODEL

\*\*\*\* INPUT PARAMETERS \*\*\*

NUMBER OF AXLES ON FRONT SUSPENSION: 1  
 NUMBER OF AXLES ON REAR SUSPENSION: 1  
 AXLE 1 TIRE CORNERING STIFFNESS (LB/DEG/SIDE): 210  
 AXLE 2 TIRE CORNERING STIFFNESS (LB/DEG/SIDE): 191  
 AXLE 1 SPRING RATE (LB/IN/SIDE): 220  
 AXLE 2 SPRING RATE (LB/IN/SIDE): 300  
 WHEELBASE (IN): 100.3  
 SUPERELEVATION: .067  
 GRADE: 0  
 FORWARD VELOCITY (MPH): 56.4  
 PATH RADIUS (FT): 1273  
 AXLE 1 STATIC LOAD (LB): 1800  
 AXLE 2 STATIC LOAD (LB): 1400  
 FRONT ROLL CENTER HEIGHT (IN): 1  
 REAR ROLL CENTER HEIGHT (IN): 6  
 SPRUNG MASS C.G. HEIGHT (IN): 25  
 FRONT SPRING SPACING (IN): 57  
 REAR SPRING SPACING (IN): 40  
 FRONT TRACK (IN): 57  
 REAR TRACK (IN): 57.6  
 AXLE 1 UNSPRUNG WEIGHT (LB): 100  
 AXLE 2 UNSPRUNG WEIGHT (LB): 100  
 PERCENT ROLLING RESISTANCE: 1

\*\*\*\* OUTPUT \*\*\*\*

SIDESLIP ANGLE (DEG): -1.16  
 VERTICAL BOUNCE (IN): .02  
 ROLL ANGLE (DEG): 3.13  
 PITCH ANGLE (DEG): 0  
 STEER ANGLE (DEG): .43  
 TOTAL DRIVE THRUST (LB): 33.8  
 HORIZ LATERAL ACCEL (G'S): .166

FRICTION FACTORS:  

LEFT	RIGHT	AXLE
.091	.108	1
.091	.107	2

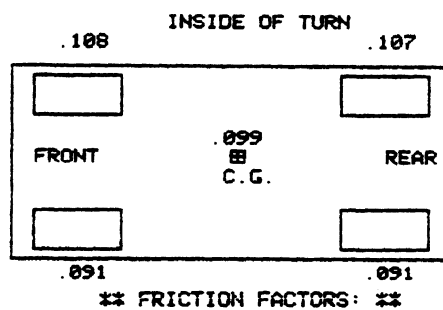
POINT MASS VALUE = .099

VERTICAL TIRE LOADS (LB):

983.9	826.4	1
768.2	651.1	2

LATERAL TIRE FORCES (LB):

89.8	89.8	1
69.9	69.9	2



FHWA / UMTRI SINGLE-UNIT, STEADY TURNING VEHICLE MODEL

\*\*\*\* INPUT PARAMETERS \*\*\*

NUMBER OF AXLES ON FRONT SUSPENSION: 1  
 NUMBER OF AXLES ON REAR SUSPENSION: 1  
 AXLE 1 TIRE CORNERING STIFFNESS (LB/DEG/SIDE): 210  
 AXLE 2 TIRE CORNERING STIFFNESS (LB/DEG/SIDE): 191  
 AXLE 1 SPRING RATE (LB/IN/SIDE): 220  
 AXLE 2 SPRING RATE (LB/IN/SIDE): 300  
 WHEELBASE (IN): 100.3  
 SUPERELEVATION: .07  
 GRADE: 0  
 FORWARD VELOCITY (MPH): 57.8  
 PATH RADIUS (FT): 1273  
 AXLE 1 STATIC LOAD (LB): 1800  
 AXLE 2 STATIC LOAD (LB): 1400  
 FRONT ROLL CENTER HEIGHT (IN): 1  
 REAR ROLL CENTER HEIGHT (IN): 6  
 SPRUNG MASS C.G. HEIGHT (IN): 25  
 FRONT SPRING SPACING (IN): 57  
 REAR SPRING SPACING (IN): 40  
 FRONT TRACK (IN): 57  
 REAR TRACK (IN): 57.6  
 AXLE 1 UNSPRUNG WEIGHT (LB): 100  
 AXLE 2 UNSPRUNG WEIGHT (LB): 100  
 PERCENT ROLLING RESISTANCE: 1

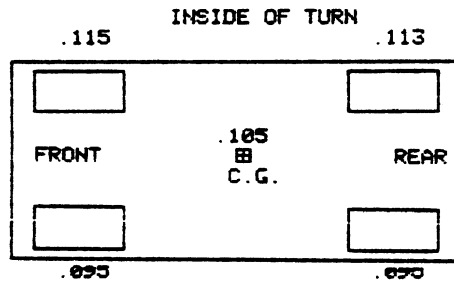
\*\*\*\* OUTPUT \*\*\*\*

SIDESLIP ANGLE (DEG):            -.18  
 VERTICAL BOUNCE (IN):           .03  
 ROLL ANGLE (DEG):                3.26  
 PITCH ANGLE (DEG):               0  
 STEER ANGLE (DEG):               .44  
 TOTAL DRIVE THRUST (LB):        34.2  
 HORIZ LATERAL ACCEL (G'S):      .175  
 FRICTION FACTORS:  
   LEFT                    RIGHT            AXLE  
   .095                    .115            1  
   .095                    .113            2  
 POINT MASS VALUE = .105  
 VERTICAL TIRE LOADS (LB):  
   989                    823            1  
   772                    648.6        2



LATERAL TIRE FORCES (LB):

94.6	94.6	1
73.7	73.7	2



FHWA / UMTRI SINGLE-UNIT, STEADY TURNING VEHICLE MODEL

\*\*\*\* INPUT PARAMETERS \*\*\*\*

NUMBER OF AXLES ON FRONT SUSPENSION: 1  
 NUMBER OF AXLES ON REAR SUSPENSION: 1  
 AXLE 1 TIRE CORNERING STIFFNESS (LB/DEG/SIDE): 210  
 AXLE 2 TIRE CORNERING STIFFNESS (LB/DEG/SIDE): 191  
 AXLE 1 SPRING RATE (LB/IN/SIDE): 220  
 AXLE 2 SPRING RATE (LB/IN/SIDE): 300  
 WHEELBASE (IN): 100.3  
 SUPERELEVATION: .067  
 GRADE: 0  
 FORWARD VELOCITY (MPH): 57.9  
 PATH RADIUS (FT): 1273  
 AXLE 1 STATIC LOAD (LB): 1800  
 AXLE 2 STATIC LOAD (LB): 1400  
 FRONT ROLL CENTER HEIGHT (IN): 1  
 REAR ROLL CENTER HEIGHT (IN): 6  
 SPRUNG MASS C.G. HEIGHT (IN): 25  
 FRONT SPRING SPACING (IN): 57  
 REAR SPRING SPACING (IN): 40  
 FRONT TRACK (IN): 57  
 REAR TRACK (IN): 57.6  
 AXLE 1 UNSPRUNG WEIGHT (LB): 100  
 AXLE 2 UNSPRUNG WEIGHT (LB): 100  
 PERCENT ROLLING RESISTANCE: 1

\*\*\*\* OUTPUT \*\*\*\*

SIDESLIP ANGLE (DEG): -0.19  
 VERTICAL BOUNCE (IN): 0.03  
 ROLL ANGLE (DEG): 3.07  
 PITCH ANGLE (DEG): 0  
 STEER ANGLE (DEG): 0.44  
 TOTAL DRIVE THRUST (LB): 34.2  
 HORIZ LATERAL ACCEL (G'S): 0.175  
 FRICTION FACTORS:  

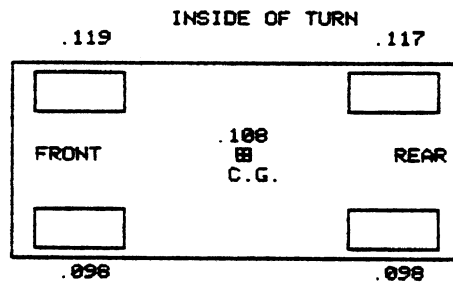
LEFT	RIGHT	AXLE
.098	.119	1
.098	.117	2

 POINT MASS VALUE = .108  
 VERTICAL TIRE LOADS (LB):  

991.5	819.8	1
773.9	646.2	2

LATERAL TIRE FORCES (LB):

97.9	97.9	1
76.2	76.2	2



\*\* FRICTION FACTORS: \*\*

FHWA / UMTRI SINGLE-UNIT, STEADY TURNING VEHICLE MODEL

\*\*\*\* INPUT PARAMETERS \*\*\*\*

NUMBER OF AXLES ON FRONT SUSPENSION: 1  
 NUMBER OF AXLES ON REAR SUSPENSION: 1  
 AXLE 1 TIRE CORNERING STIFFNESS (LB/DEG/SIDE): 210  
 AXLE 2 TIRE CORNERING STIFFNESS (LB/DEG/SIDE): 191  
 AXLE 1 SPRING RATE (LB/IN/SIDE): 220  
 AXLE 2 SPRING RATE (LB/IN/SIDE): 300  
 WHEELBASE (IN): 100.3  
 SUPERELEVATION: .07  
 GRADE: 0  
 FORWARD VELOCITY (MPH): 28.8  
 PATH RADIUS (FT): 230  
 AXLE 1 STATIC LOAD (LB): 1800  
 AXLE 2 STATIC LOAD (LB): 1400  
 FRONT ROLL CENTER HEIGHT (IN): 1  
 REAR ROLL CENTER HEIGHT (IN): 6  
 SPRUNG MASS C.G. HEIGHT (IN): .25  
 FRONT SPRING SPACING (IN): 57  
 REAR SPRING SPACING (IN): 40  
 FRONT TRACK (IN): 57  
 REAR TRACK (IN): 57.6  
 AXLE 1 UNSPRUNG WEIGHT (LB): 100  
 AXLE 2 UNSPRUNG WEIGHT (LB): 100  
 PERCENT ROLLING RESISTANCE: 1

\*\*\*\* OUTPUT \*\*\*\*

SIDESLIP ANGLE (DEG): .55  
 VERTICAL BOUNCE (IN): .03  
 ROLL ANGLE (DEG): 2.8  
 PITCH ANGLE (DEG): -.03  
 STEER ANGLE (DEG): 2.18  
 TOTAL DRIVE THRUST (LB): 28.4  
 HORIZ LATERAL ACCEL (G'S): .24  
 FRICTION FACTORS:  

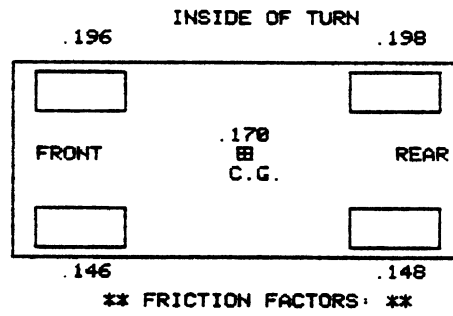
LEFT	RIGHT	AXLE
.146	.196	1
.148	.198	2

 POINT MASS VALUE = .17  
 VERTICAL TIRE LOADS (LB):  

1047.8	778.5	1
803.3	603	2

LATERAL TIRE FORCES (LB):

153.2	153.2	1
119.6	119.6	2



FHWA / UMTRI SINGLE-UNIT, STEADY TURNING VEHICLE MODEL

\*\*\*\* INPUT PARAMETERS \*\*\*\*

NUMBER OF AXLES ON FRONT SUSPENSION: 1  
 NUMBER OF AXLES ON REAR SUSPENSION: 1  
 AXLE 1 TIRE CORNERING STIFFNESS (LB/DEG/SIDE): 210  
 AXLE 2 TIRE CORNERING STIFFNESS (LB/DEG/SIDE): 191  
 AXLE 1 SPRING RATE (LB/IN/SIDE): 220  
 AXLE 2 SPRING RATE (LB/IN/SIDE): 300  
 WHEELBASE (IN): 100.3  
 SUPERELEVATION: .07  
 GRADE: 0  
 FORWARD VELOCITY (MPH): 28.6  
 PATH RADIUS (FT): 230  
 AXLE 1 STATIC LOAD (LB): 1800  
 AXLE 2 STATIC LOAD (LB): 1400  
 FRONT ROLL CENTER HEIGHT (IN): 1  
 REAR ROLL CENTER HEIGHT (IN): 6  
 SPRUNG MASS C.G. HEIGHT (IN): 25  
 FRONT SPRING SPACING (IN): 57  
 REAR SPRING SPACING (IN): 40  
 FRONT TRACK (IN): 57  
 REAR TRACK (IN): 57.6  
 AXLE 1 UNSPRUNG WEIGHT (LB): 100  
 AXLE 2 UNSPRUNG WEIGHT (LB): 100  
 PERCENT ROLLING RESISTANCE: 1

\*\*\*\* OUTPUT \*\*\*\*

SIDESLIP ANGLE (DEG): .56  
 VERTICAL BOUNCE (IN): .03  
 ROLL ANGLE (DEG): 2.82  
 PITCH ANGLE (DEG): -.03  
 STEER ANGLE (DEG): 2.18  
 TOTAL DRIVE THRUST (LB): 28.4  
 HORIZ LATERAL ACCEL (G'S): .237  
 FRICTION FACTORS:  

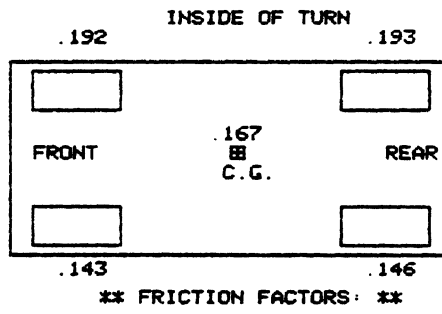
LEFT	RIGHT	AXLE
.143	.192	1
.146	.193	2

 POINT MASS VALUE = .167  
 VERTICAL TIRE LOADS (LB):  

1044.9	780.8	1
801.3	604.9	2

LATERAL TIRE FORCES (LB):

150.2	150.2	1
117.3	117.3	2



FHWA / UMTRI SINGLE-UNIT, STEADY TURNING VEHICLE MODEL

\*\*\*\* INPUT PARAMETERS \*\*\*\*

NUMBER OF AXLES ON FRONT SUSPENSION: 1  
 NUMBER OF AXLES ON REAR SUSPENSION: 1  
 AXLE 1 TIRE CORNERING STIFFNESS (LB/DEG/SIDE): 210  
 AXLE 2 TIRE CORNERING STIFFNESS (LB/DEG/SIDE): 191  
 AXLE 1 SPRING RATE (LB/IN/SIDE): 220  
 AXLE 2 SPRING RATE (LB/IN/SIDE): 300  
 WHEELBASE (IN): 100.3  
 SUPERELEVATION: .07  
 GRADE: 0  
 FORWARD VELOCITY (MPH): 28.9  
 PATH RADIUS (FT): 230  
 AXLE 1 STATIC LOAD (LB): 1800  
 AXLE 2 STATIC LOAD (LB): 1400  
 FRONT ROLL CENTER HEIGHT (IN): 1  
 REAR ROLL CENTER HEIGHT (IN): 6  
 SPRUNG MASS C.G. HEIGHT (IN): 25  
 FRONT SPRING SPACING (IN): 57  
 REAR SPRING SPACING (IN): 40  
 FRONT TRACK (IN): 57  
 REAR TRACK (IN): 57.6  
 AXLE 1 UNSPRUNG WEIGHT (LB): 100  
 AXLE 2 UNSPRUNG WEIGHT (LB): 100  
 PERCENT ROLLING RESISTANCE: 1

\*\*\*\* OUTPUT \*\*\*\*

SIDESLIP ANGLE (DEG): .54  
 VERTICAL BOUNCE (IN): .03  
 ROLL ANGLE (DEG): 2.79  
 PITCH ANGLE (DEG): -.03  
 STEER ANGLE (DEG): 2.18  
 TOTAL DRIVE THRUST (LB): 28.6  
 HORIZ LATERAL ACCEL (G'S): .242  
 FRICTION FACTORS:  

LEFT	RIGHT	AXLE
.147	.199	1
.15	.2	2

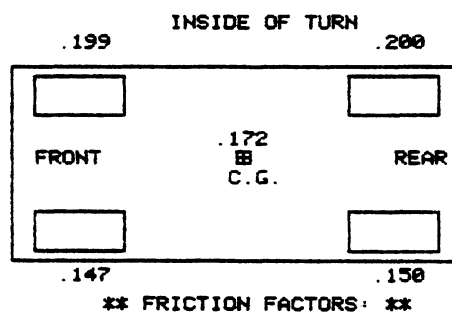
 POINT MASS VALUE = .172  
 VERTICAL TIRE LOADS (LB):  

1049.3	777.4	1
804.3	602	2



LATERAL TIRE FORCES (LB):

154.7	154.7	1
120.8	120.8	2



**Vehicle B**

**Rear-Wheel-Drive Passenger Car**

FHWA / UMTRI SINGLE-UNIT. STEADY TURNING VEHICLE MODEL

\*\*\*\* INPUT PARAMETERS \*\*\*

NUMBER OF AXLES ON FRONT SUSPENSION: 1  
 NUMBER OF AXLES ON REAR SUSPENSION: 1  
 AXLE 1 TIRE CORNERING STIFFNESS (LB/DEG/SIDE): 207  
 AXLE 2 TIRE CORNERING STIFFNESS (LB/DEG/SIDE): 216  
 AXLE 1 SPRING RATE (LB/IN/SIDE): 250  
 AXLE 2 SPRING RATE (LB/IN/SIDE): 200  
 WHEELBASE (IN): 105.6  
 SUPERELEVATION: .067  
 GRADE: 0  
 FORWARD VELOCITY (MPH): 58.2  
 PATH RADIUS (FT): 1273  
 AXLE 1 STATIC LOAD (LB): 1925  
 AXLE 2 STATIC LOAD (LB): 1675  
 FRONT ROLL CENTER HEIGHT (IN): 1  
 REAR ROLL CENTER HEIGHT (IN): 6  
 SPRUNG MASS C.G. HEIGHT (IN): 25  
 FRONT SPRING SPACING (IN): 57  
 REAR SPRING SPACING (IN): 57  
 FRONT TRACK (IN): 57  
 REAR TRACK (IN): 57  
 AXLE 1 UNSPRUNG WEIGHT (LB): 100  
 AXLE 2 UNSPRUNG WEIGHT (LB): 100  
 PERCENT ROLLING RESISTANCE: 1

\*\*\*\* OUTPUT \*\*\*\*

SIDESLIP ANGLE (DEG):           -.22  
 VERTICAL BOUNCE (IN):           .04  
 ROLL ANGLE (DEG):               3.12  
 PITCH ANGLE (DEG):             .02  
 STEER ANGLE (DEG):             .48  
 TOTAL DRIVE THRUST (LB):       38.2  
 HORIZ LATERAL ACCEL (G'S):     .177

FRICTION FACTORS:  

LEFT	RIGHT	AXLE
.1	.121	1
.099	.12	2

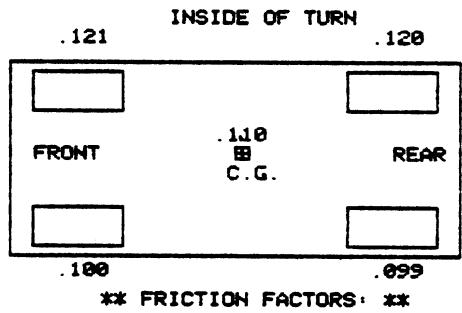
POINT MASS VALUE = .11

VERTICAL TIRE LOADS (LB):

1060.1	879.3	1
931.9	770.8	2

LATERAL TIRE FORCES (LB):

106.4	106.4	1
92.7	92.7	2



FHWA / UMTRI SINGLE-UNIT, STEADY TURNING VEHICLE MODEL

\*\*\*\* INPUT PARAMETERS \*\*\*

NUMBER OF AXLES ON FRONT SUSPENSION: 1  
 NUMBER OF AXLES ON REAR SUSPENSION: 1  
 AXLE 1 TIRE CORNERING STIFFNESS (LB/DEG/SIDE): 207  
 AXLE 2 TIRE CORNERING STIFFNESS (LB/DEG/SIDE): 216  
 AXLE 1 SPRING RATE (LB/IN/SIDE): 250  
 AXLE 2 SPRING RATE (LB/IN/SIDE): 200  
 WHEELBASE (IN): 105.6  
 SUPERELEVATION: .067  
 GRADE: 0  
 FORWARD VELOCITY (MPH): 58.3  
 PATH RADIUS (FT): 1273  
 AXLE 1 STATIC LOAD (LB): 1925  
 AXLE 2 STATIC LOAD (LB): 1675  
 FRONT ROLL CENTER HEIGHT (IN): 1  
 REAR ROLL CENTER HEIGHT (IN): 6  
 SPRUNG MASS C.G. HEIGHT (IN): 25  
 FRONT SPRING SPACING (IN): 57  
 REAR SPRING SPACING (IN): 57  
 FRONT TRACK (IN): 57  
 REAR TRACK (IN): 57  
 AXLE 1 UNSPRUNG WEIGHT (LB): 100  
 AXLE 2 UNSPRUNG WEIGHT (LB): 100  
 PERCENT ROLLING RESISTANCE: 1

\*\*\*\* OUTPUT \*\*\*\*

SIDESLIP ANGLE (DEG): -.22  
 VERTICAL BOUNCE (IN): .04  
 ROLL ANGLE (DEG): 3.12  
 PITCH ANGLE (DEG): .02  
 STEER ANGLE (DEG): .48  
 TOTAL DRIVE THRUST (LB): 38.2  
 HORIZ LATERAL ACCEL (G'S): .178

FRICTION FACTORS:  

LEFT	RIGHT	AXLE
.1	.121	1
.1	.121	2

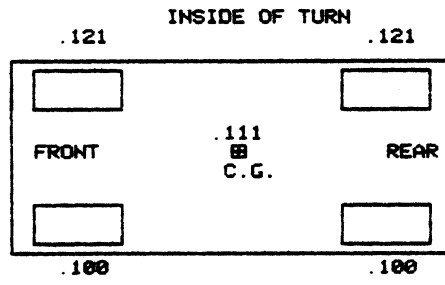
POINT MASS VALUE = .111

VERTICAL TIRE LOADS (LB):

1060.6	878.9	1
932.4	770.4	2

LATERAL TIRE FORCES (LB):

107	107	1
93.2	93.2	2



FHWA / UMTRI SINGLE-UNIT, STEADY TURNING VEHICLE MODEL

\*\*\*\* INPUT PARAMETERS \*\*\*

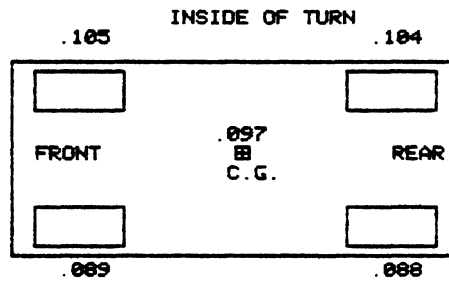
NUMBER OF AXLES ON FRONT SUSPENSION: 1  
 NUMBER OF AXLES ON REAR SUSPENSION: 1  
 AXLE 1 TIRE CORNERING STIFFNESS (LB/DEG/SIDE): 207  
 AXLE 2 TIRE CORNERING STIFFNESS (LB/DEG/SIDE): 216  
 AXLE 1 SPRING RATE (LB/IN/SIDE): 250  
 AXLE 2 SPRING RATE (LB/IN/SIDE): 200  
 WHEELBASE (IN): 105.6  
 SUPERELEVATION: .067  
 GRADE: 0  
 FORWARD VELOCITY (MPH): 56  
 PATH RADIUS (FT): 1273  
 AXLE 1 STATIC LOAD (LB): 1925  
 AXLE 2 STATIC LOAD (LB): 1675  
 FRONT ROLL CENTER HEIGHT (IN): 1  
 REAR ROLL CENTER HEIGHT (IN): 6  
 SPRUNG MASS C.G. HEIGHT (IN): 25  
 FRONT SPRING SPACING (IN): 57  
 REAR SPRING SPACING (IN): 57  
 FRONT TRACK (IN): 57  
 REAR TRACK (IN): 57  
 AXLE 1 UNSPRUNG WEIGHT (LB): 100  
 AXLE 2 UNSPRUNG WEIGHT (LB): 100  
 PERCENT ROLLING RESISTANCE: 1

\*\*\*\* OUTPUT \*\*\*\*

SIDESLIP ANGLE (DEG):           -.17  
 VERTICAL BOUNCE (IN):           .04  
 ROLL ANGLE (DEG):               3.21  
 PITCH ANGLE (DEG):              .02  
 STEER ANGLE (DEG):              .47  
 TOTAL DRIVE THRUST (LB):       37.6  
 HORIZ LATERAL ACCEL (G'S):     .164  
 FRICTION FACTORS:  
   LEFT                   RIGHT            AXLE  
 .089                    .105            1  
 .088                    .104            2  
 POINT MASS VALUE = .097  
 VERTICAL TIRE LOADS (LB):  
   1048.6                889.4            1  
   921.7                 779.7            2

LATERAL TIRE FORCES (LB):

93.7	93.7	1
81.7	81.7	2





FHWA / UMTRI SINGLE-UNIT, STEADY TURNING VEHICLE MODEL

\*\*\*\* INPUT PARAMETERS \*\*\*

NUMBER OF AXLES ON FRONT SUSPENSION: 1  
 NUMBER OF AXLES ON REAR SUSPENSION: 1  
 AXLE 1 TIRE CORNERING STIFFNESS (LB/DEG/SIDE): 207  
 AXLE 2 TIRE CORNERING STIFFNESS (LB/DEG/SIDE): 216  
 AXLE 1 SPRING RATE (LB/IN/SIDE): 250  
 AXLE 2 SPRING RATE (LB/IN/SIDE): 200  
 WHEELBASE (IN): 105.6  
 SUPERELEVATION: .07  
 GRADE: 0  
 FORWARD VELOCITY (MPH): 57.2  
 PATH RADIUS (FT): 1273  
 AXLE 1 STATIC LOAD (LB): 1925  
 AXLE 2 STATIC LOAD (LB): 1675  
 FRONT ROLL CENTER HEIGHT (IN): 1  
 REAR ROLL CENTER HEIGHT (IN): 6  
 UNSPRUNG MASS C.G. HEIGHT (IN): 25  
 FRONT SPRING SPACING (IN): 57  
 REAR SPRING SPACING (IN): 57  
 FRONT TRACK (IN): 57  
 REAR TRACK (IN): 57  
 AXLE 1 UNSPRUNG WEIGHT (LB): 100  
 AXLE 2 UNSPRUNG WEIGHT (LB): 100  
 PERCENT ROLLING RESISTANCE: 1

\*\*\*\* OUTPUT \*\*\*\*

SIDESLIP ANGLE (DEG):           -.19  
 VERTICAL BOUNCE (IN):           .04  
 ROLL ANGLE (DEG):               3.35  
 PITCH ANGLE (DEG):             .02  
 STEER ANGLE (DEG):             .47  
 TOTAL DRIVE THRUST (LB):       37.8  
 HORIZ LATERAL ACCEL (G'S):     .171  
 FRICTION FACTORS:  

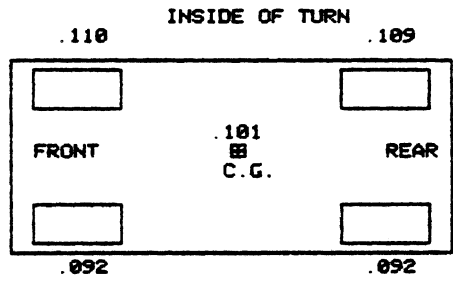
LEFT	RIGHT	AXLE
.092	.11	1
.092	.109	2

 POINT MASS VALUE = .101  
 VERTICAL TIRE LOADS (LB):  

1052.9	886.9	1
925.5	777.5	2

LATERAL TIRE FORCES (LB):

97.7	97.7	1
85.1	85.1	2



\*\* FRICTION FACTORS: \*\*

FHWA / UMTRI SINGLE-UNIT. STEADY TURNING VEHICLE MODEL

\*\*\*\* INPUT PARAMETERS \*\*\*\*

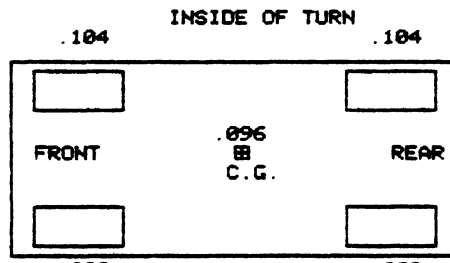
NUMBER OF AXLES ON FRONT SUSPENSION: 1  
 NUMBER OF AXLES ON REAR SUSPENSION: 1  
 AXLE 1 TIRE CORNERING STIFFNESS (LB/DEG/SIDE): 207  
 AXLE 2 TIRE CORNERING STIFFNESS (LB/DEG/SIDE): 216  
 AXLE 1 SPRING RATE (LB/IN/SIDE): 250  
 AXLE 2 SPRING RATE (LB/IN/SIDE): 200  
 WHEELBASE (IN): 105.6  
 SUPERELEVATION: .067  
 GRADE: 0  
 FORWARD VELOCITY (MPH): 55.9  
 PATH RADIUS (FT): 1273  
 AXLE 1 STATIC LOAD (LB): 1925  
 AXLE 2 STATIC LOAD (LB): 1675  
 FRONT ROLL CENTER HEIGHT (IN): 1  
 REAR ROLL CENTER HEIGHT (IN): 6  
 SPRUNG MASS C.G. HEIGHT (IN): 25  
 FRONT SPRING SPACING (IN): 57  
 REAR SPRING SPACING (IN): 57  
 FRONT TRACK (IN): 57  
 REAR TRACK (IN): 57  
 AXLE 1 UNSPRUNG WEIGHT (LB): 100  
 AXLE 2 UNSPRUNG WEIGHT (LB): 100  
 PERCENT ROLLING RESISTANCE: 1

\*\*\*\* OUTPUT \*\*\*\*

SIDESLIP ANGLE (DEG):            -.17  
 VERTICAL BOUNCE (IN):           .04  
 ROLL ANGLE (DEG):                3.21  
 PITCH ANGLE (DEG):              .02  
 STEER ANGLE (DEG):              .47  
 TOTAL DRIVE THRUST (LB):        37.6  
 HORIZ LATERAL ACCEL (G'S):      .163  
 FRICTION FACTORS:  
   LEFT                    RIGHT            AXLE  
   .088                    .104            1  
   .088                    .104            2  
 POINT MASS VALUE = .096  
 VERTICAL TIRE LOADS (LB):  
   1048.1                889.8            1  
   921.2                 780.1            2

LATERAL TIRE FORCES (LB):

93.1	93.1	1
81.2	81.2	2



\*\* FRICTION FACTORS: \*\*

FHWA / UMTRI SINGLE-UNIT, STEADY TURNING VEHICLE MODEL

\*\*\*\* INPUT PARAMETERS \*\*\*\*

NUMBER OF AXLES ON FRONT SUSPENSION: 1  
 NUMBER OF AXLES ON REAR SUSPENSION: 1  
 AXLE 1 TIRE CORNERING STIFFNESS (LB/DEG/SIDE): 207  
 AXLE 2 TIRE CORNERING STIFFNESS (LB/DEG/SIDE): 216  
 AXLE 1 SPRING RATE (LB/IN/SIDE): 250  
 AXLE 2 SPRING RATE (LB/IN/SIDE): 200  
 WHEELBASE (IN): 105.6  
 SUPERELEVATION: .07  
 GRADE: 0  
 FORWARD VELOCITY (MPH): 30.7  
 PATH RADIUS (FT): 230  
 AXLE 1 STATIC LOAD (LB): 1925  
 AXLE 2 STATIC LOAD (LB): 1675  
 FRONT ROLL CENTER HEIGHT (IN): 1  
 REAR ROLL CENTER HEIGHT (IN): 6  
 SPRUNG MASS C.G. HEIGHT (IN): 25  
 FRONT SPRING SPACING (IN): 57  
 REAR SPRING SPACING (IN): 57  
 FRONT TRACK (IN): 57  
 REAR TRACK (IN): 57  
 AXLE 1 UNSPRUNG WEIGHT (LB): 100  
 AXLE 2 UNSPRUNG WEIGHT (LB): 100  
 PERCENT ROLLING RESISTANCE: 1

\*\*\*\* OUTPUT \*\*\*\*

SIDESLIP ANGLE (DEG): .38  
 VERTICAL BOUNCE (IN): .08  
 ROLL ANGLE (DEG): 2.7  
 PITCH ANGLE (DEG): -.01  
 STEER ANGLE (DEG): 2.34  
 TOTAL DRIVE THRUST (LB): 28.6  
 HORIZ LATERAL ACCEL (G'S): .273

FRICTION FACTORS:  

LEFT	RIGHT	AXLE
.17	.239	1
.17	.241	2

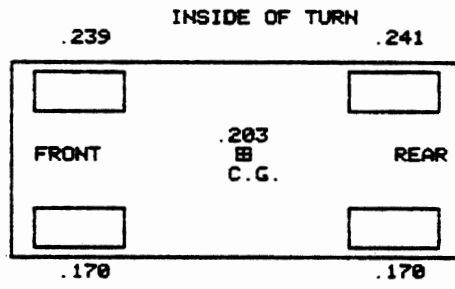
POINT MASS VALUE = .203

VERTICAL TIRE LOADS (LB):

1149.6	817.1	1
1002.2	705.7	2

LATERAL TIRE FORCES (LB):

195.5	195.5	1
170.6	170.6	2



\*\* FRICTION FACTORS: \*\*

FHWA / UMTRI SINGLE-UNIT, STEADY TURNING VEHICLE MODEL

\*\*\*\* INPUT PARAMETERS \*\*\*

NUMBER OF AXLES ON FRONT SUSPENSION: 1  
 NUMBER OF AXLES ON REAR SUSPENSION: 1  
 AXLE 1 TIRE CORNERING STIFFNESS (LB/DEG/SIDE): 207  
 AXLE 2 TIRE CORNERING STIFFNESS (LB/DEG/SIDE): 216  
 AXLE 1 SPRING RATE (LB/IN/SIDE): 250  
 AXLE 2 SPRING RATE (LB/IN/SIDE): 200  
 WHEELBASE (IN): 105.6  
 SUPERELEVATION: .07  
 GRADE: 0  
 FORWARD VELOCITY (MPH): 26.8  
 PATH RADIUS (FT): 230  
 AXLE 1 STATIC LOAD (LB): 1925  
 AXLE 2 STATIC LOAD (LB): 1675  
 FRONT ROLL CENTER HEIGHT (IN): 1  
 REAR ROLL CENTER HEIGHT (IN): 6  
 SPRUNG MASS C.G. HEIGHT (IN): 25  
 FRONT SPRING SPACING (IN): 57  
 REAR SPRING SPACING (IN): 57  
 FRONT TRACK (IN): 57  
 REAR TRACK (IN): 57  
 AXLE 1 UNSPRUNG WEIGHT (LB): 100  
 AXLE 2 UNSPRUNG WEIGHT (LB): 100  
 PERCENT ROLLING RESISTANCE: 1

\*\*\*\* OUTPUT \*\*\*\*

SIDESLIP ANGLE (DEG): .63  
 VERTICAL BOUNCE (IN): .06  
 ROLL ANGLE (DEG): 3.12  
 PITCH ANGLE (DEG): 0  
 STEER ANGLE (DEG): 2.29  
 TOTAL DRIVE THRUST (LB): 27  
 HORIZ LATERAL ACCEL (G'S): .208  
 FRICTION FACTORS:  

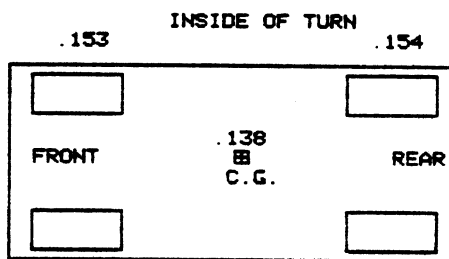
LEFT	RIGHT	AXLE
.121	.153	1
.121	.154	2

 POINT MASS VALUE = .138  
 VERTICAL TIRE LOADS (LB):  

1091.9	865.7	1
952.9	751.3	2

LATERAL TIRE FORCES (LB):

132.8	132.8	1
116.	116	2



\*\* FRICTION FACTORS: \*\*



*USER'S GUIDE FOR THE FHWA/UMTRI  
MICROCOMPUTER STEADY-TURNING VEHICLE MODELS  
(APPLE II+ 48K Version)*

C. C. MacAdam

INTRODUCTION

This guide is intended to serve as a informal user's manual, or aid, for operating the microcomputer-based vehicle models developed by the University of Michigan Transportation Research Institute (UMTRI) for the Federal Highway Administration (FHWA). These models were developed under the FHWA project entitled, "Side Friction for Superelevation on Horizontal Curves." Users' comments and suggestions for improving the use of the programs, their input/output format, and additions or deletions are welcomed and solicited. Please direct such comments to:

C. C. MacAdam

or

P.S. Fancher

at

The Transportation Research Institute  
The University of Michigan  
2901 Baxter Road  
Ann Arbor, Michigan 48109

The computer models described in this guide are intended for use in studying the side-friction requirements of different types of vehicles operating, in a steady-turning manner, along highway curves of specified radii, superelevation, and grade. Operation of the models requires entering data which describes the characteristics of the vehicle and the roadway. (Parametric data may be entered directly from the keyboard or read from a specified text file which contains the parameter values.) The

model then calculates the steady-state solution satisfying that combination of vehicle characteristics and roadway geometry. The output from the model is a set of numbers describing the orientation of the vehicle in space, the required steer angle, and individual tire forces. The tire forces are in turn converted to friction factor requirements at each wheel location and summarized in both tabular and graphical form.

To accommodate the study of a variety of different types of vehicles, two separate vehicle models are employed. The first model, referred to as the "single-unit" model, is used to represent passenger cars, straight trucks, and full trailers. The second model is used for representing an articulated vehicle comprised of two units, such as a tractor semitrailer, and is accordingly referred to as the "tractor-semitrailer" model.

The following table describes and defines the input parameters necessary for running the single-unit computer model. The order of parameters appearing in the table is the same as that required by the model. The first column describes the parameter; the second column shows the required physical units for the numerical value of the parameter; the third column lists a "typical" passenger car value for each parameter; the fourth column lists a "typical" heavy truck value (fully loaded condition).

#### INPUT PARAMETER LIST: SINGLE-UNIT MODEL

	<u>Parameter Description</u>	<u>Units</u>	<u>Car</u>	<u>Truck</u>
1	Number of axles on front suspension	-	1	1
2	Number of axles on rear suspension	-	1	1-5
3	Axle 1 tire cornering stiffness	lb/deg/side	175	600
4	Axle 2 tire cornering stiffness	"	175	1200
	(remaining cornering stiffnesses for axles 3-6 if specified)			
5	Axle 1 suspension spring rate	lb/in/side	200	1200
6	Axle 2 suspension spring rate	"	250	6000
	(remaining spring rates for axles 3-6 if specified)			

7	Fore-aft spread of axles on multi-axle susp	inches	-	48
8	Wheelbase; center to center susp distance	inches	102	180
9	Superelevation of road	--	<0.15	<0.15
10	Grade of road	--	<0.15	<0.15
11	Forward velocity	mph	55	55
12	Radius of turn	ft	1000	1000
13	Axle 1 static load	lb	1500	10000
14	Axle 2 static load	lb	1200	16000
	(static loads for axles 3-6 if specified)			
15	Front suspension roll center height	inches	1	23
16	Rear suspension roll center height	"	6	29
17	Sprung mass (body) c.g. height	"	25	50-100
18	Front susp lateral distance between springs	"	40-55	32
19	Rear susp lateral distance between springs	"	40-55	38
20	Front track (distance between tires)	"	57	80
21	Rear track	"	57	72
22	Weight of axle assembly 1	lb	100	1200
23	Weight of axle assembly 2	lb	150	2300
	(weights of axles 3-6 if specified)			
24	Percent rolling resistance	%	1	1

- Optional aerodynamic properties:

25	Height of aero center of pressure	inches	30	70
26	Distance of center of press ahead of c.g.	inches	6	50
27	Frontal cross-sectional area	sq-ft	15	80
28	Drag coefficient	--	0.4	0.9
29	Lift coefficient	--	0.4	0.3
30	Slope of lift coeff vs. pitch angle	1/rad	3.0	3.0
31	Slope of side force vs. relative (wind) yaw	1/rad	3.0	3.0

The following table describes and defines the input parameters necessary for running the tractor-semitrailer computer model. The order of parameters appearing in the table is the same as required by the model. The first column describes the parameter; the second column shows the required physical units of the parameter; the third column lists a "representative" tractor - semitrailer value for an empty condition; the fourth column lists a "representative" tractor-semitrailer value for a fully loaded condition.

#### INPUT PARAMETER LIST: TRACTOR-SEMITRAILER MODEL

<u>Parameter Description</u>	<u>Units</u>	<u>Empty</u>	<u>Loaded</u>
1 Number of axles on tractor rear suspension	-	2	2
2 Number of axles on semitrailer suspension	-	2	2
3 Axle 1 tire cornering stiffness	lb/deg/side	500	600
4 Axle 2 tire cornering stiffness	"	900	1200
(remaining cornering stiffnesses for axles 3-6 if required)			
5 Axle 1 suspension spring rate	lb/in/side	1200	1200
6 Axle 2 suspension spring rate	"	4000	6000
(remaining spring rates for axles 3-6 if required)			
7 Fore-aft spread of axles on tractor susp	inches	48	48
8 Fore-aft spread of axles on semi susp	inches	48	48
9 Tractor wheelbase	inches	144	144
10 Semitrailer wheelbase	inches	432	432
11 Superelevation of road	--	<0.15	<0.15
12 Grade of road	--	<0.15	<0.15
13 Forward velocity	mph	55	55
14 Radius of turn	ft	1000	1000
15 Axle 1 static load	lb	8500	12000
16 Axle 2 static load	lb	5000	16000
(static loads for axles 3-6 if required)			
17 Tractor sprung mass weight (body)	lb	9700	9700
18 Tractor front suspension roll center height	inches	23	23
19 Tractor rear suspension roll center height	"	29	29
20 Semitrailer " " " "	"	29	29

21 Tractor sprung mass c.g. height (body)	"	44	44
22 Semitrailer " " c.g. height (body+payload)	"	60	80
23 Fifth Wheel height above ground	"	49	48
24 Tractor frame height above ground (center)	"	37	36
25 Tractor front susp distance between springs	"	32	32
26 Tractor rear susp distance between springs	"	38	38
27 Semi rear susp distance between springs	"	38	38
28 Tractor front track (distance between tires)	"	81	81
29 Tractor rear track	"	73	73
30 Semitrailer rear track	"	73	73
31 Tractor front axle assembly weight	lb	1200	1200
32 Tractor rear assembly weight	lb	2300	2300
33 Semi rear assembly weight	lb	1500	1500
(weights of other axles if required)			
34 Percent rolling resistance (total vehicle)	%	1	1

- Optional aerodynamic properties:

35 Height of aero center of pressure	inches	70	70
36 Distance of center of press ahead of c.g.	inches	50	50
37 Frontal cross-sectional area	sq-ft	80	80
38 Drag coefficient	--	0.9	0.9
39 Lift coefficient	--	0.3	0.3
40 Slope of lift coeff vs. pitch angle	1/rad	3.0	3.0
41 Slope of side force vs. relative (wind) yaw	1/rad	3.0	3.0

## APPENDIX E

### EXPERIMENTAL MEASUREMENTS

Appendix E is comprised of four sub-appendices (1 to 4) and contains experimental measurements of driver/vehicle test results (appendix E.1), flat bed tire force measurements (appendix E.2), and steering system measurements (appendix E.3). Appendix E.4 explains the estimation process for deriving individual wheel friction factors from the vehicle response measurements.

## APPENDIX E.1

### VEHICLE TEST RESULTS - TIME HISTORIES

#### STEADY TURNING

The time histories seen in this appendix are identified by channel numbers (Chan #2 . . . . . Chan #16) which correspond to the data channels identified in table 3 (tractor-semitrailer; vehicle C) and table 4 (passenger cars A and B) of volume II. For example, tractor-semitrailer Chan #2 refers to vehicle speed (mph) and tractor-semitrailer Chan #16 is tractor yaw rate (deg/s). Likewise, passenger car A (Dodge Aries) Chan #8 is steering wheel angle (degrees) and Chan #10 is trolley angle (degrees).

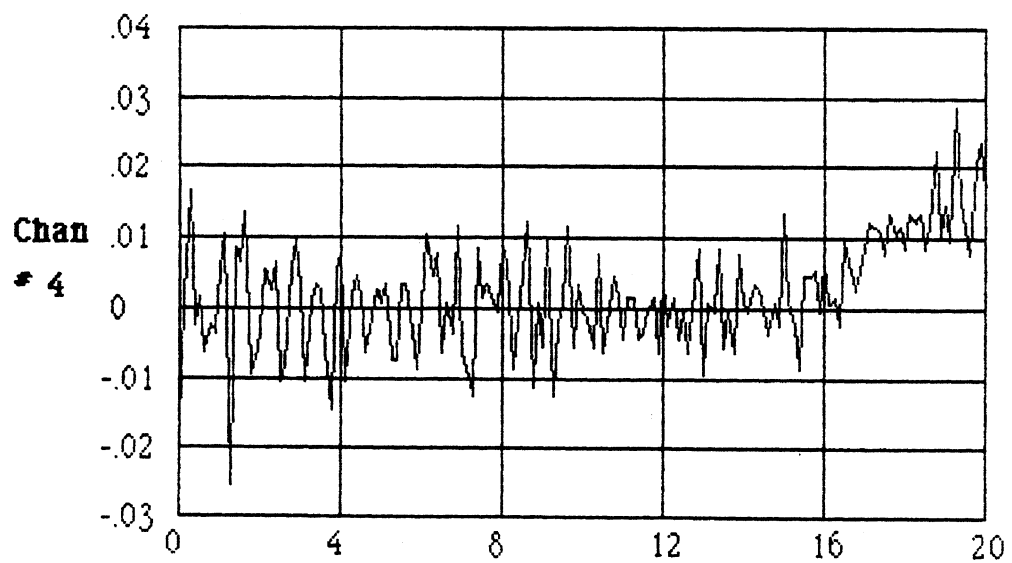
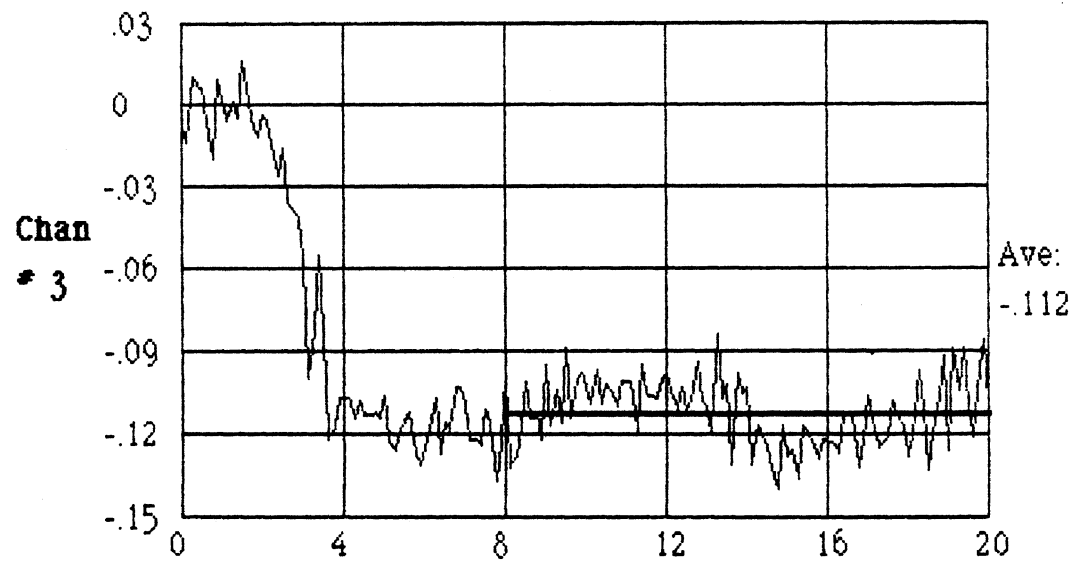
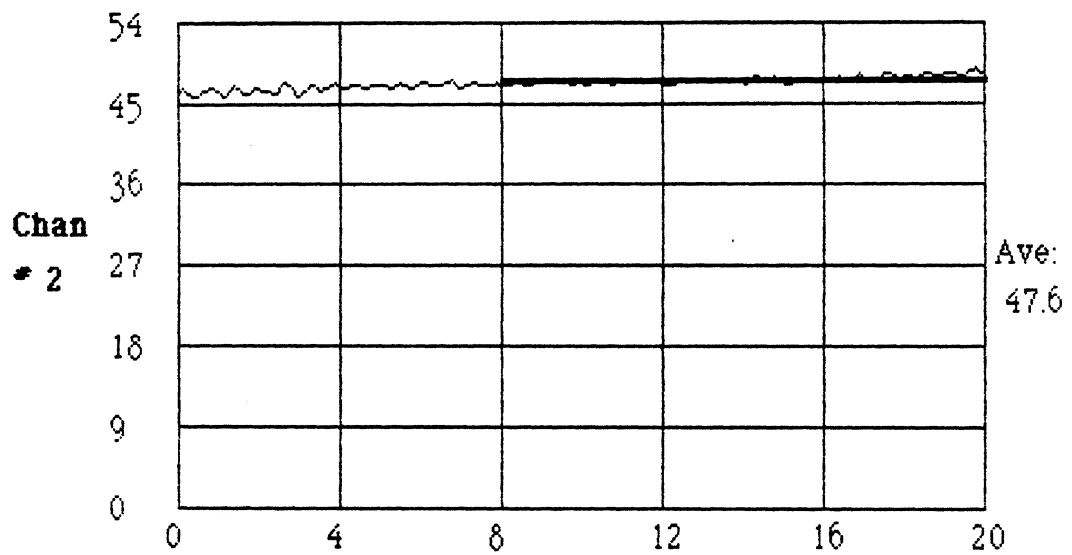
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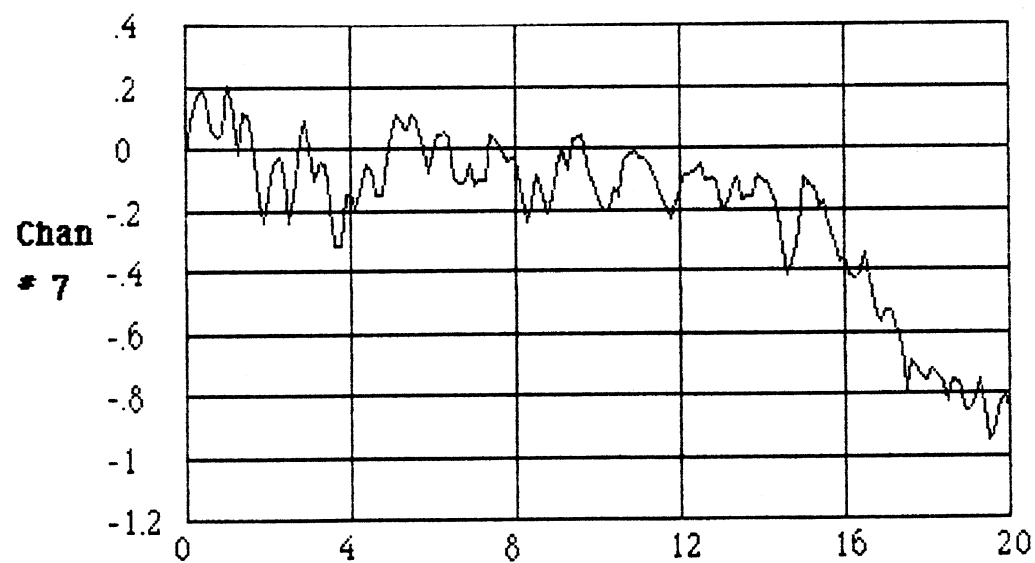
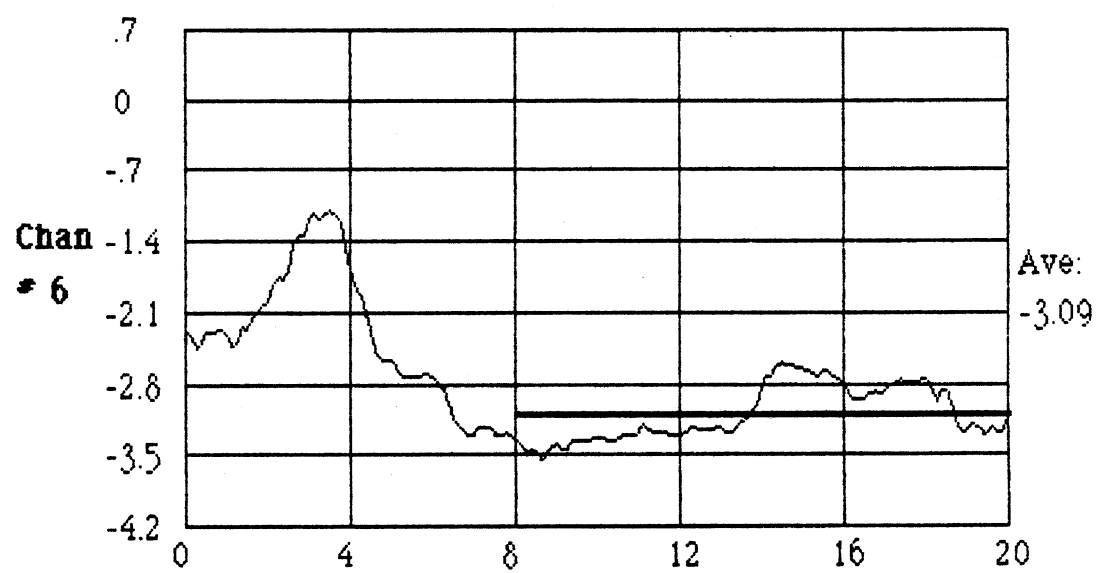
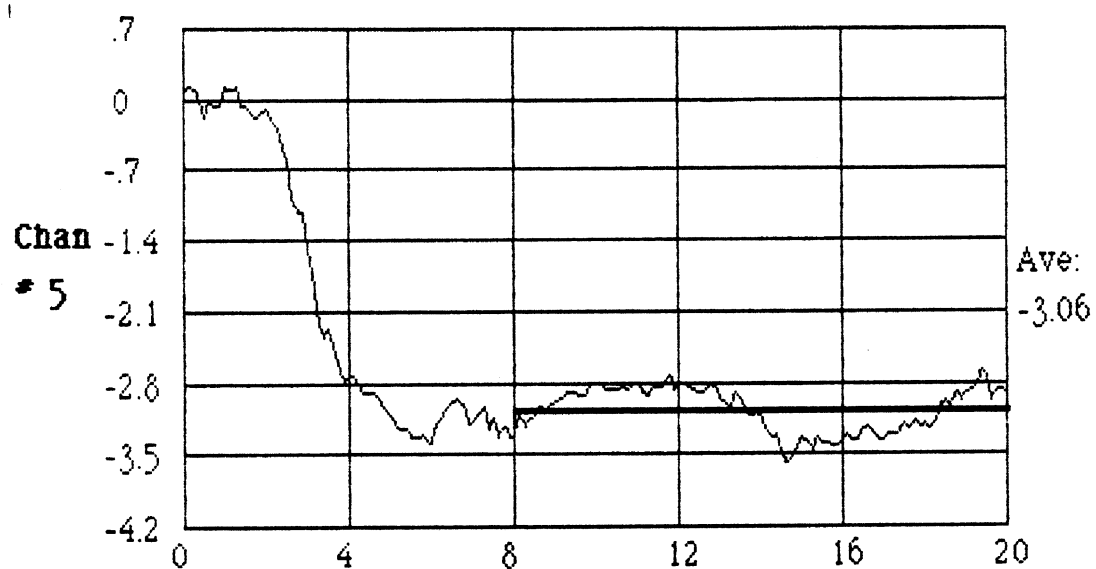
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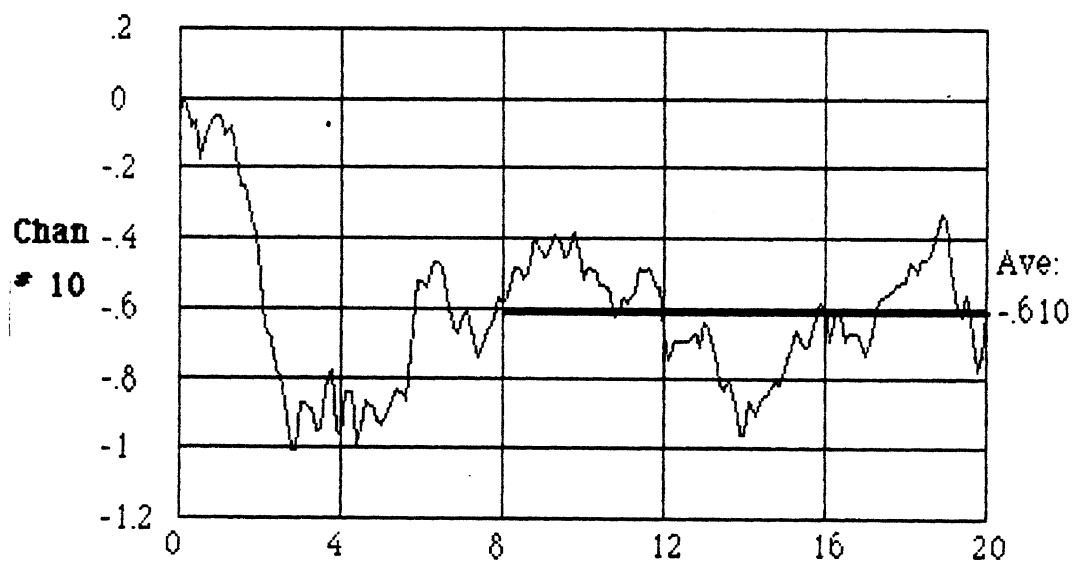
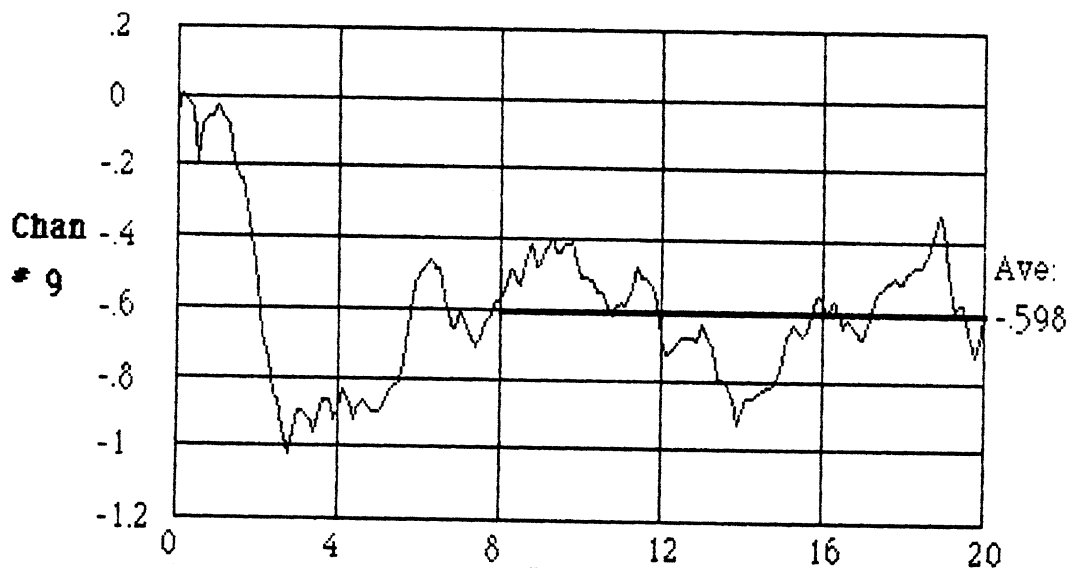
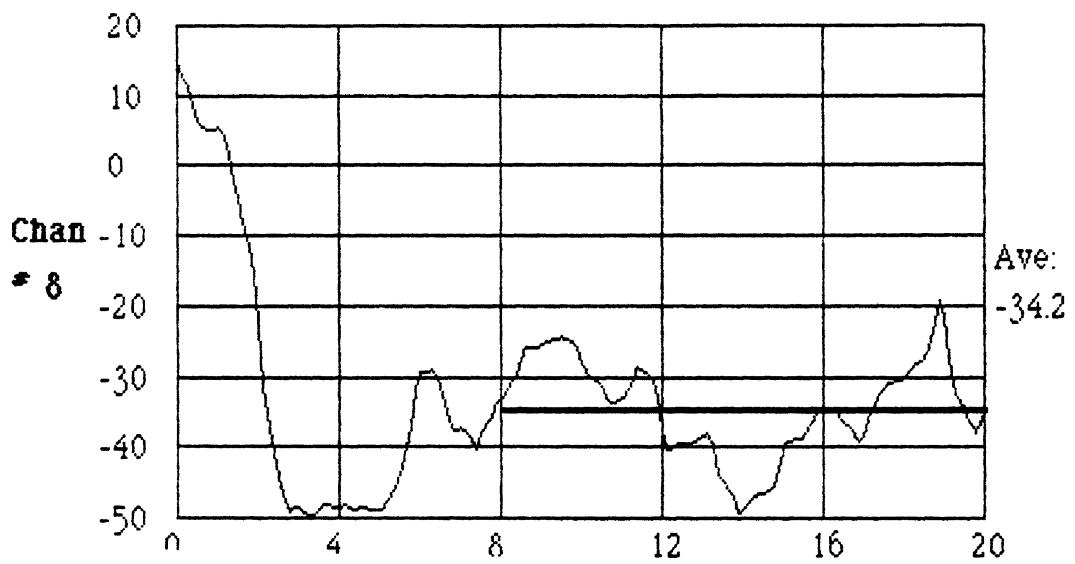
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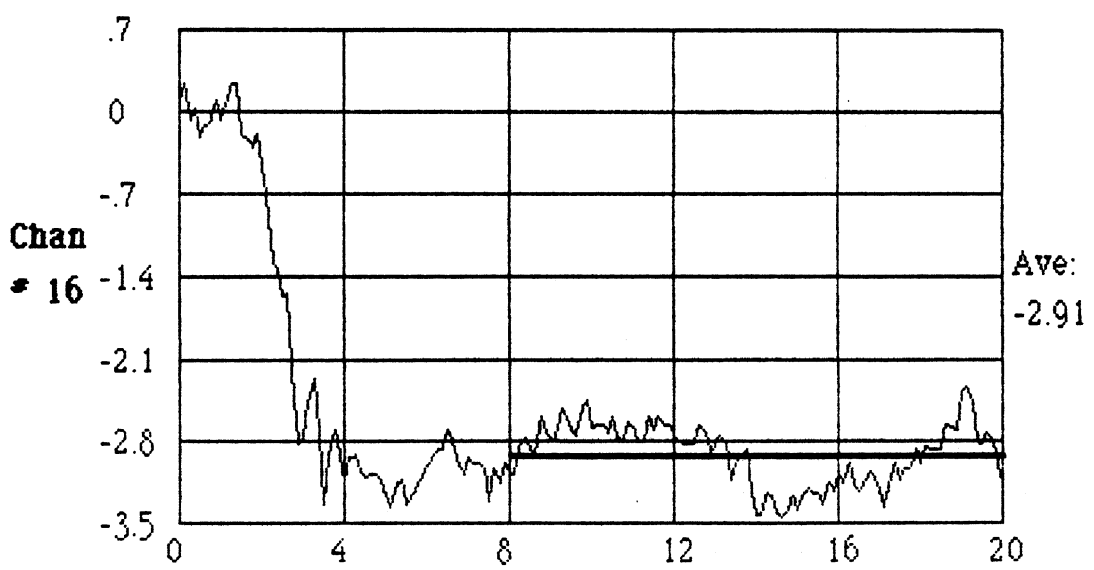
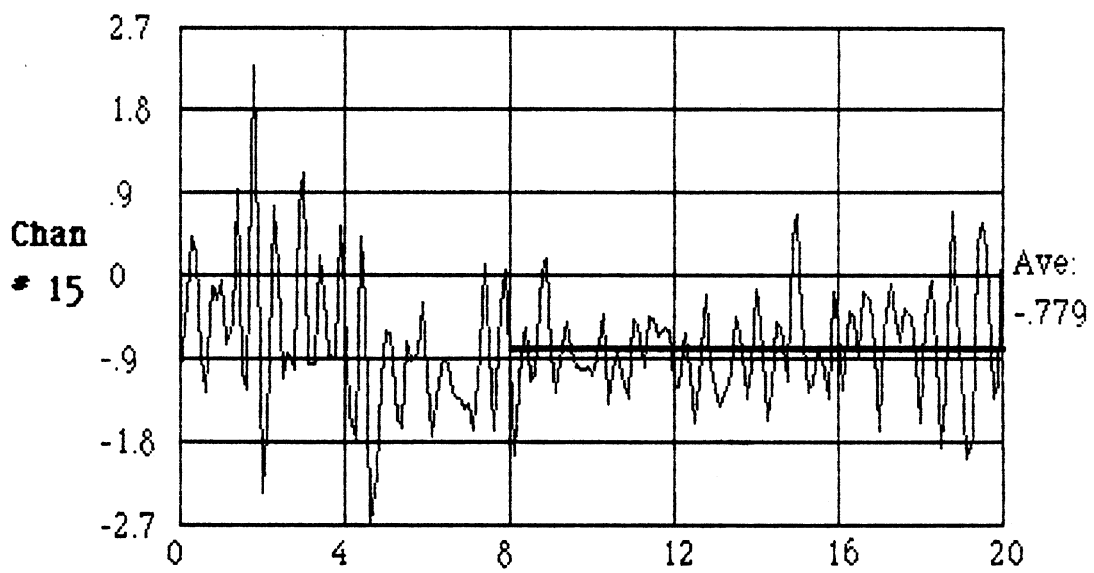
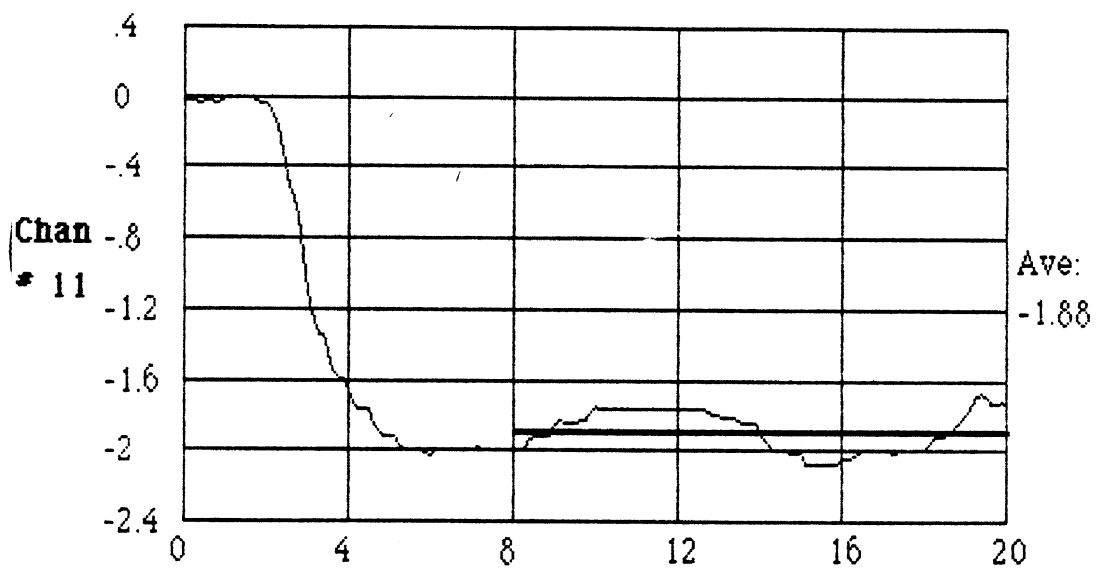
Steady Turning









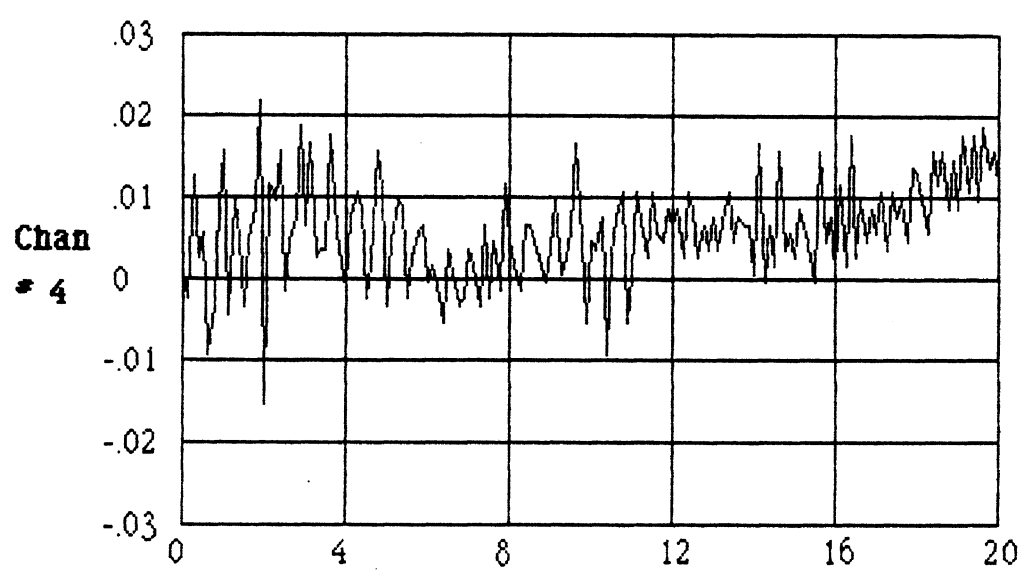
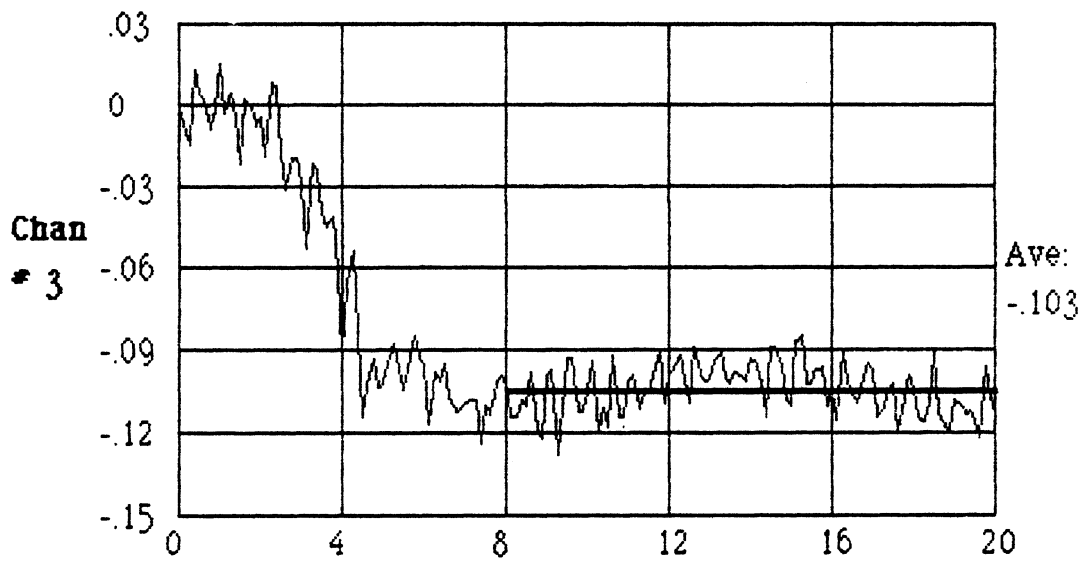
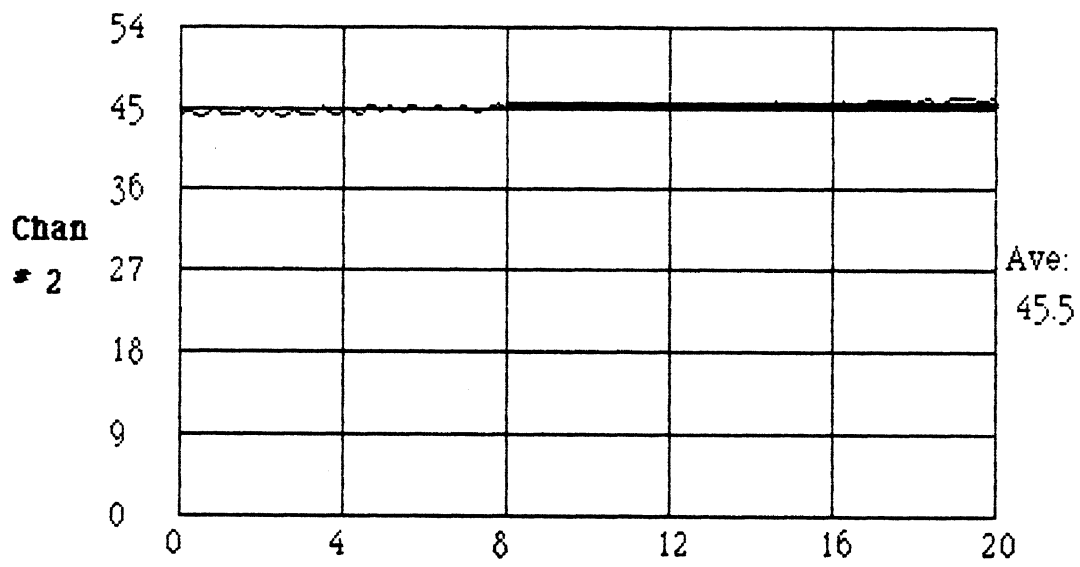


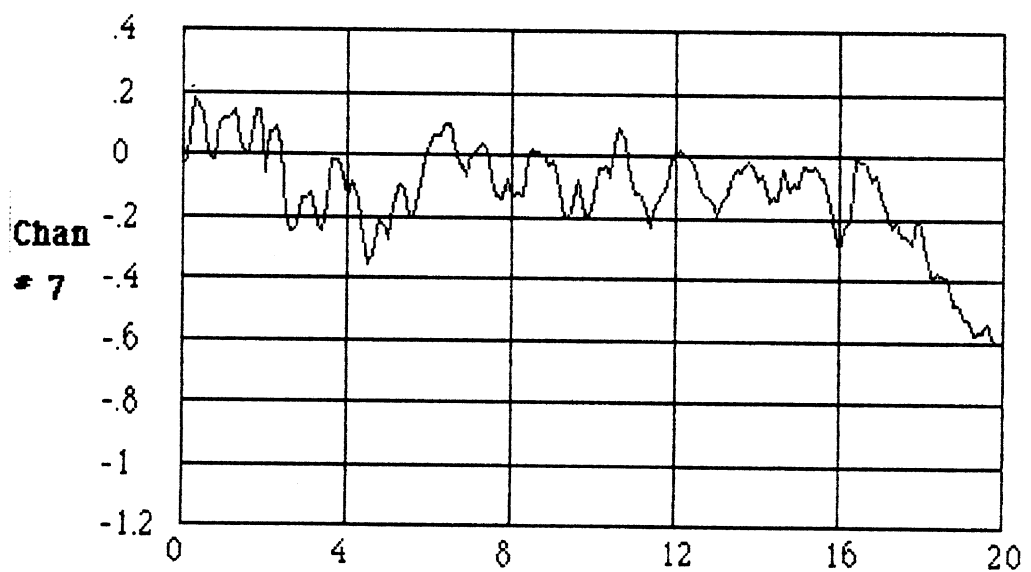
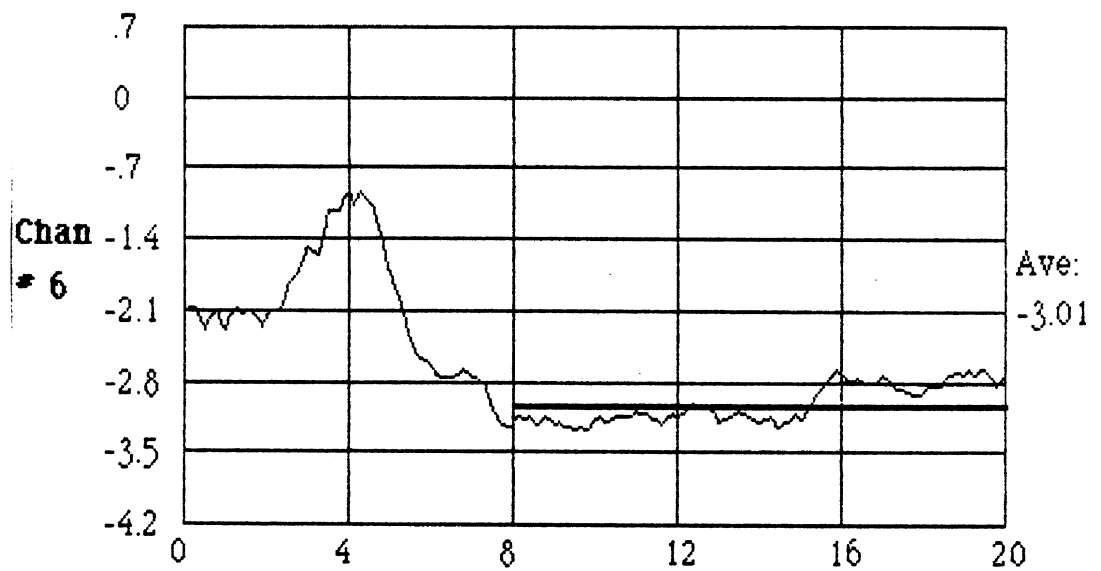
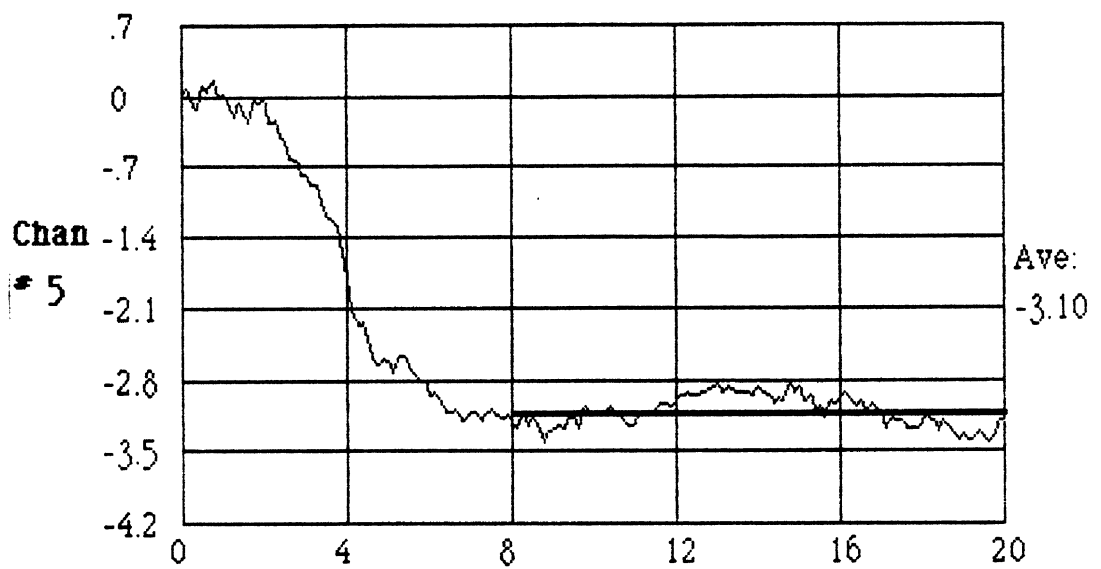
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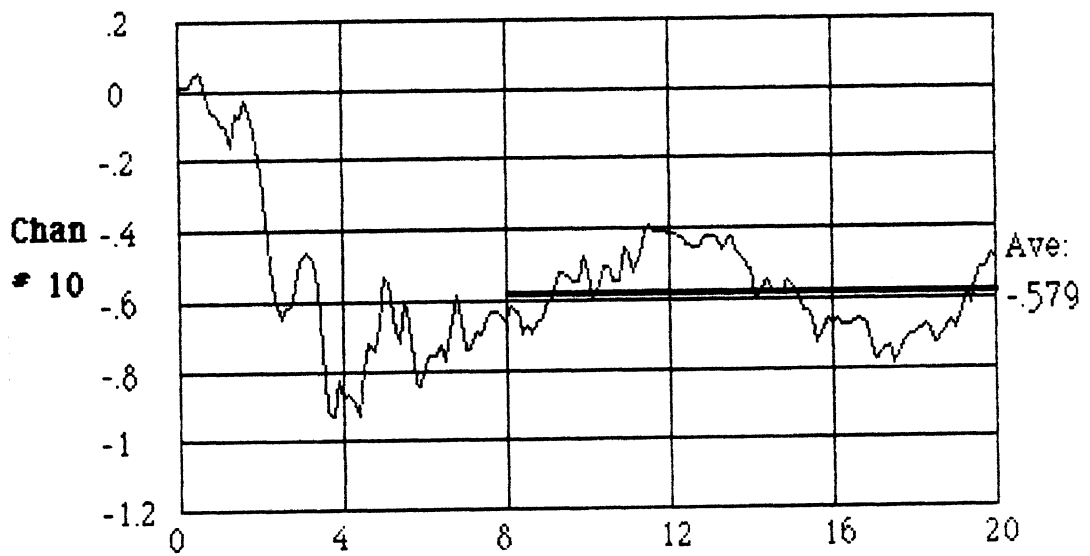
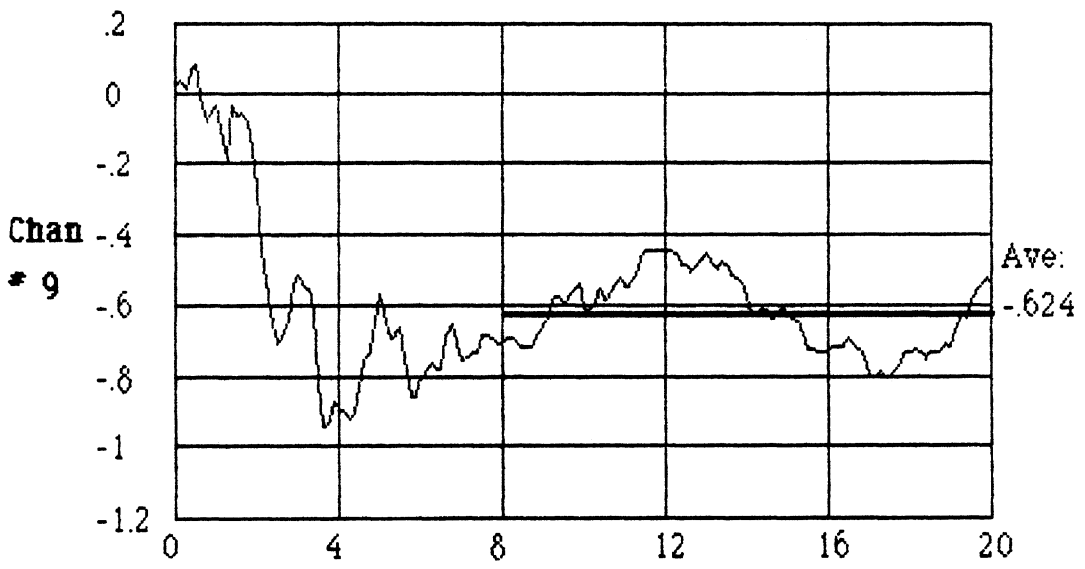
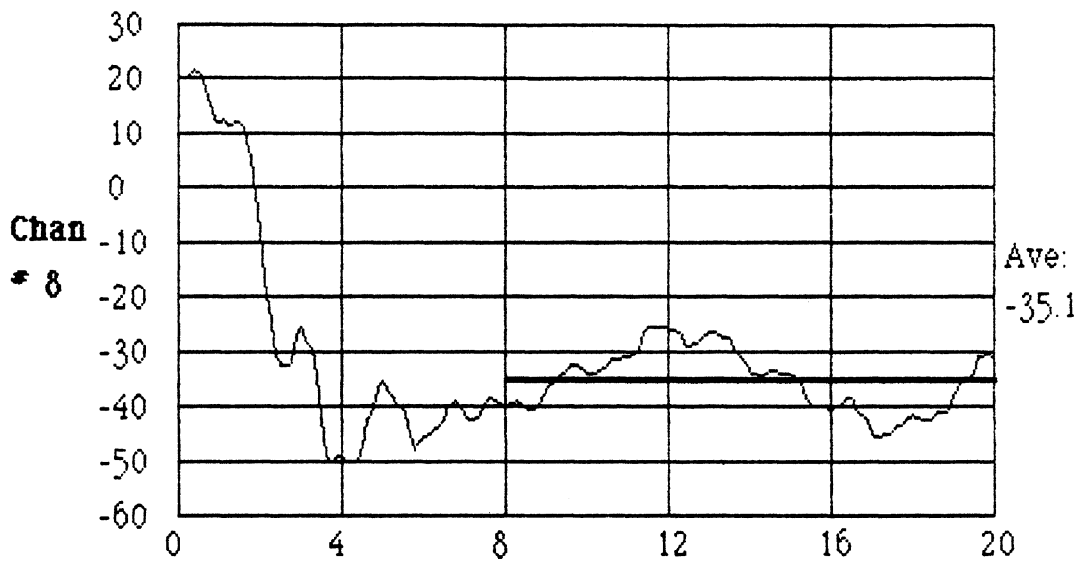
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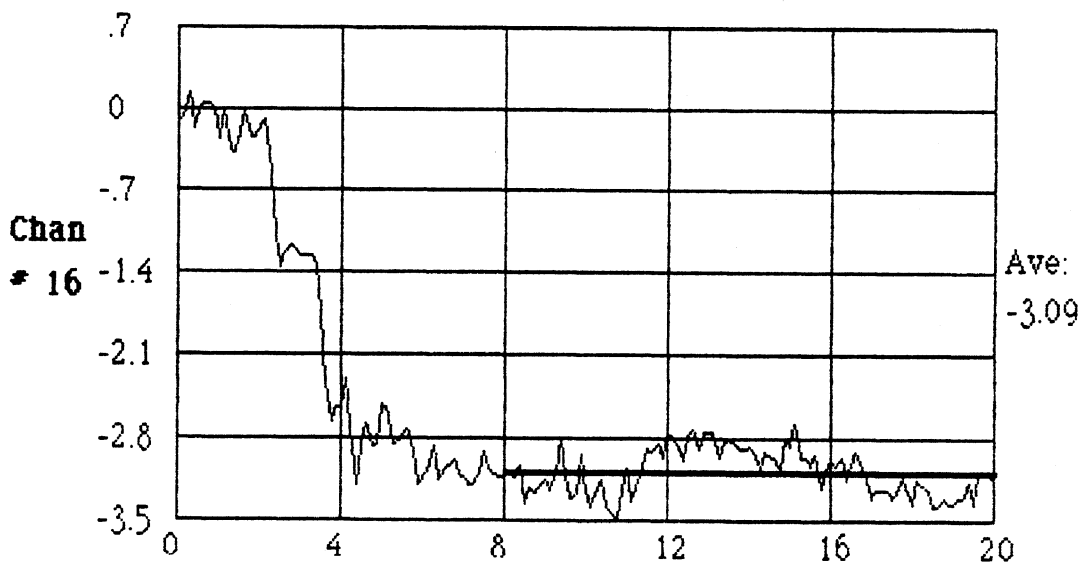
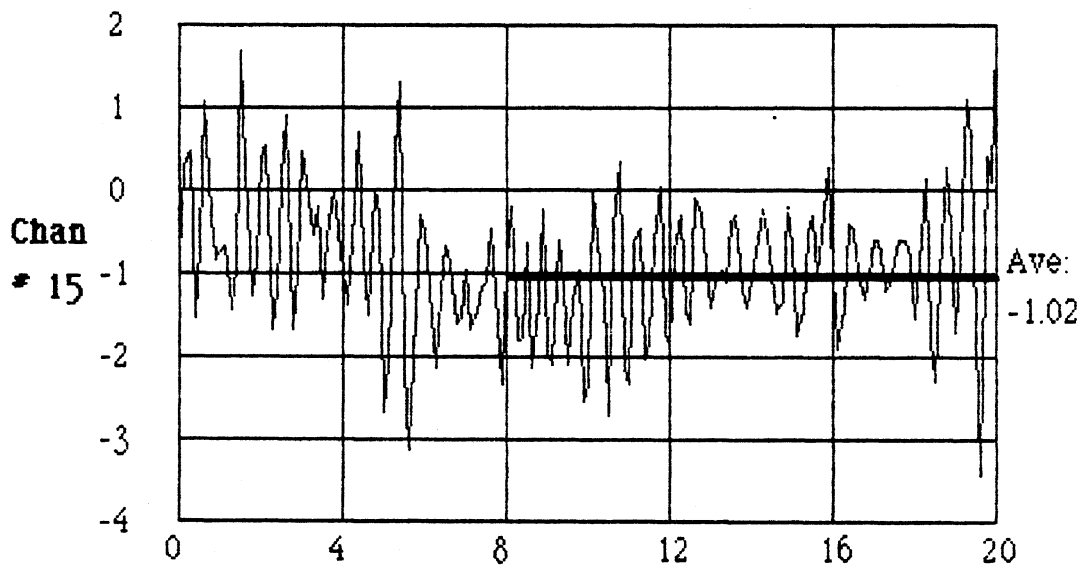
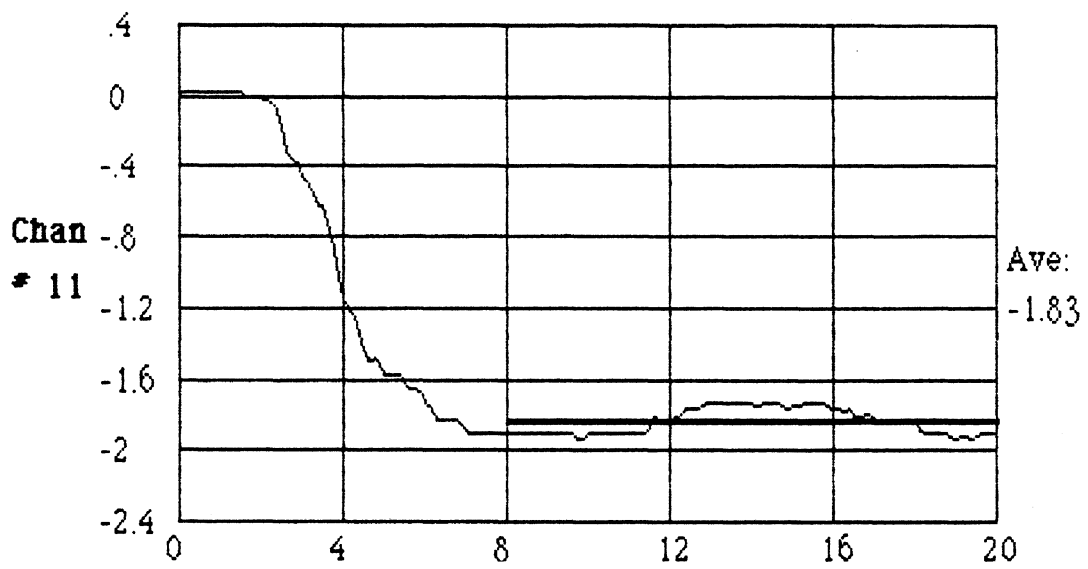
Steady Turning









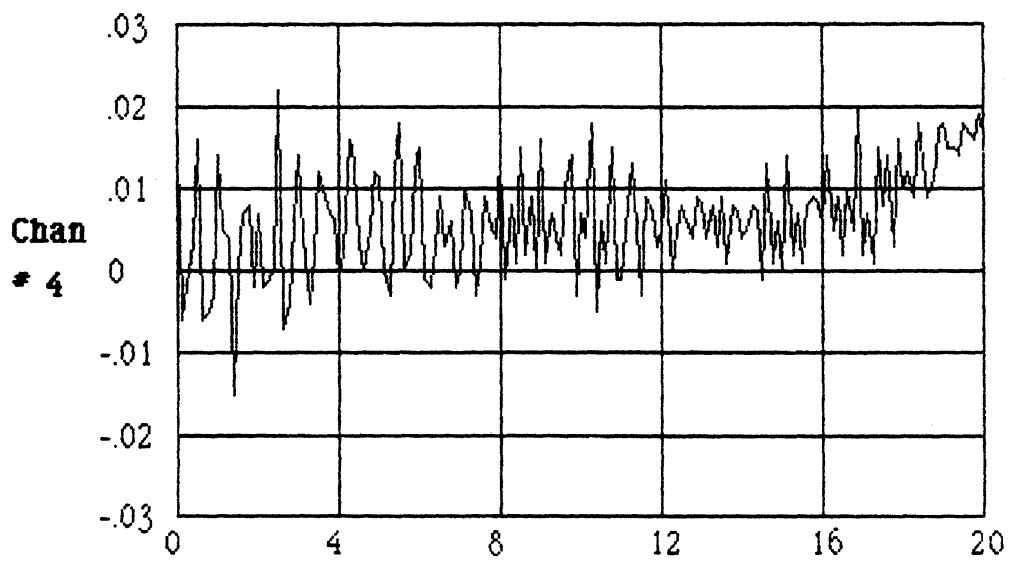
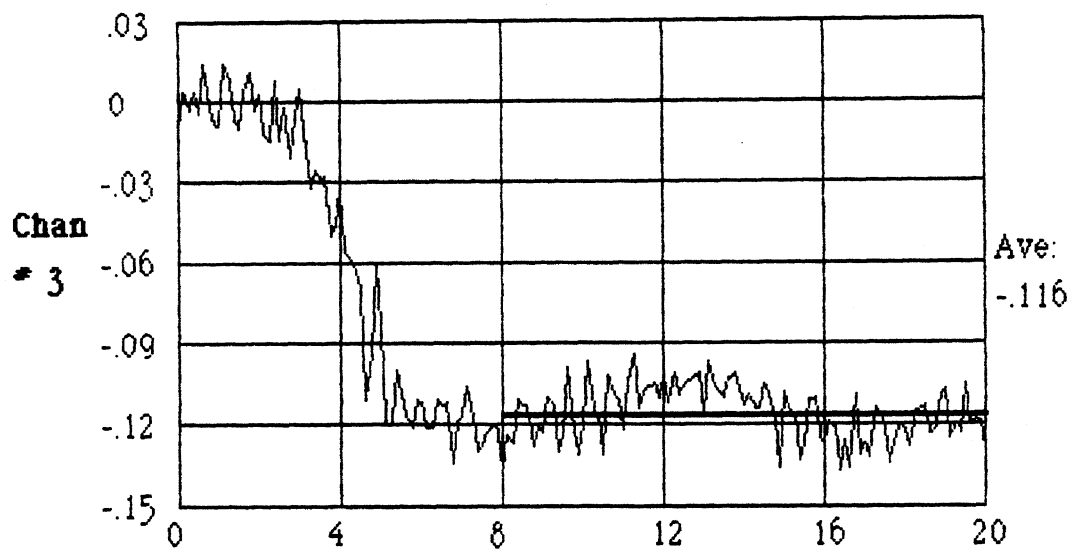
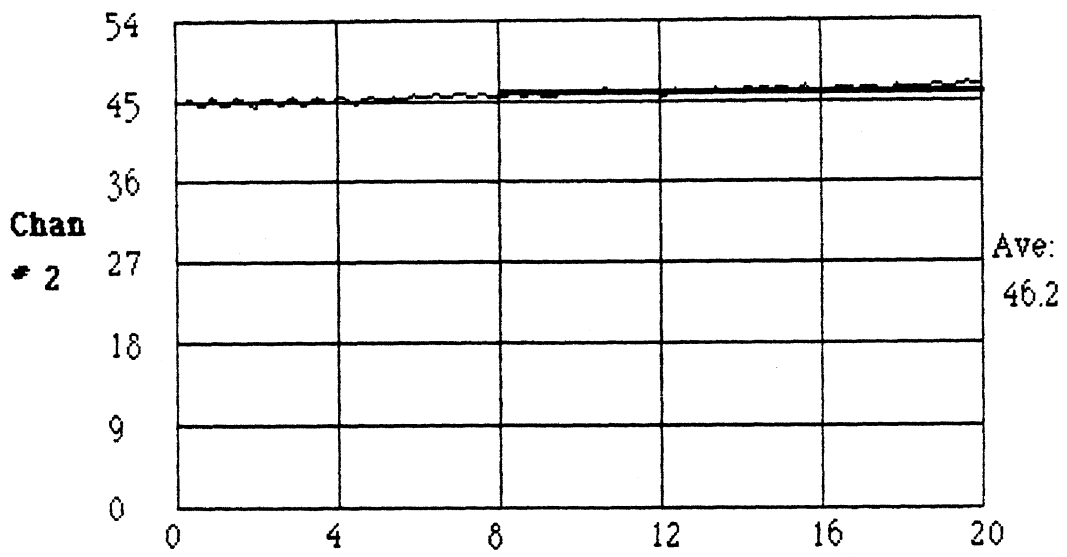


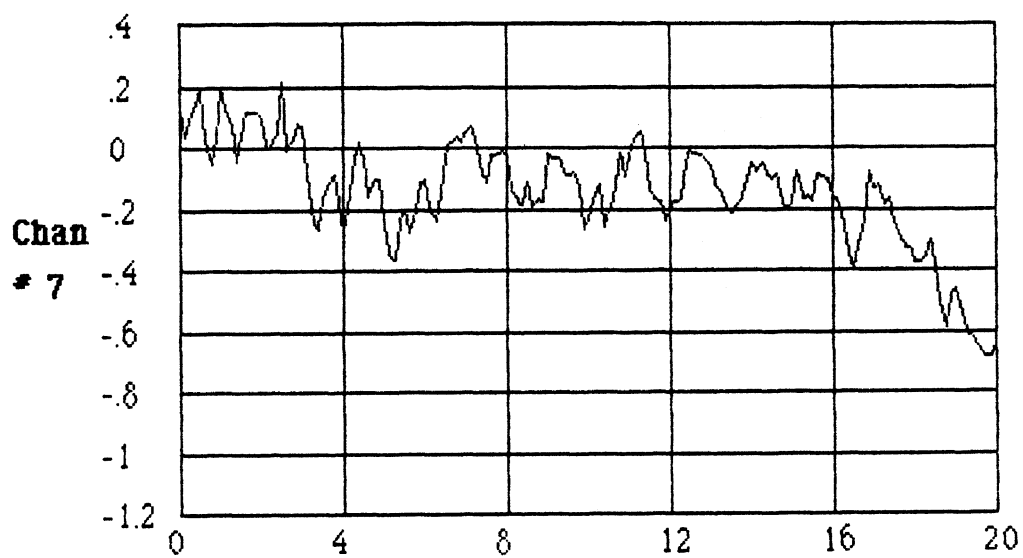
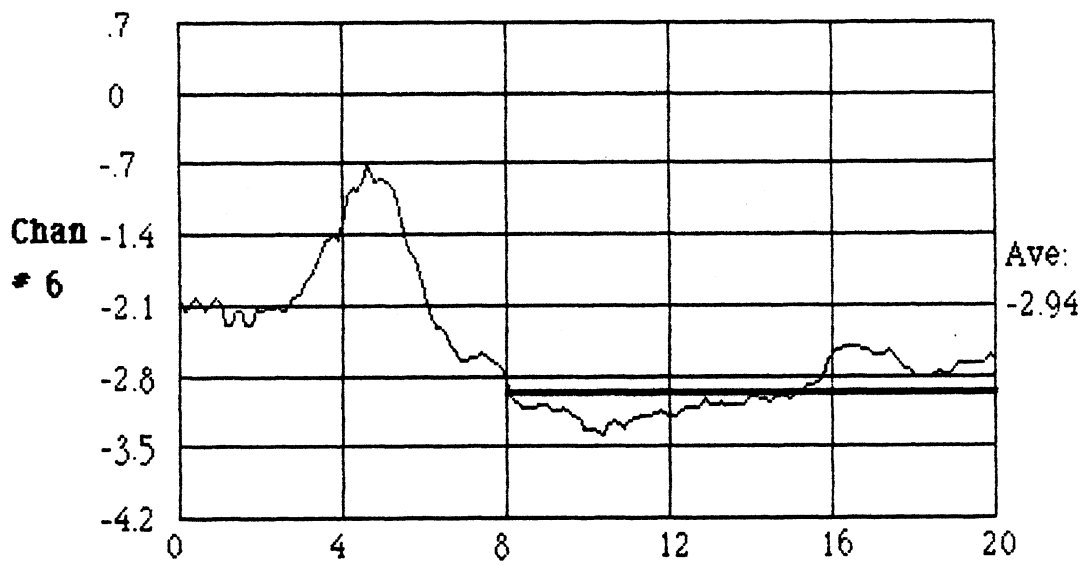
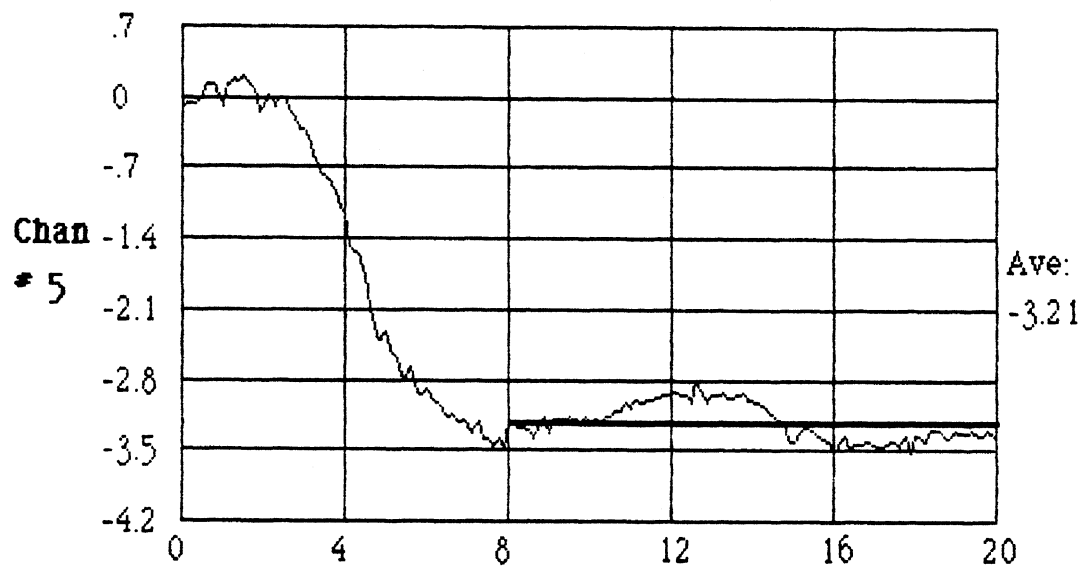
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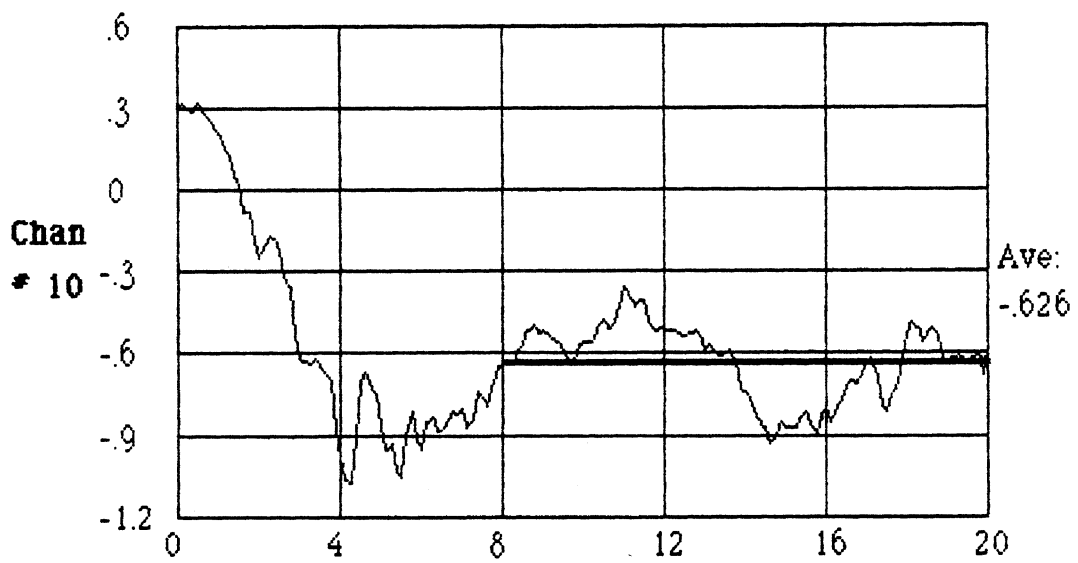
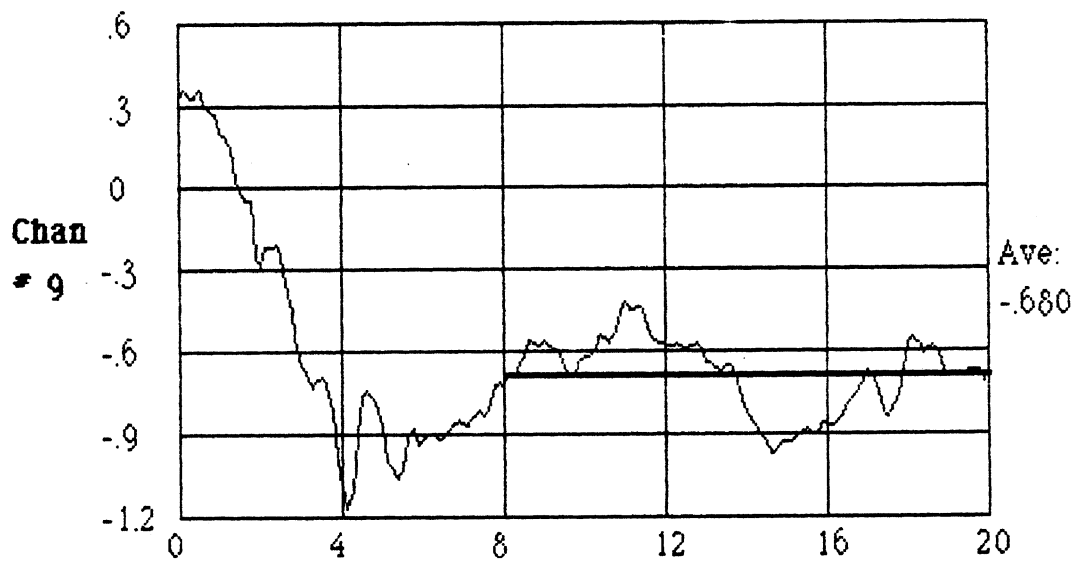
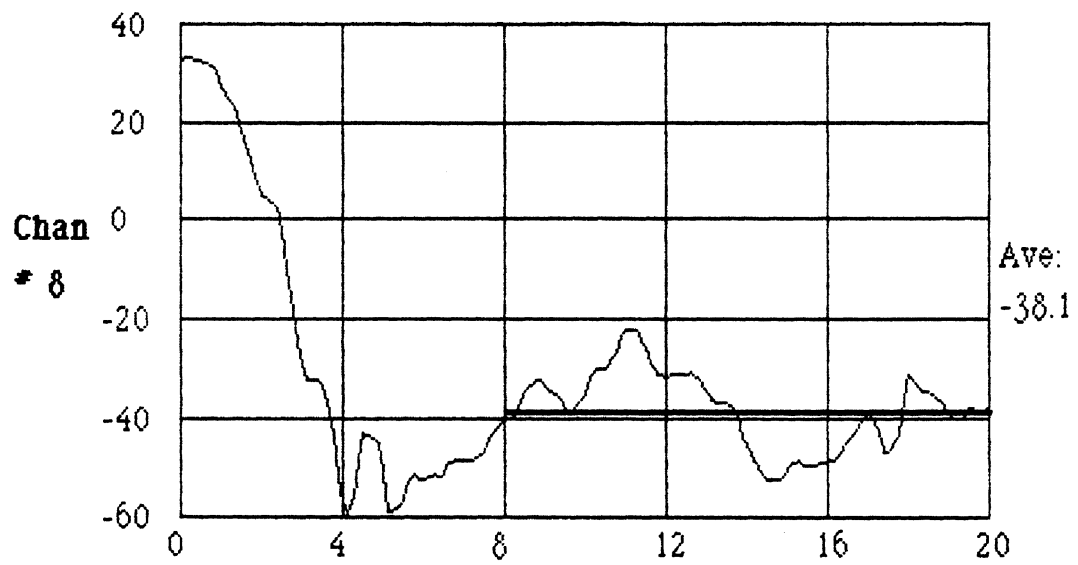
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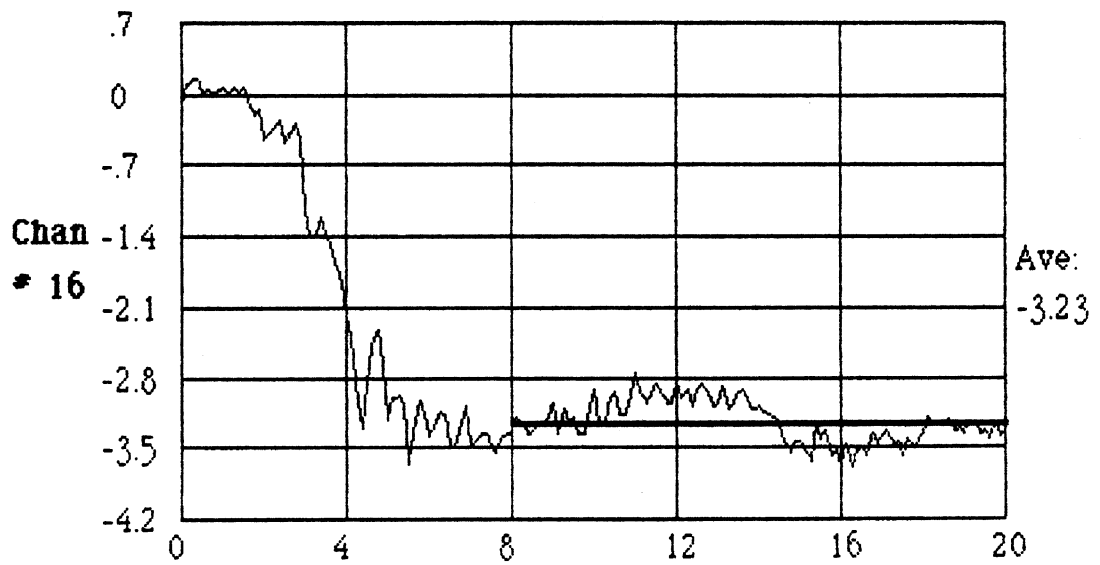
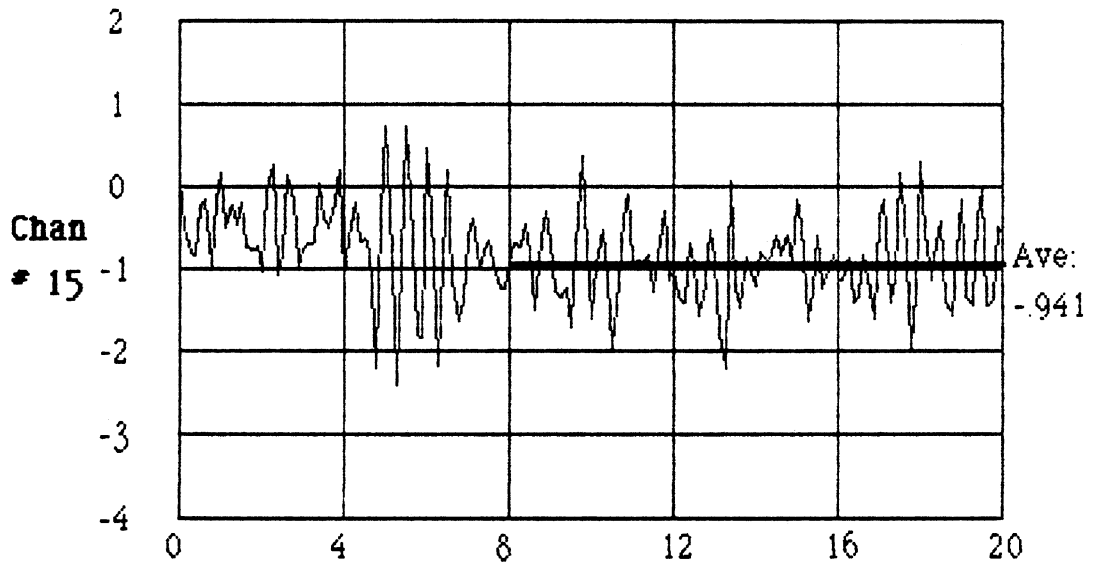
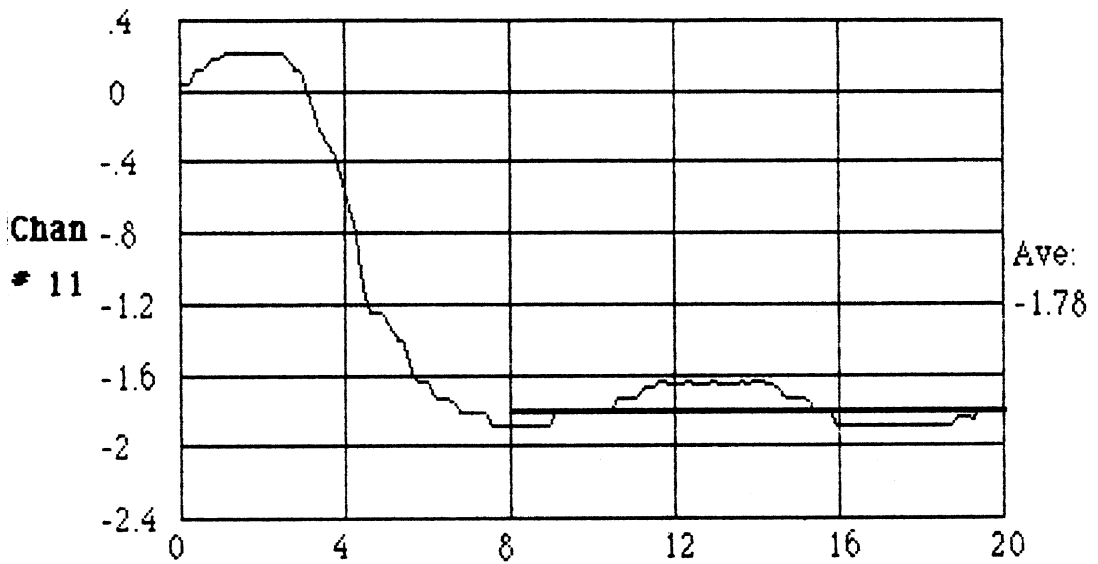
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Steady Turning







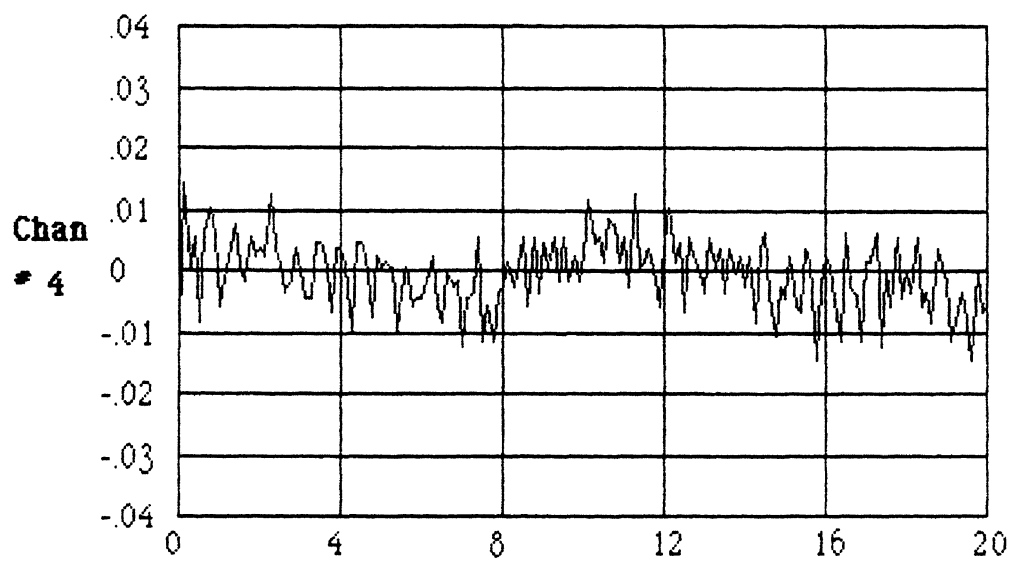
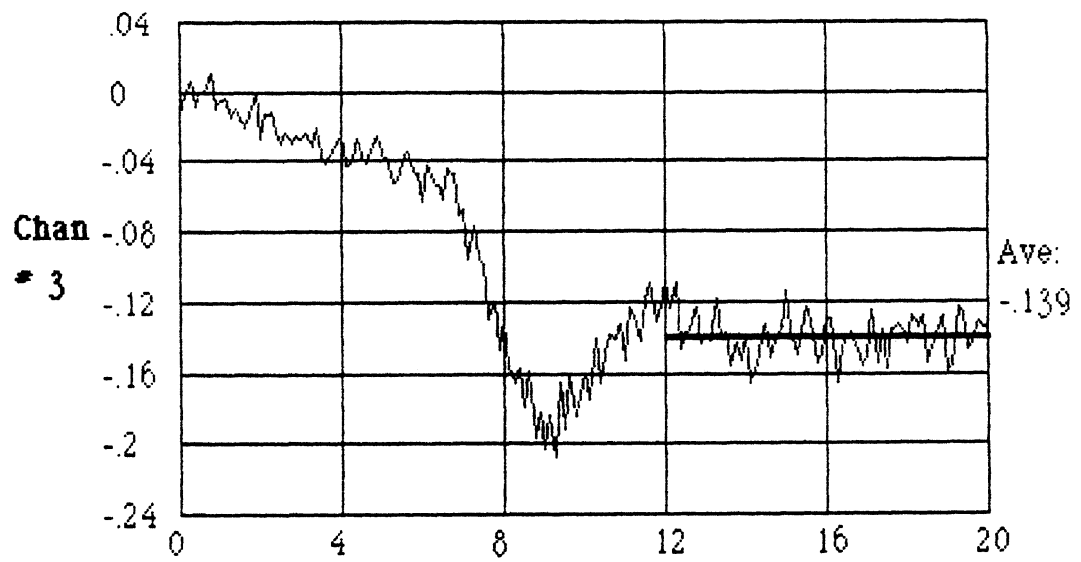
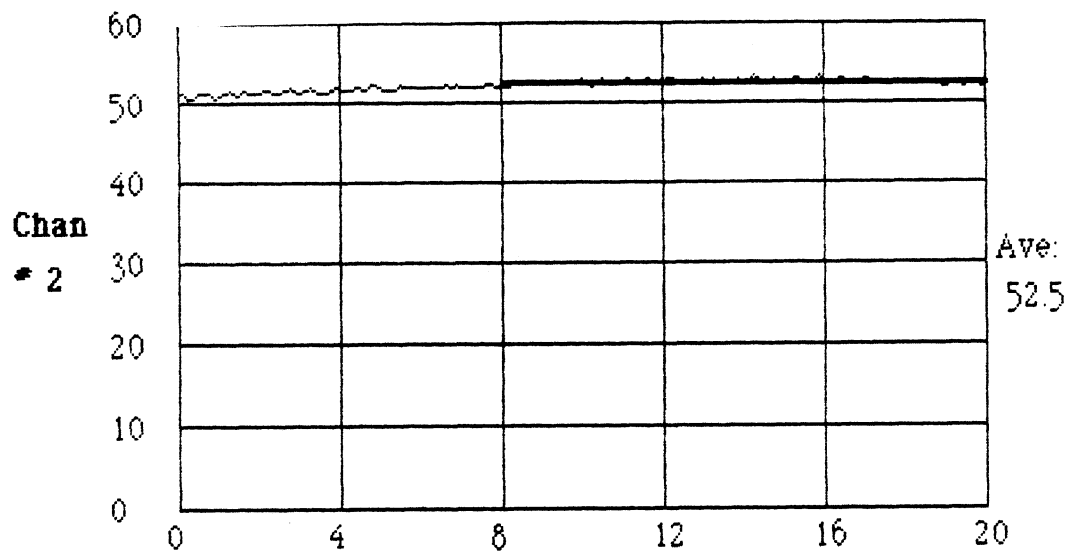


Tractor-semitrailer

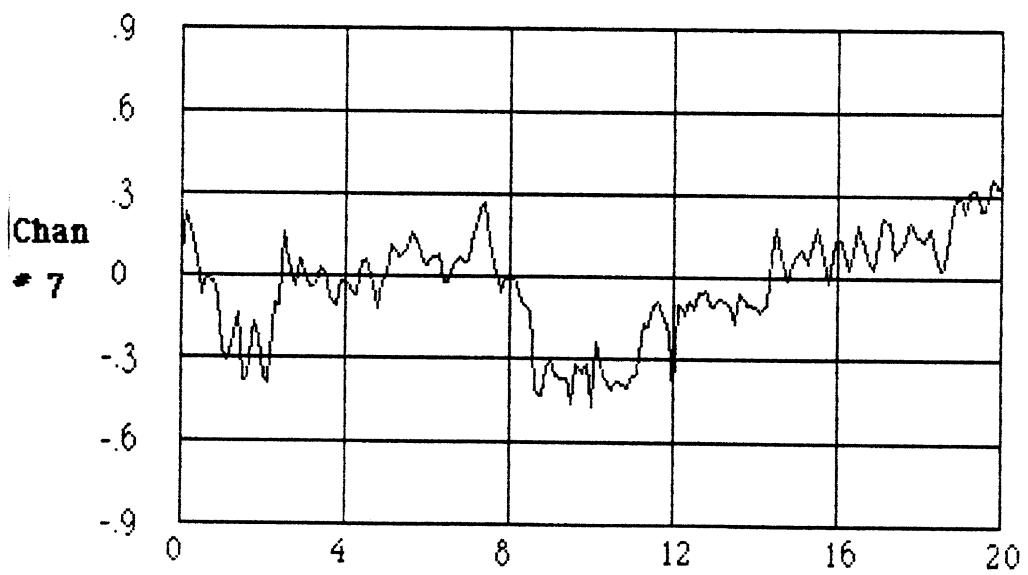
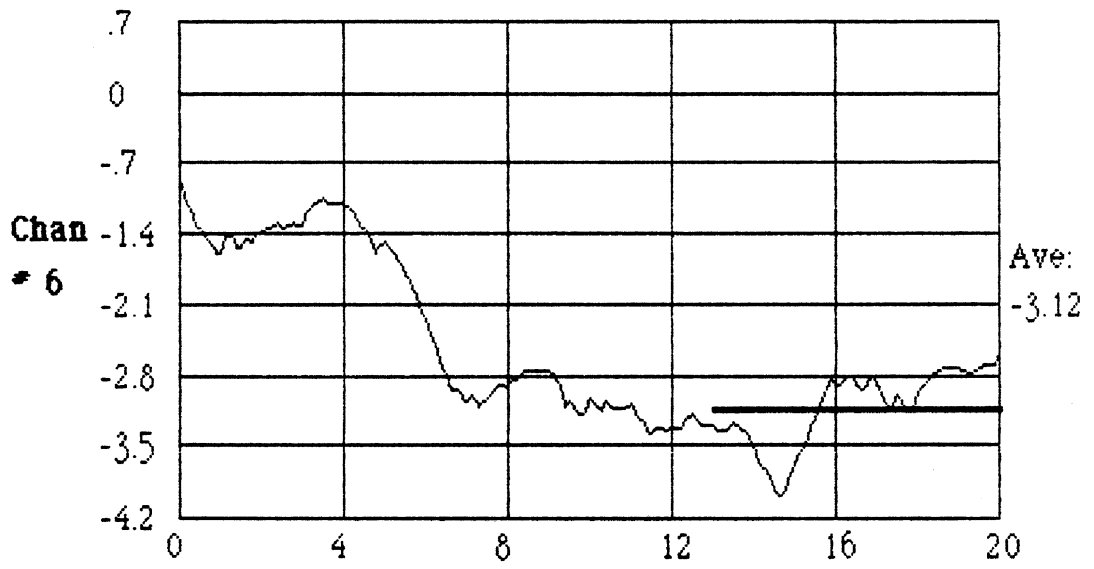
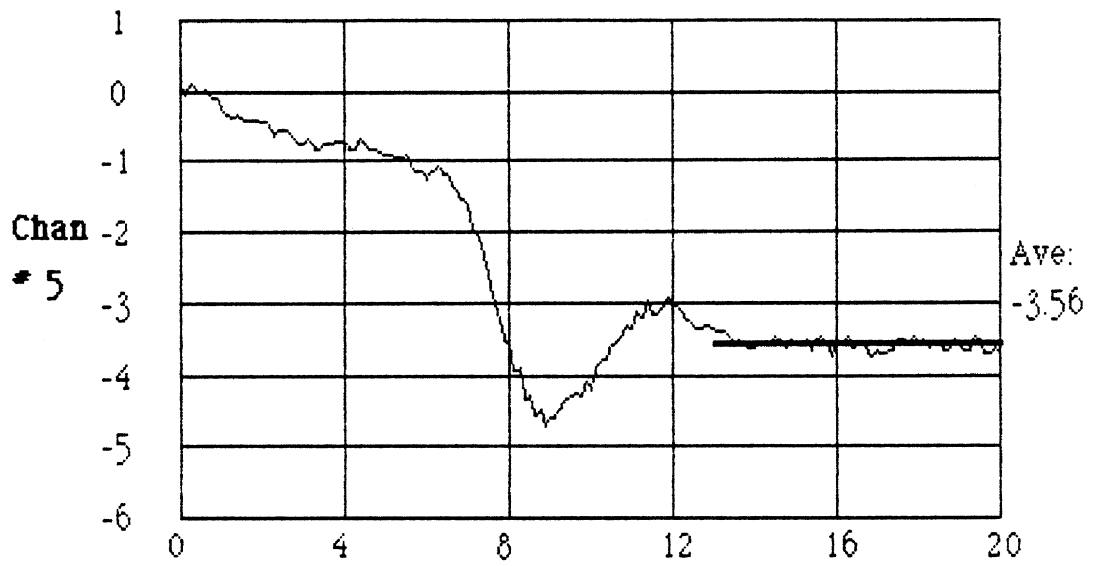
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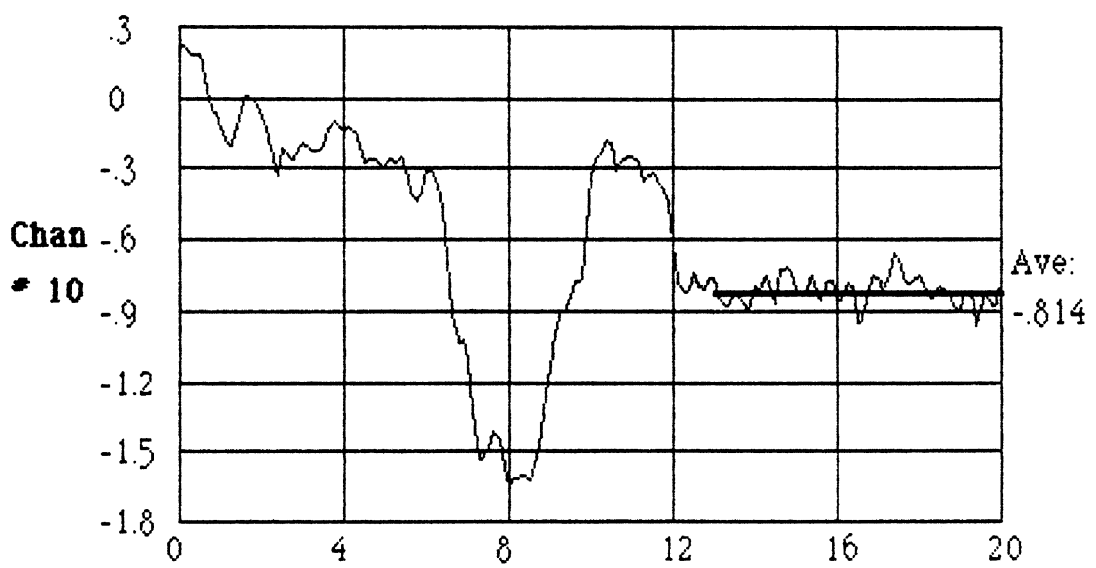
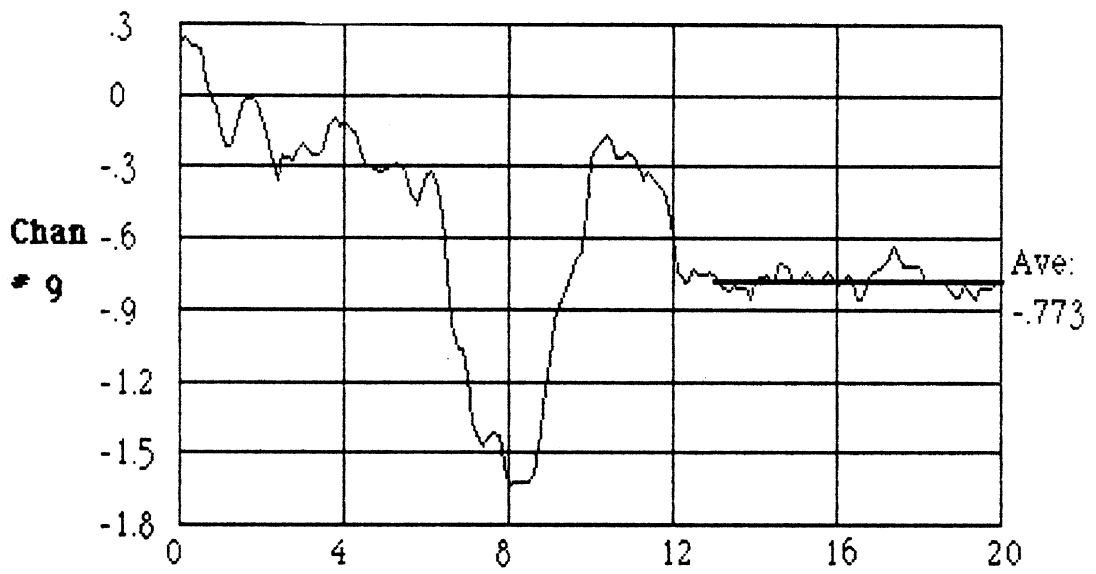
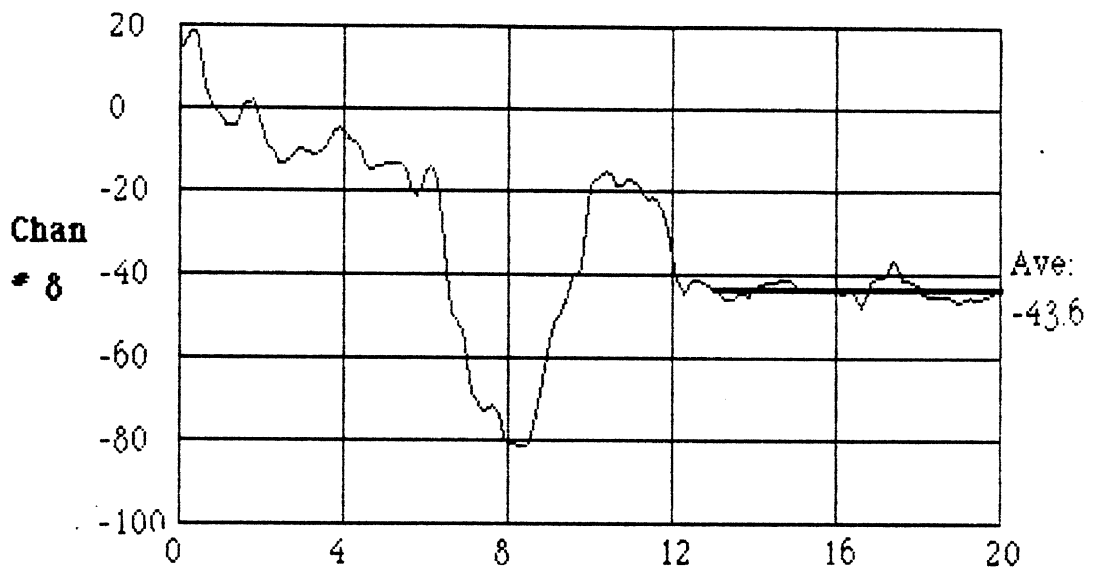
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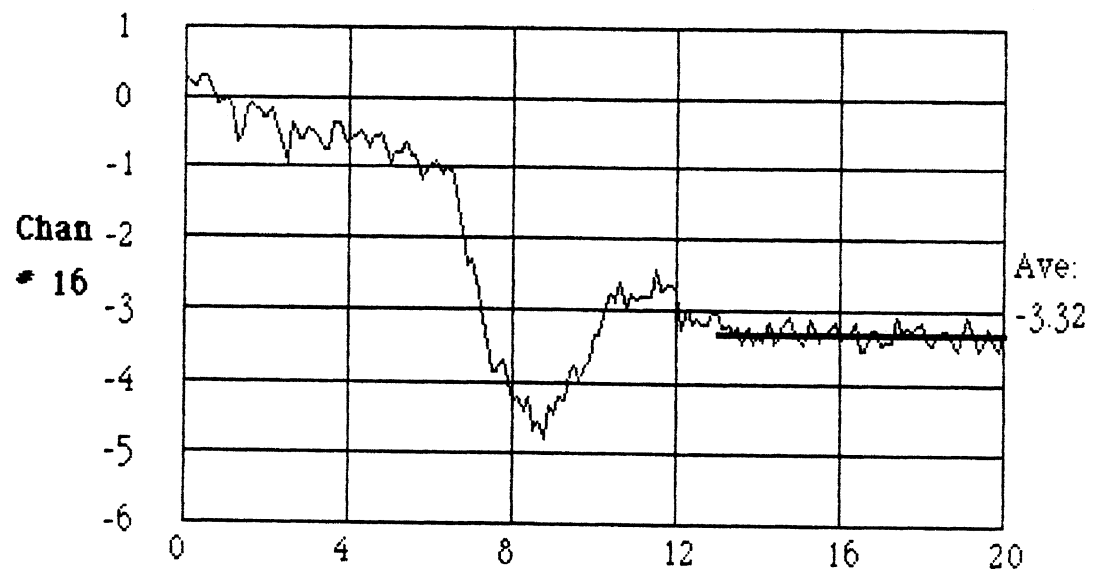
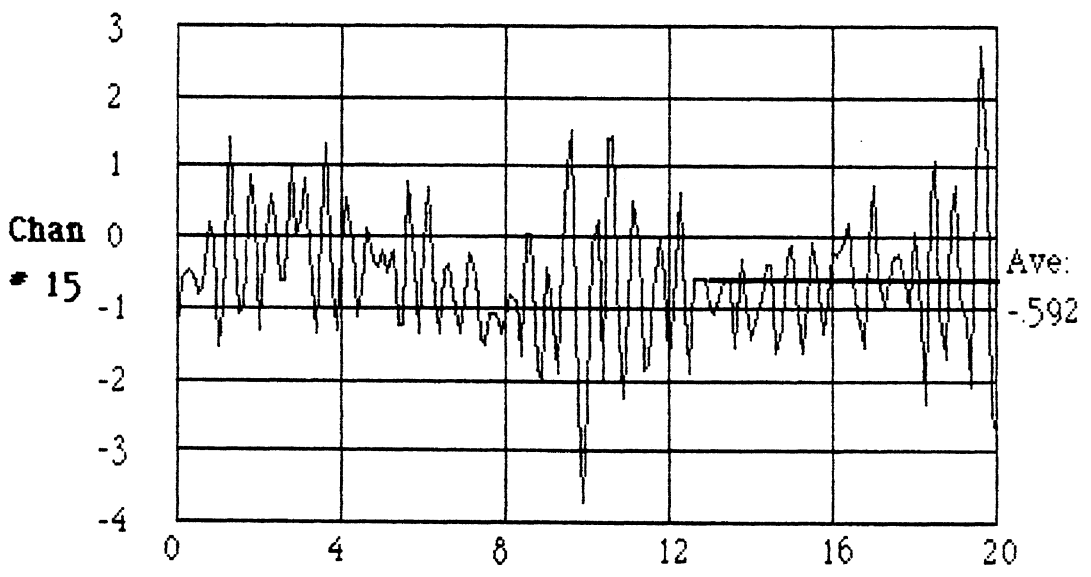
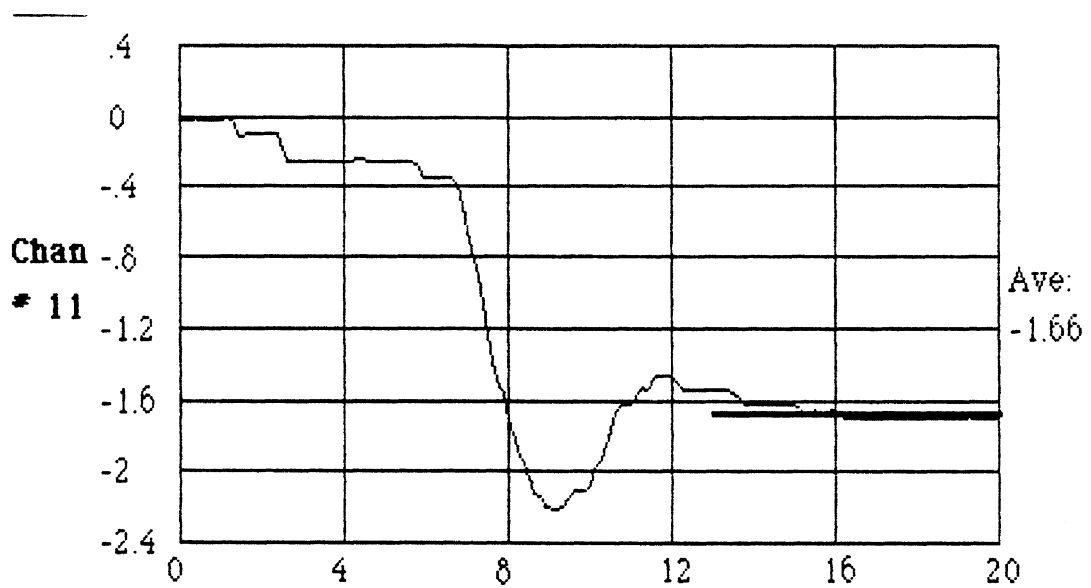
Steady Turning









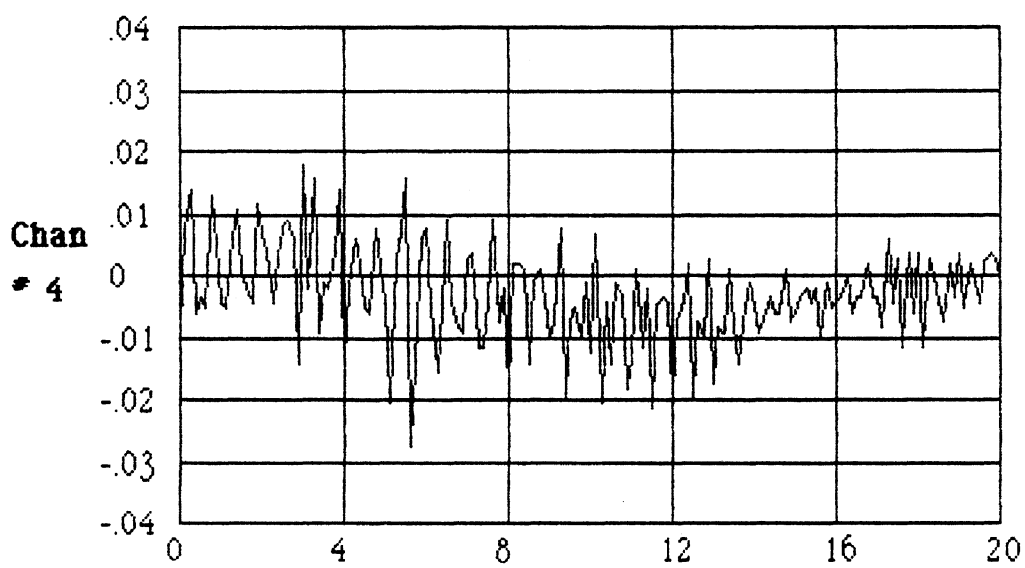
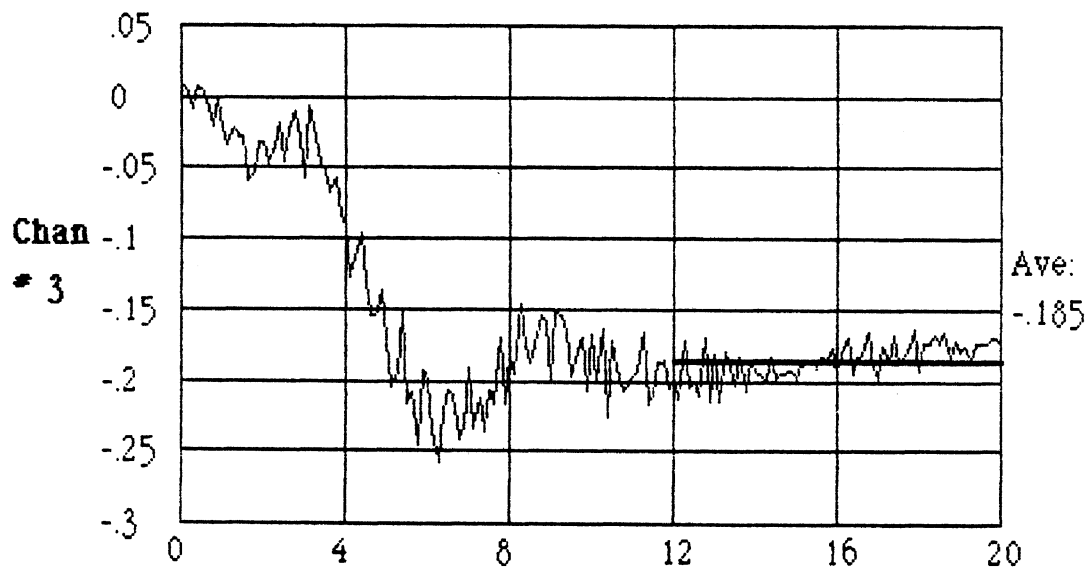
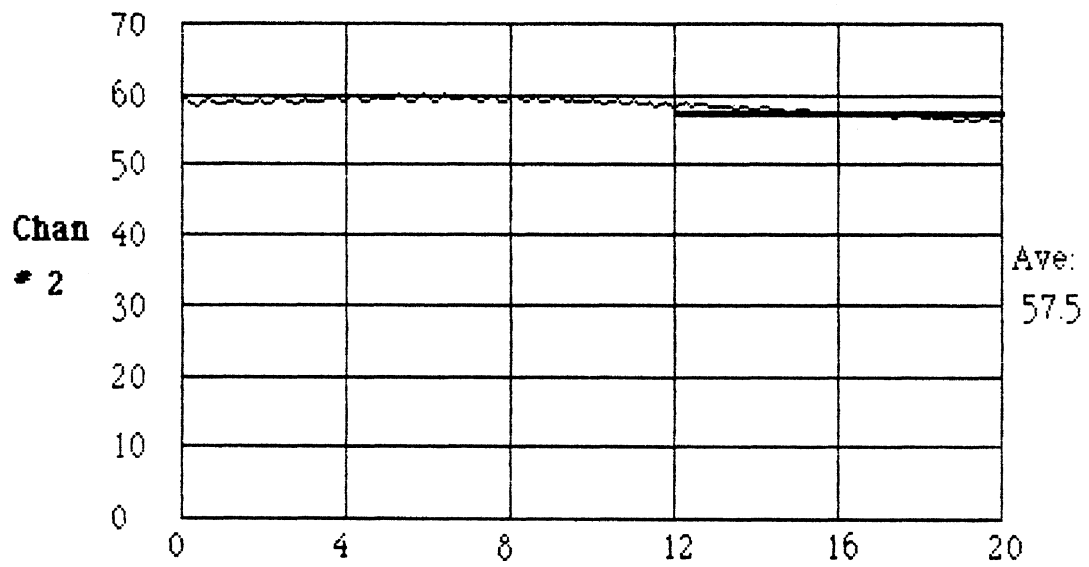


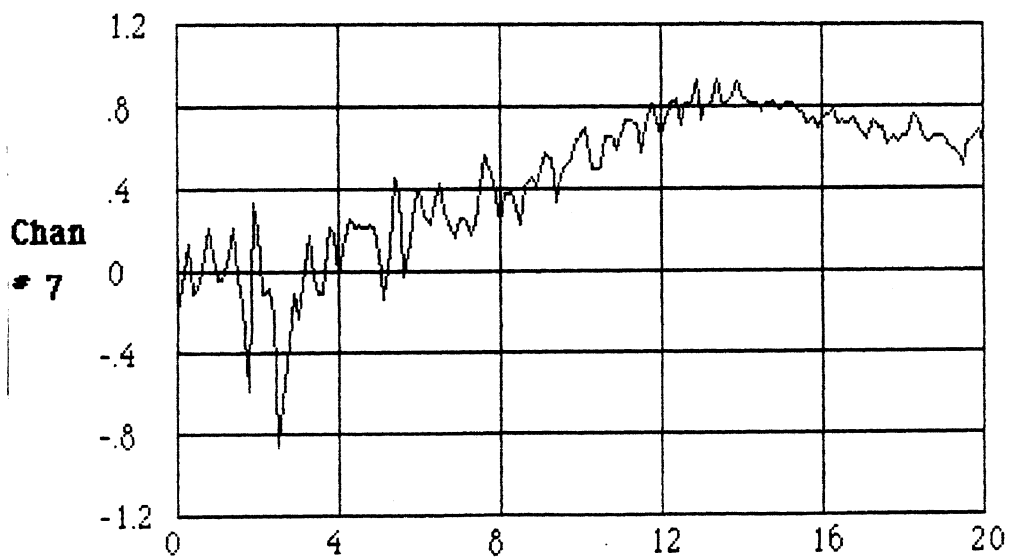
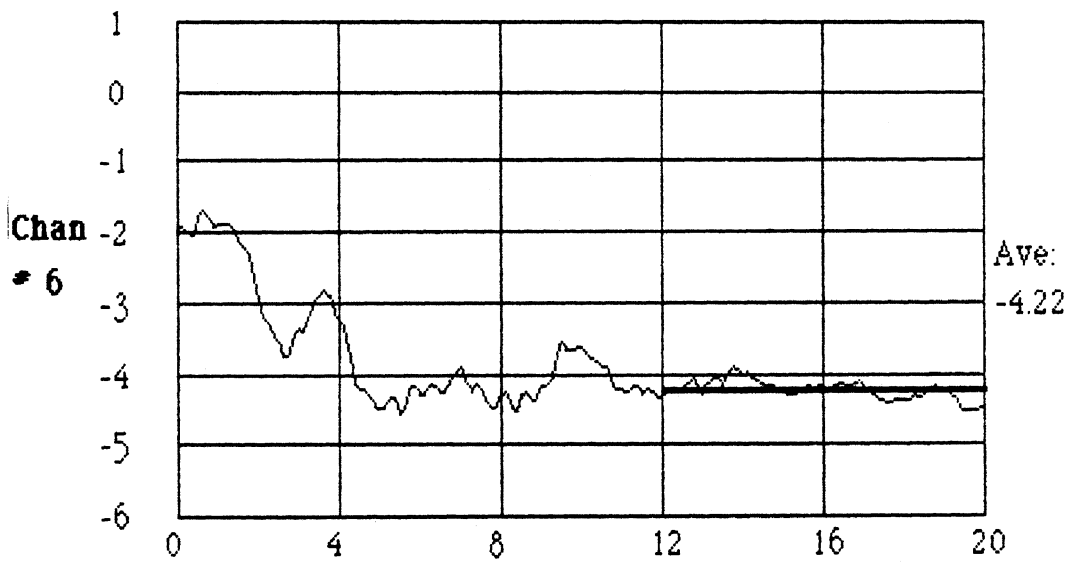
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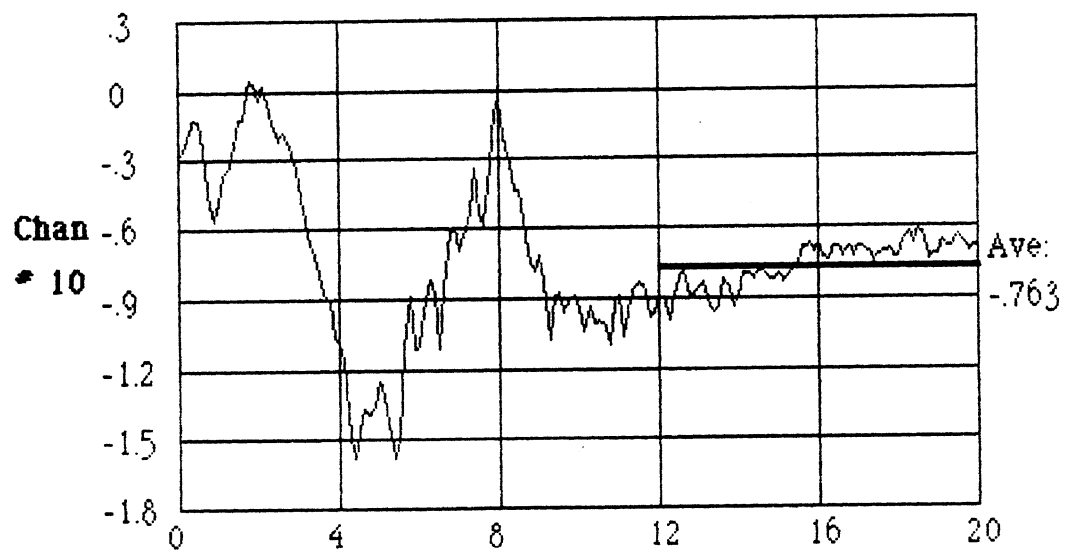
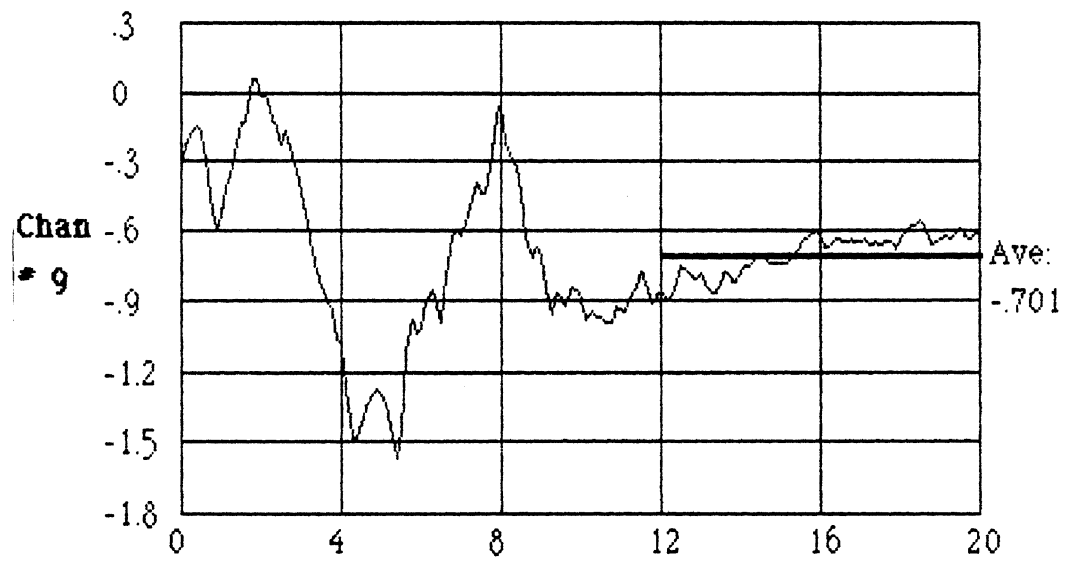
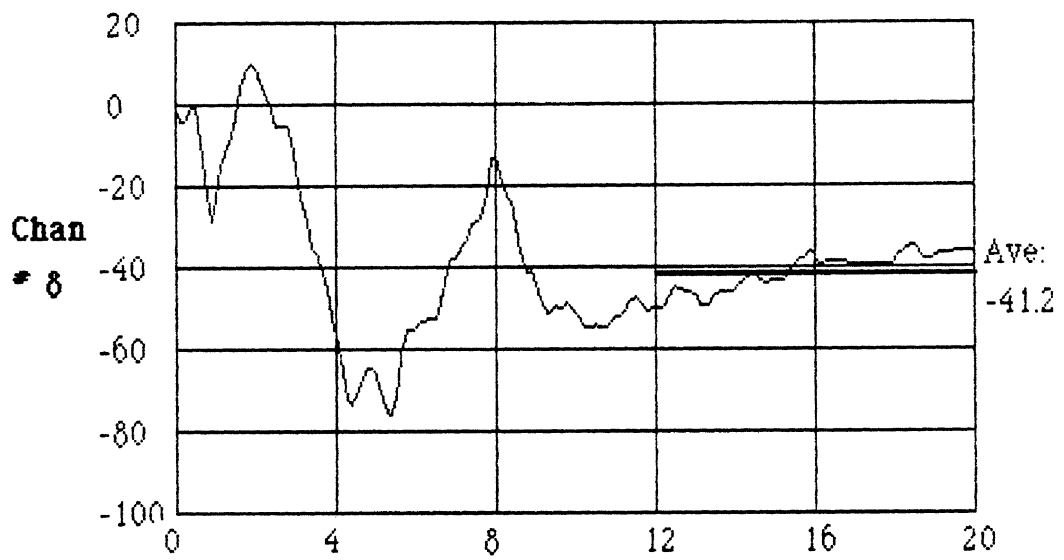
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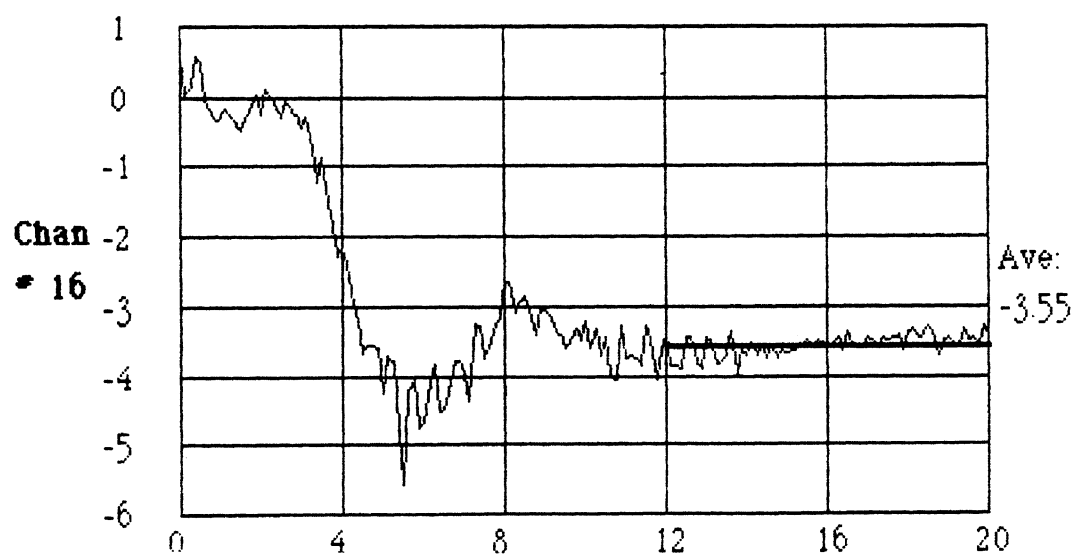
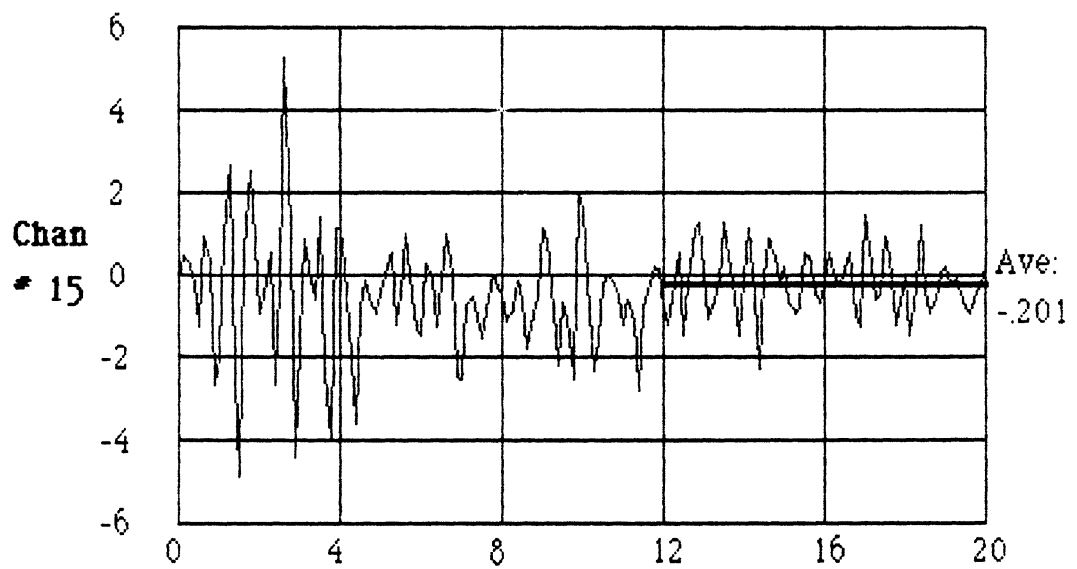
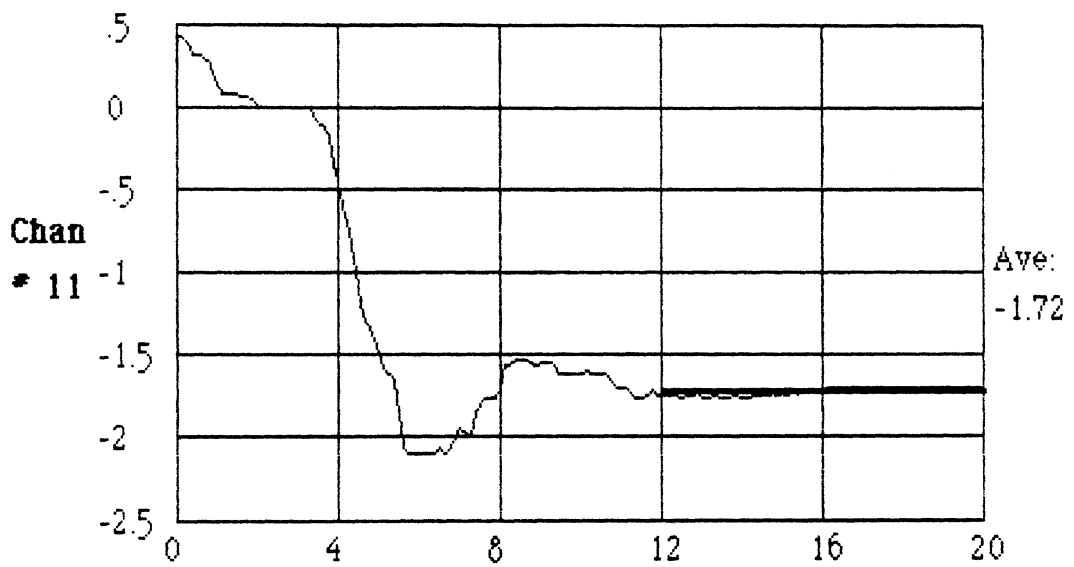
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Steady Turning









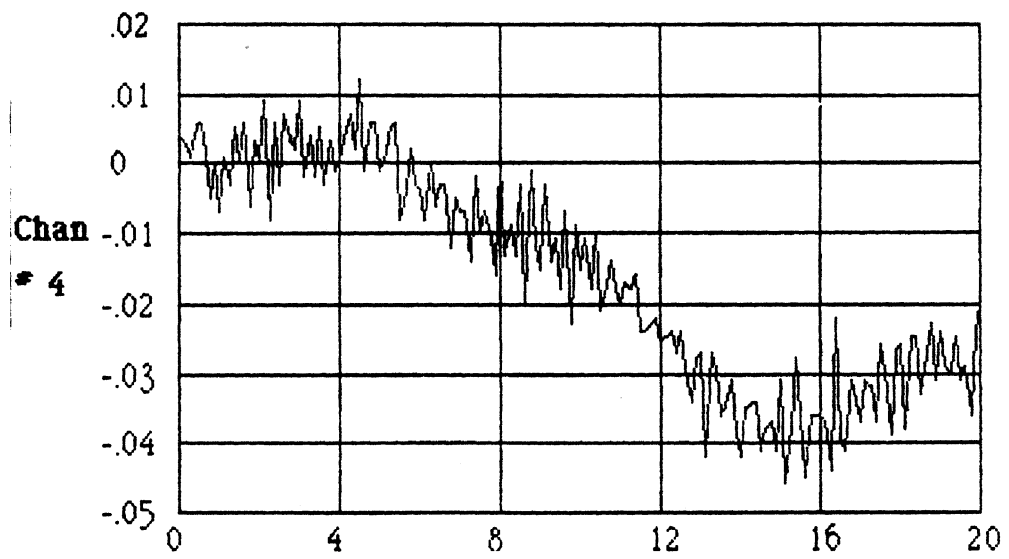
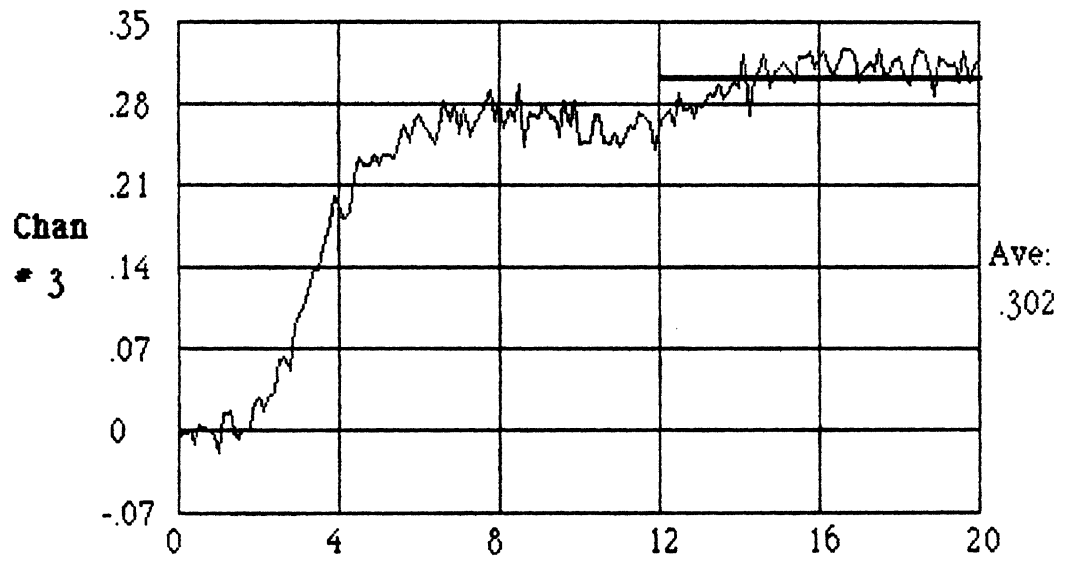
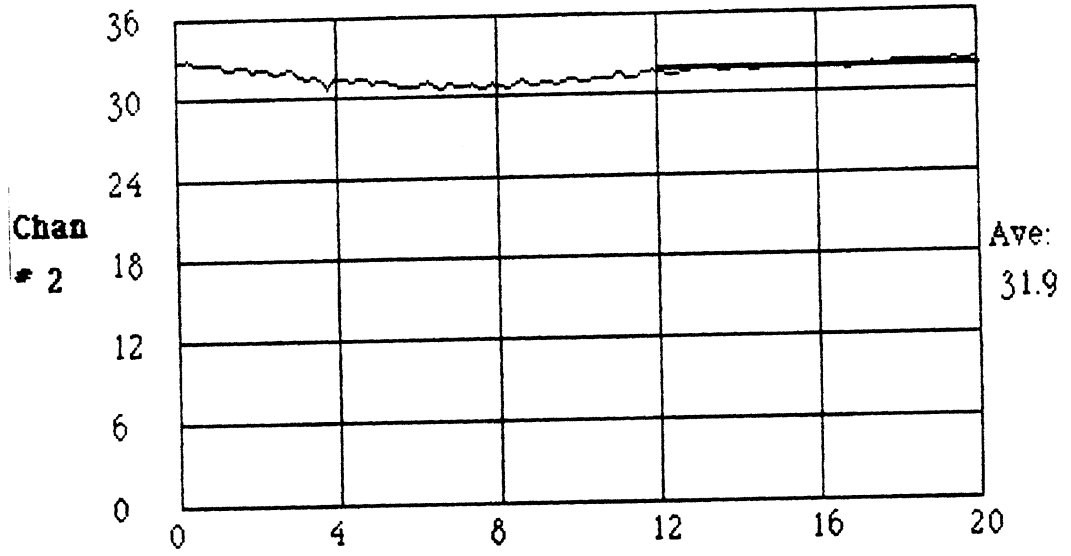


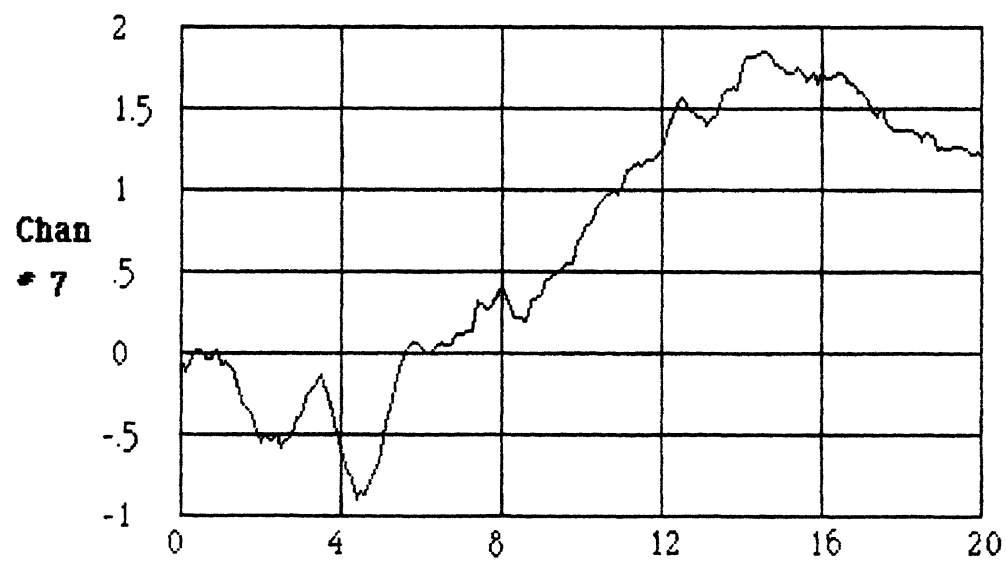
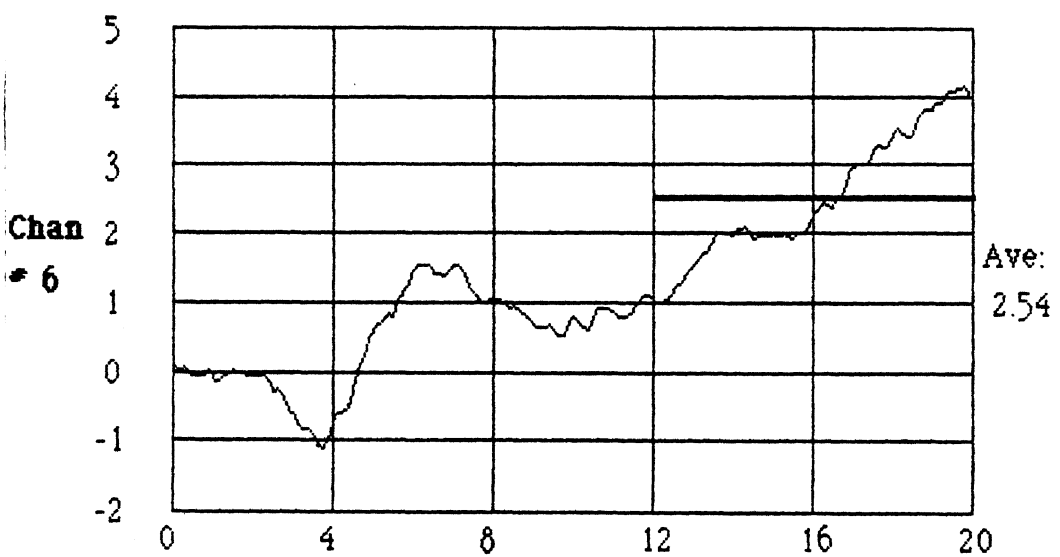
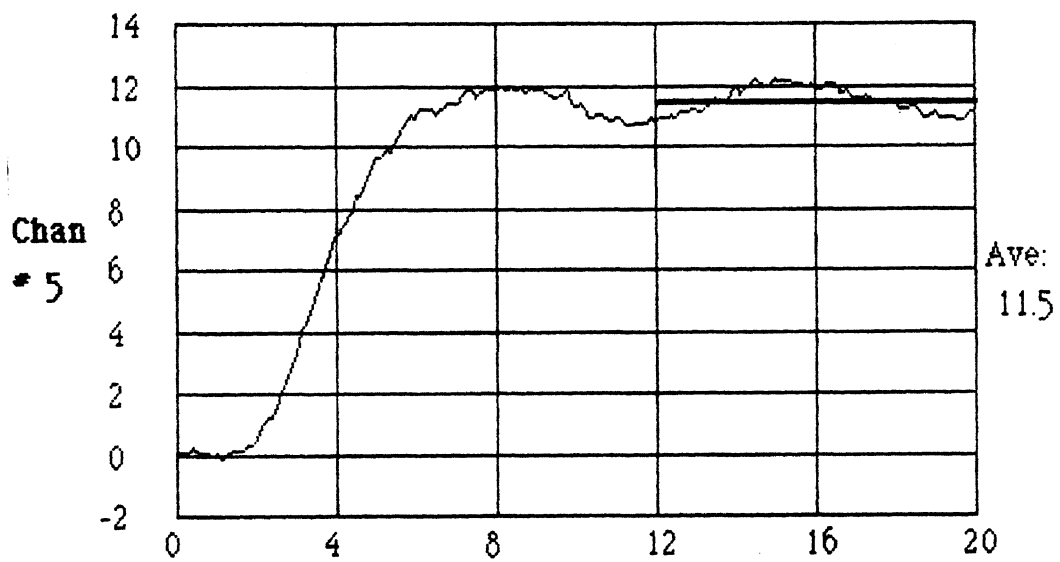
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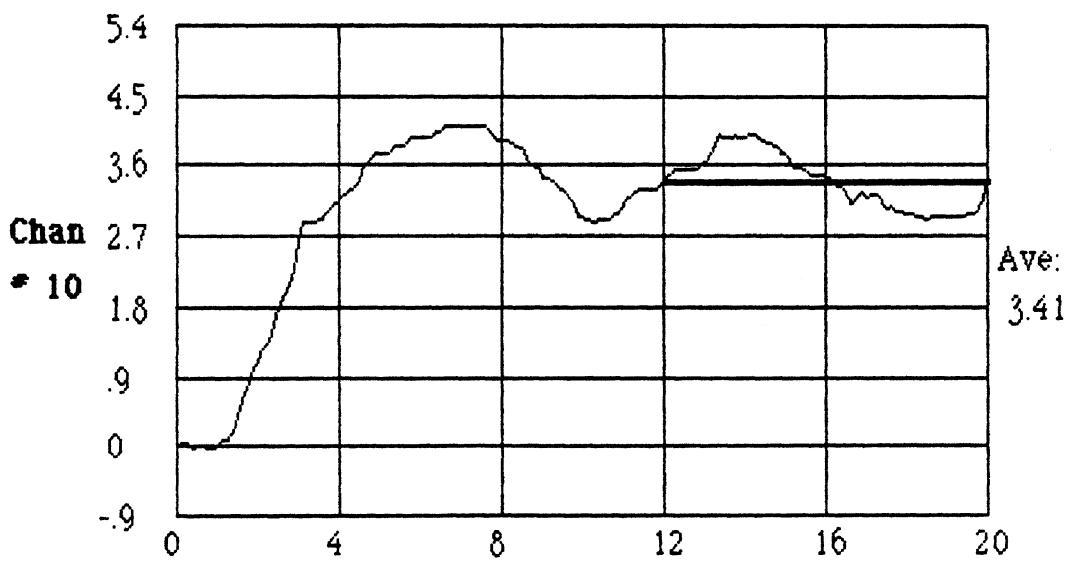
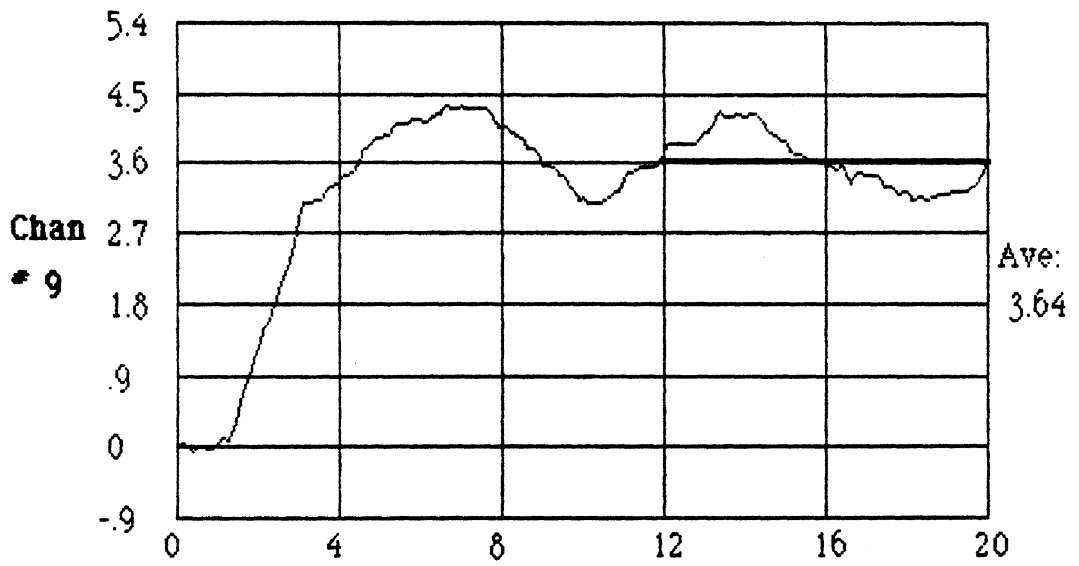
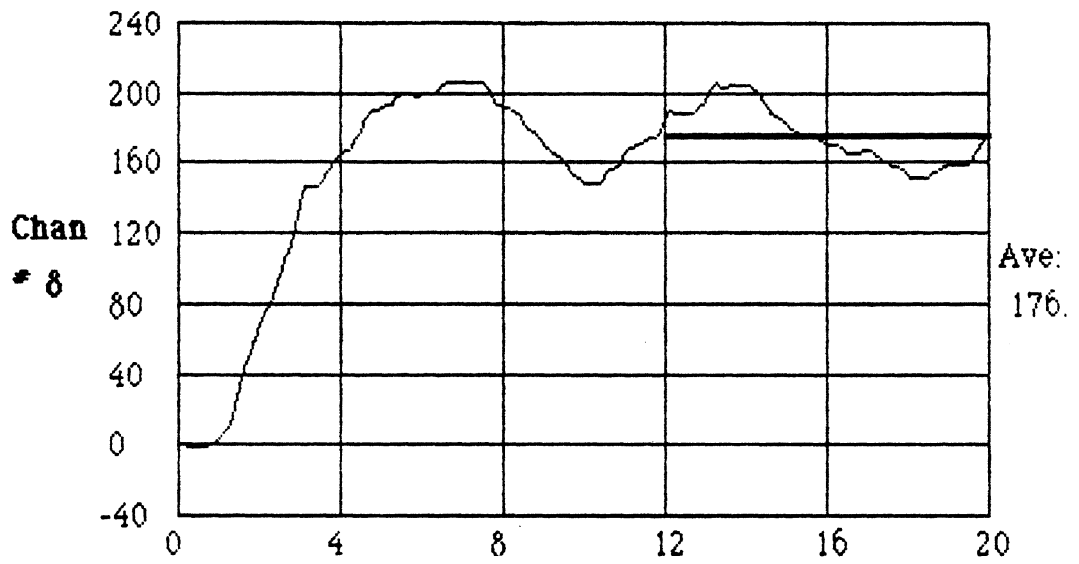
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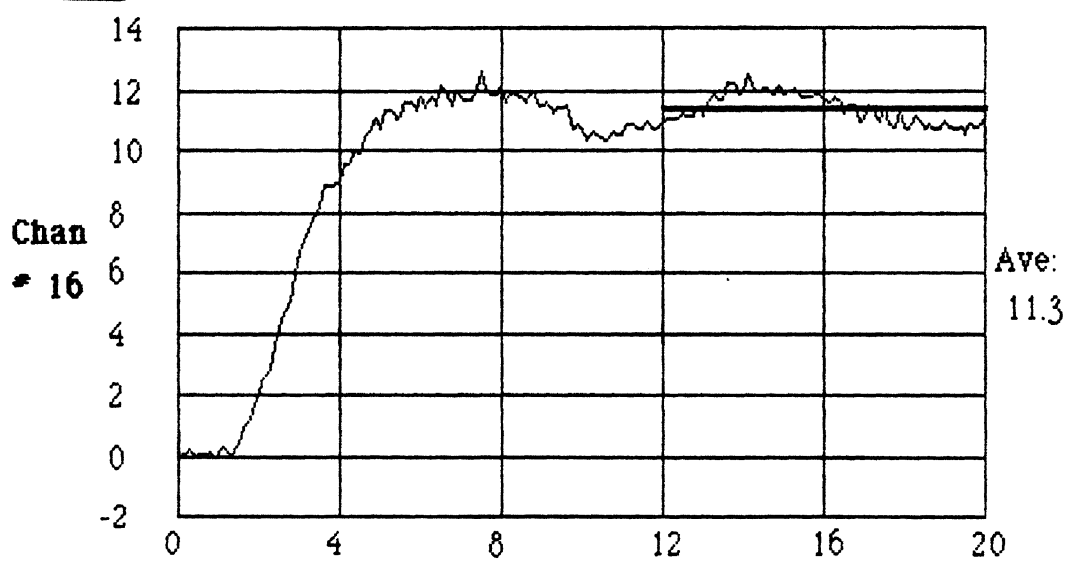
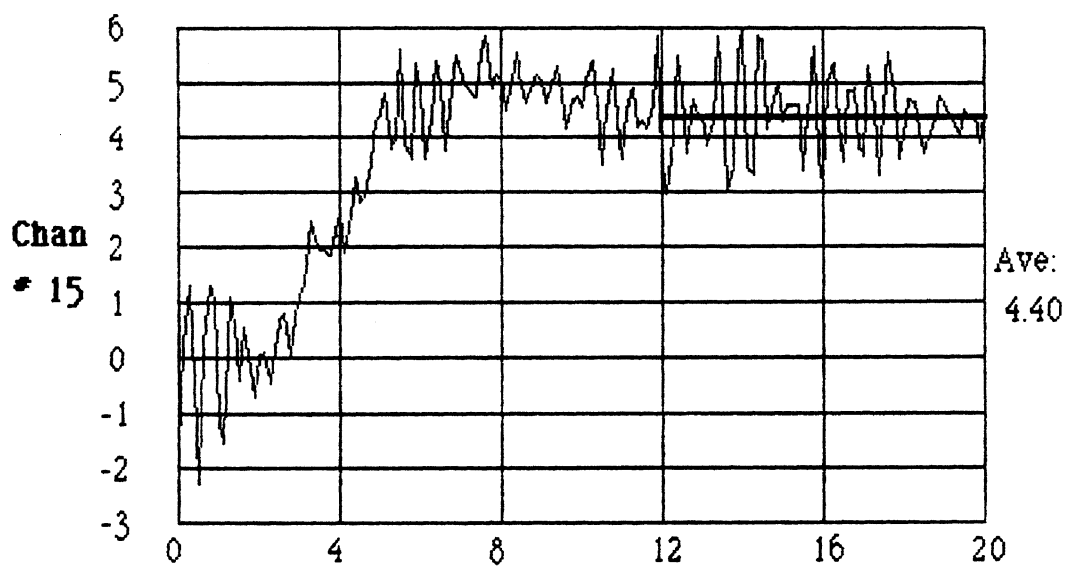
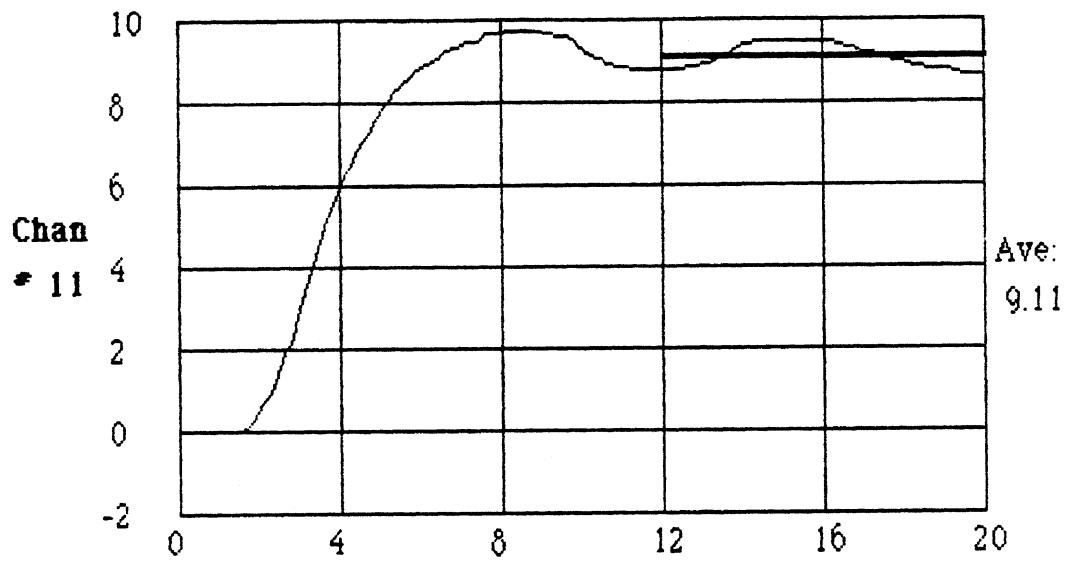
Repeat 1

Steady Turning







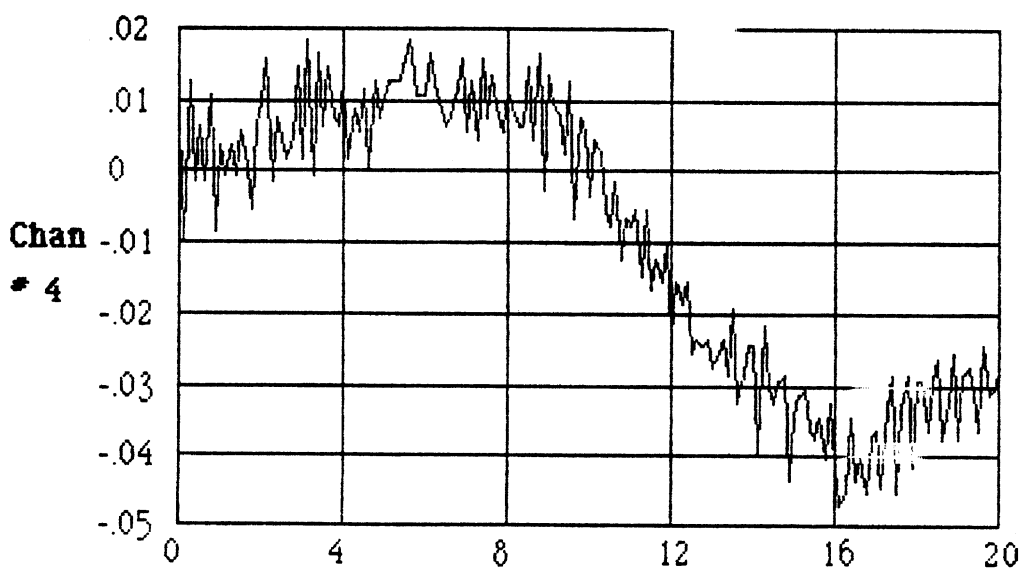
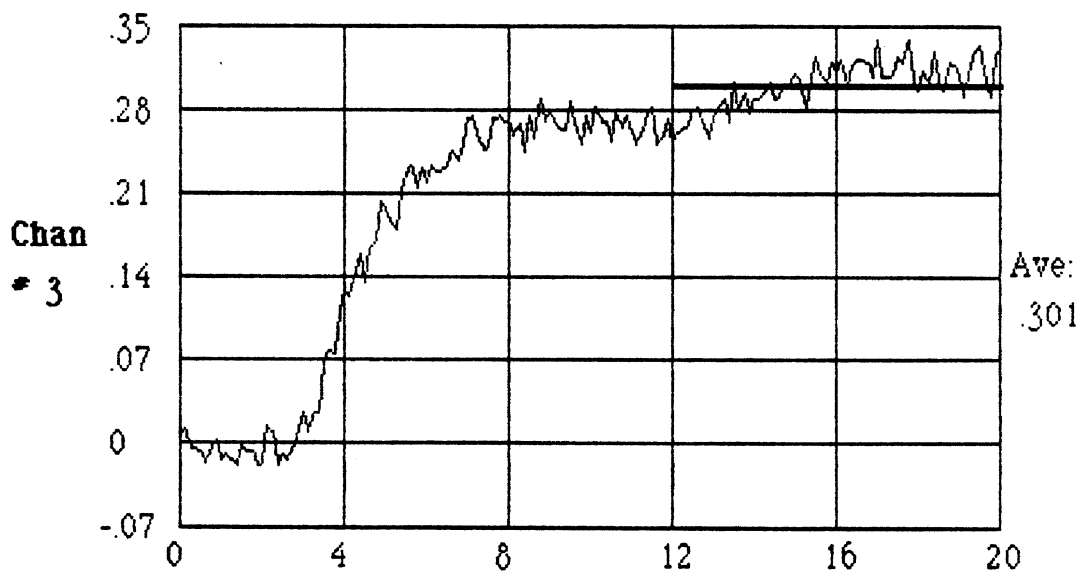
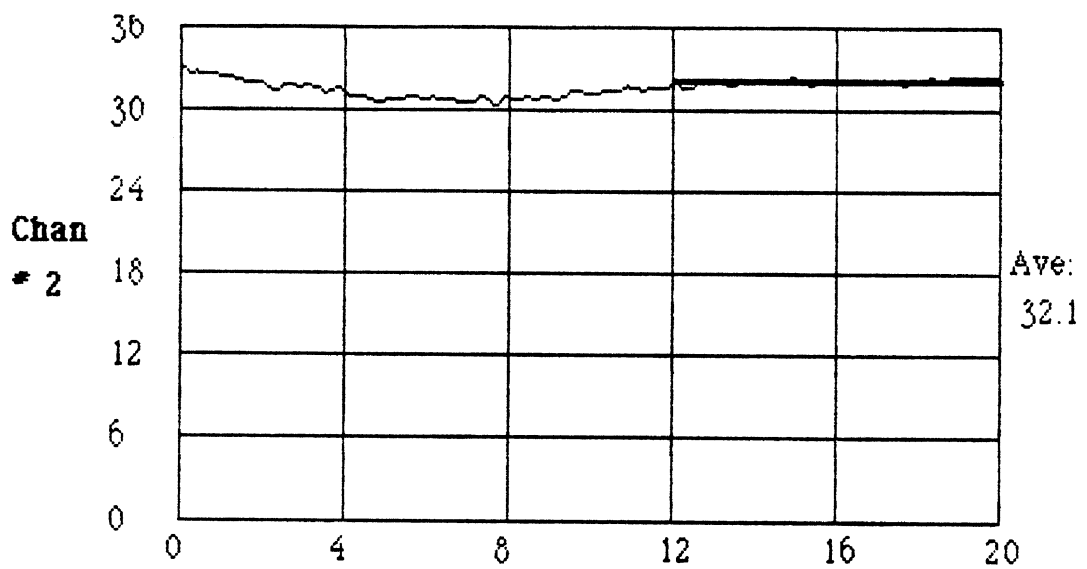


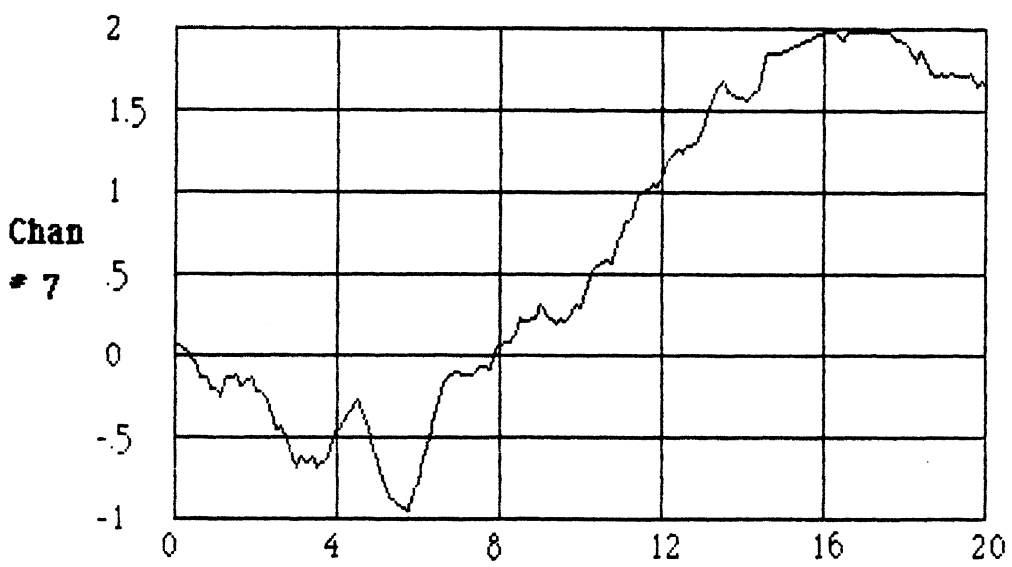
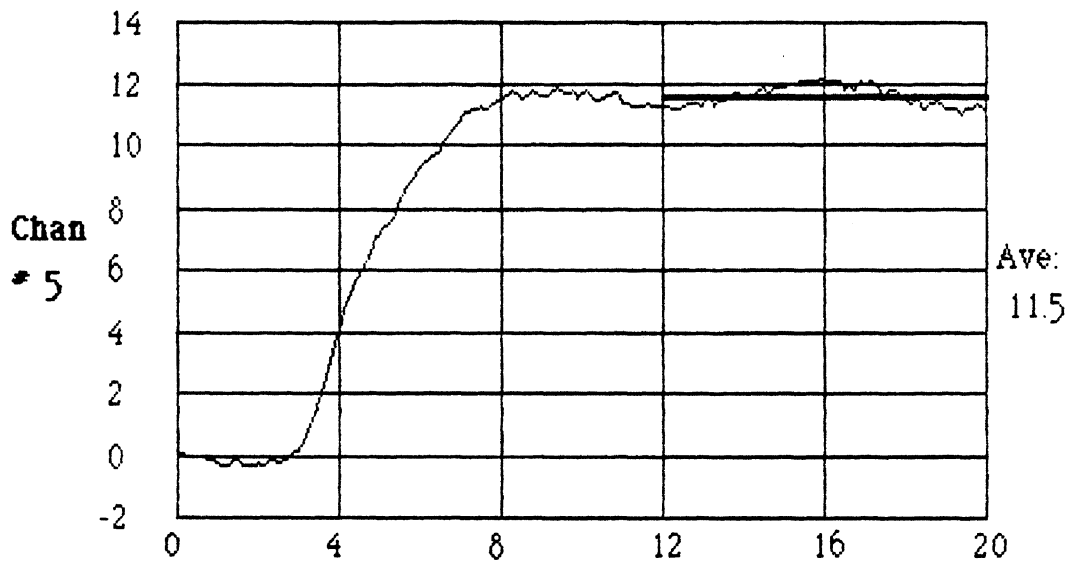
Tractor-semitrailer

Ramp

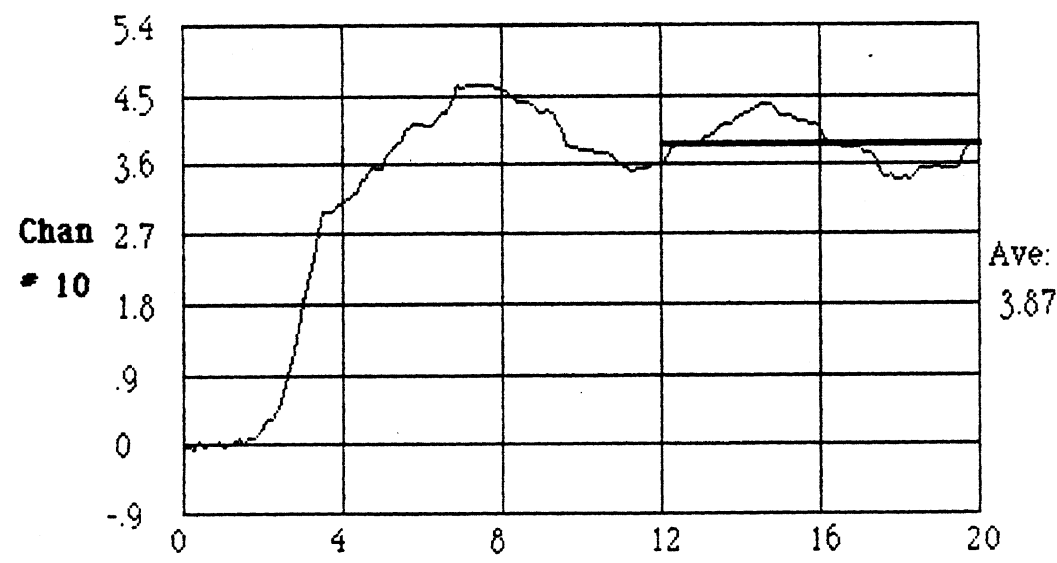
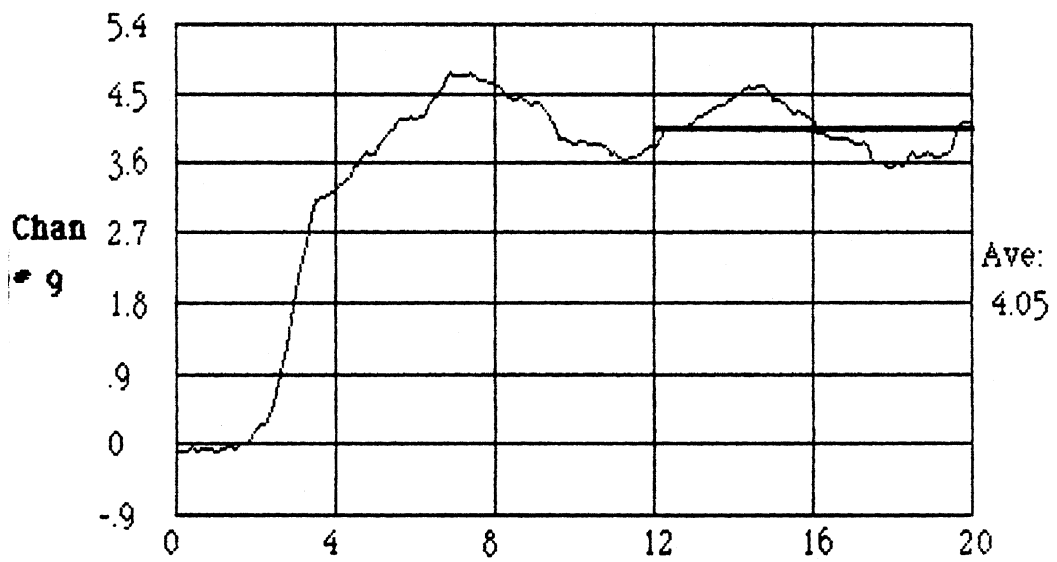
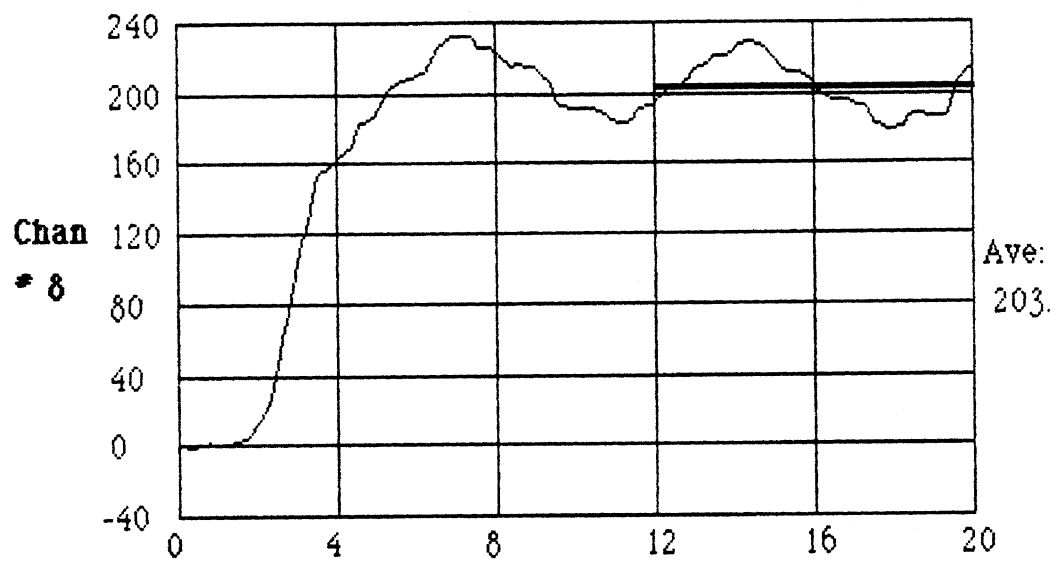
Repeat 2

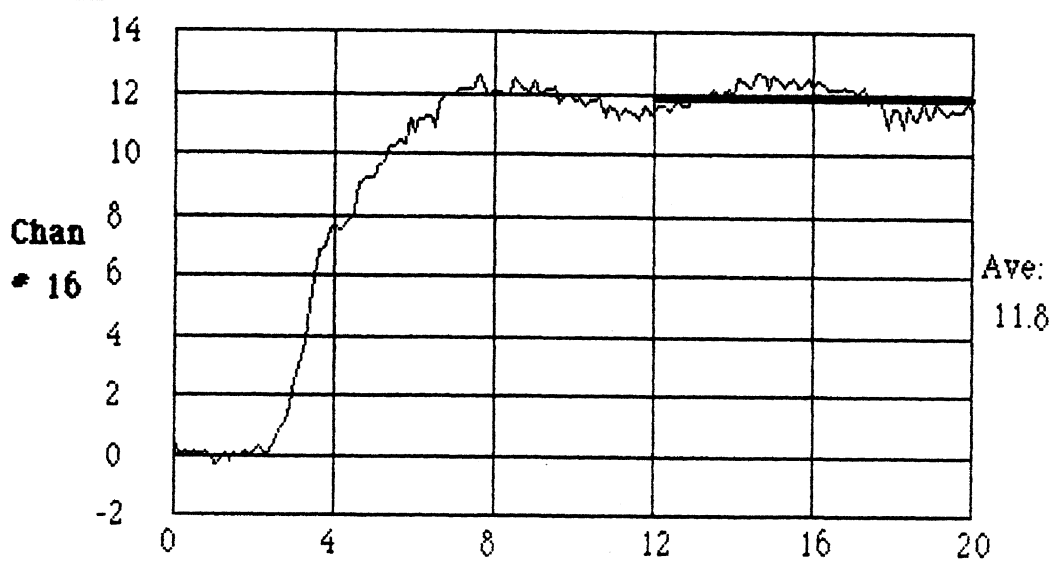
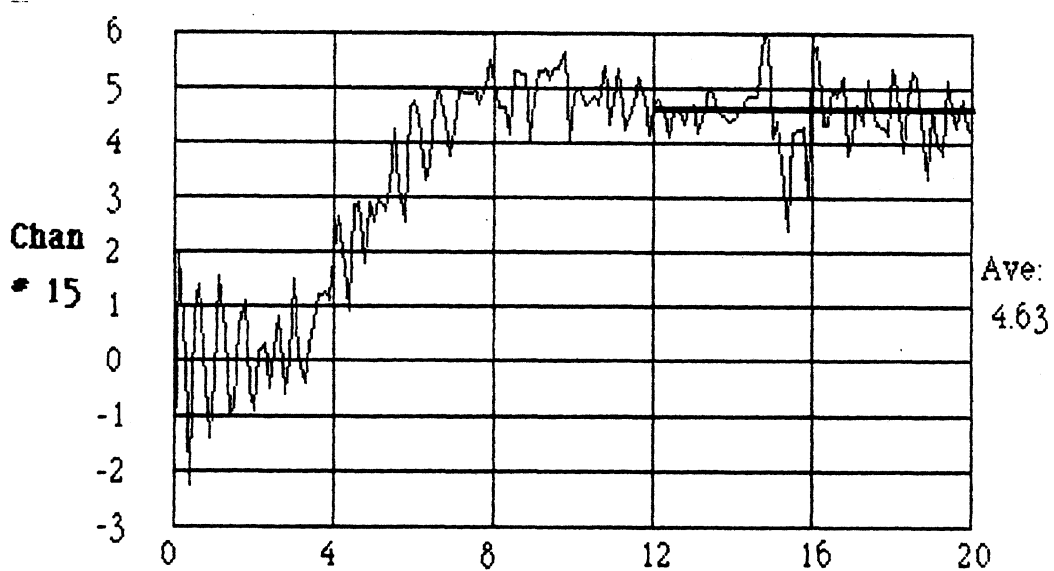
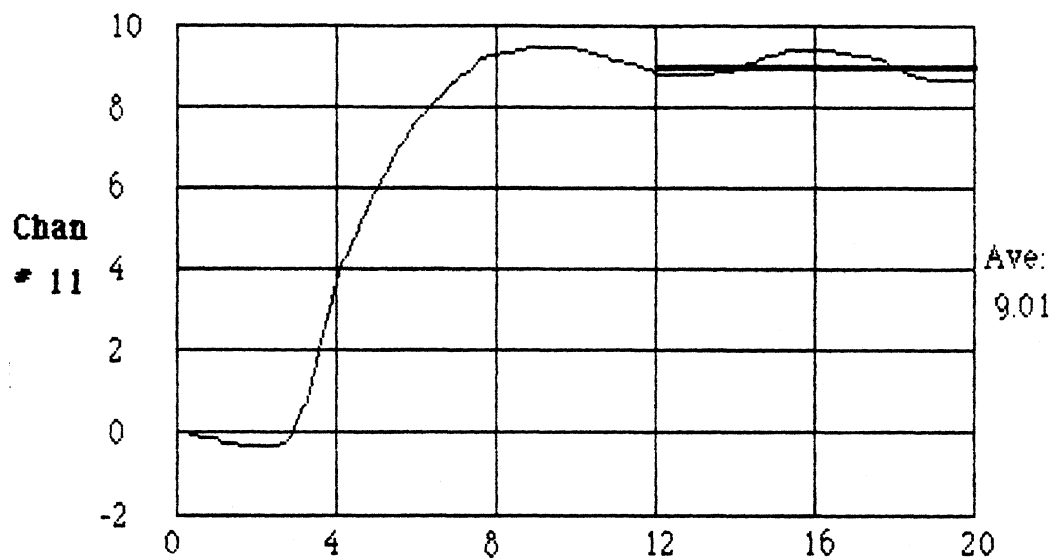
Steady Turning









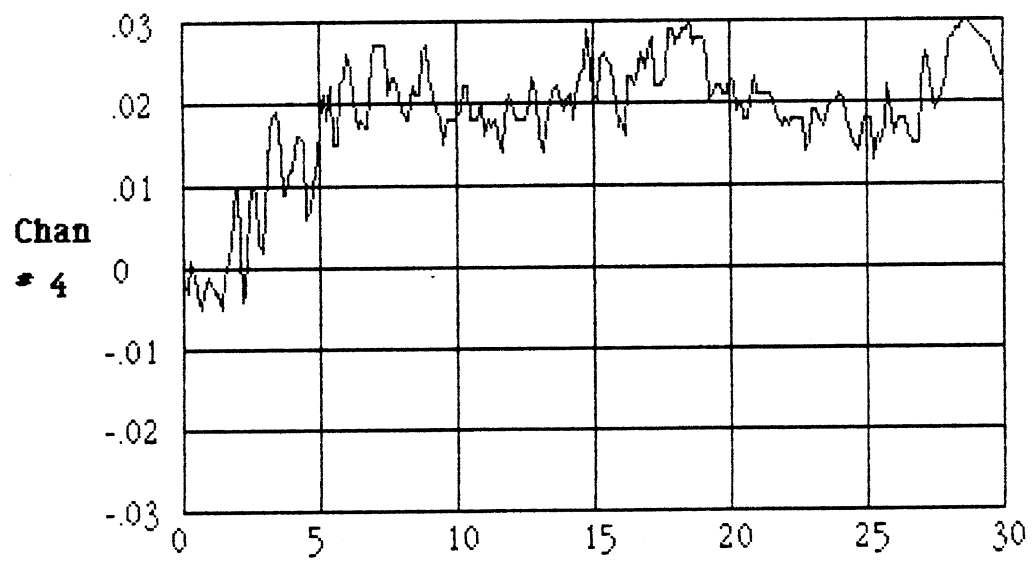
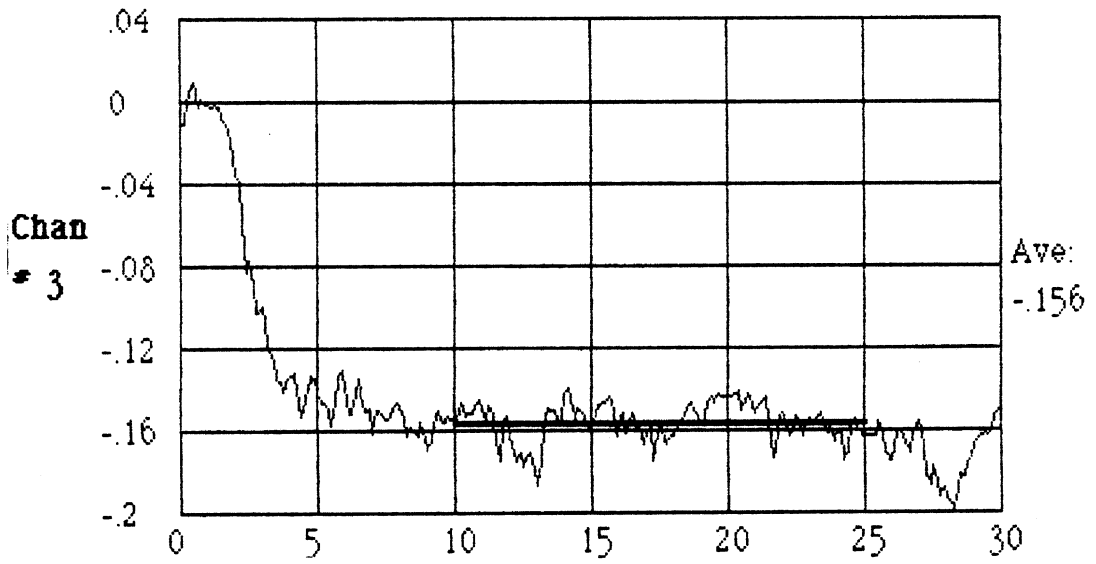
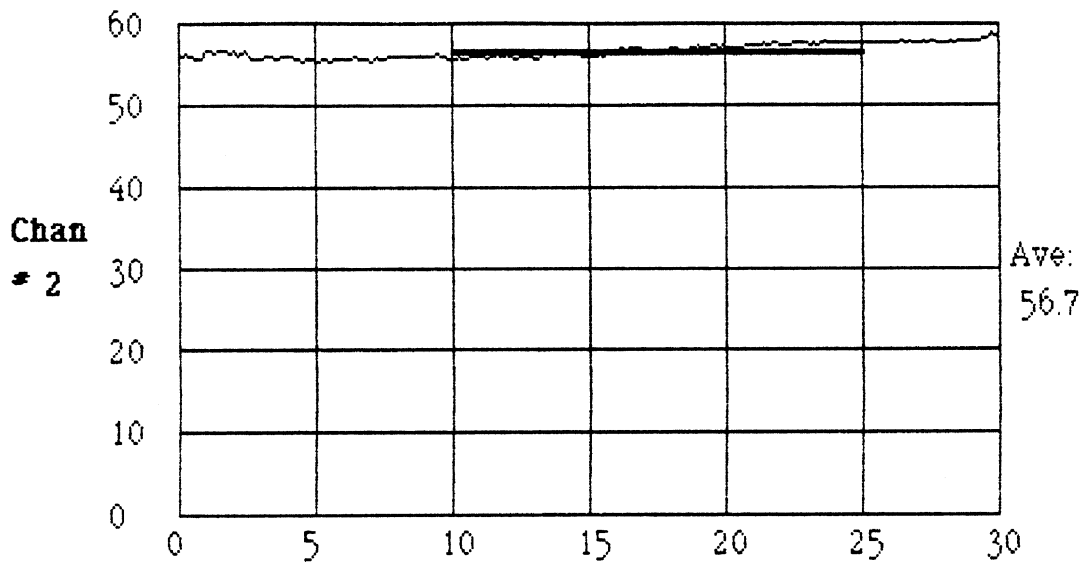


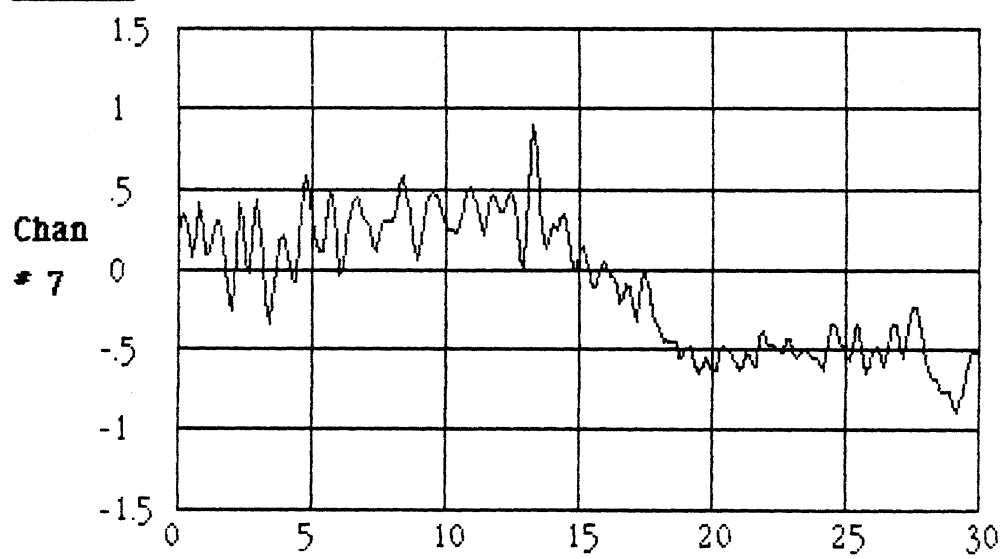
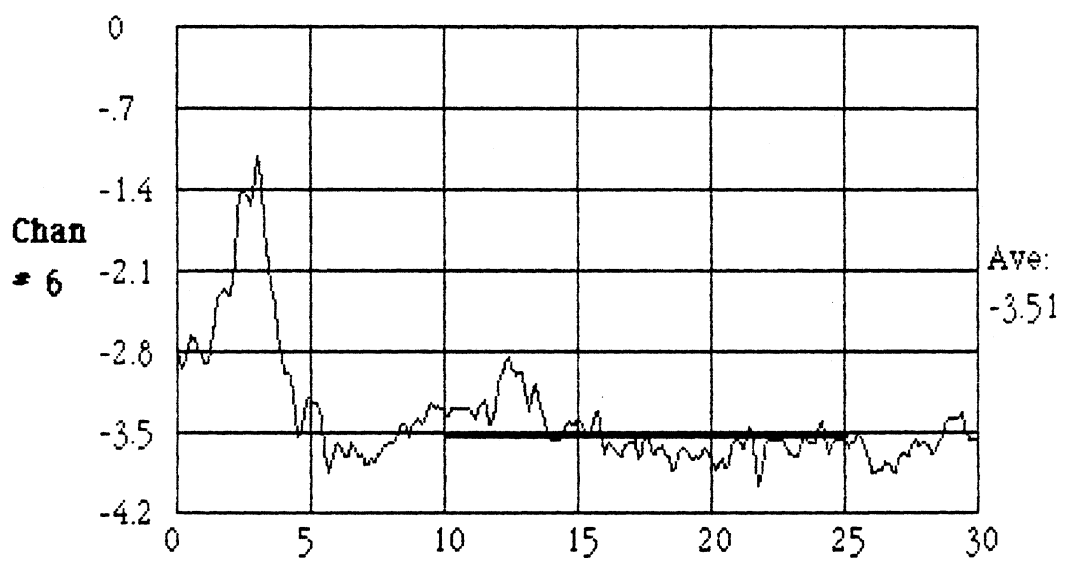
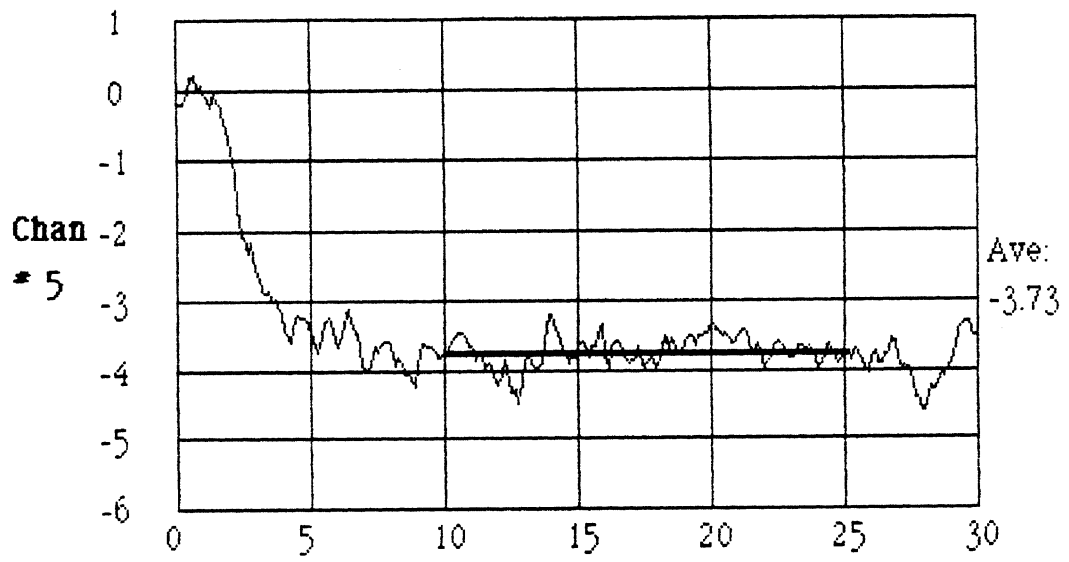
Dodge Aries

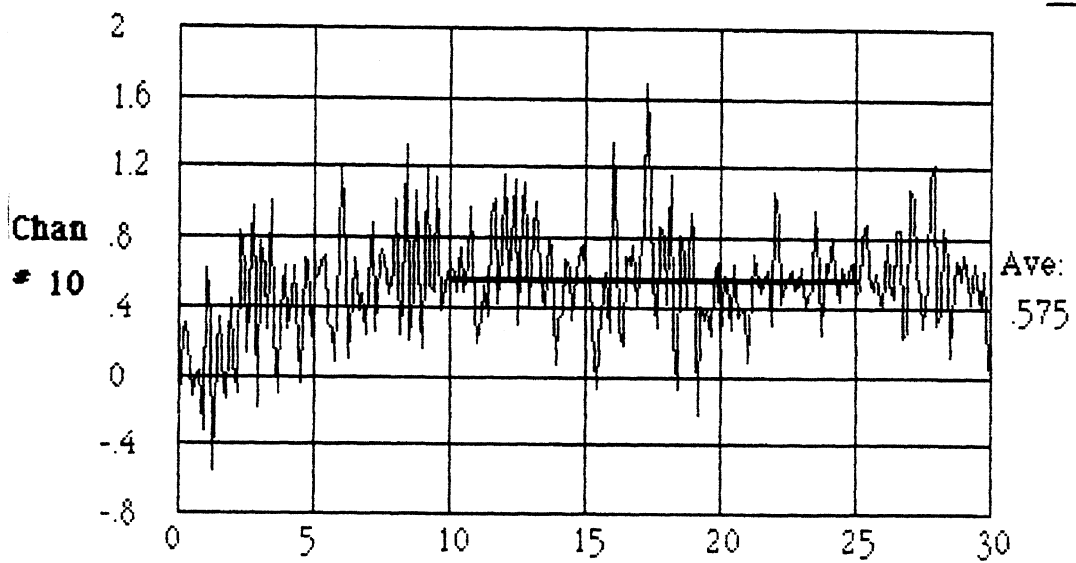
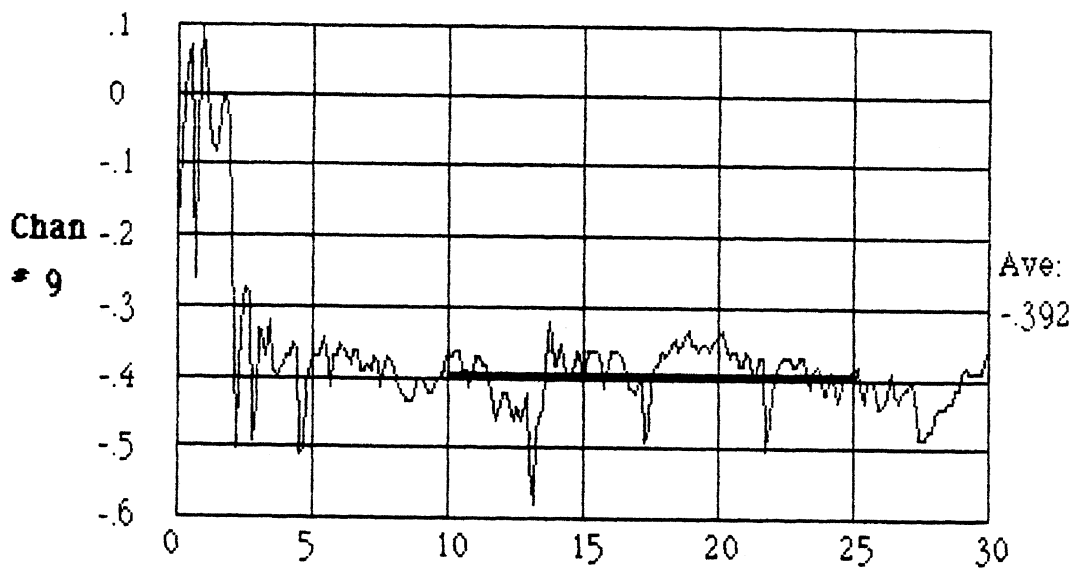
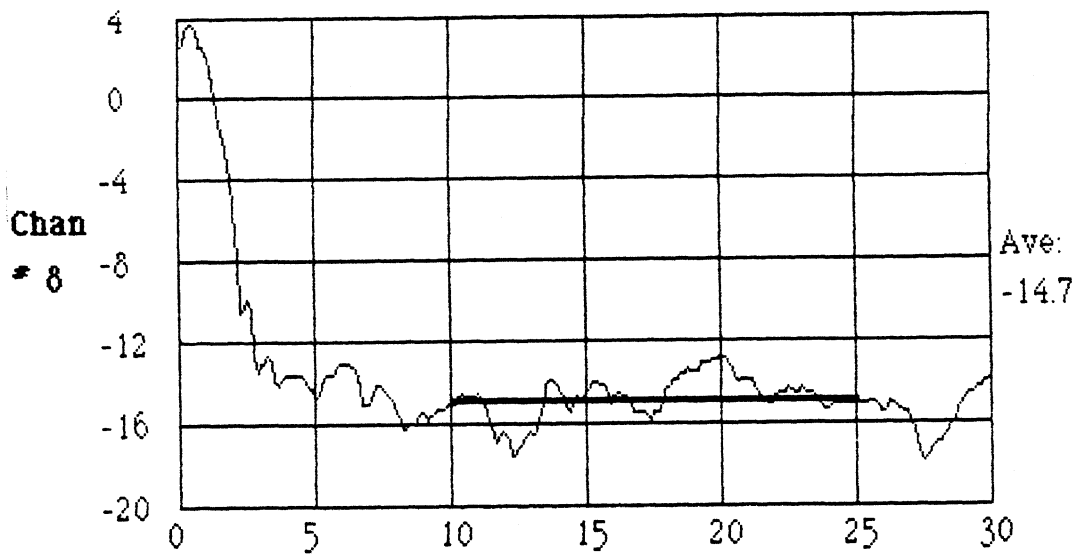
Curve #1

Repeat 1

Steady Turning





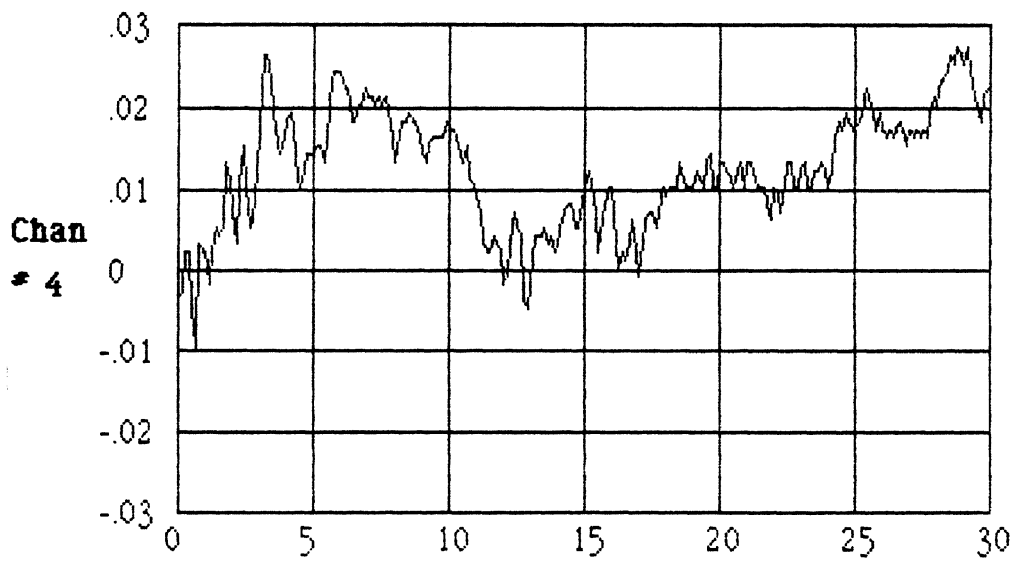
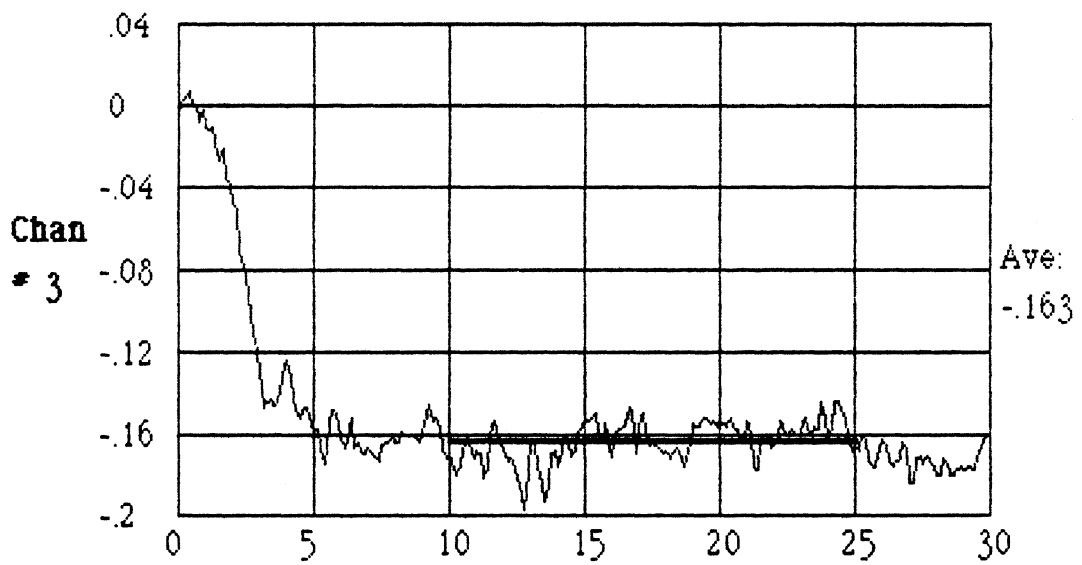
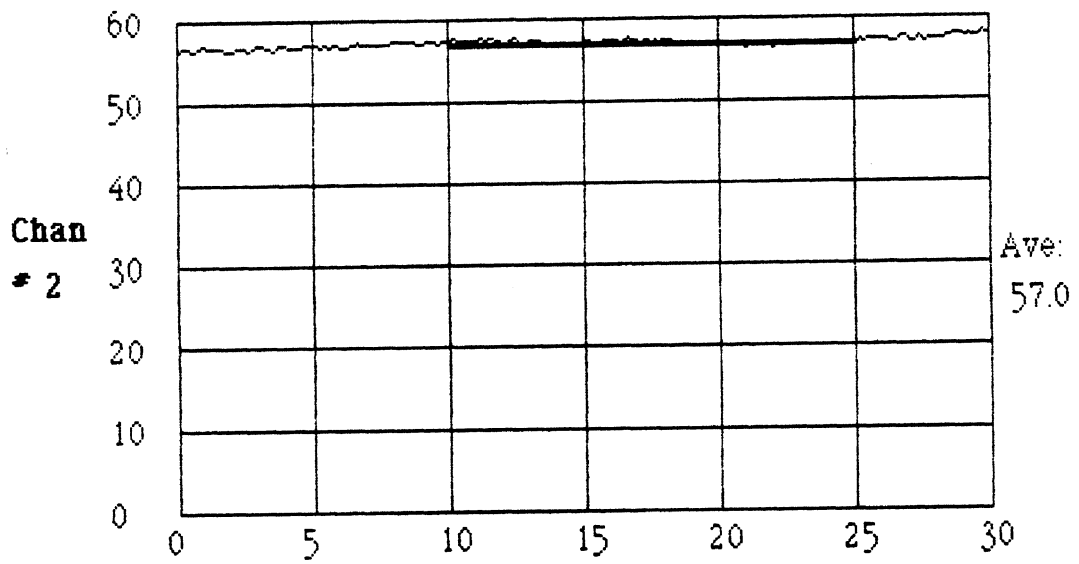


Dodge Aries

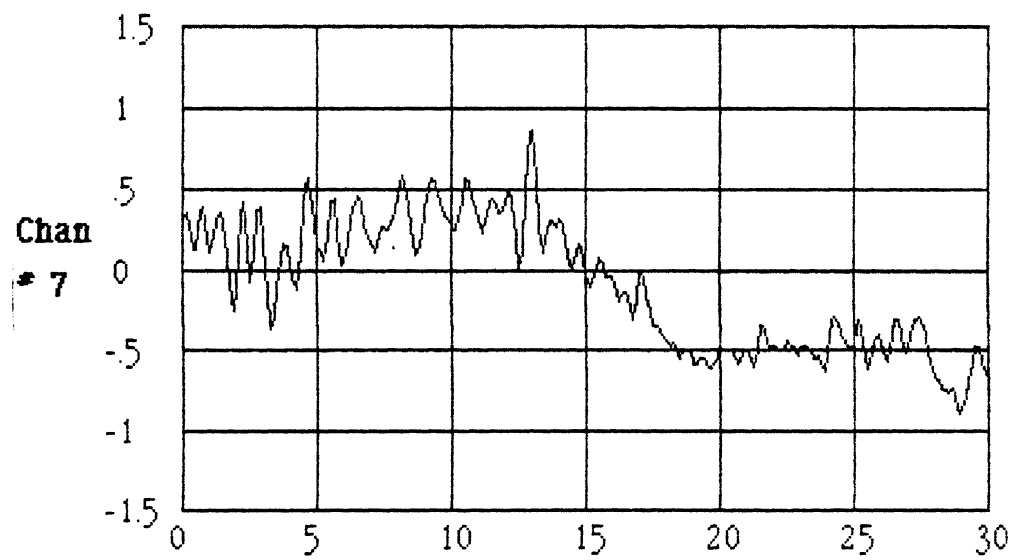
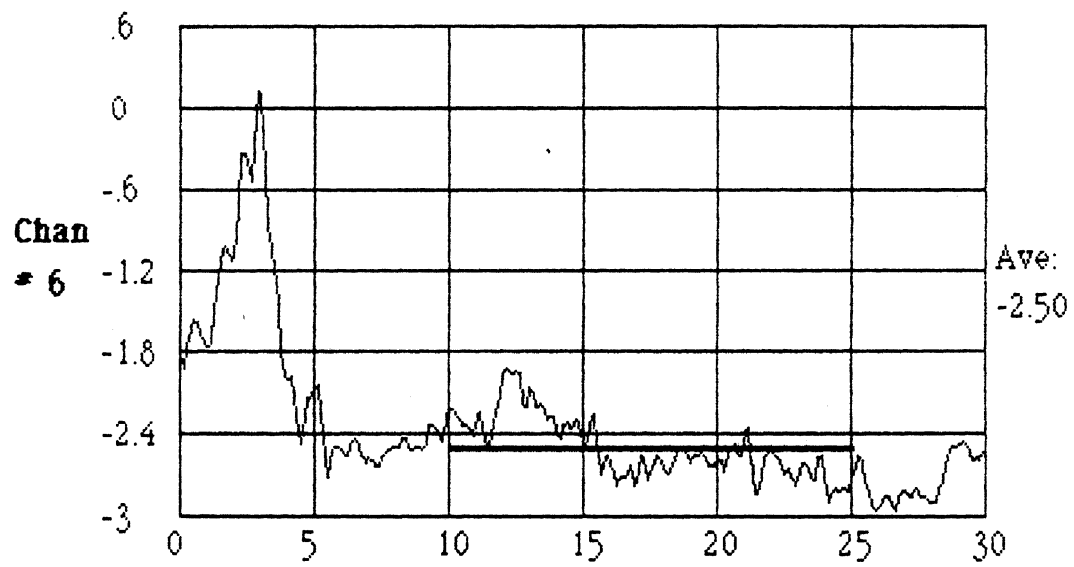
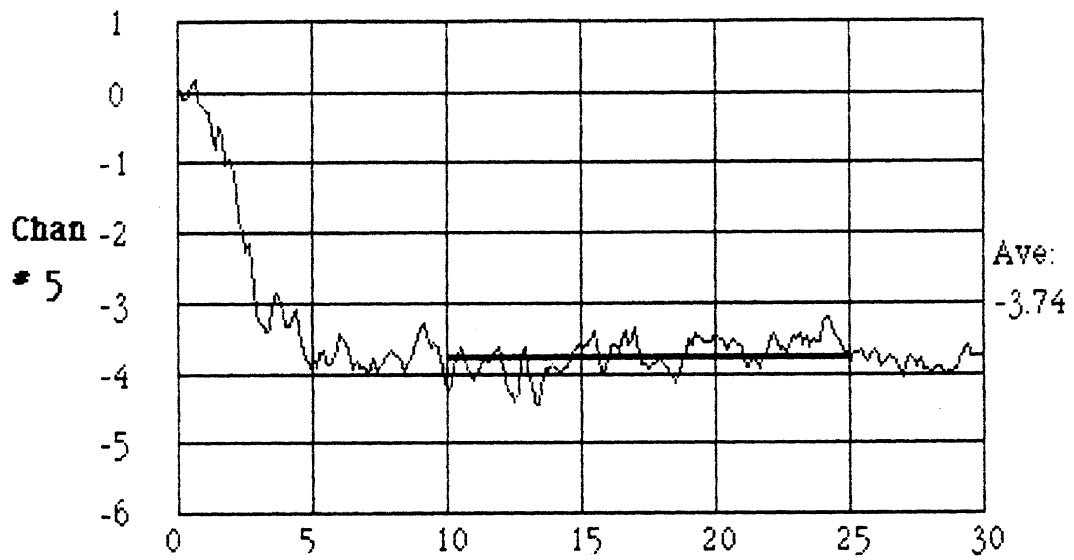
Curve #1

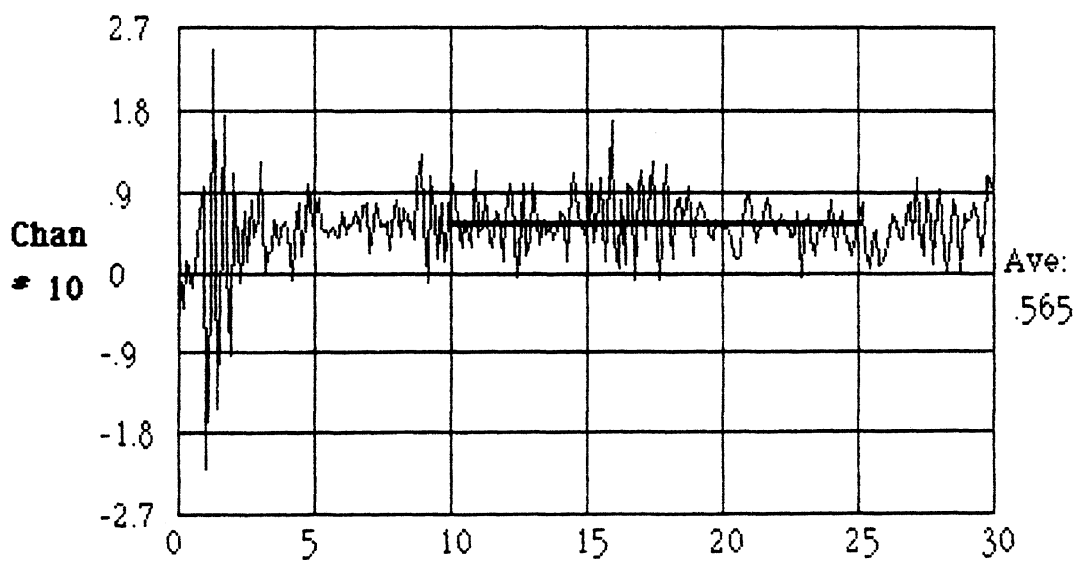
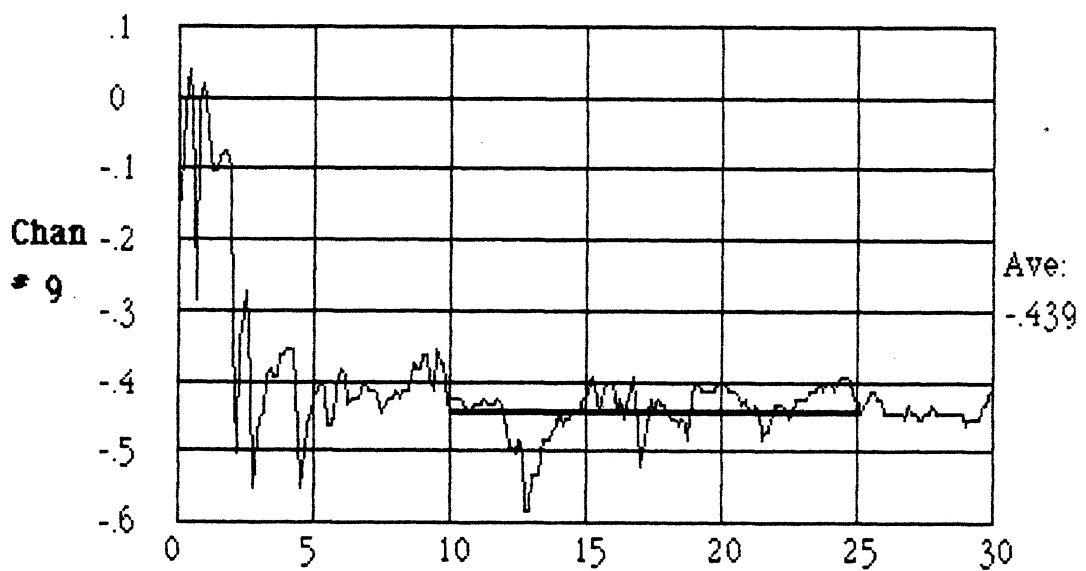
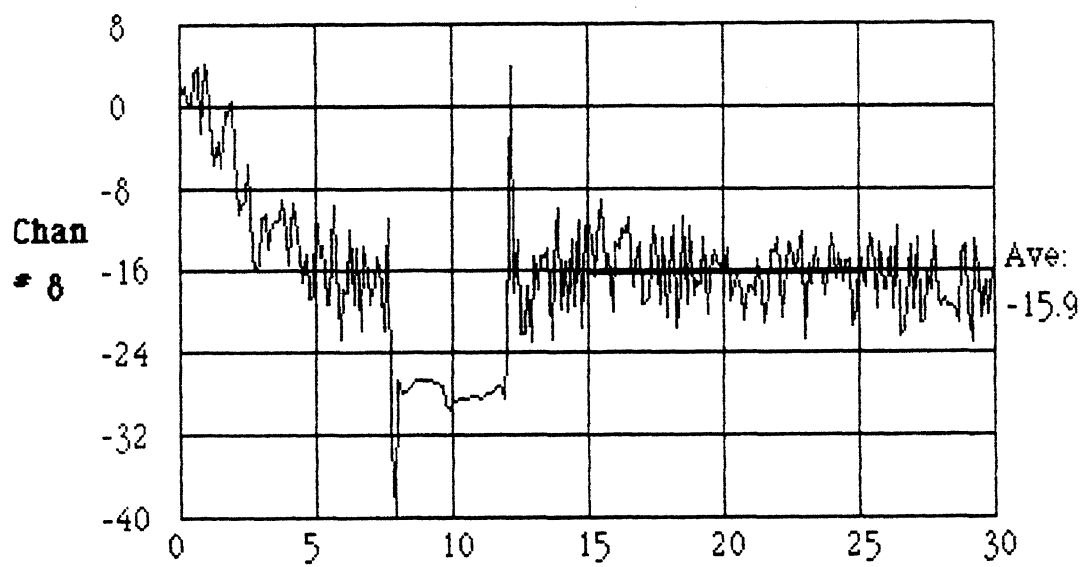
Repeat 2

Steady Turning







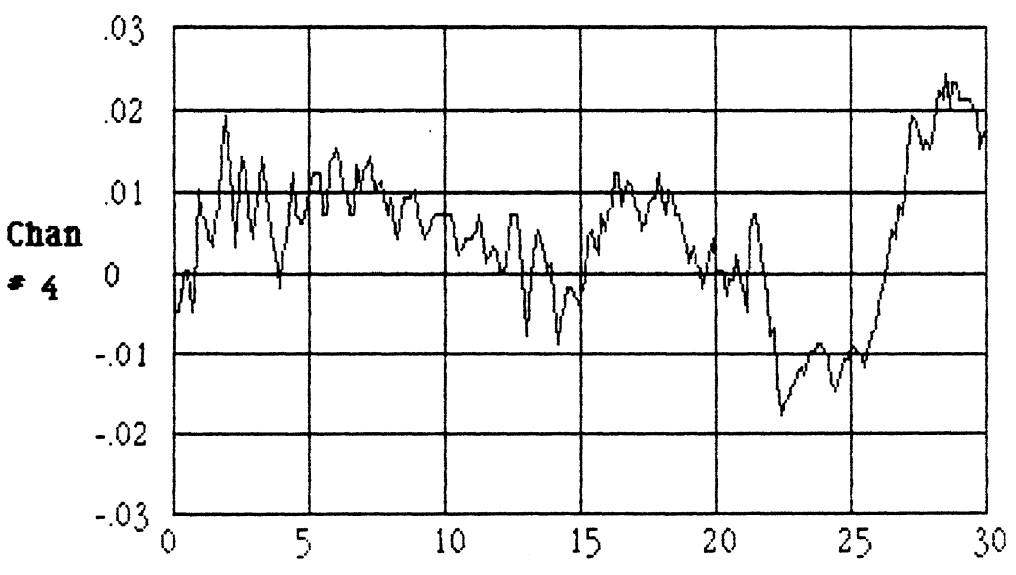
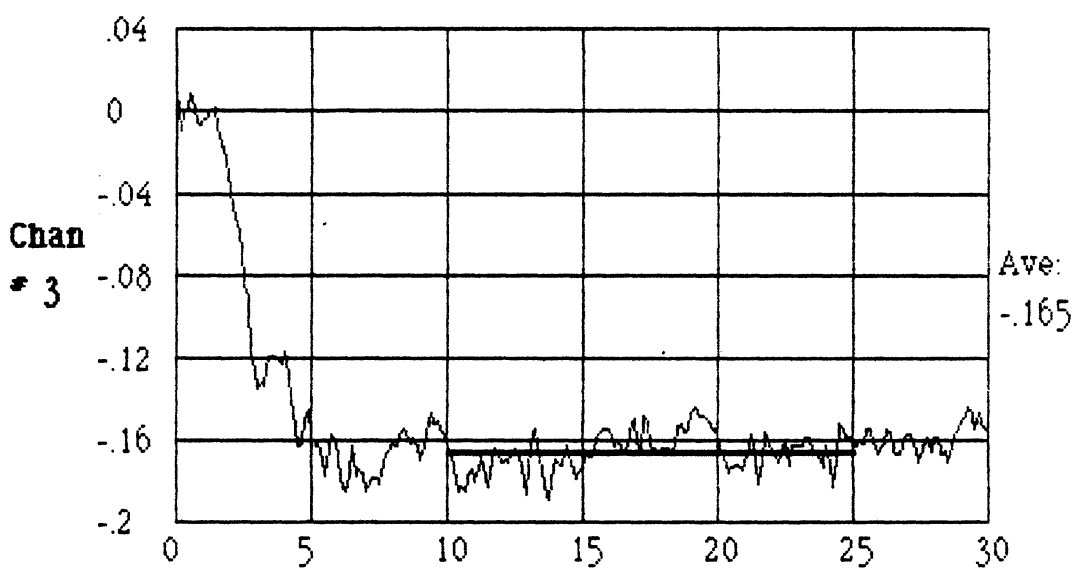
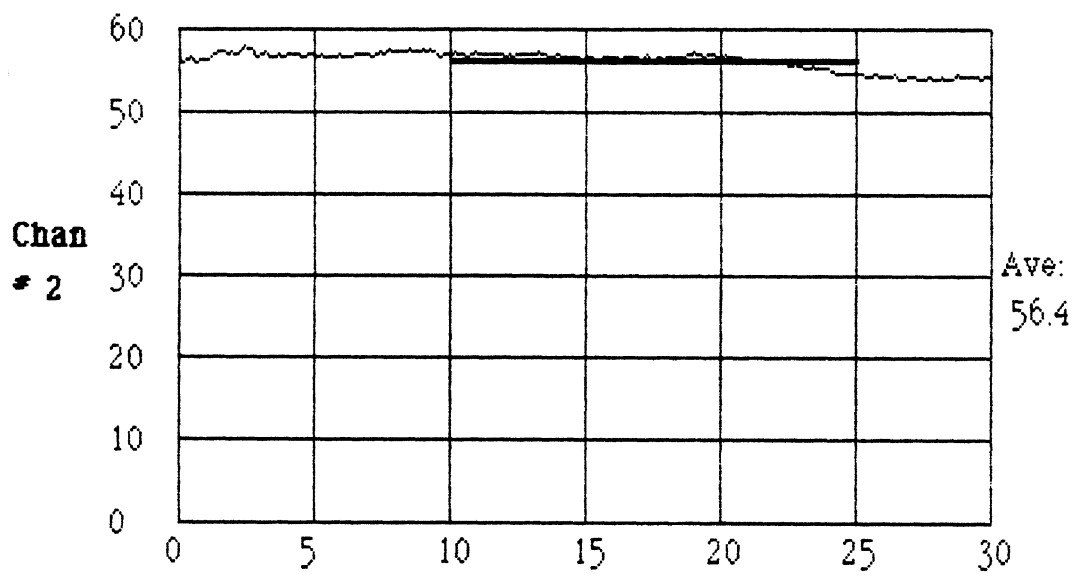


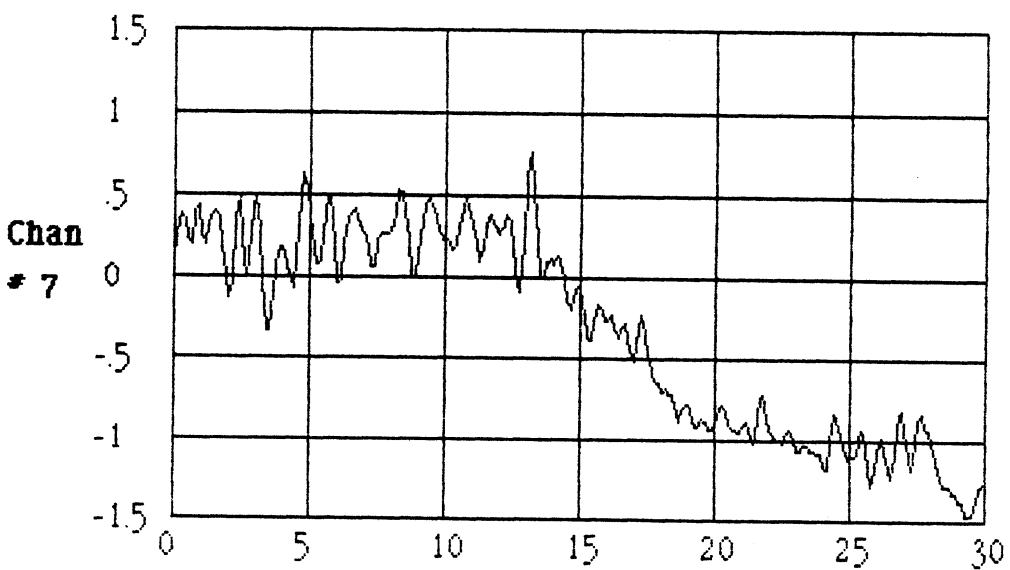
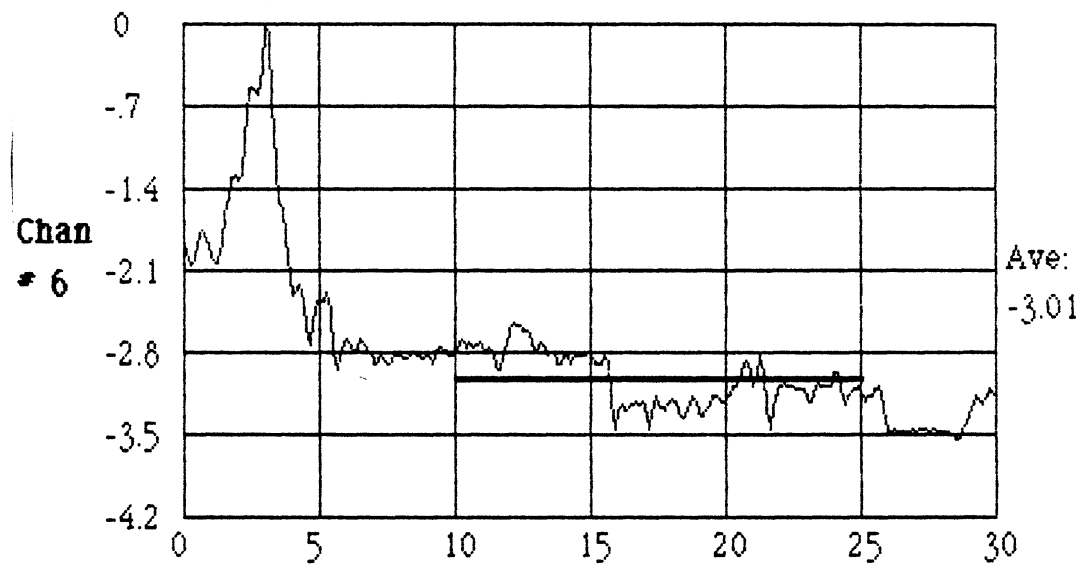
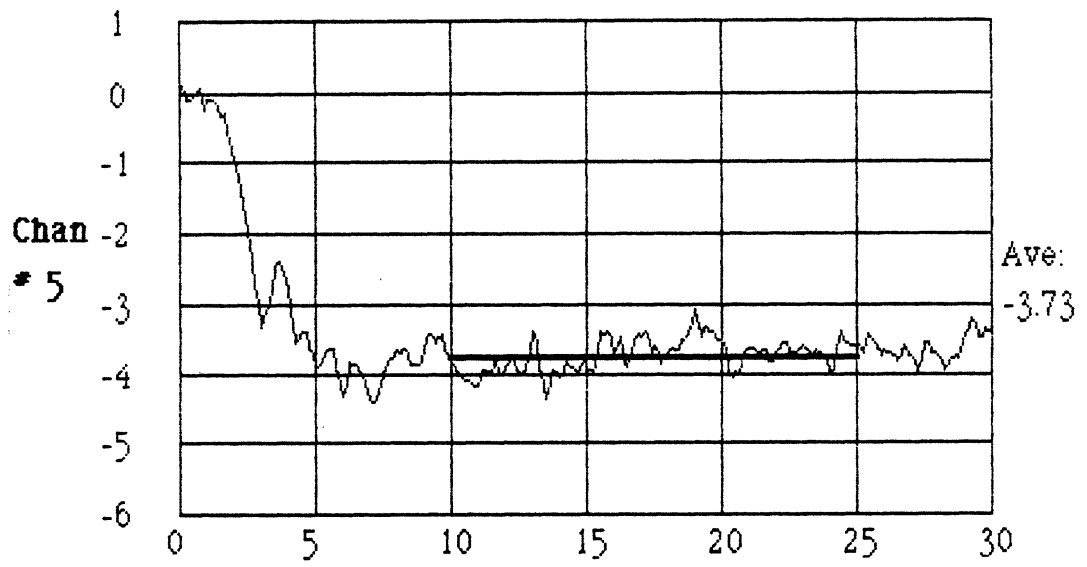
Dodge Aries

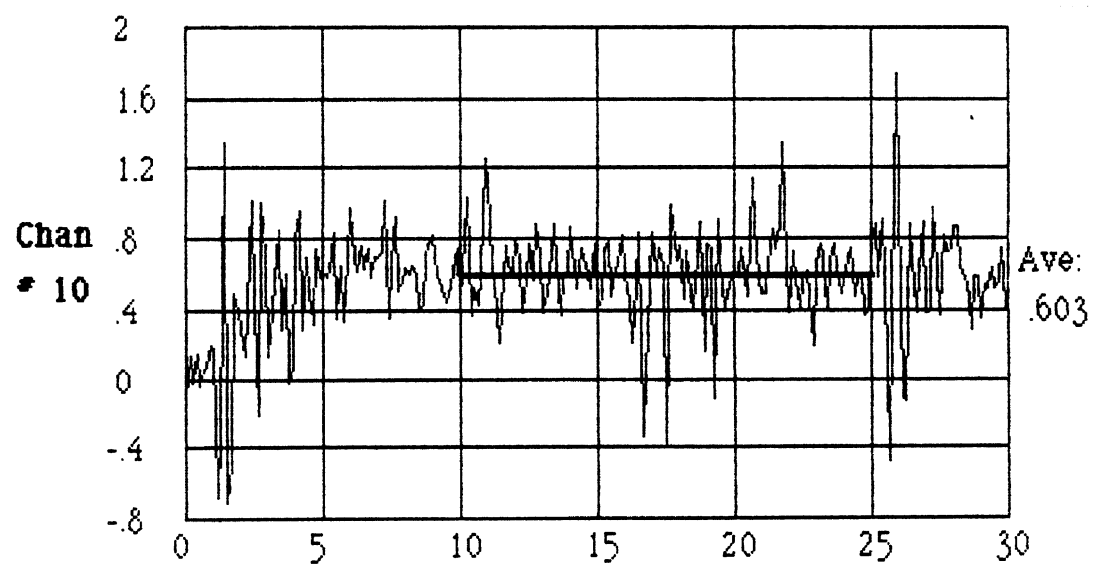
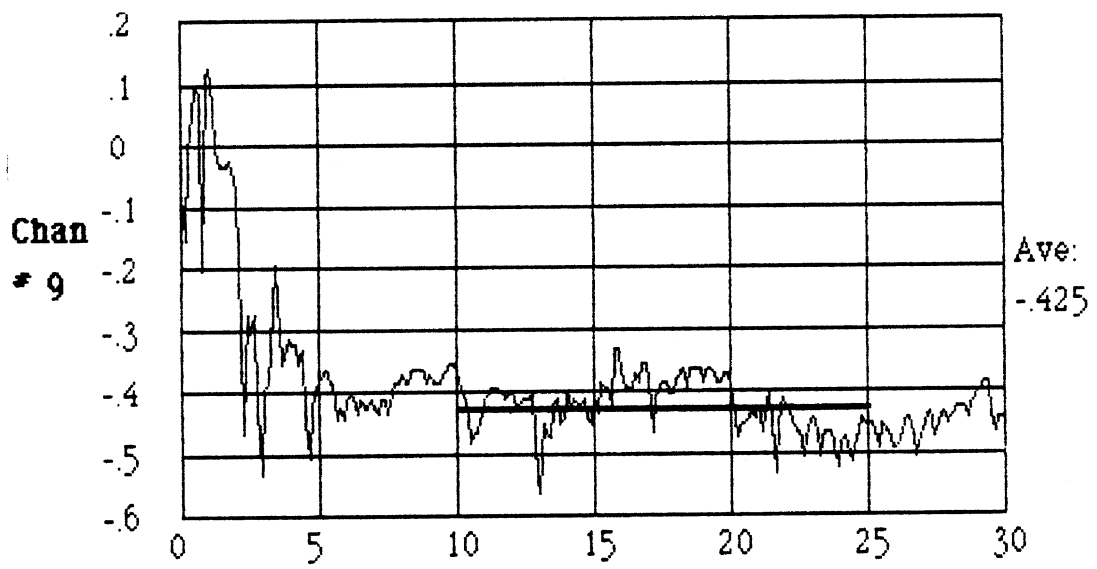
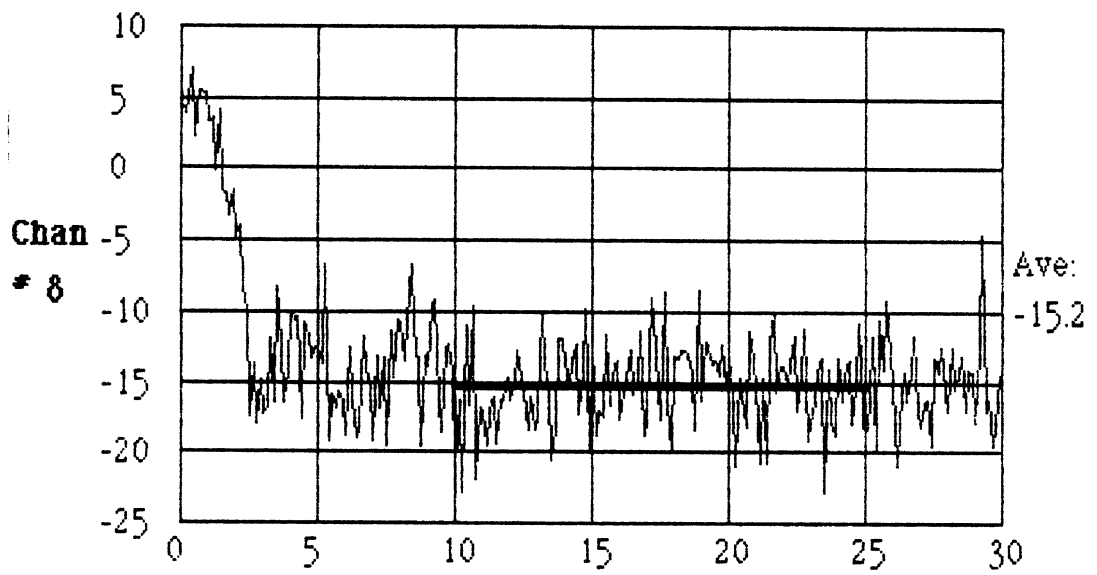
Curve #1

Repeat 3

Steady Turning





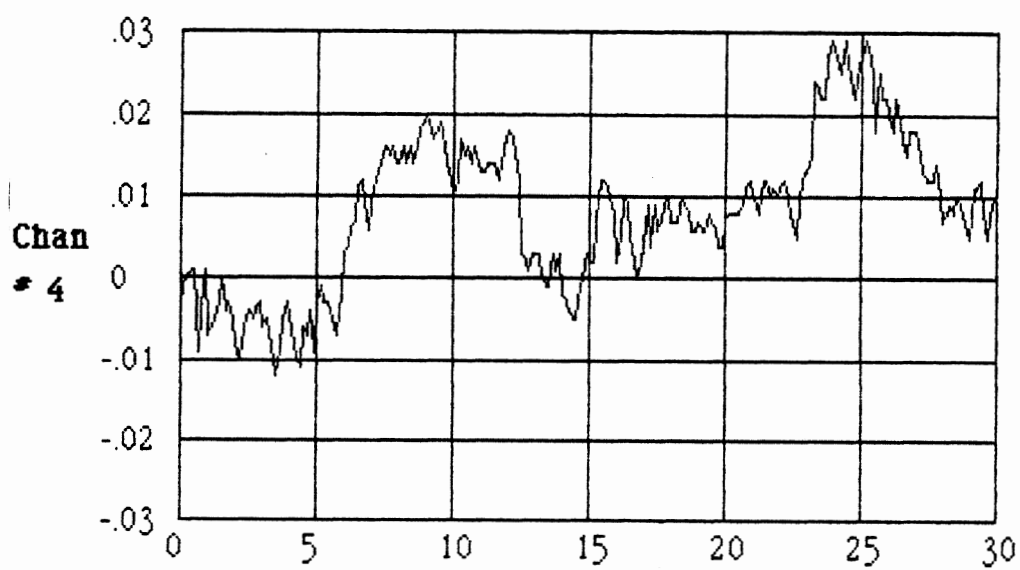
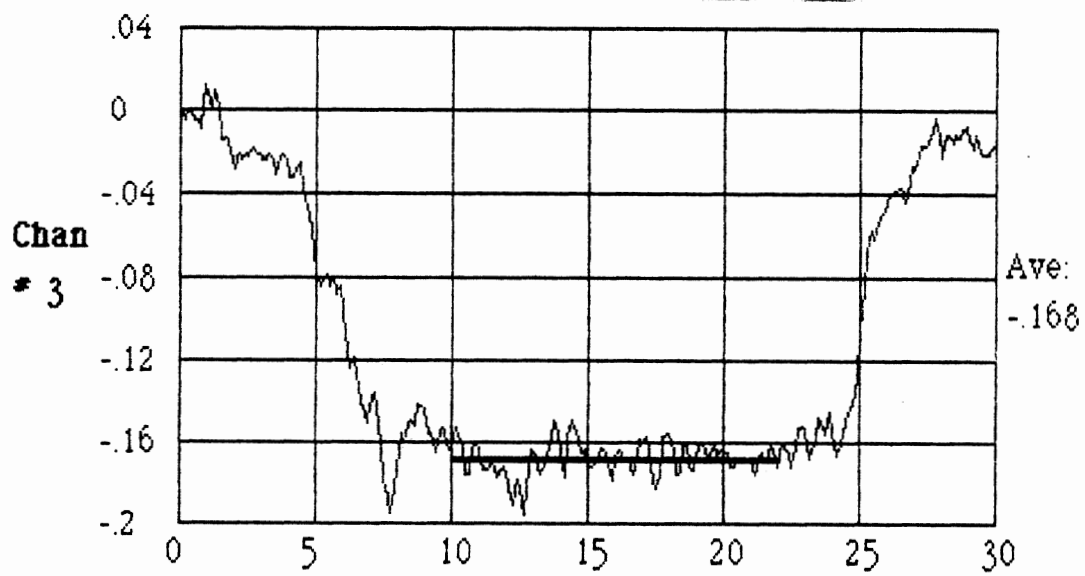
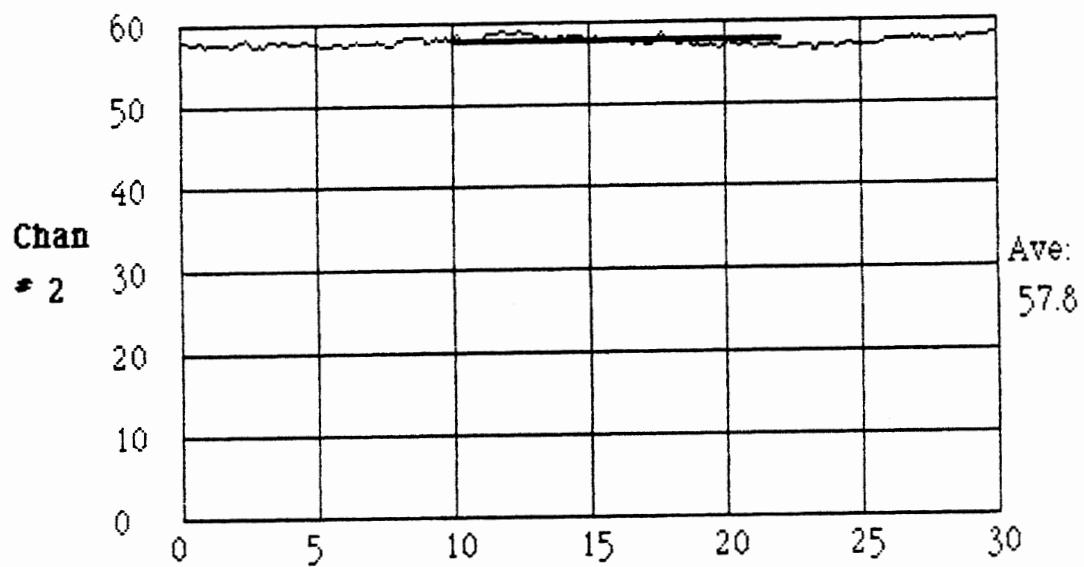


Dodge Aries

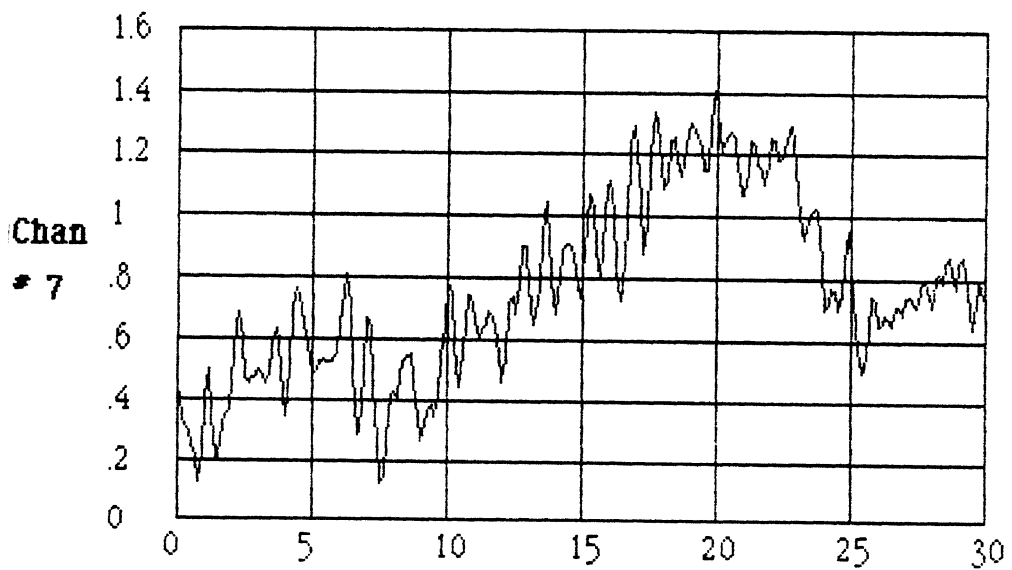
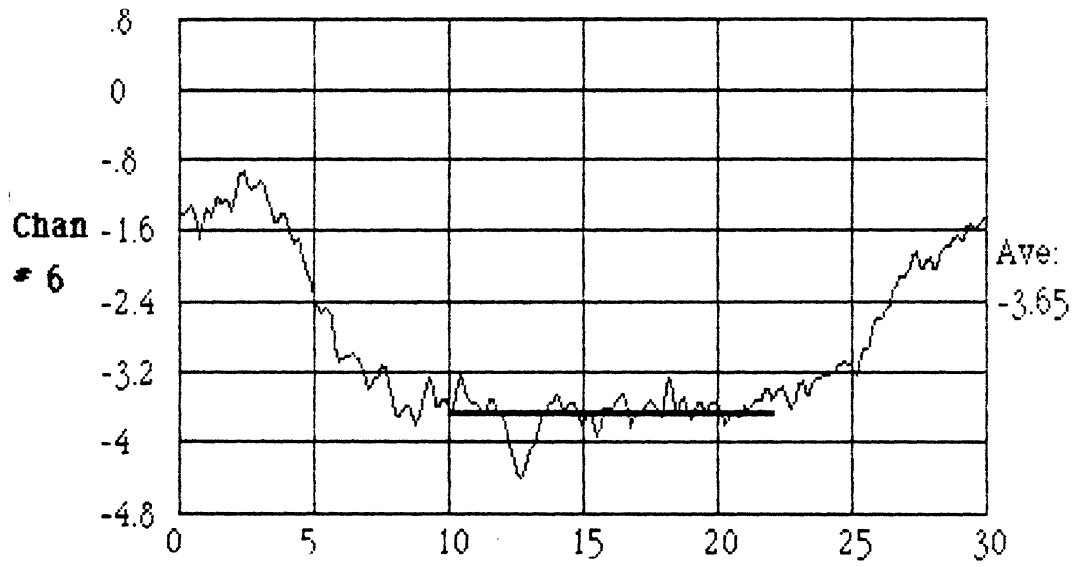
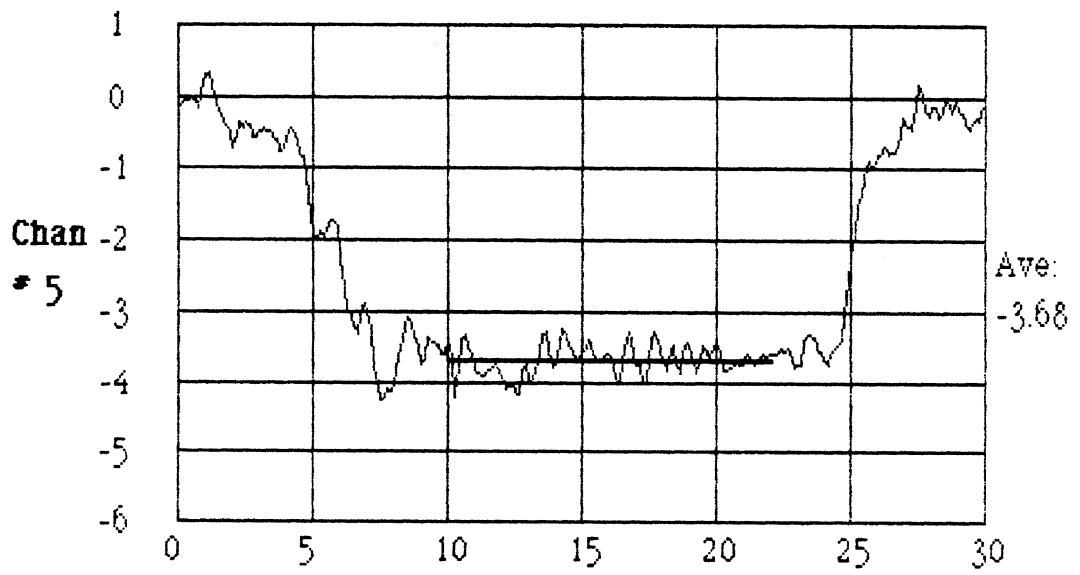
Curve #2

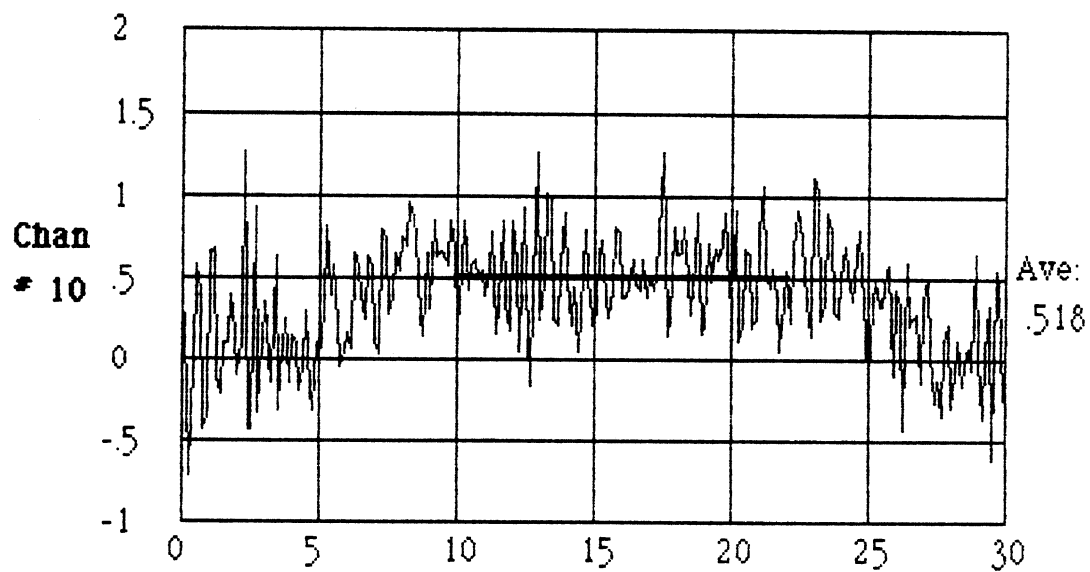
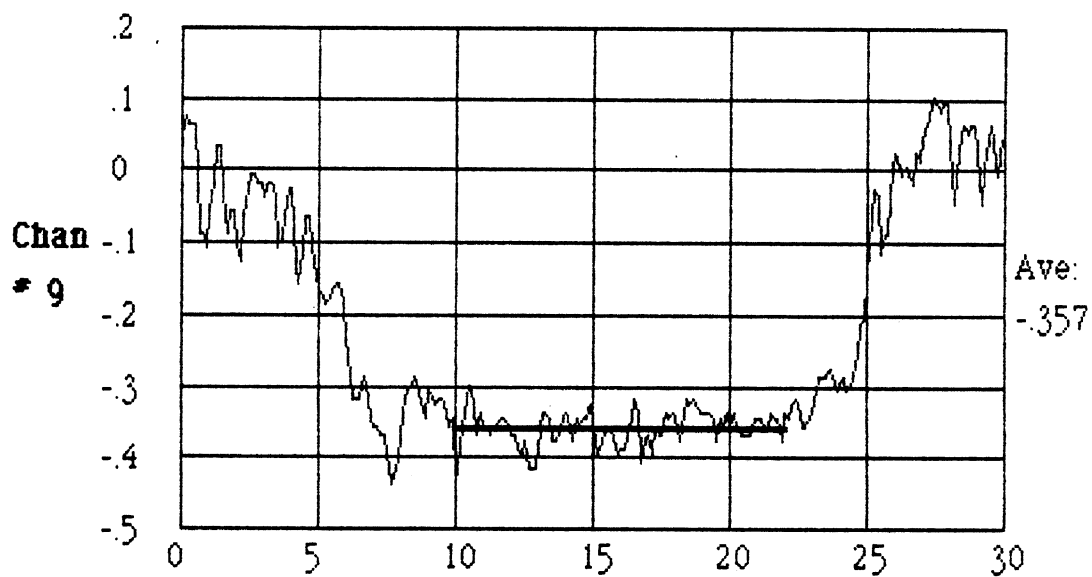
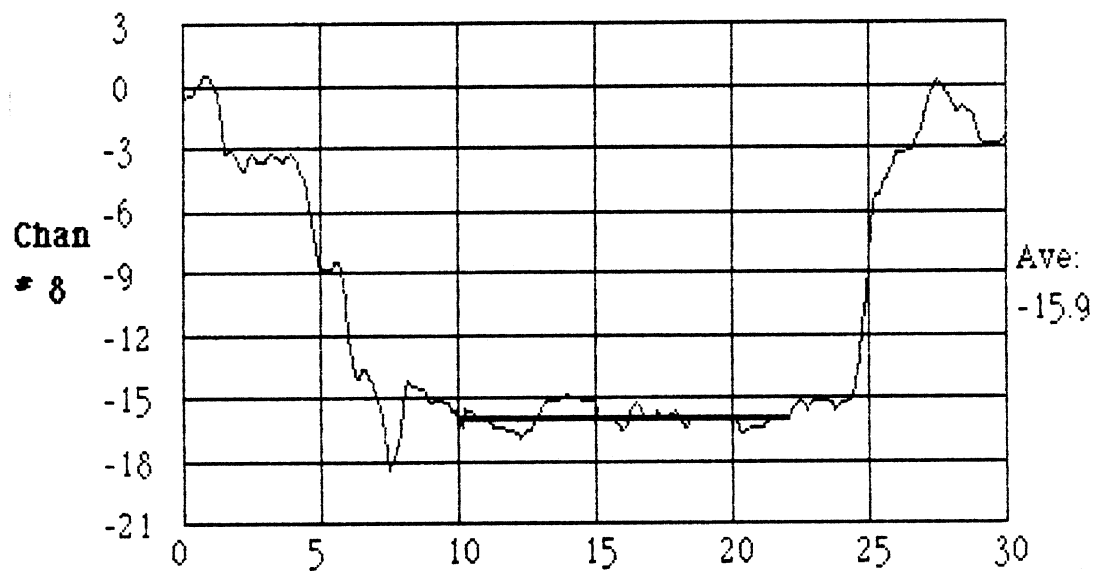
Repeat 1

Steady Turning







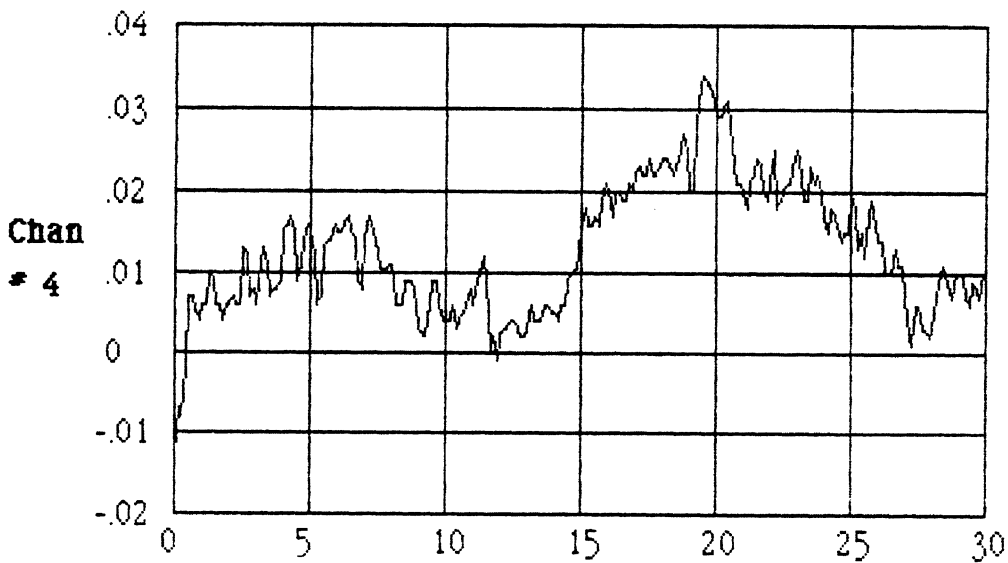
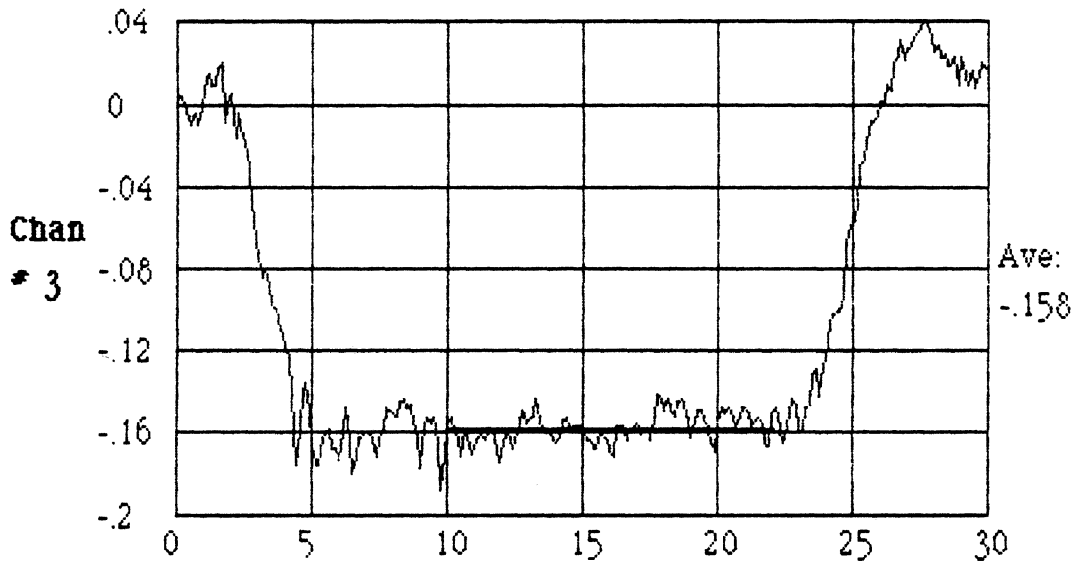
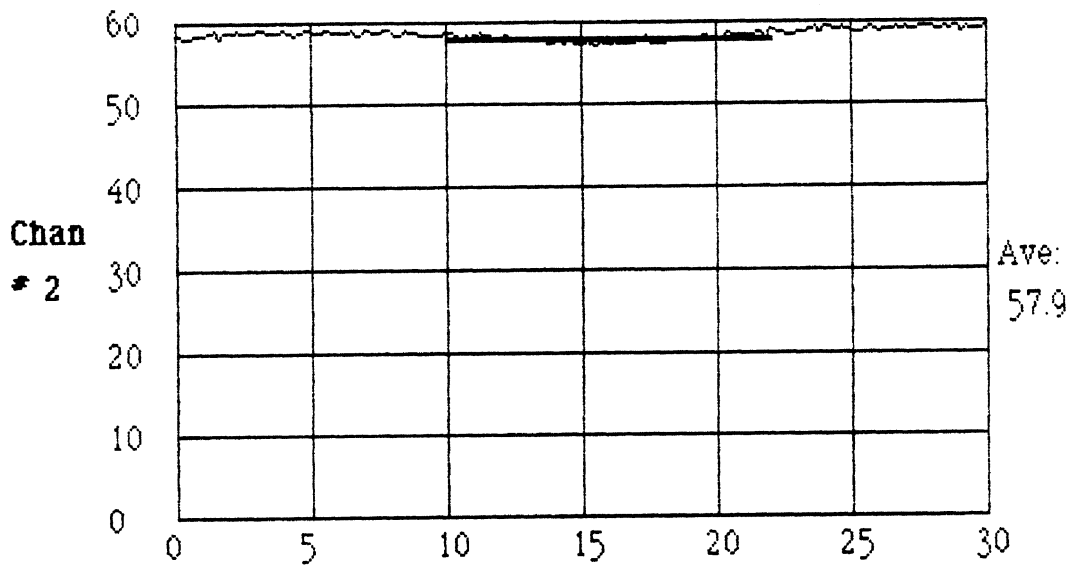


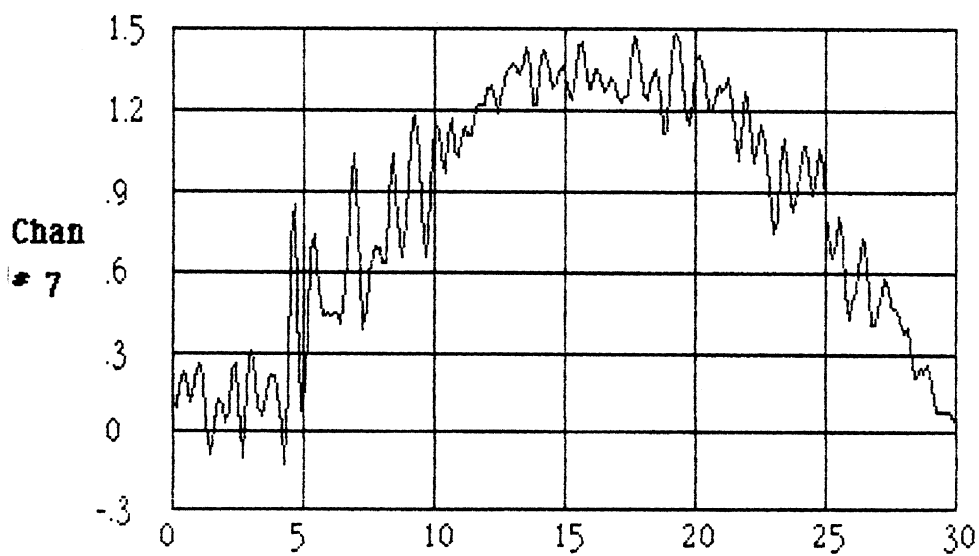
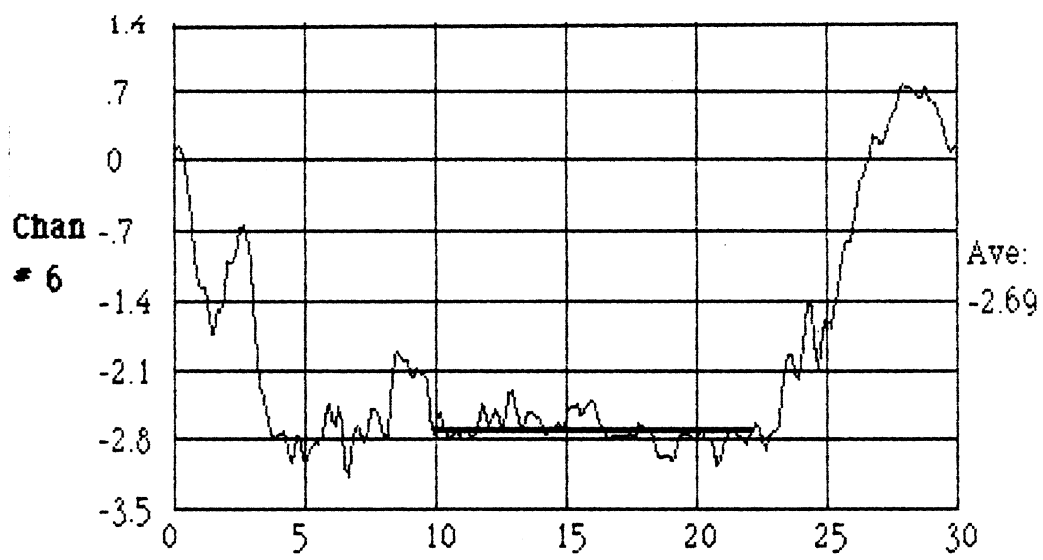
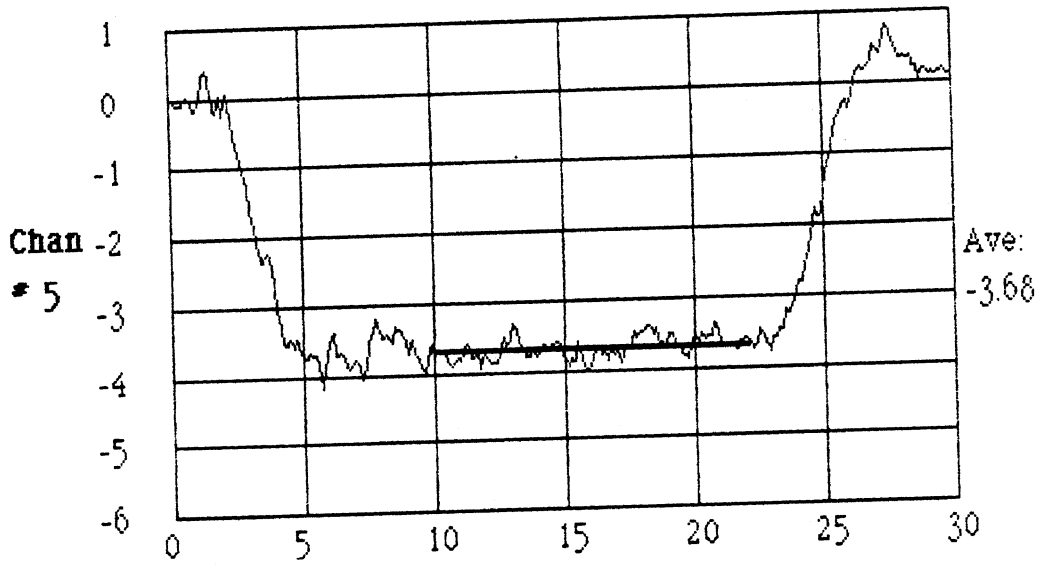
Dodge Aries

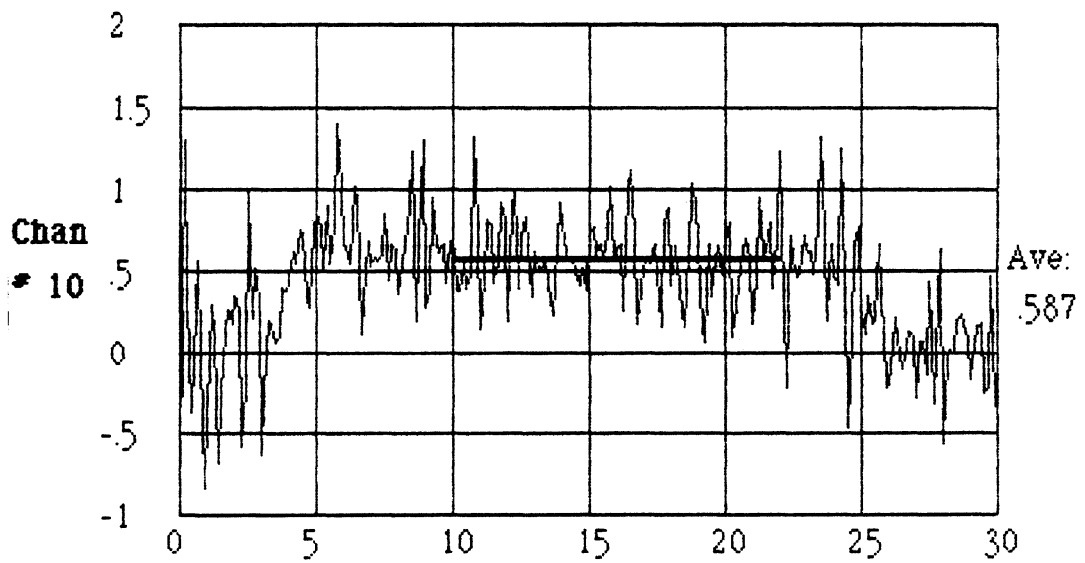
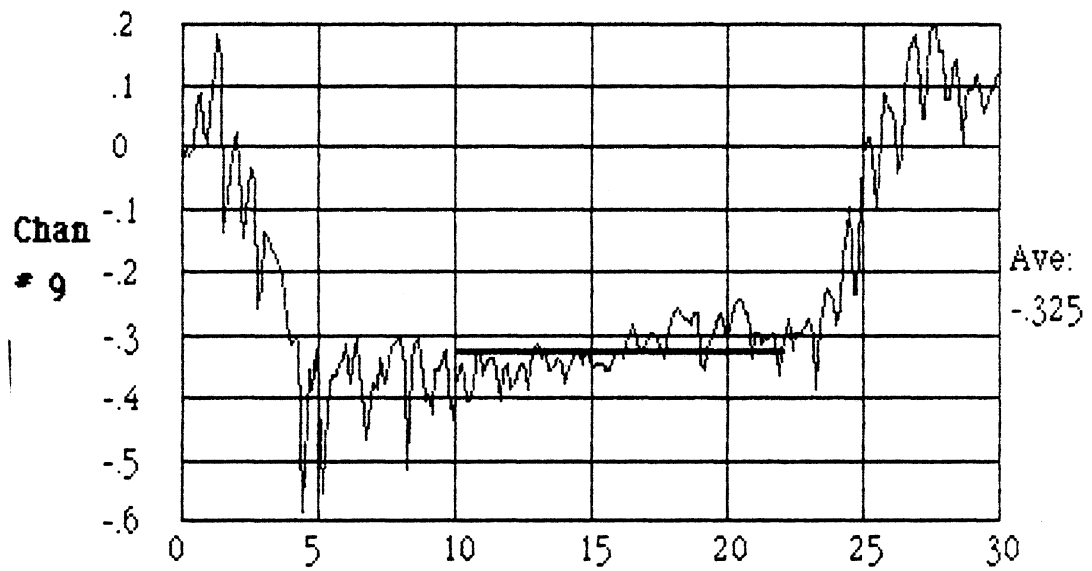
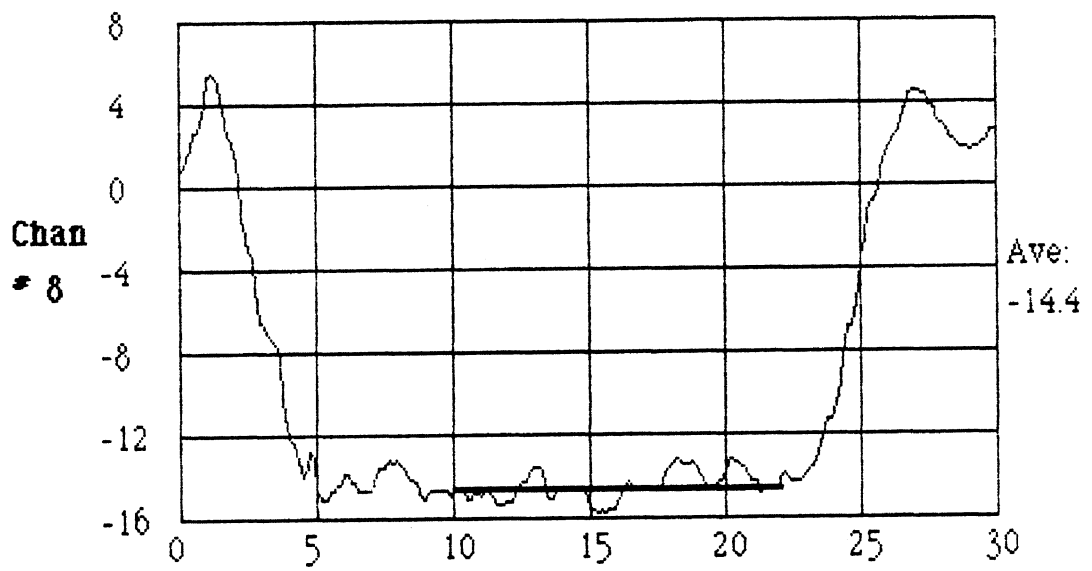
Curve #3

Repeat 1

Steady Turning





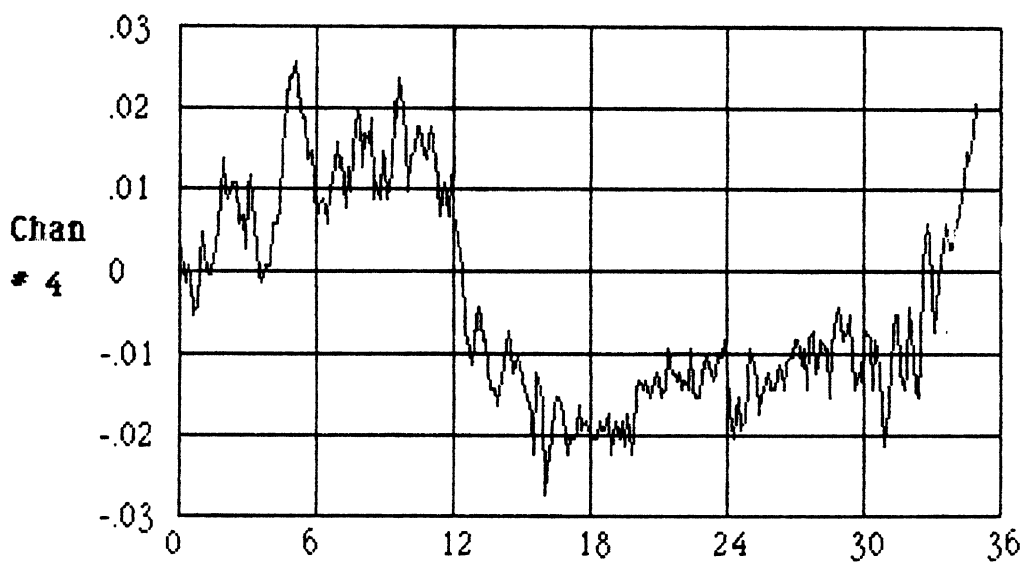
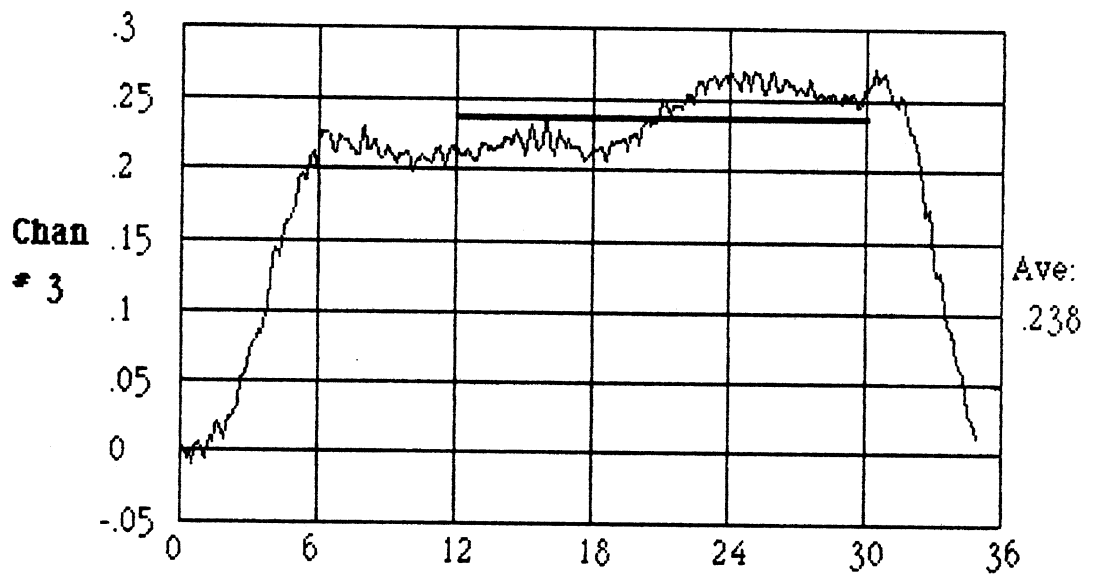
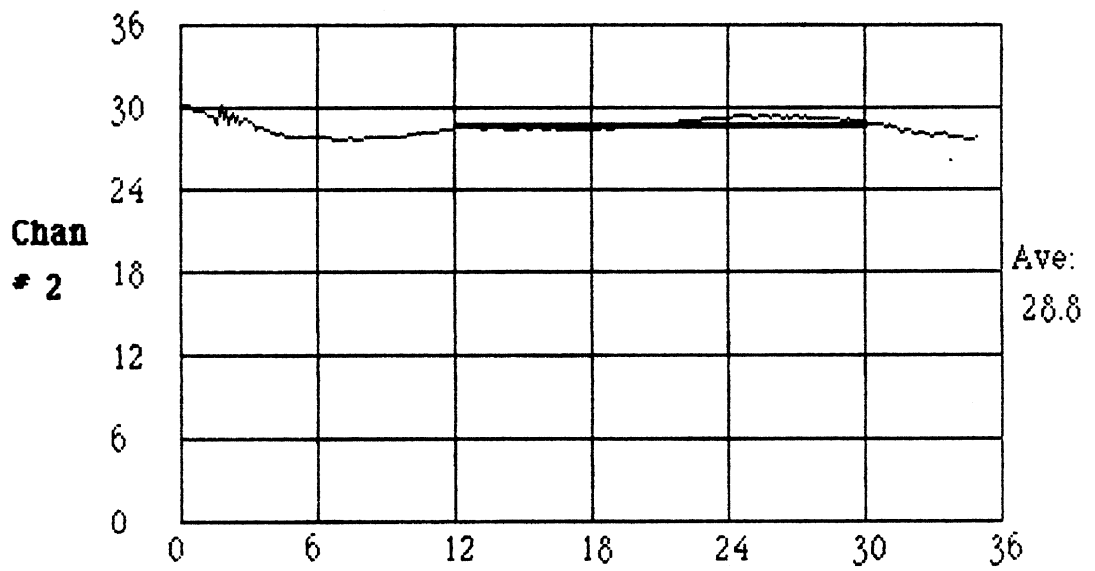


Dodge Aries

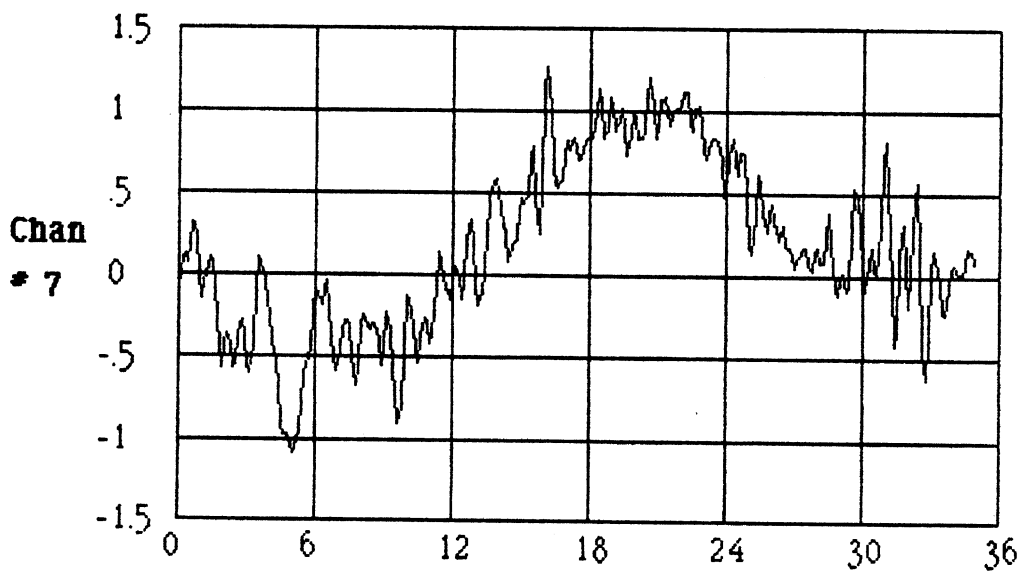
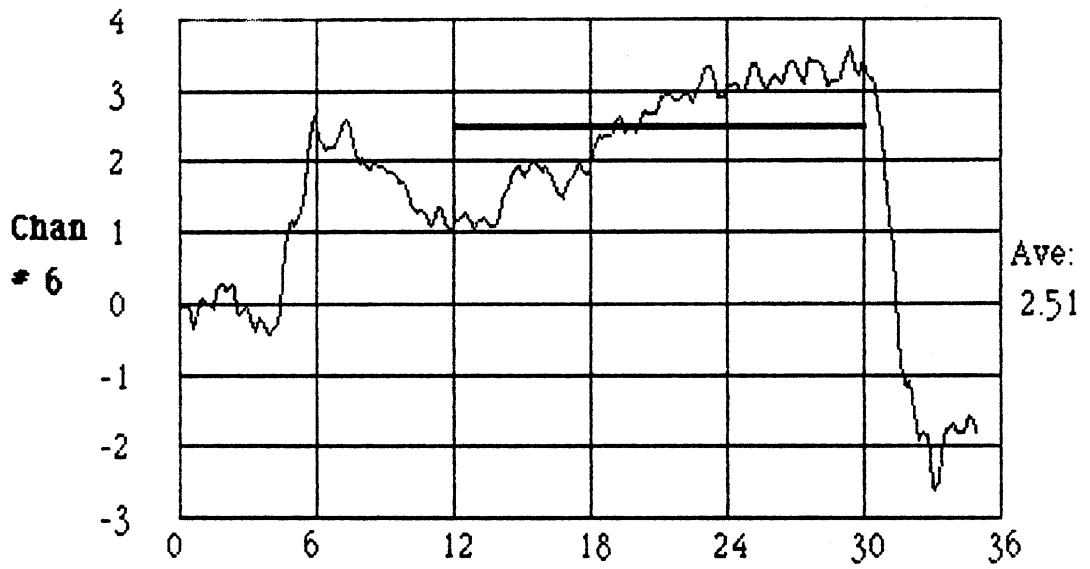
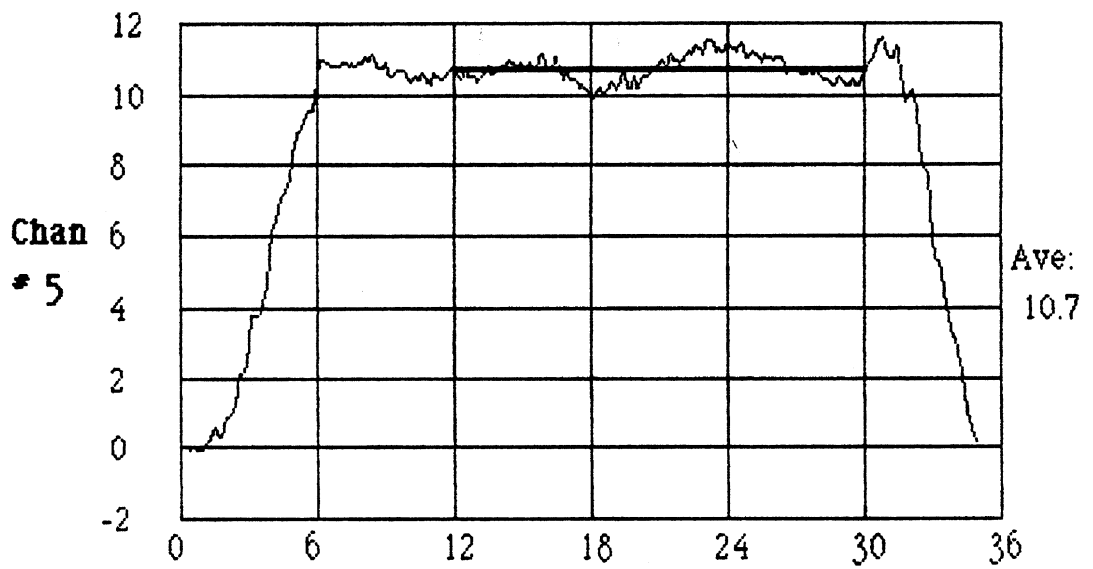
Ramp

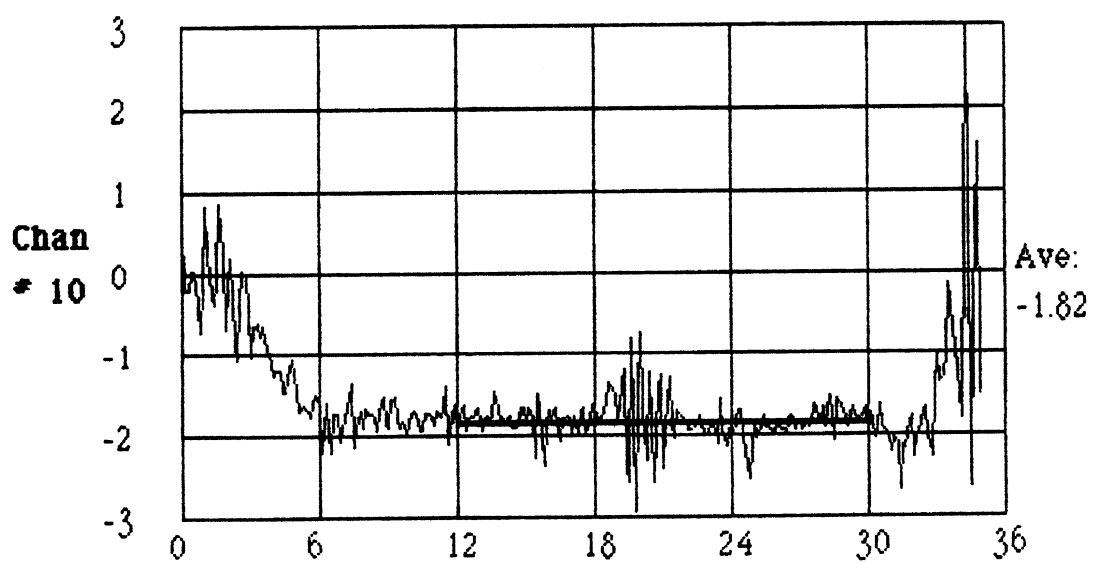
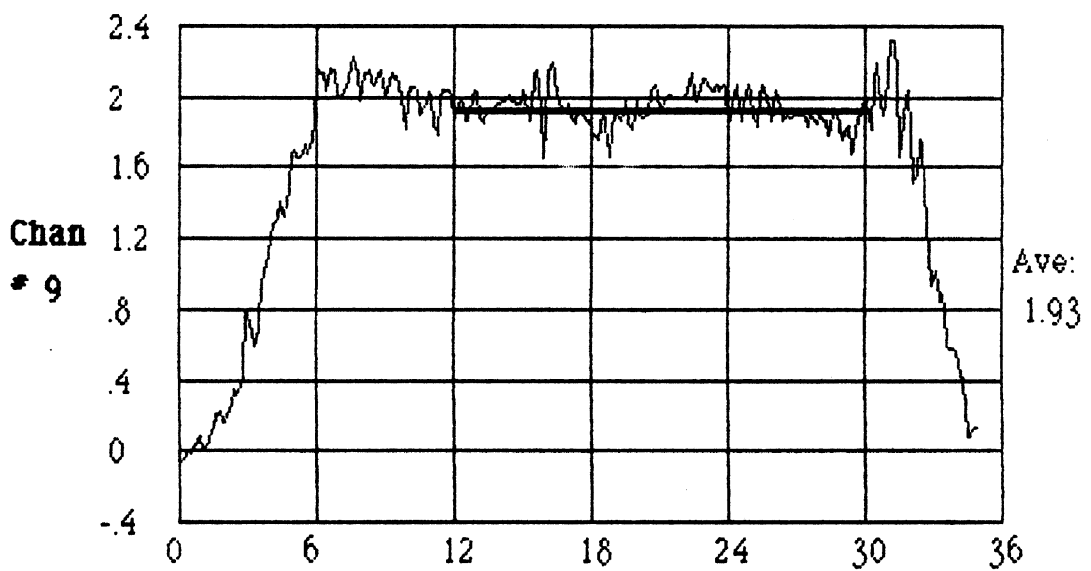
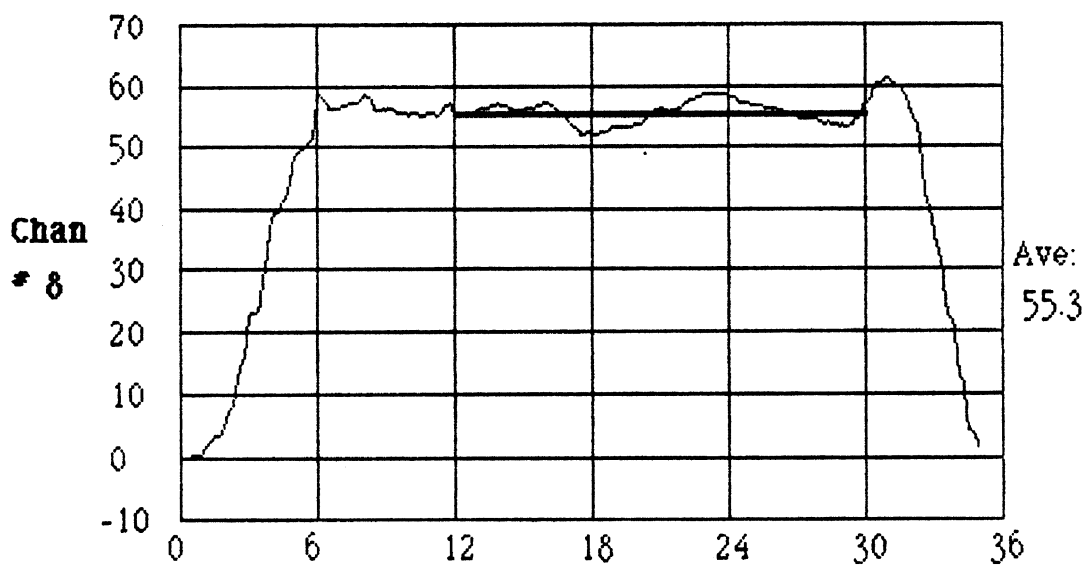
Repeat 1

Steady Turning







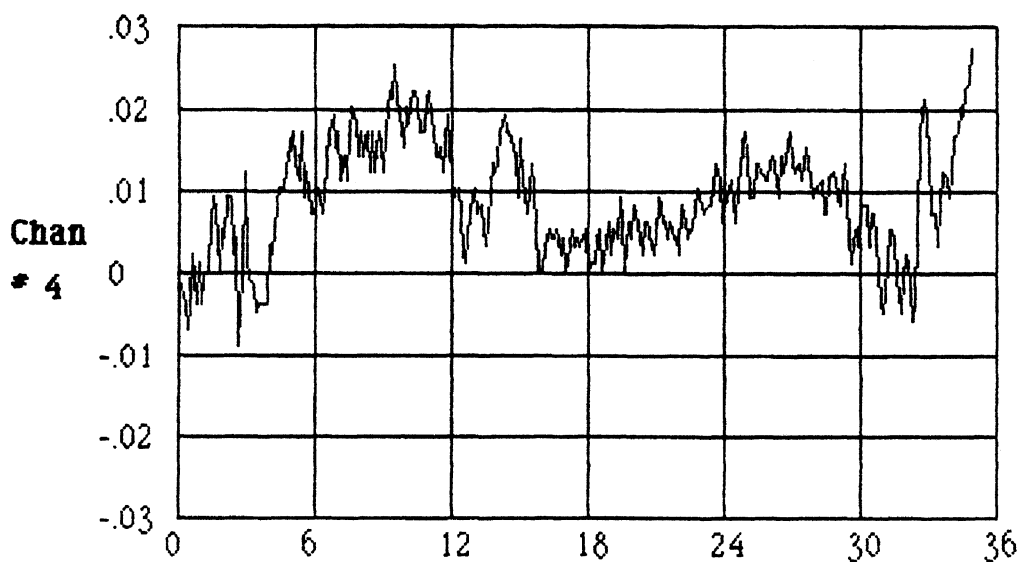
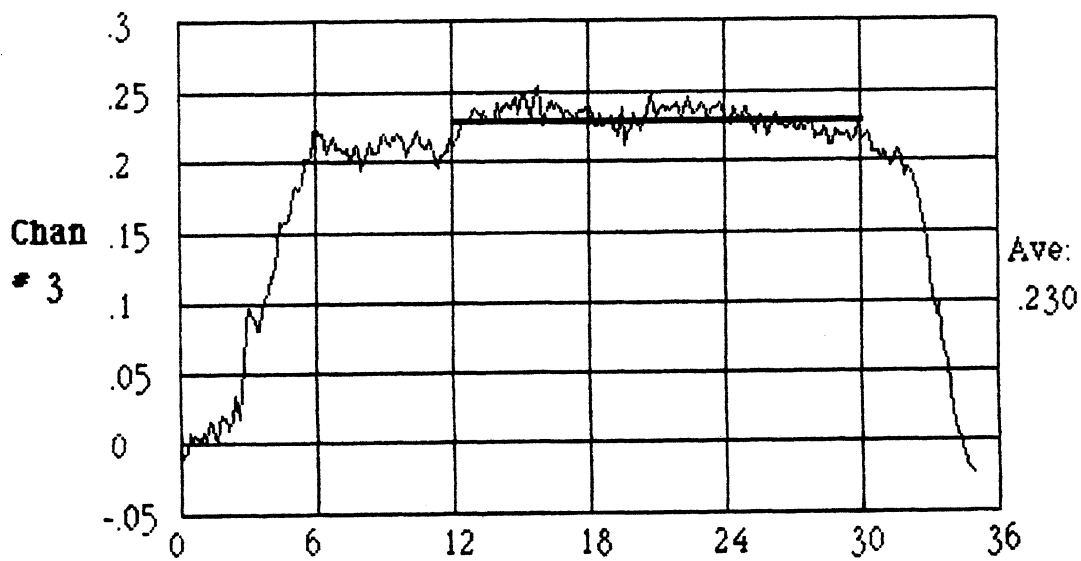
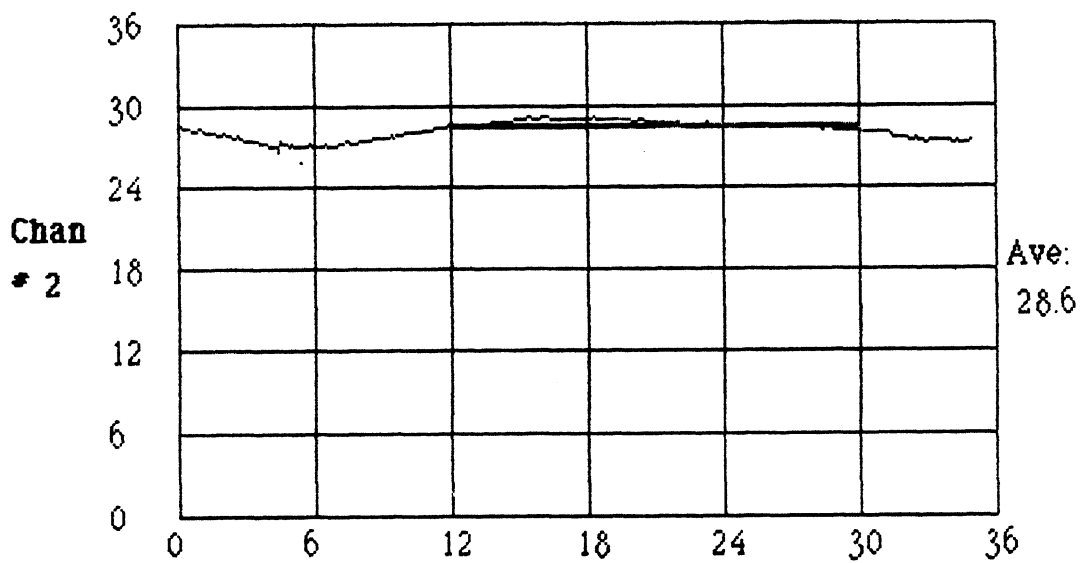


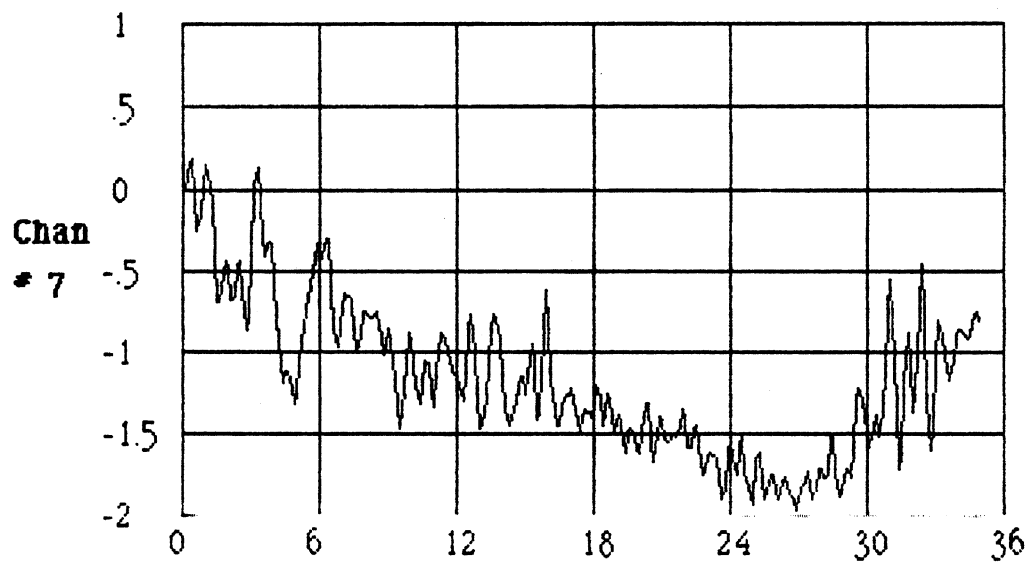
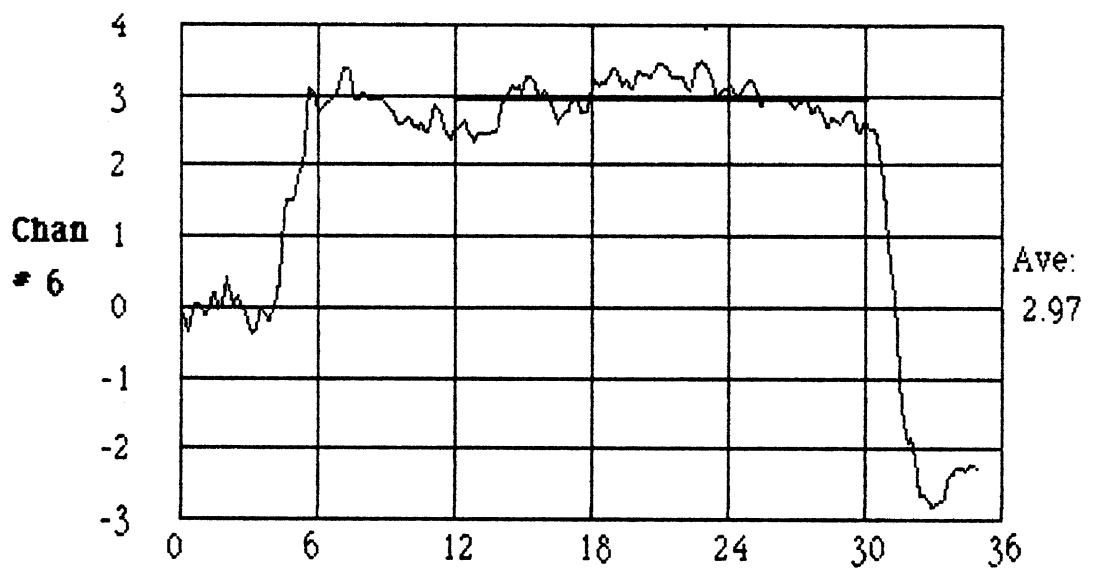
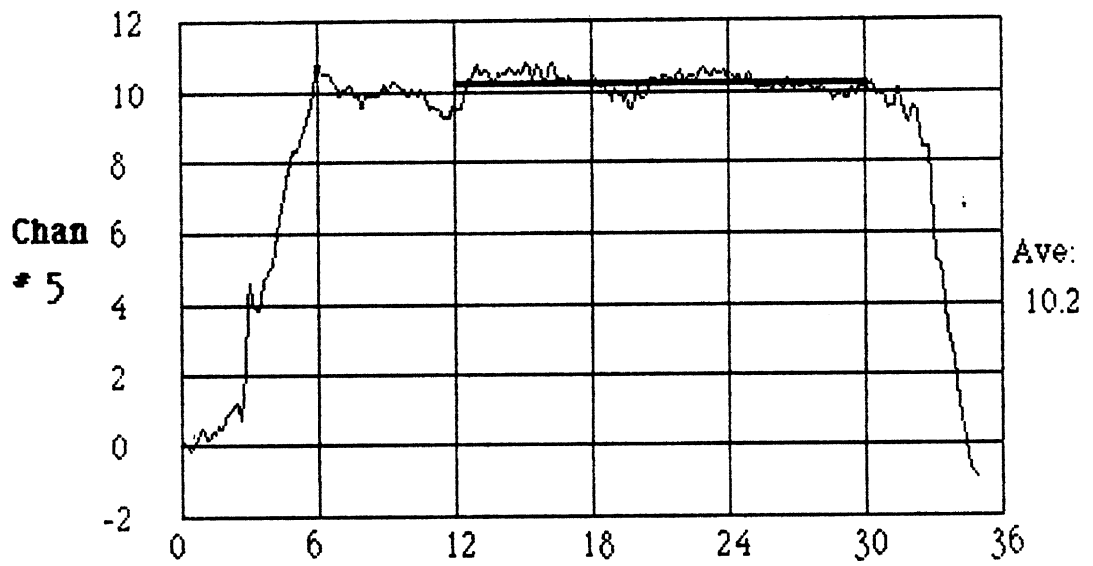
Dodge Aries

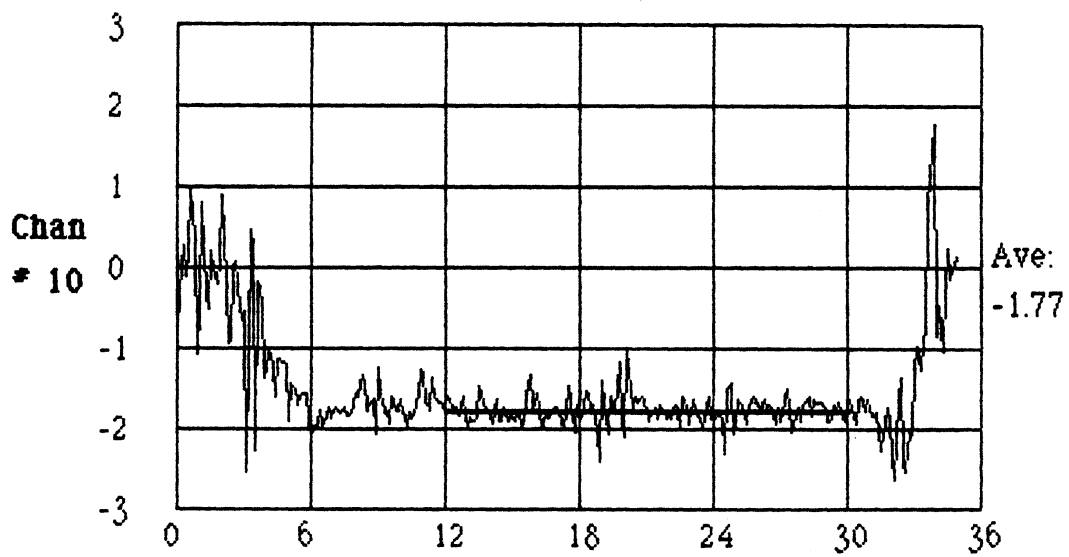
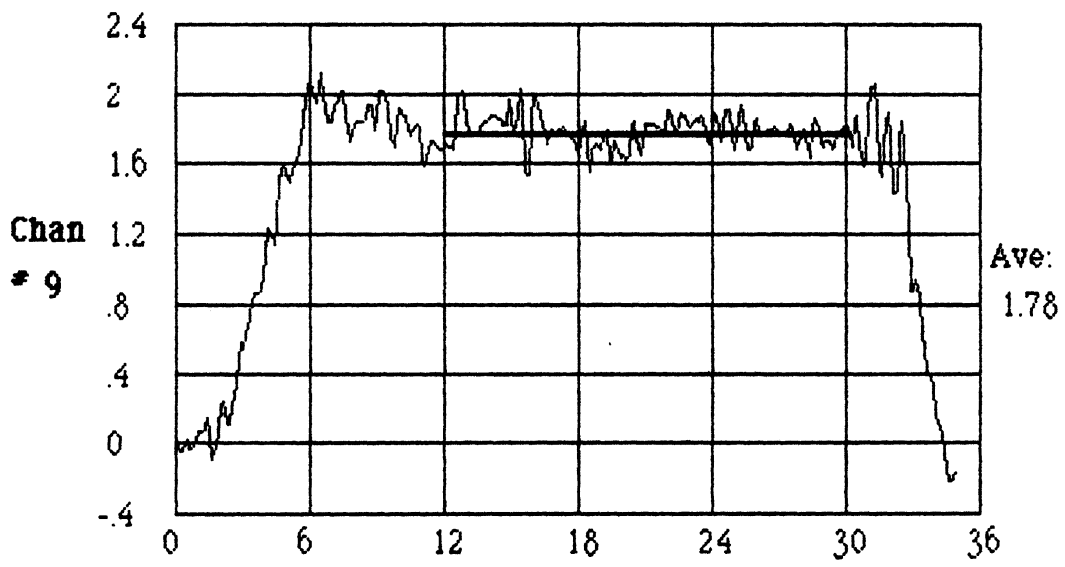
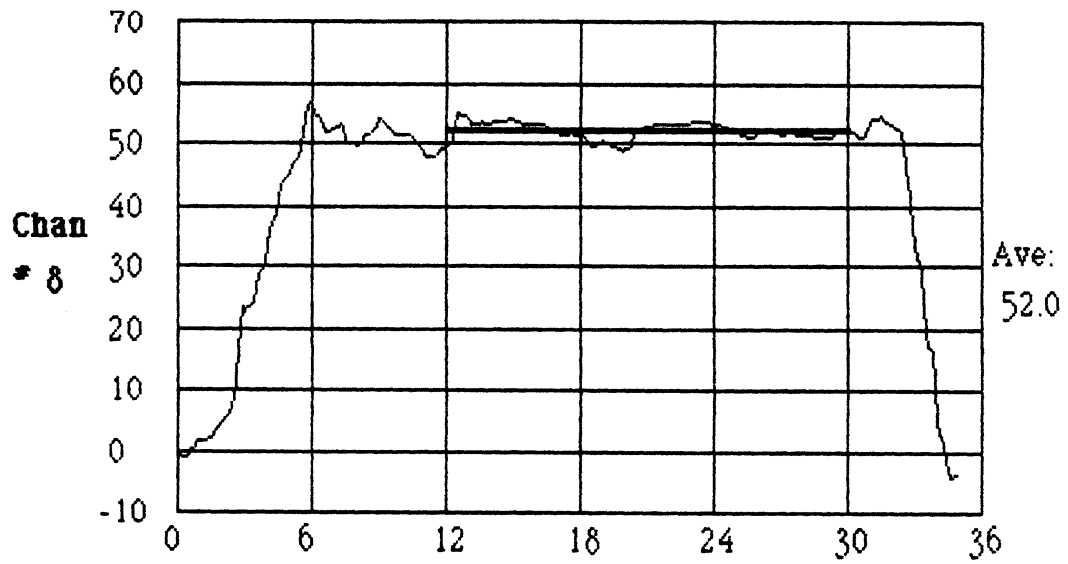
Ramp

Repeat 2

Steady Turning





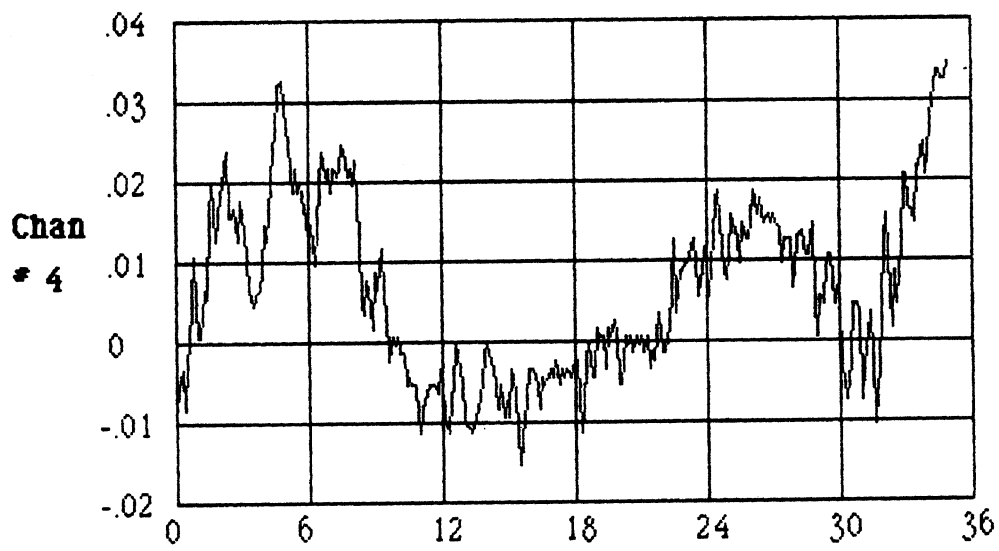
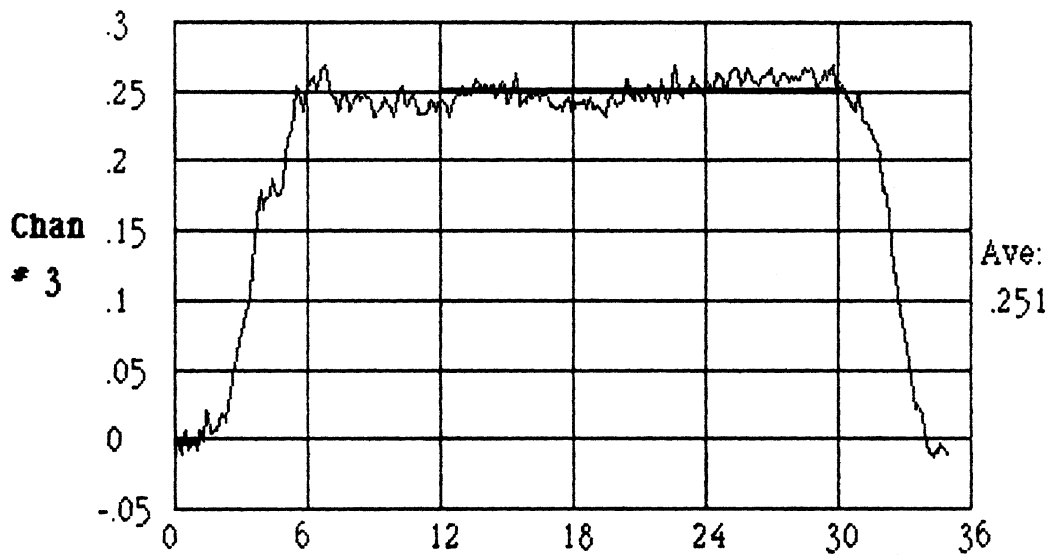
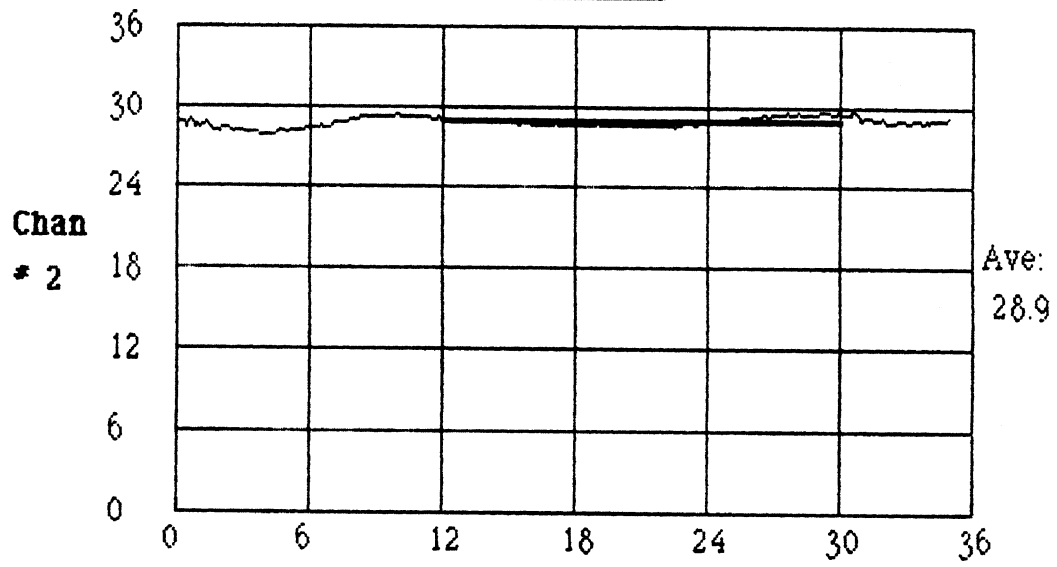


Dodge Aries

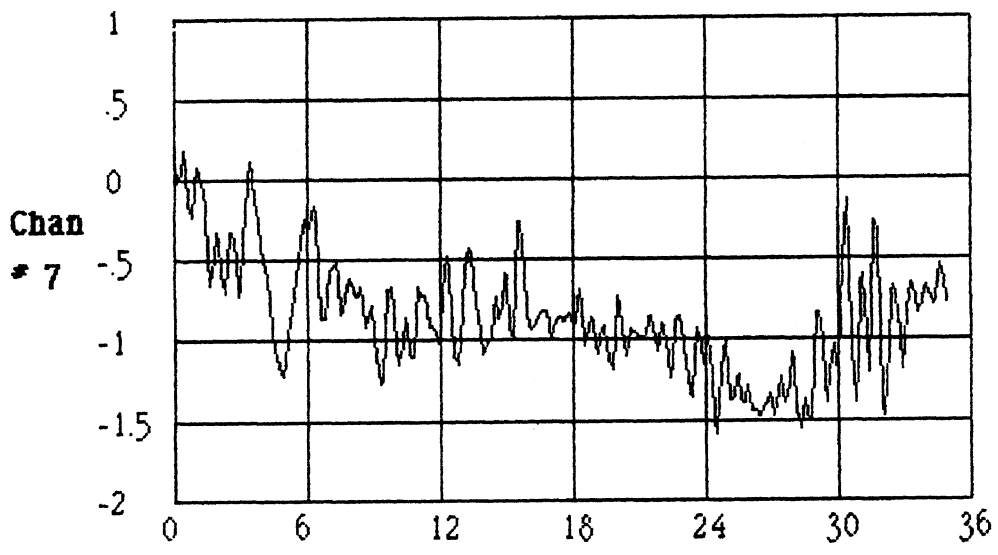
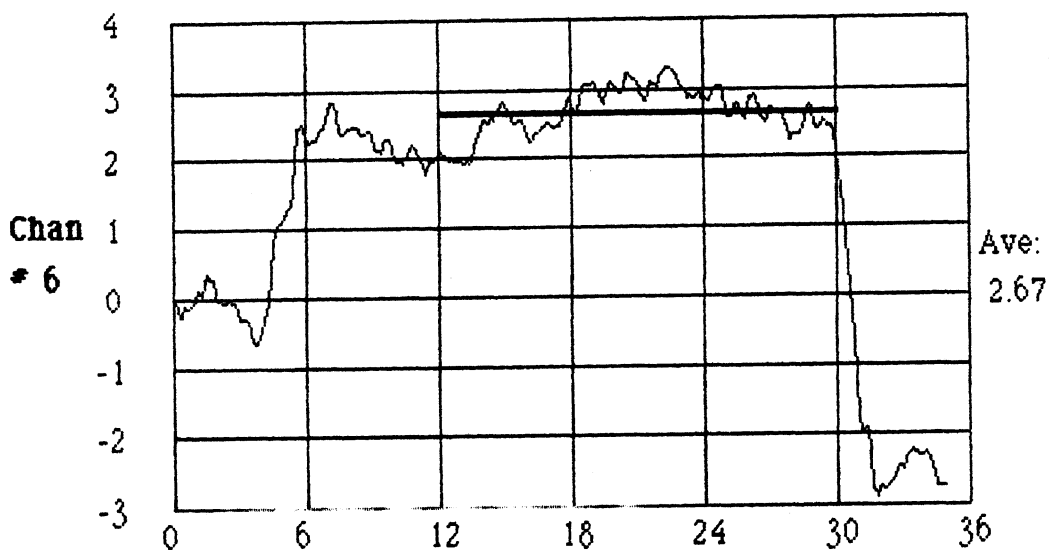
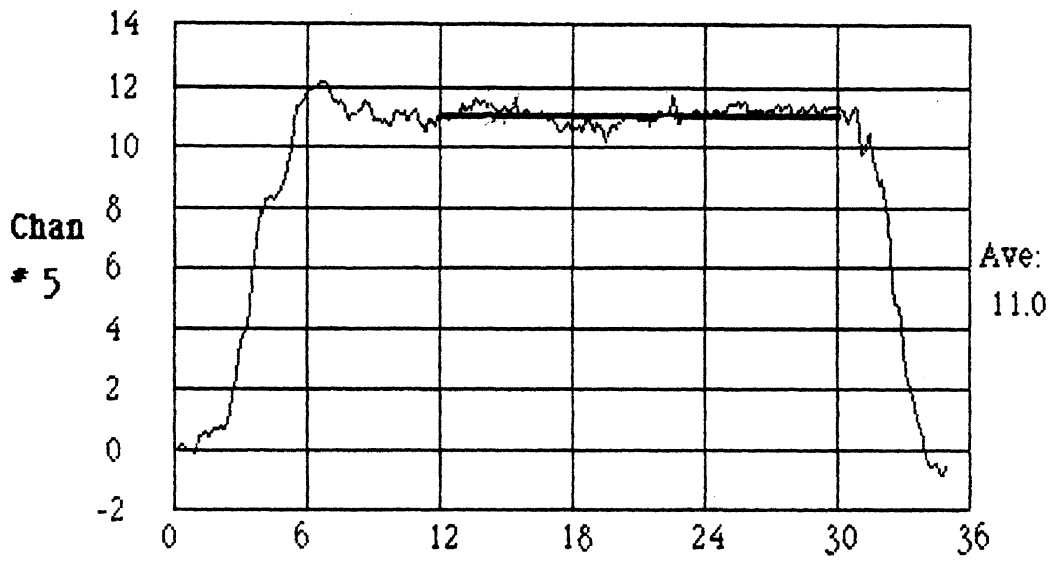
Ramp

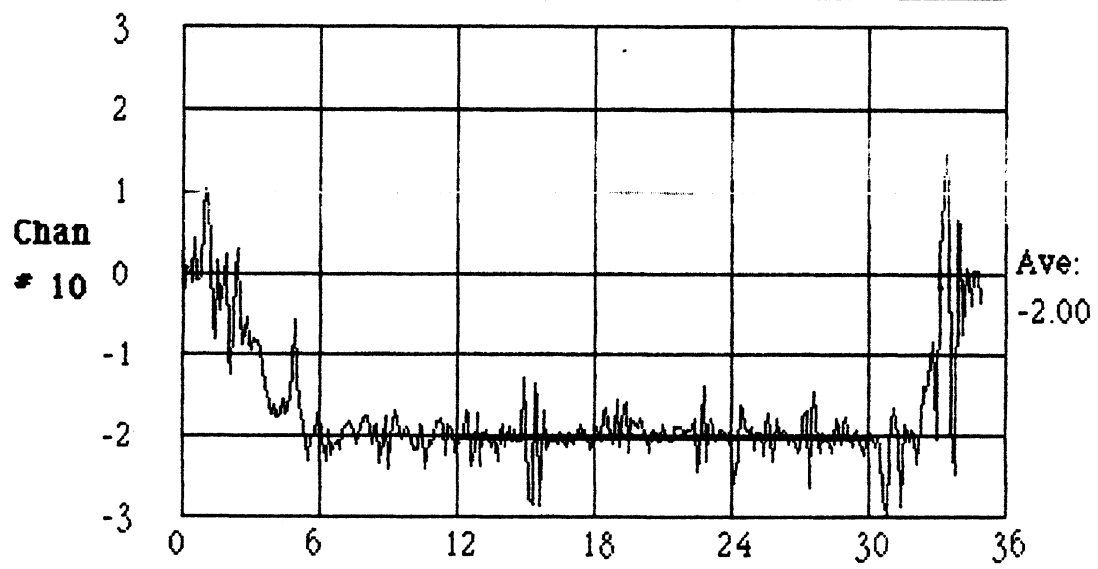
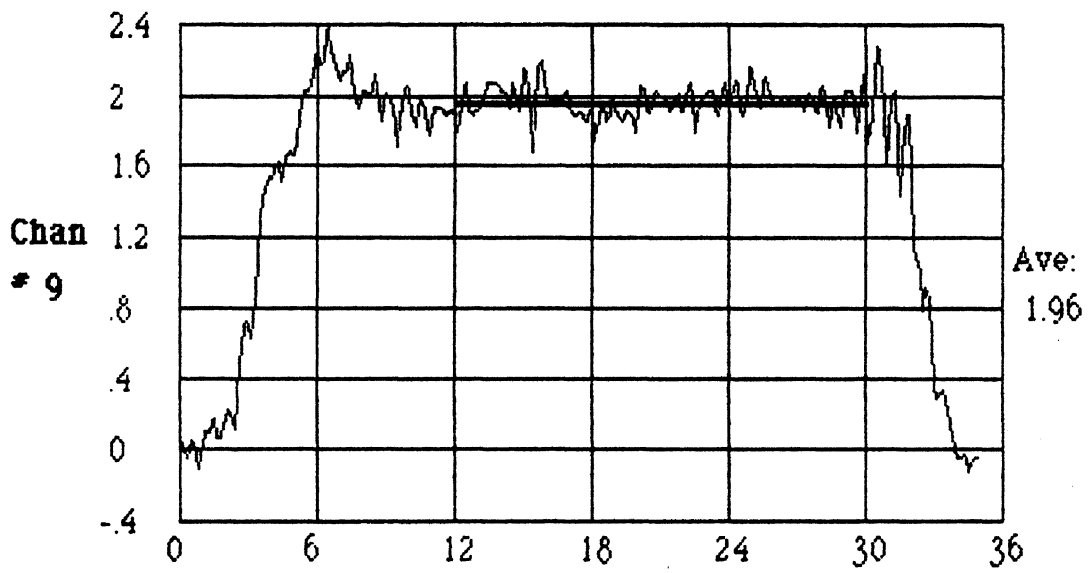
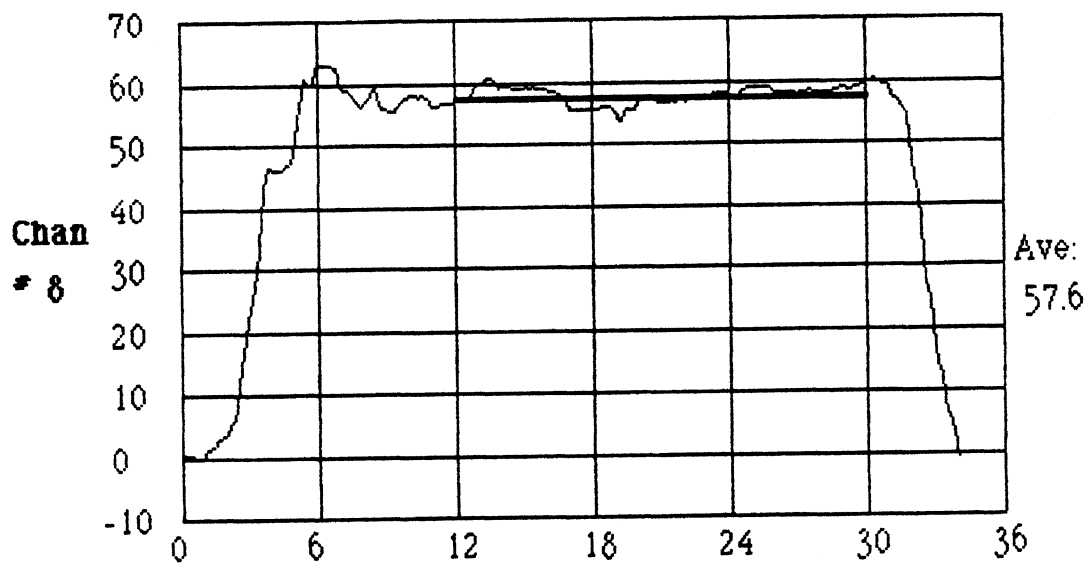
Repeat 3

Steady Turning







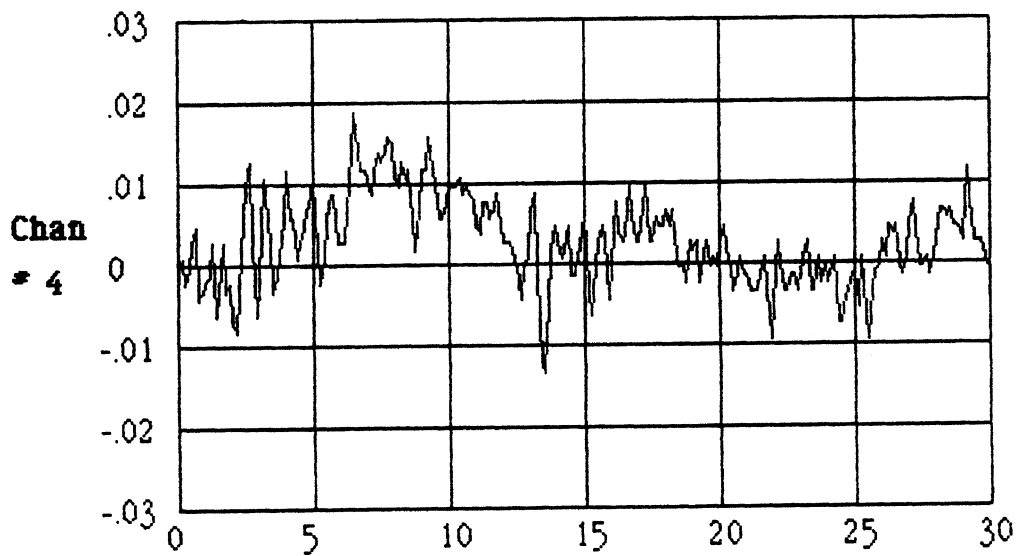
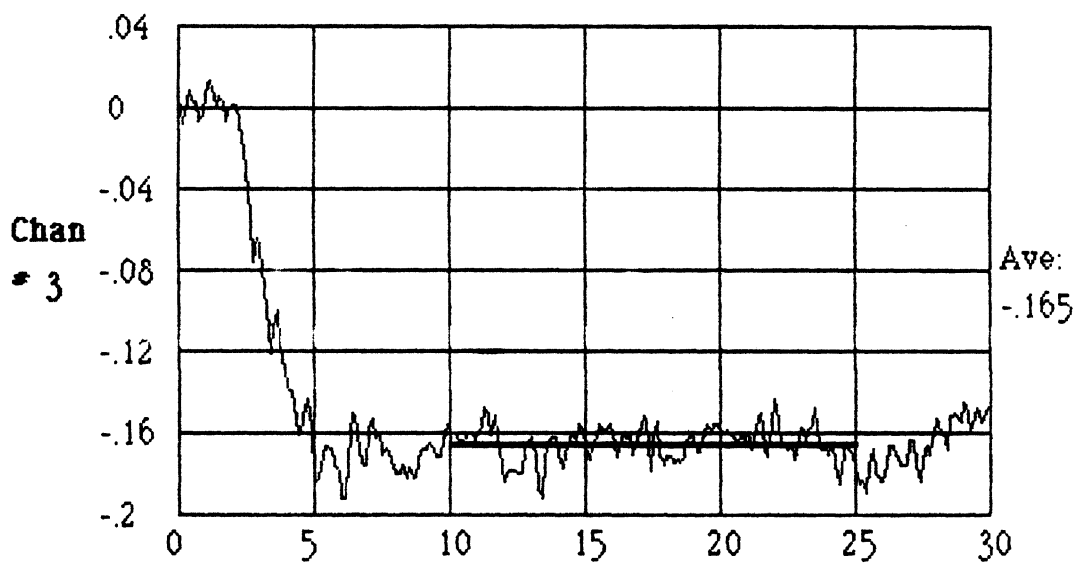
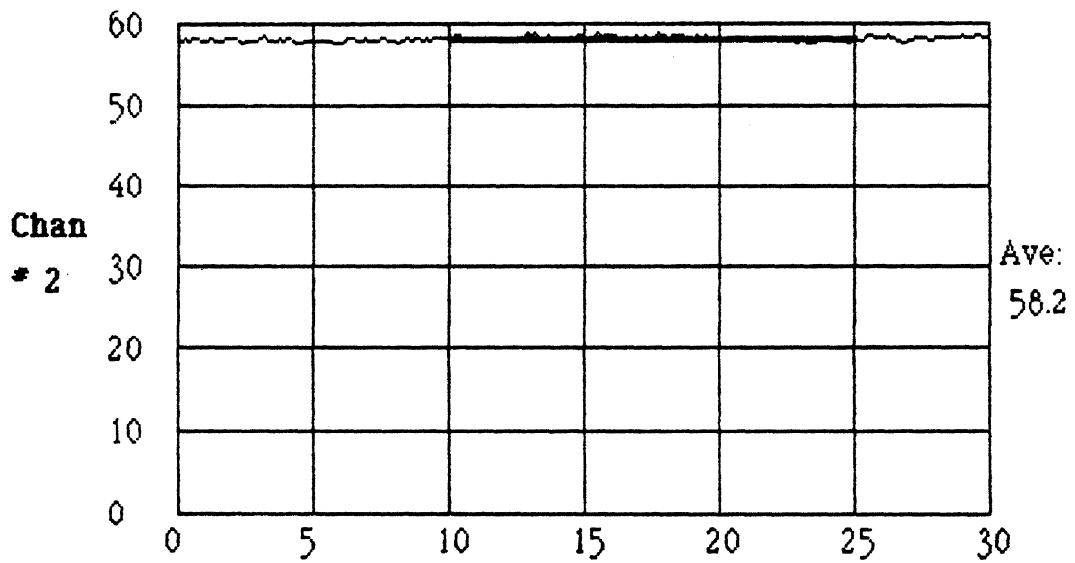


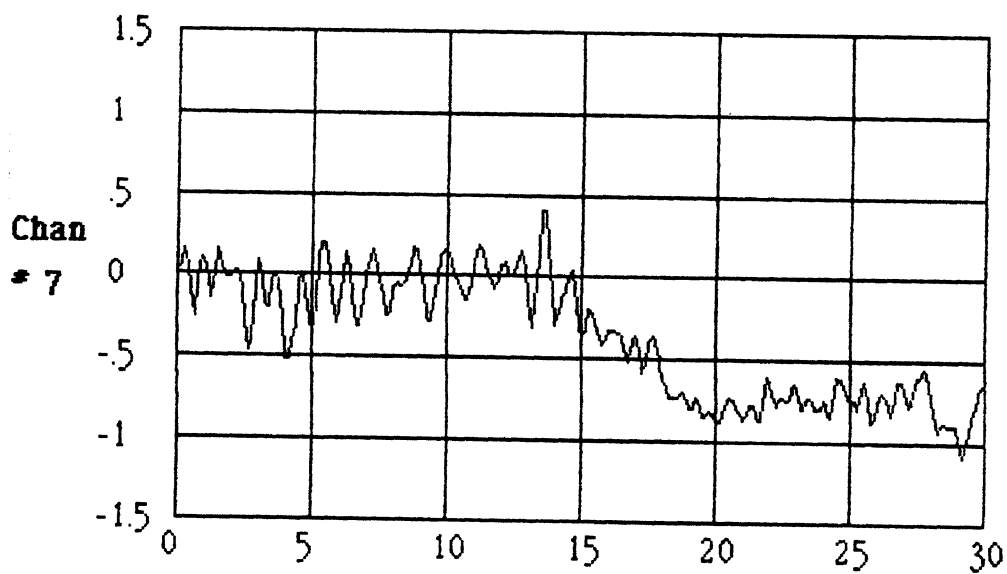
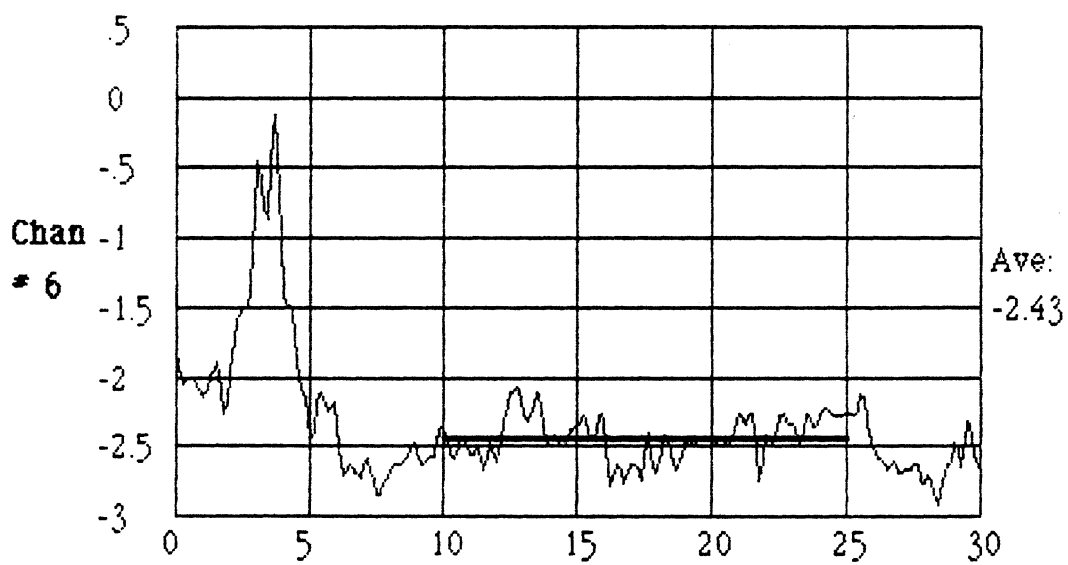
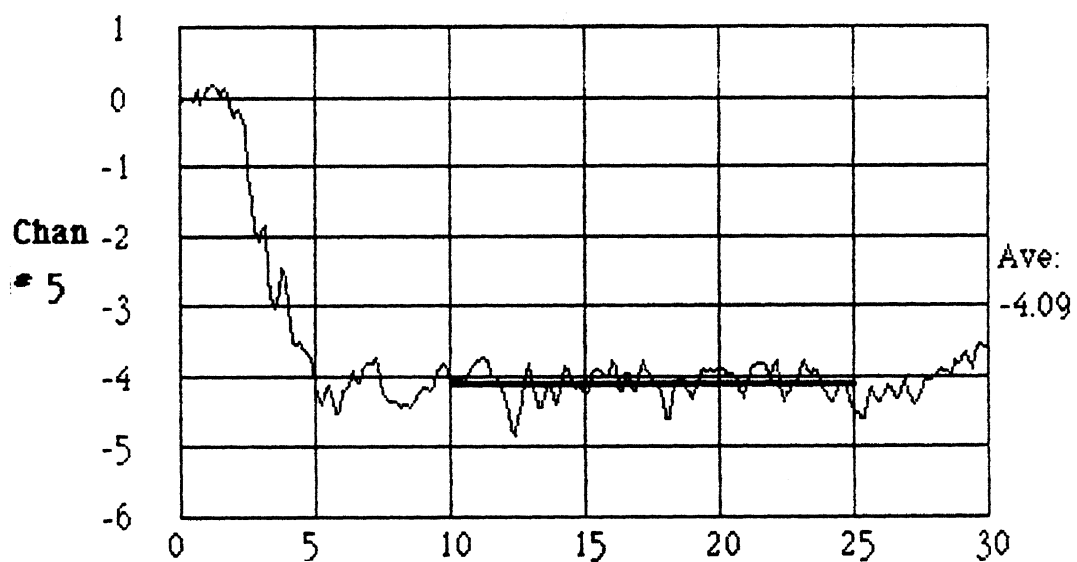
Ford LTD

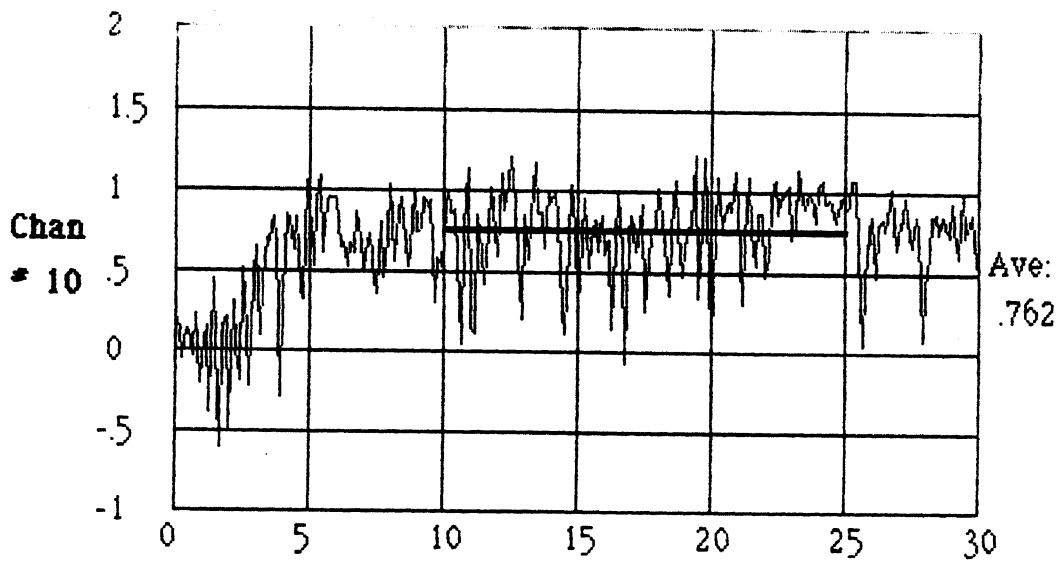
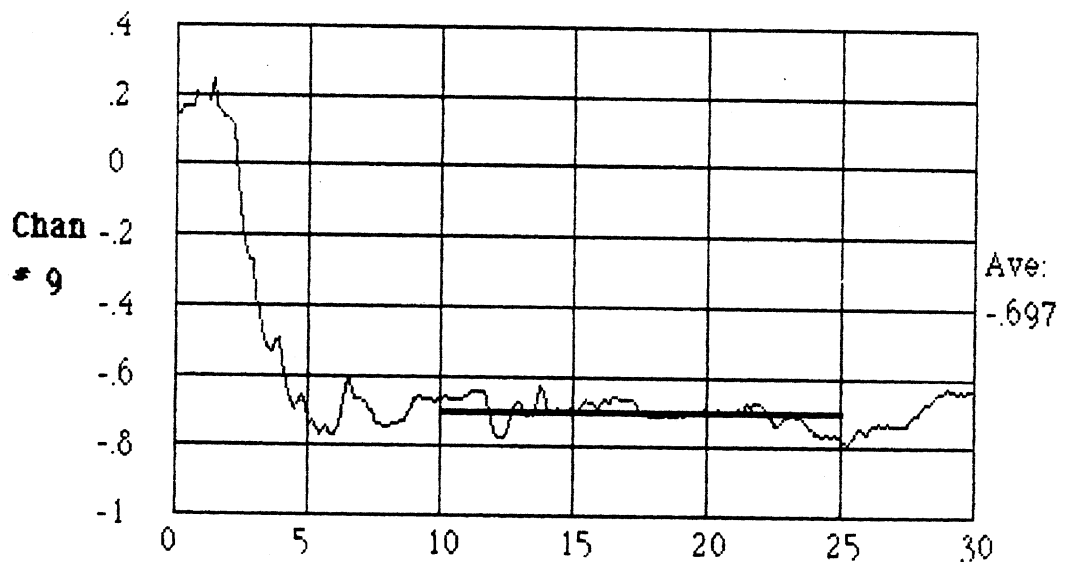
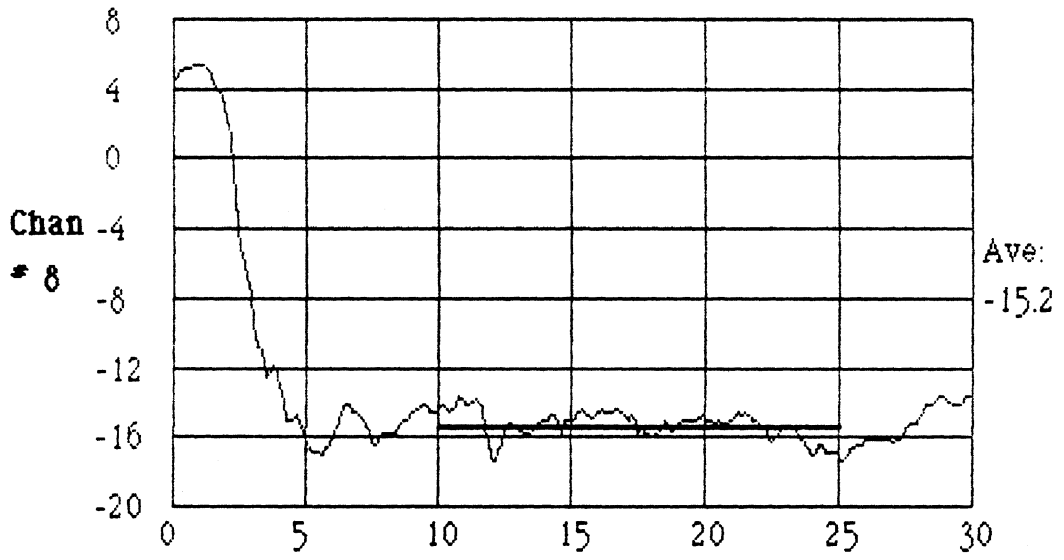
Curve #1

Repeat 1

Steady Turning





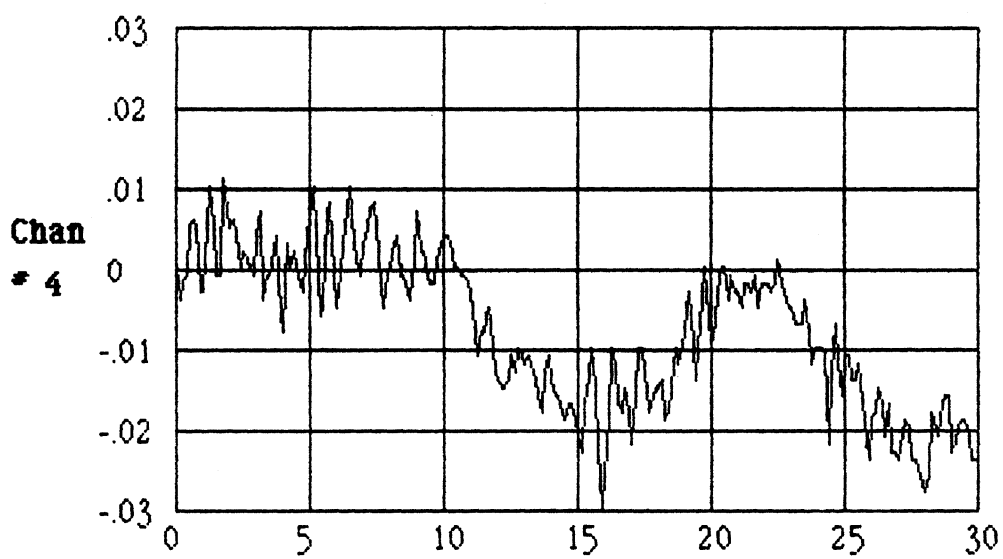
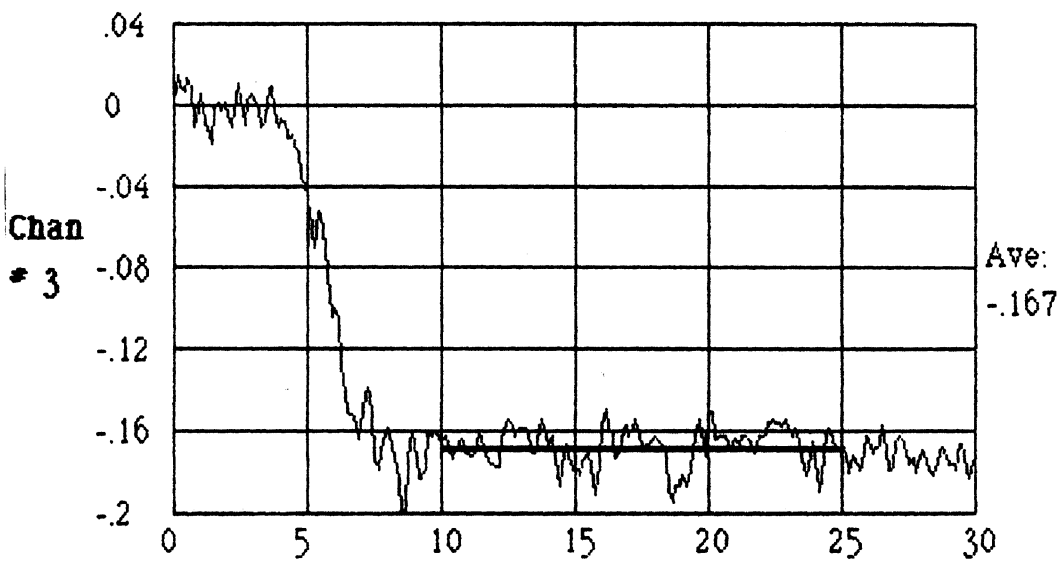
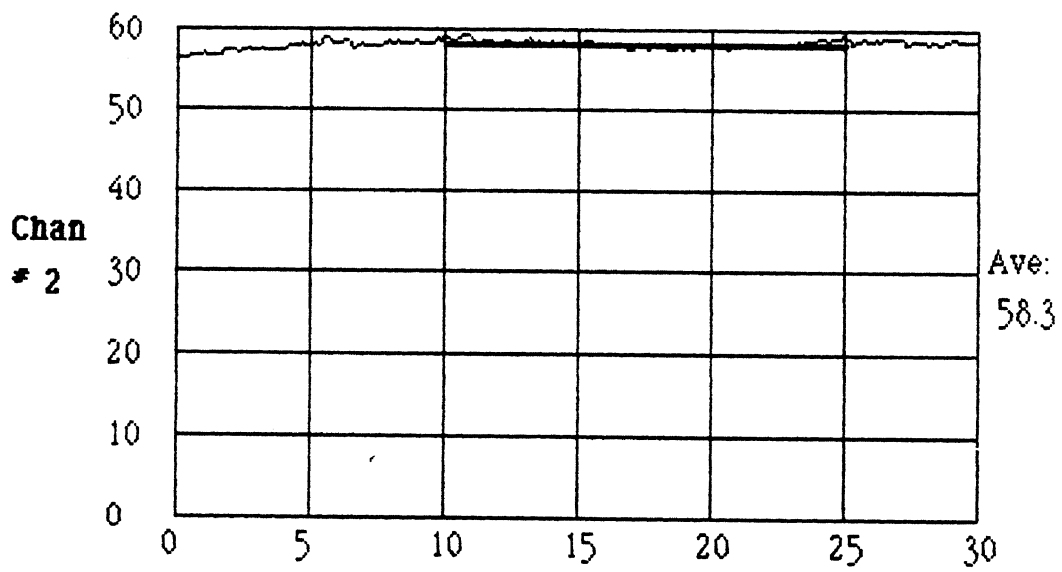


Ford LTD

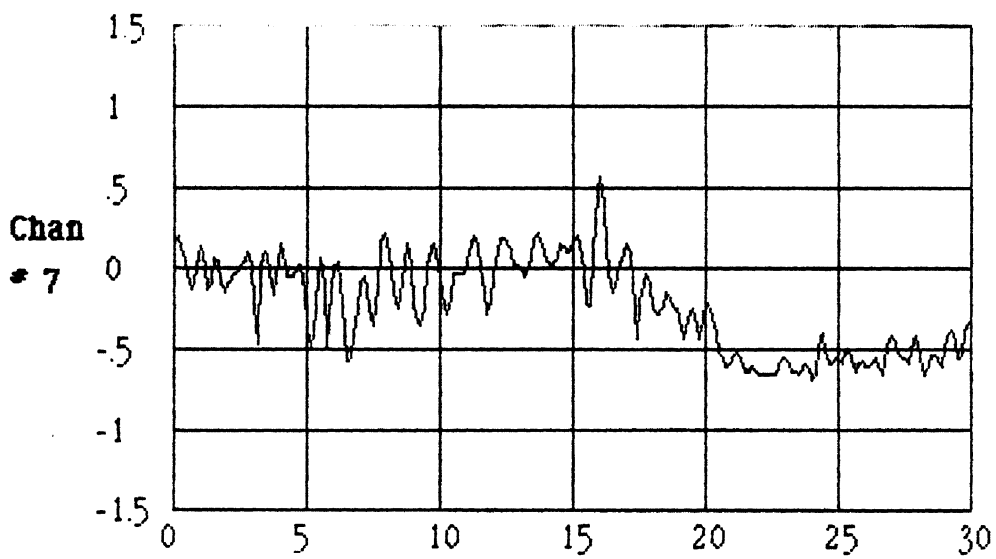
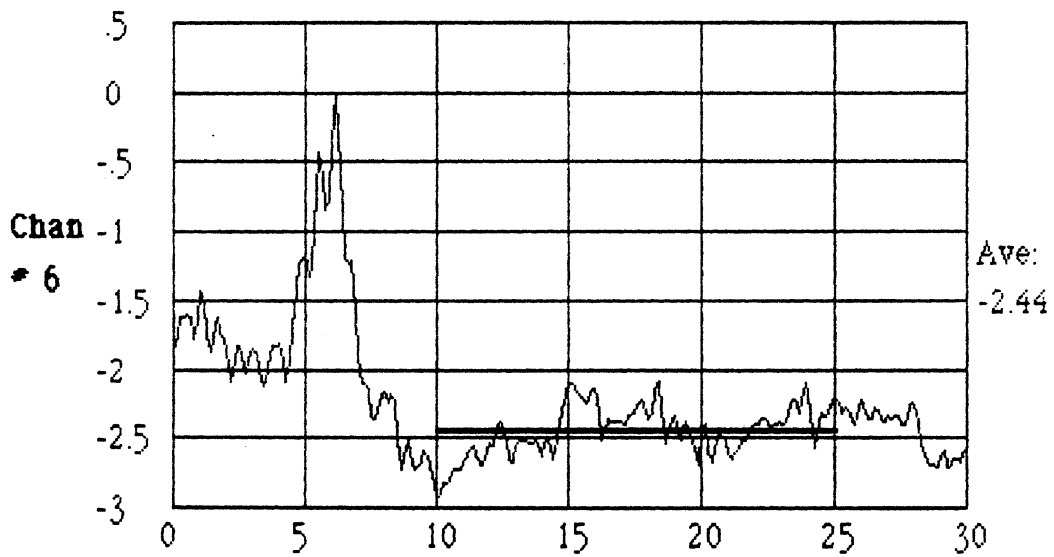
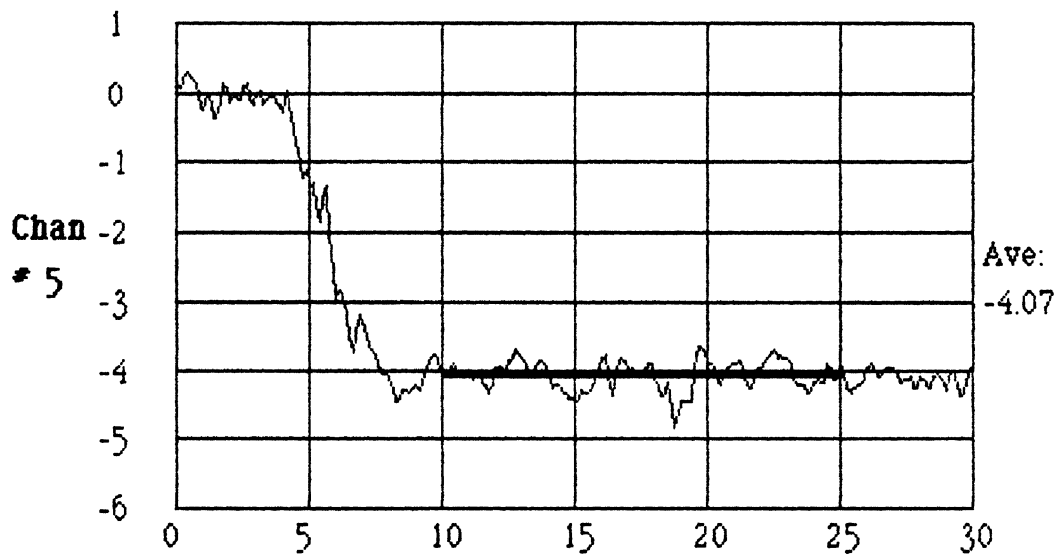
Curve #1

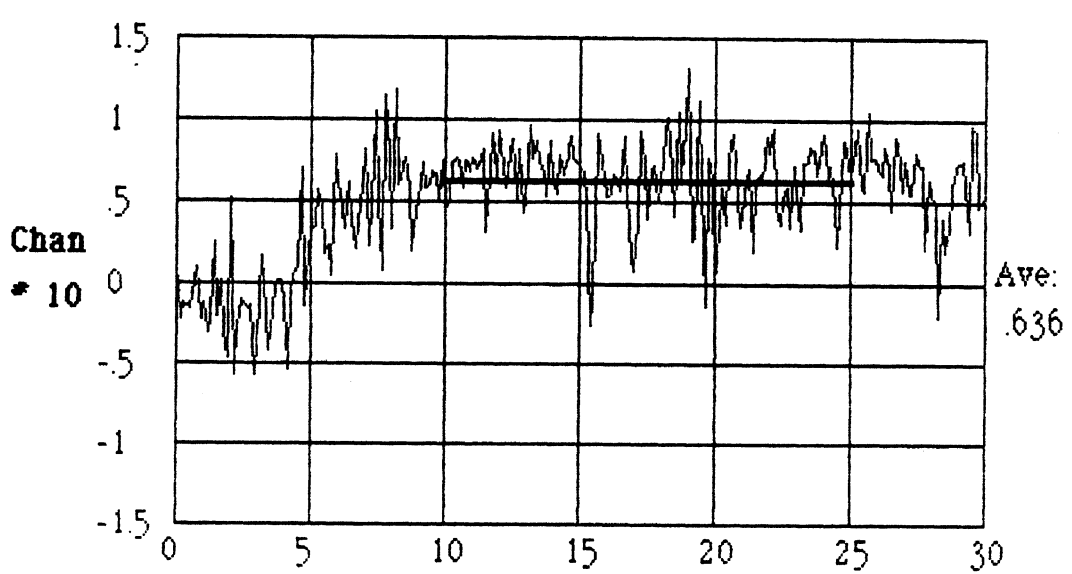
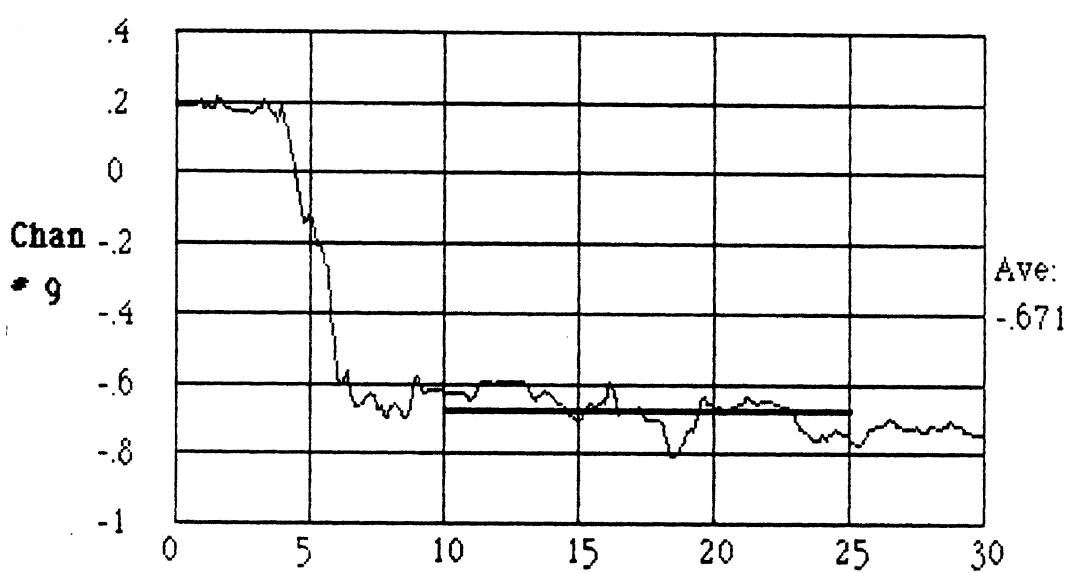
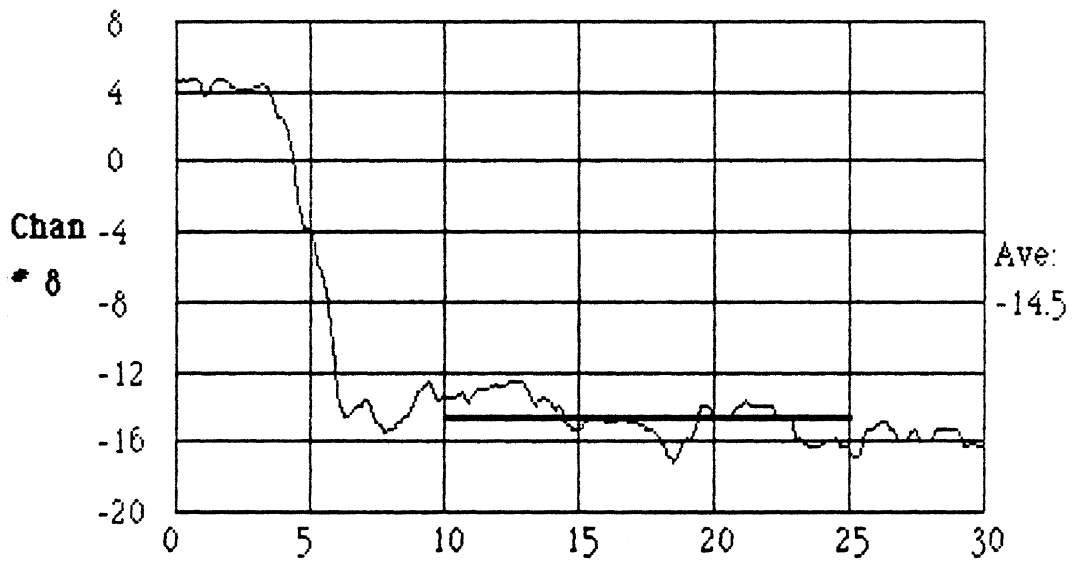
Repeat 2

Steady Turning







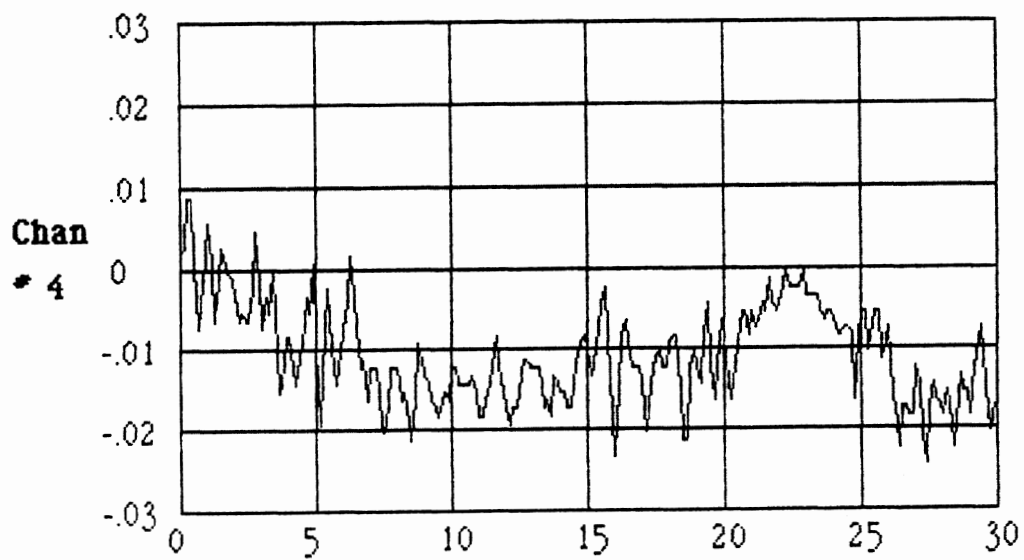
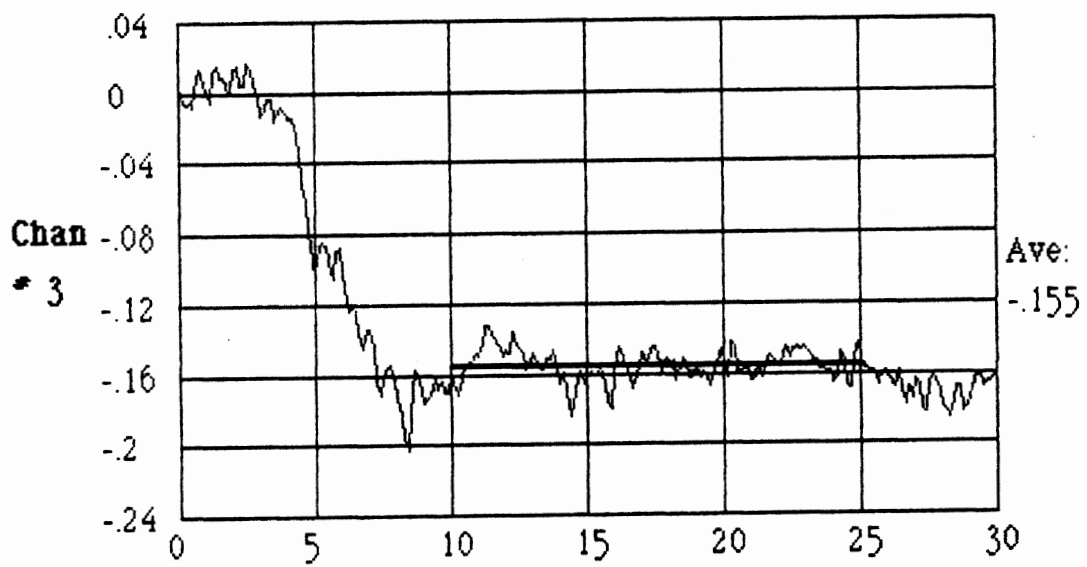
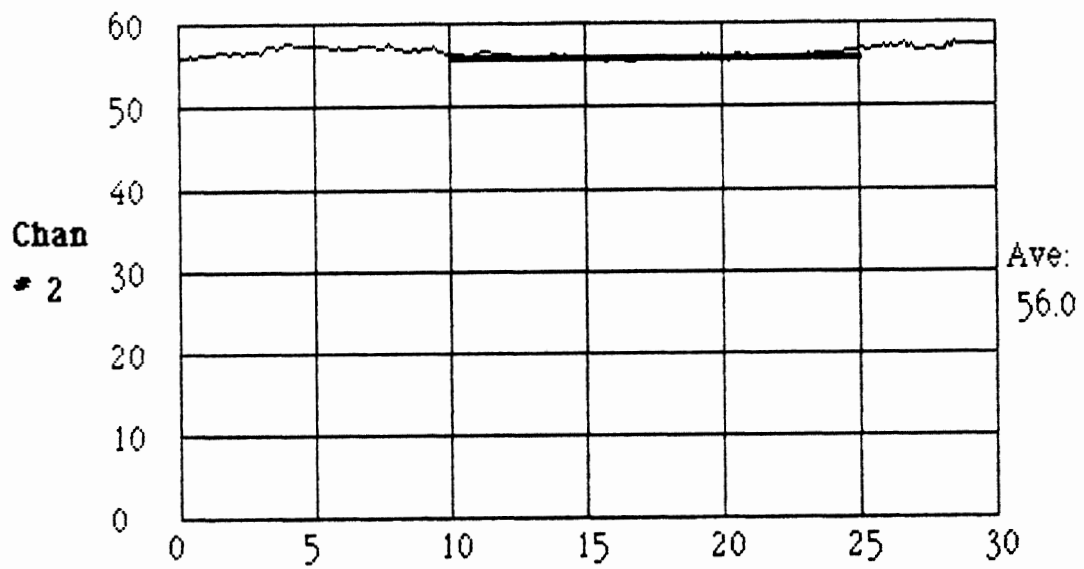


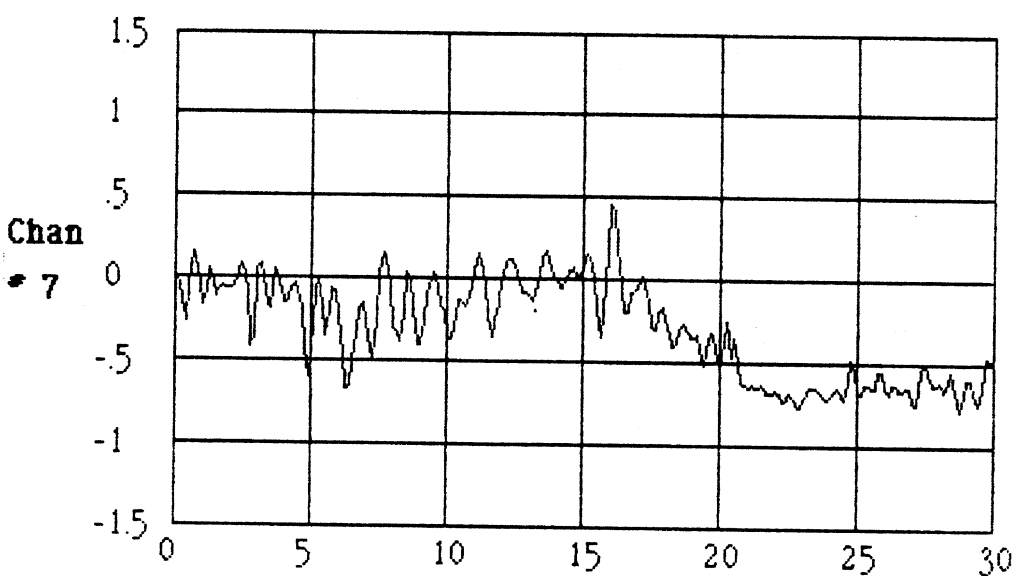
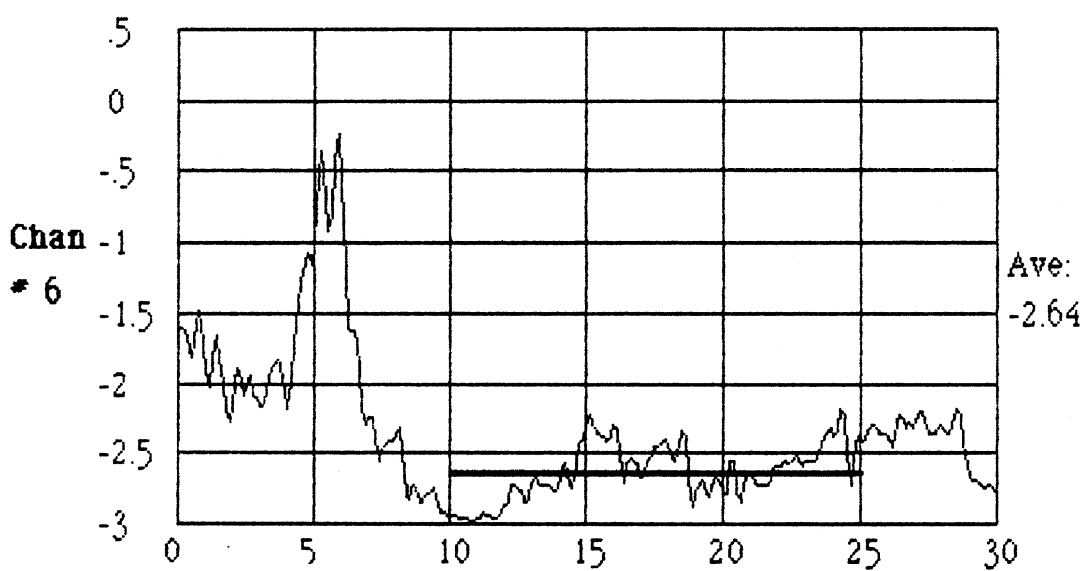
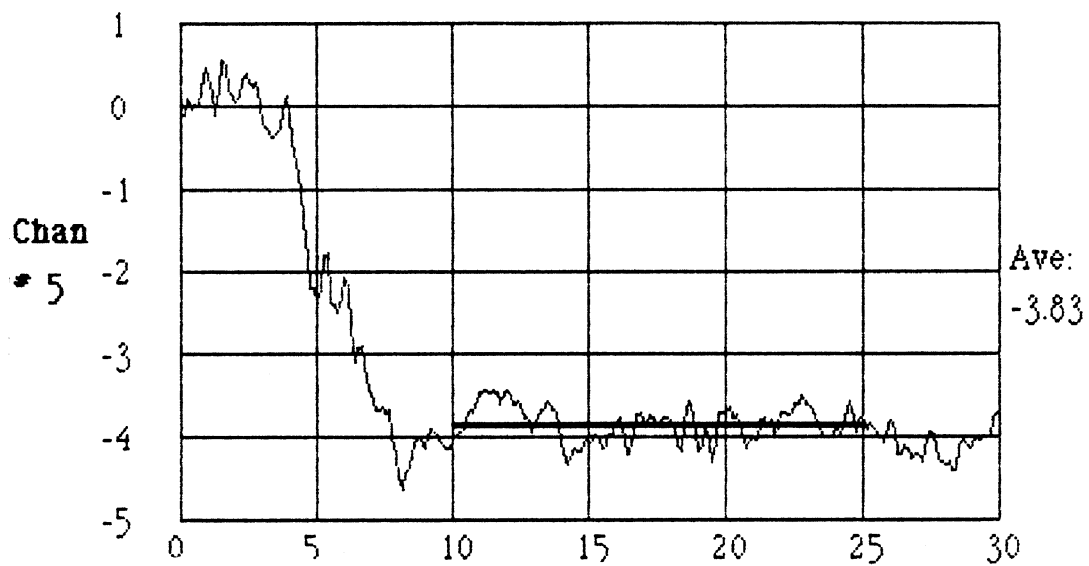
Ford LTD

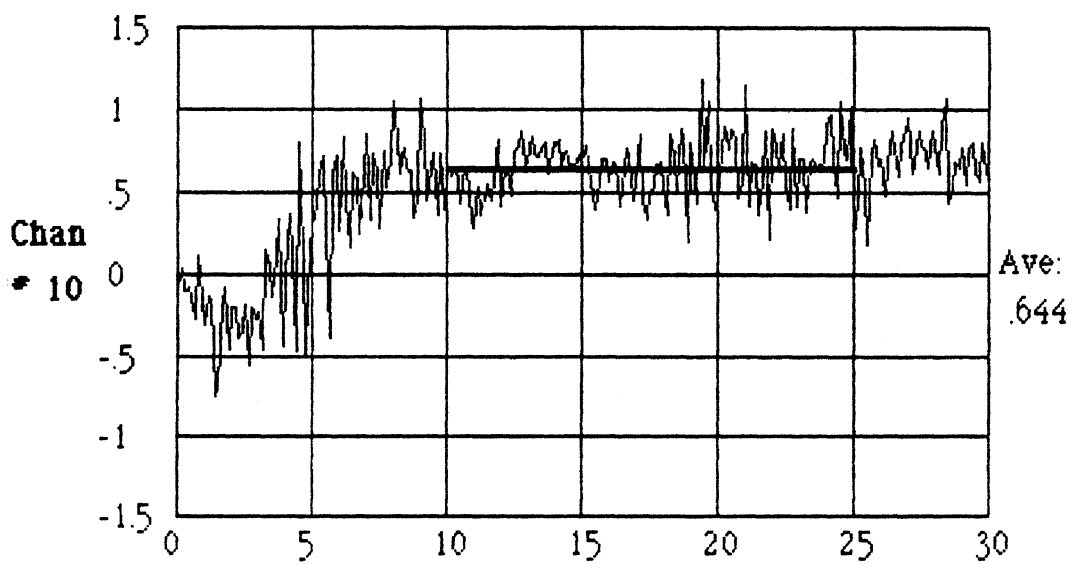
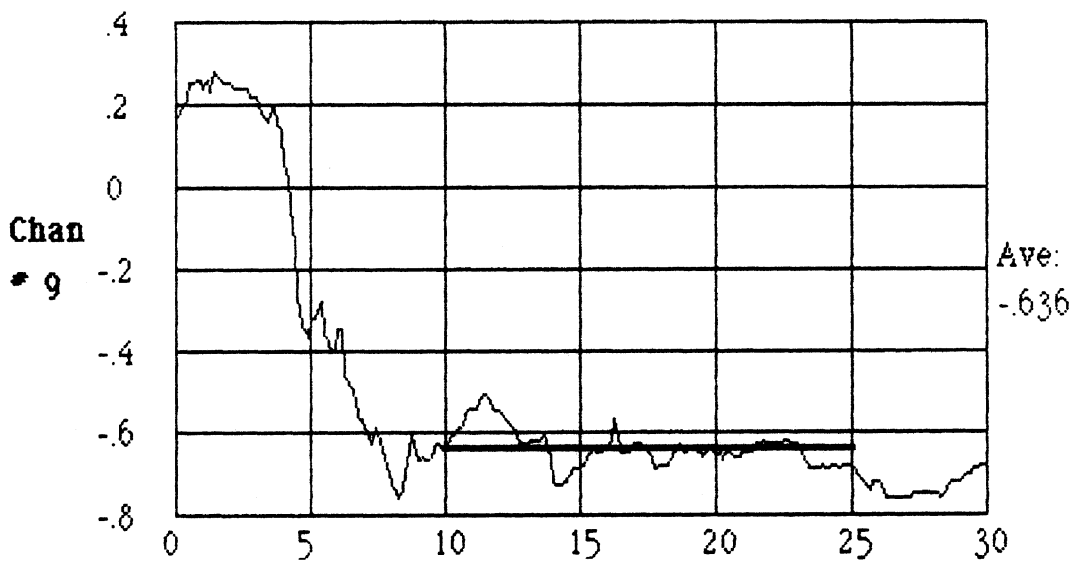
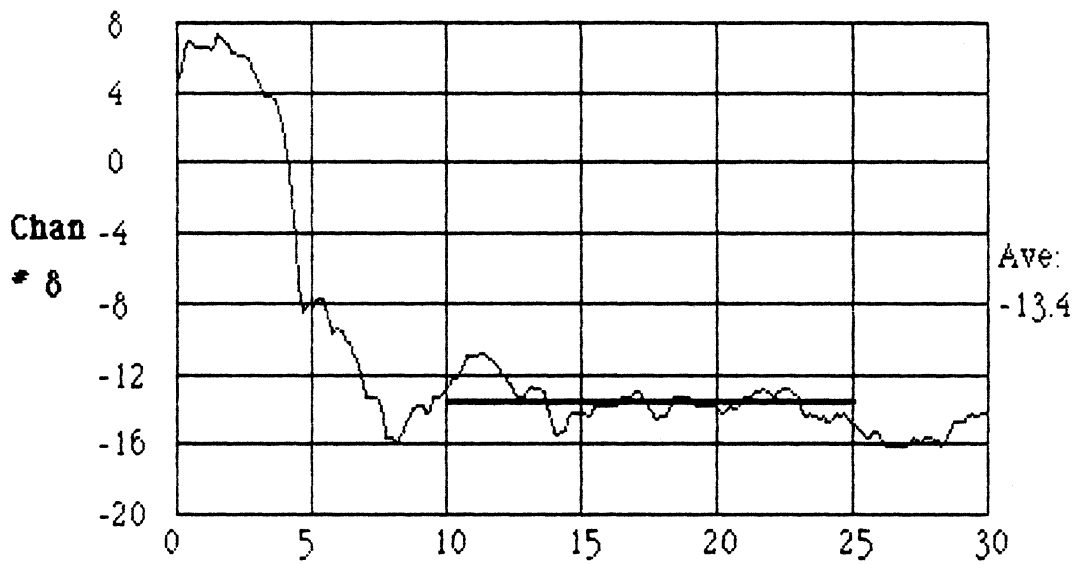
Curve #1

Repeat 3

Steady Turning





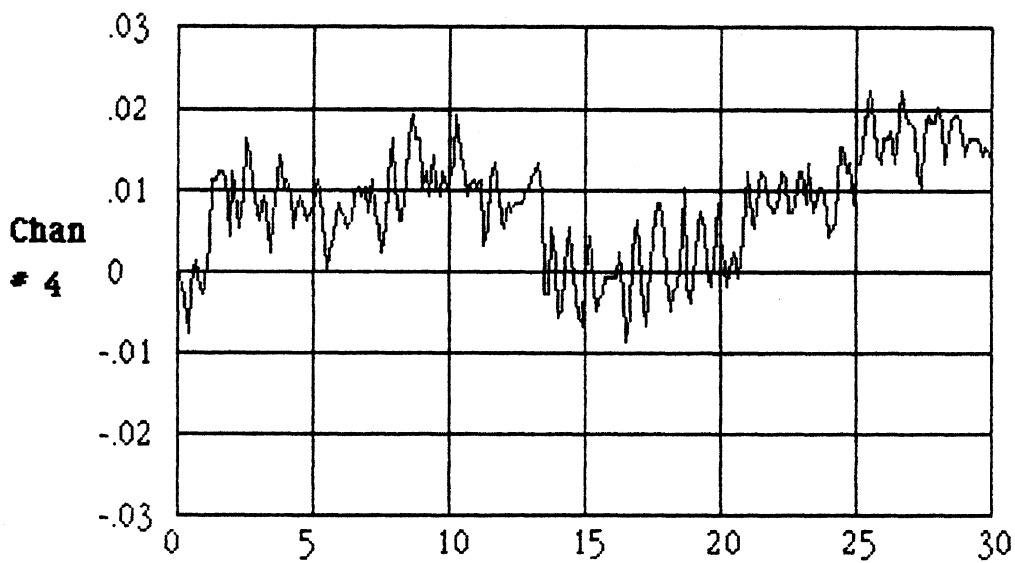
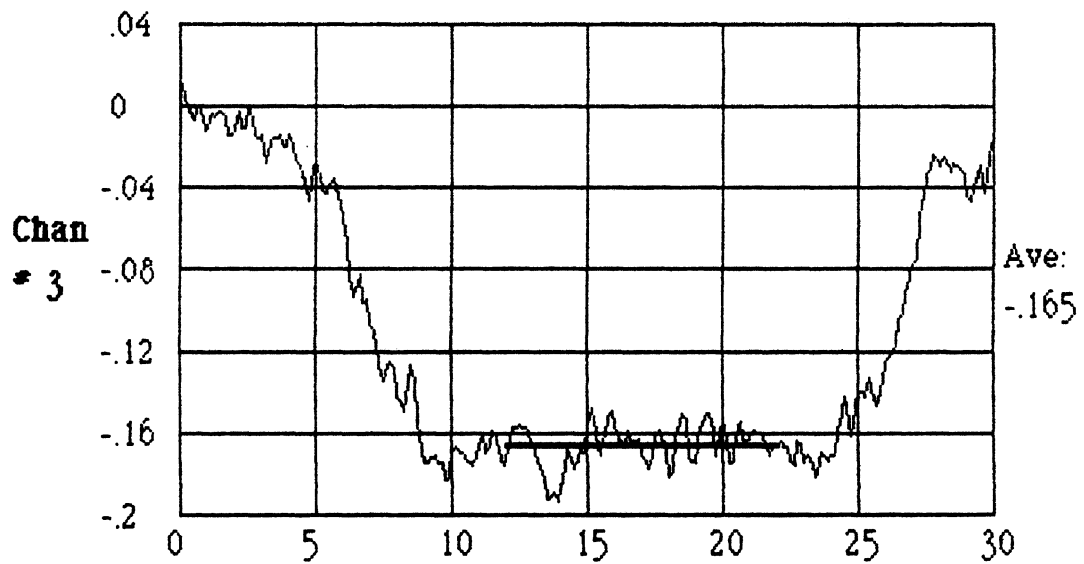
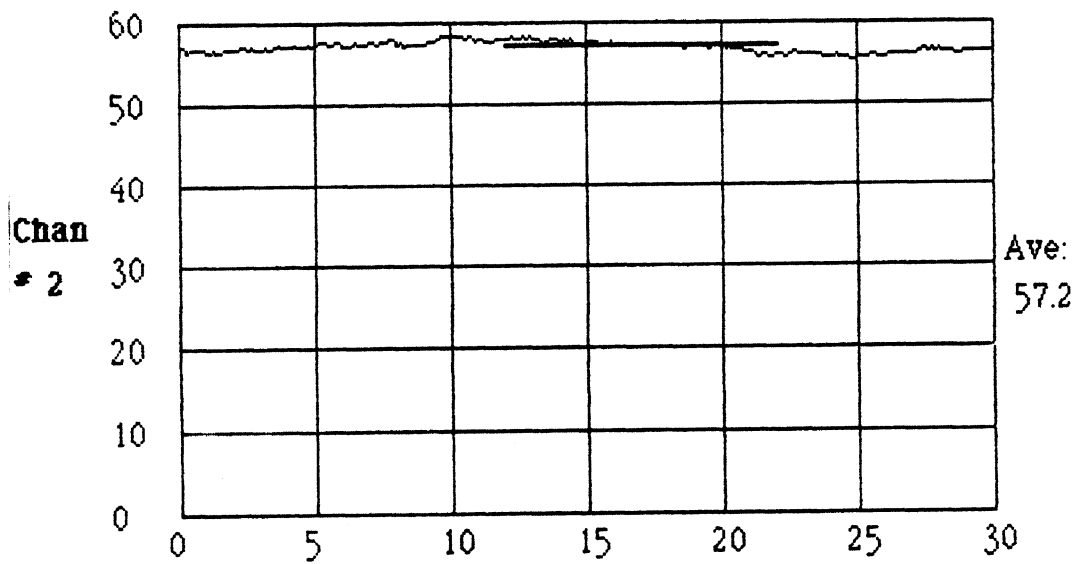


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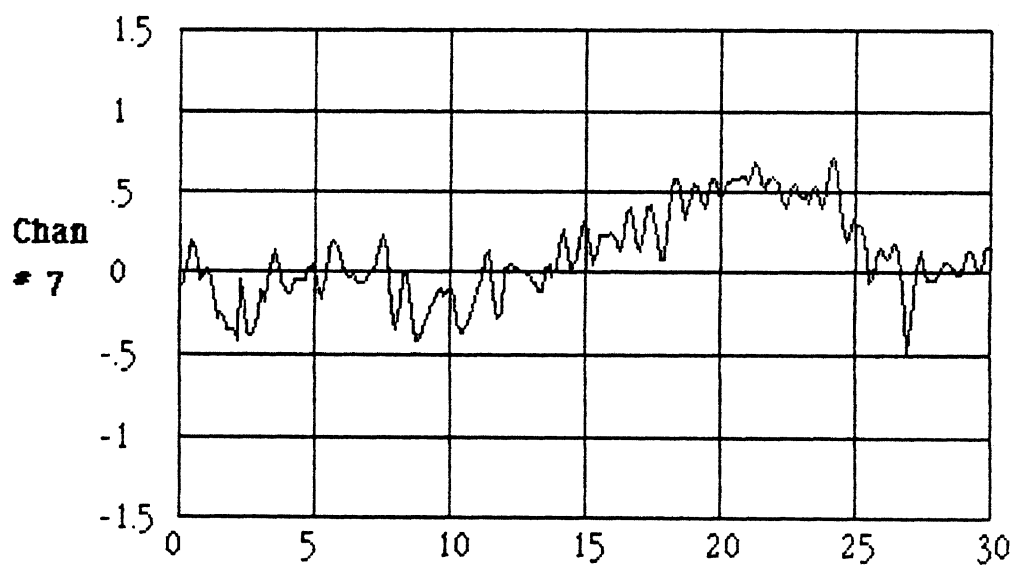
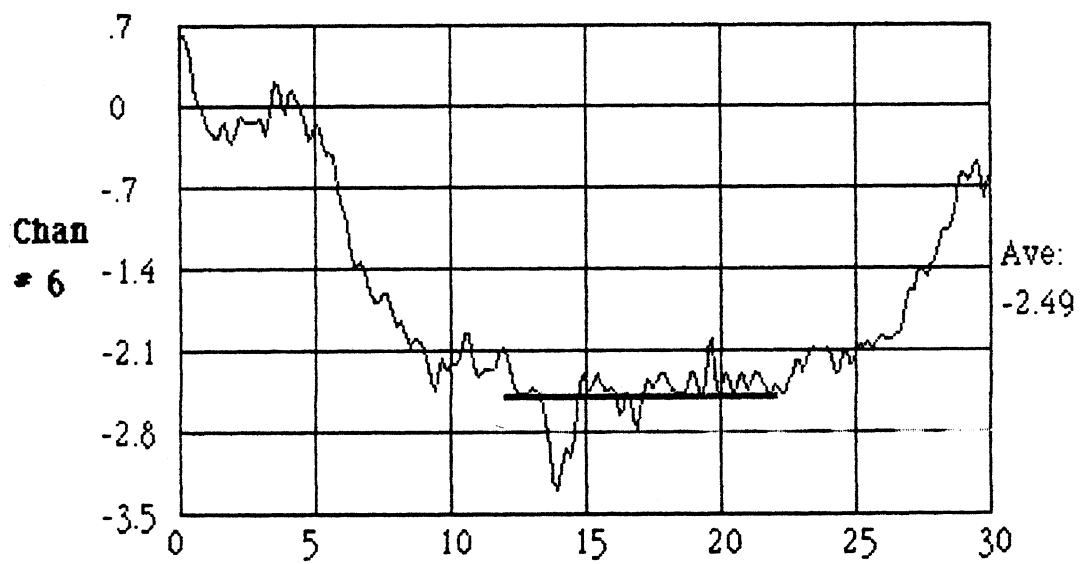
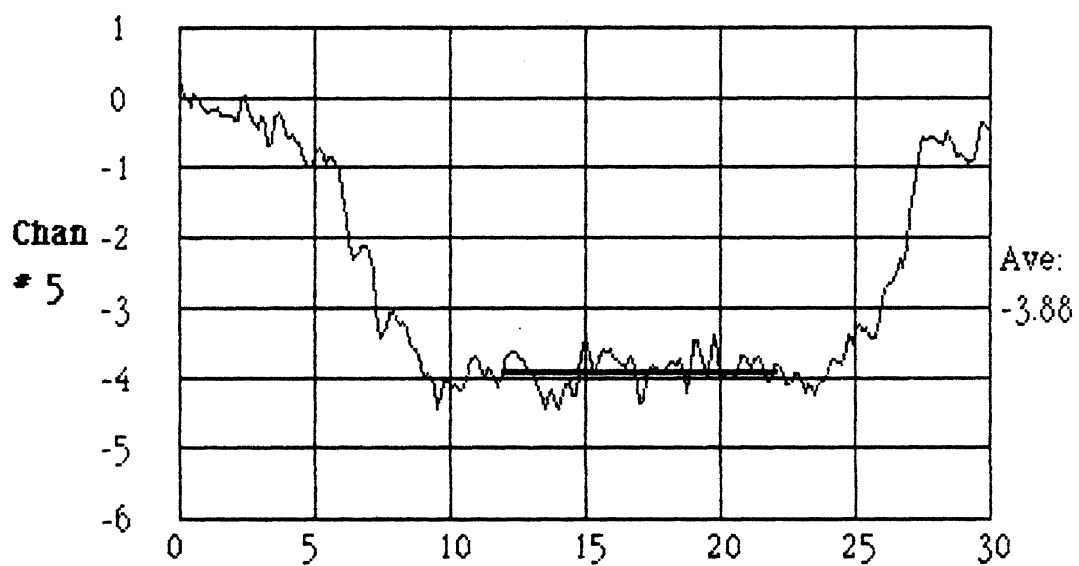
Curve #2

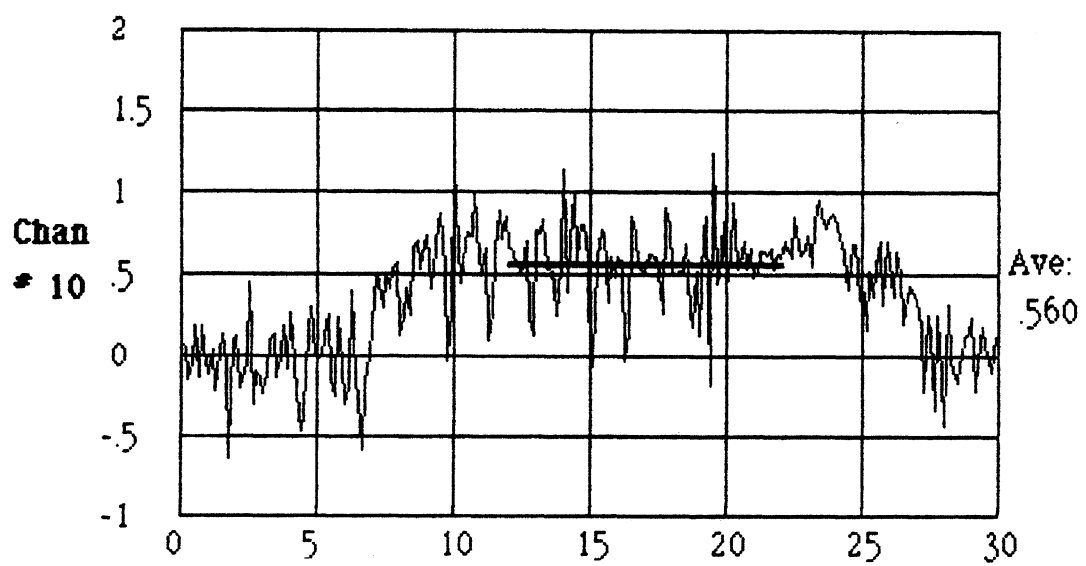
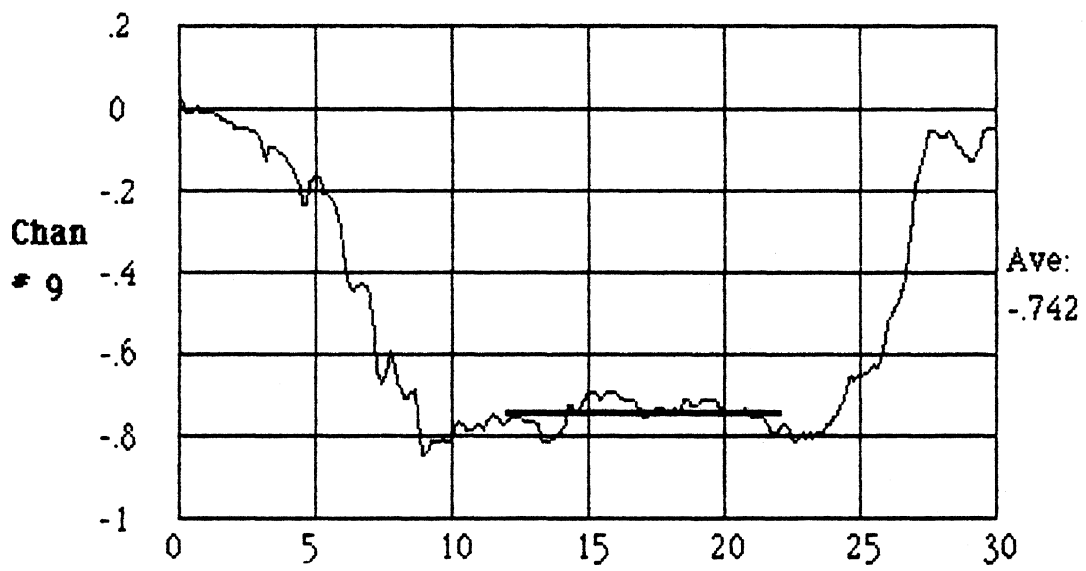
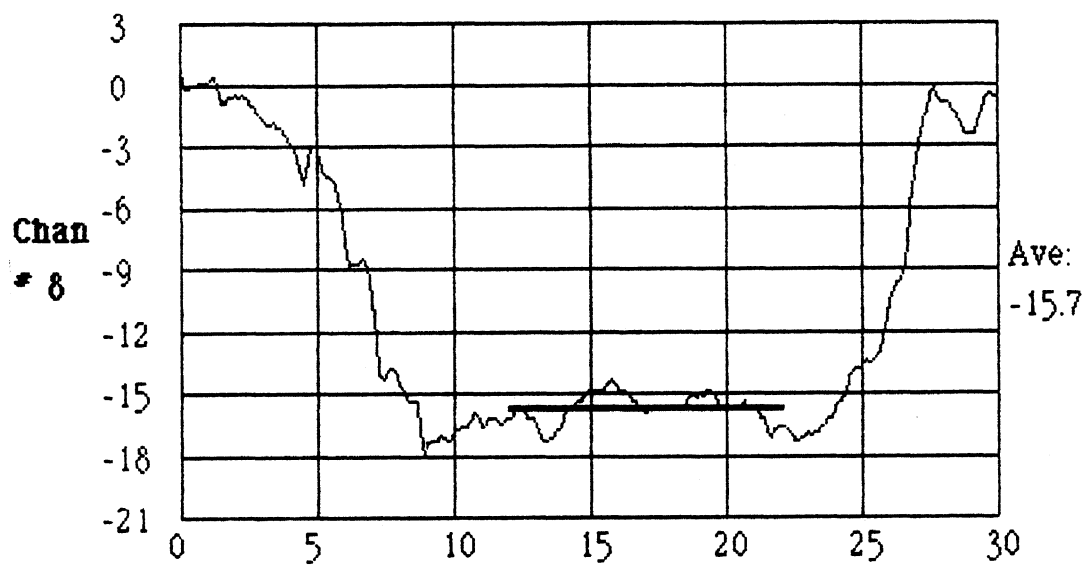
Repeat 1

Steady Turning







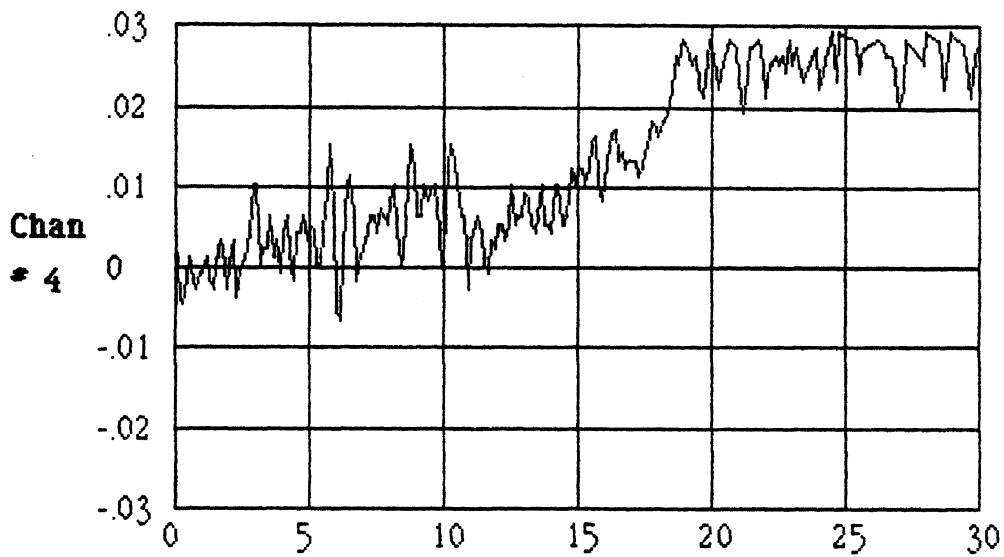
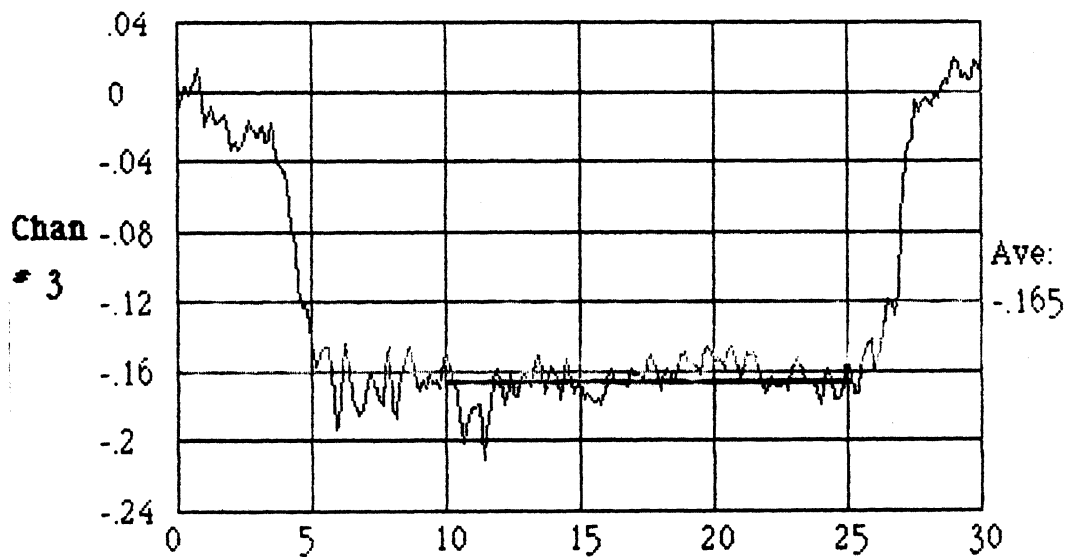
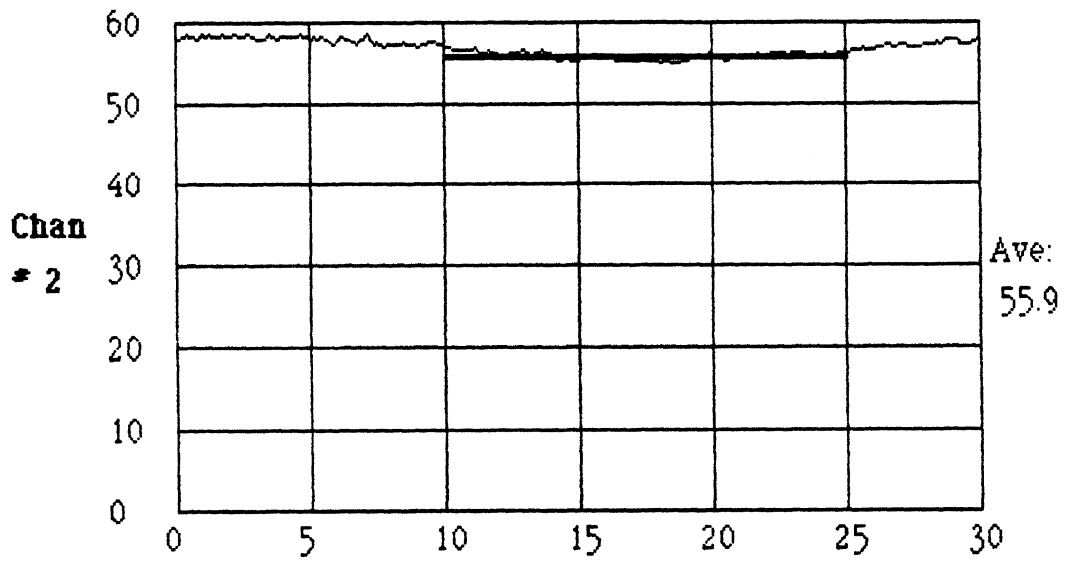


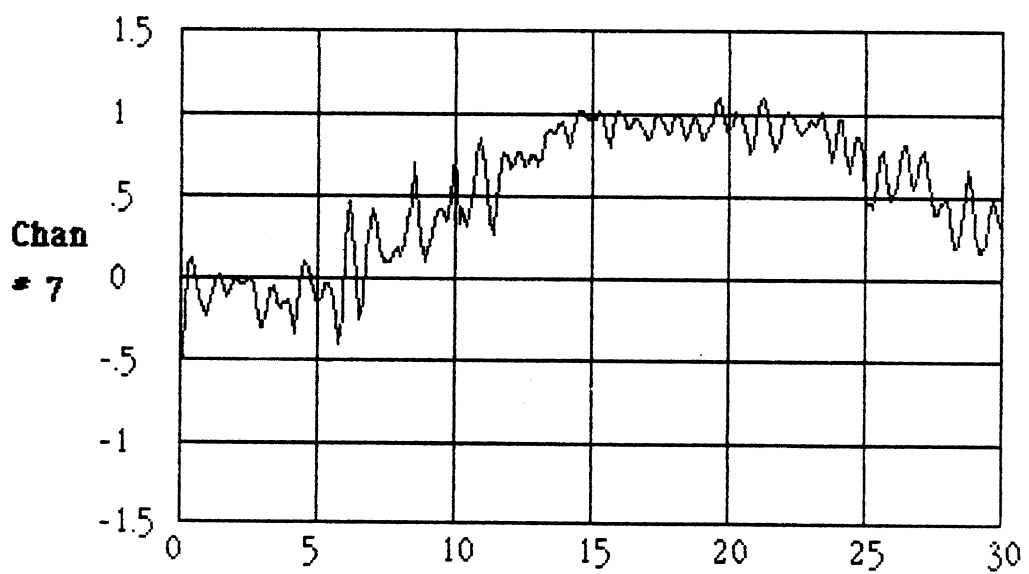
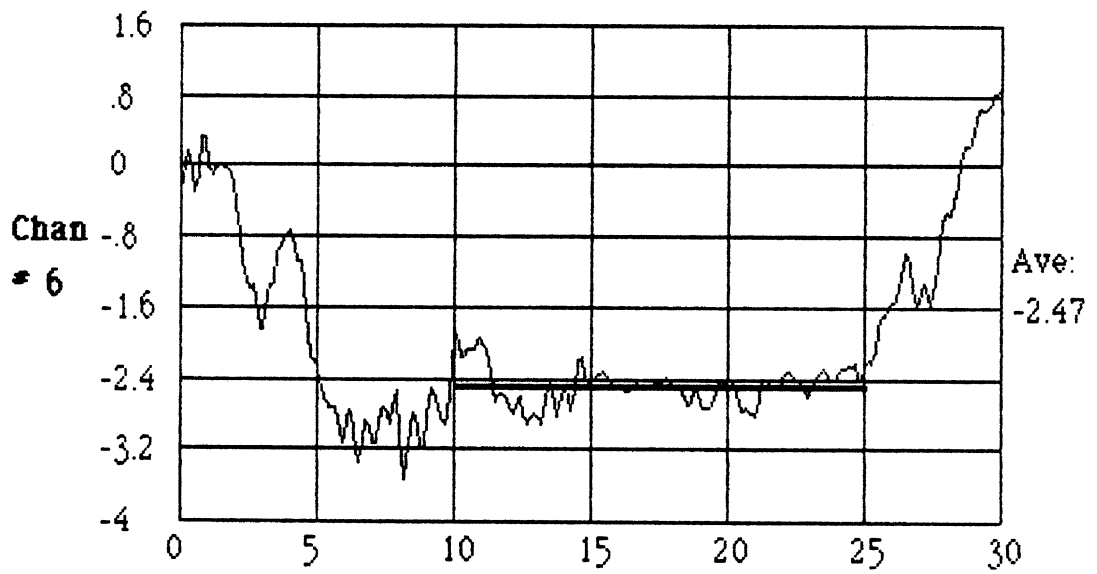
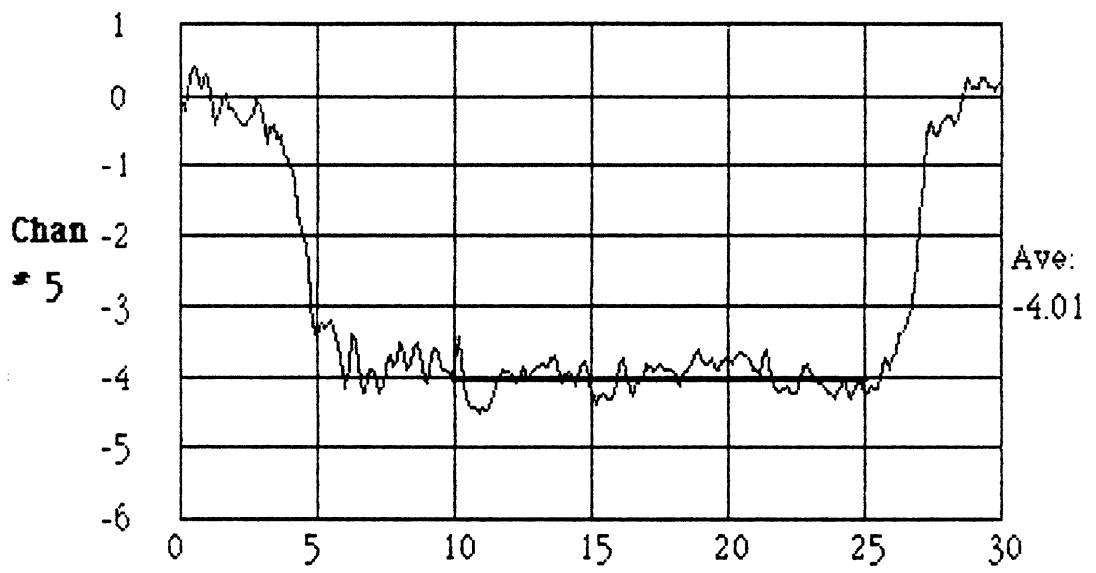
Ford LTD

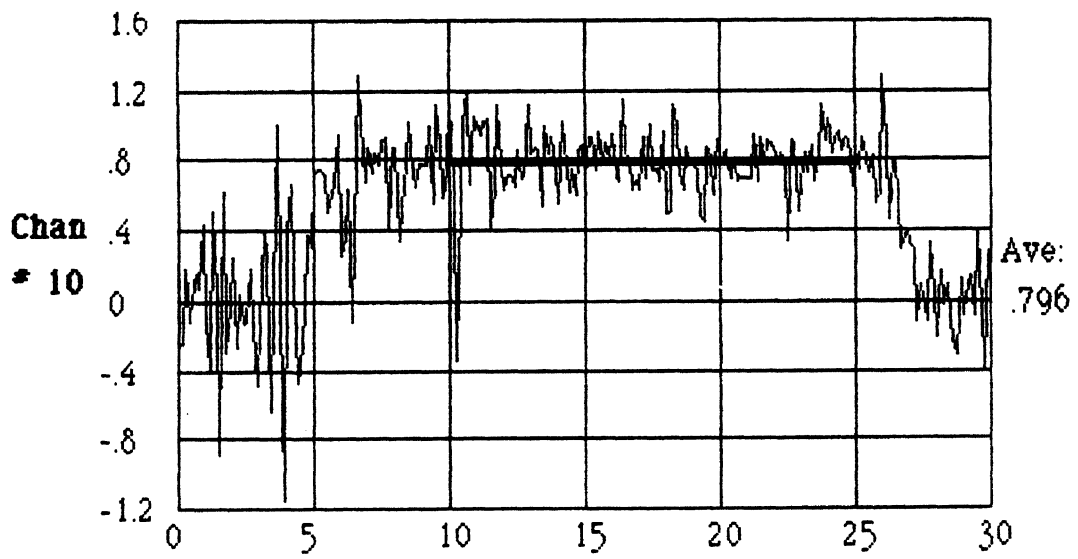
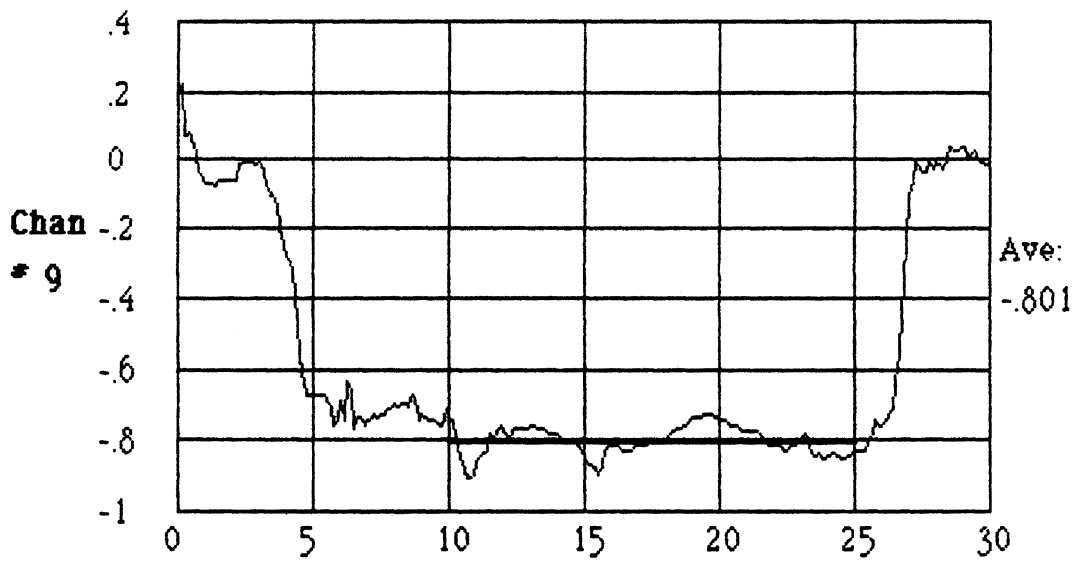
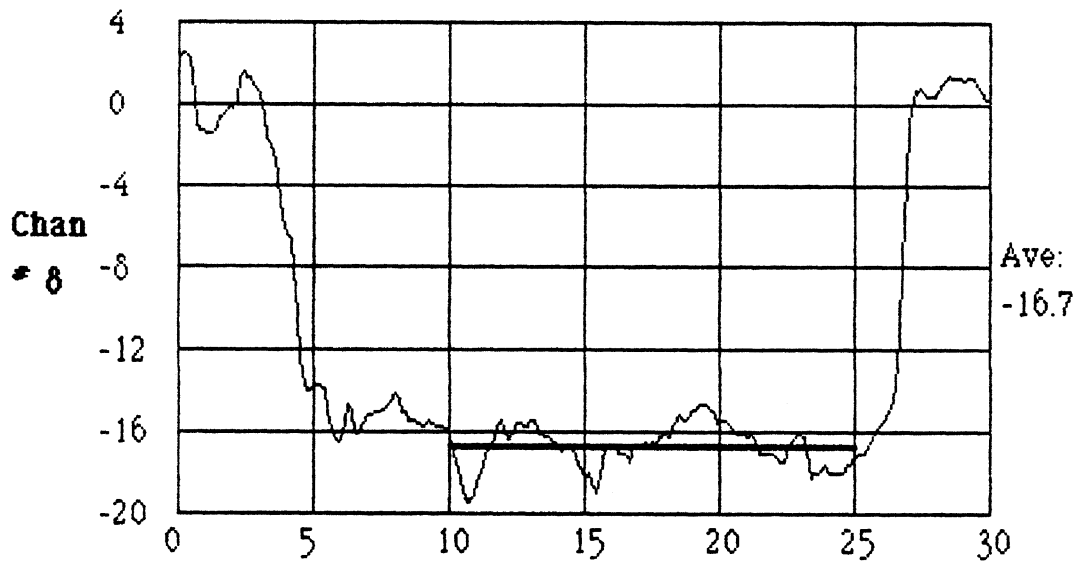
Curve #3

Repeat 1

Steady Turning





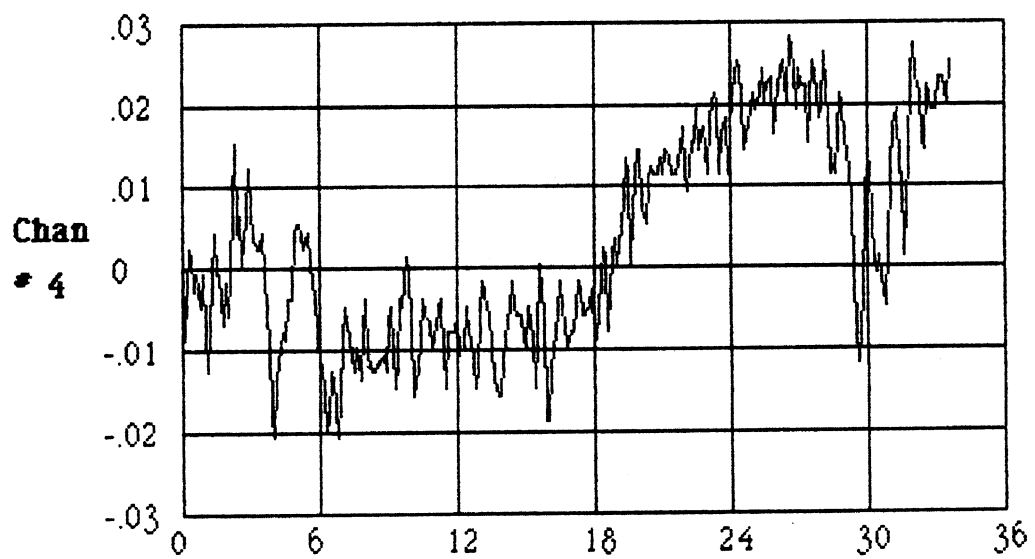
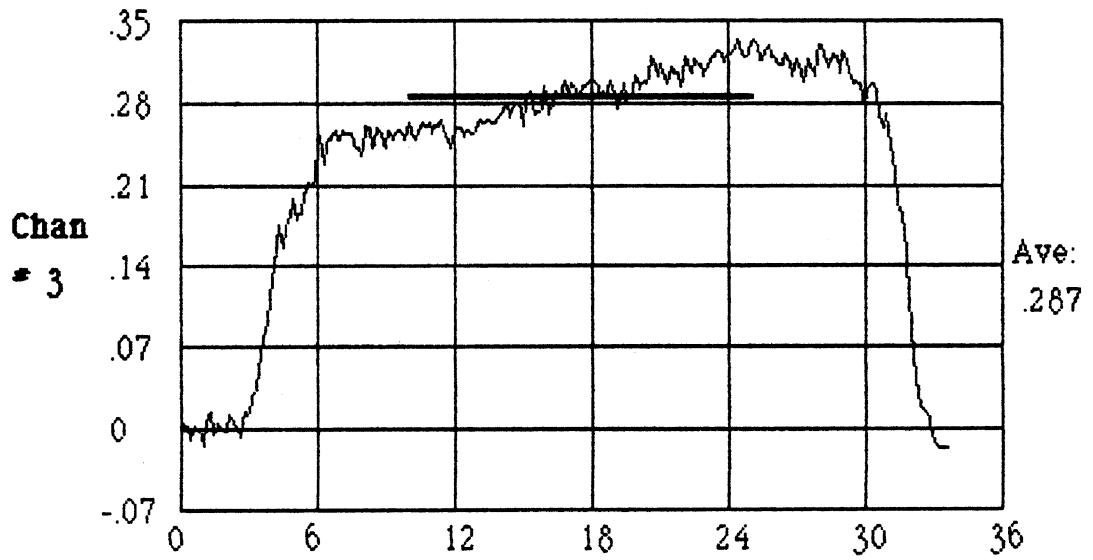
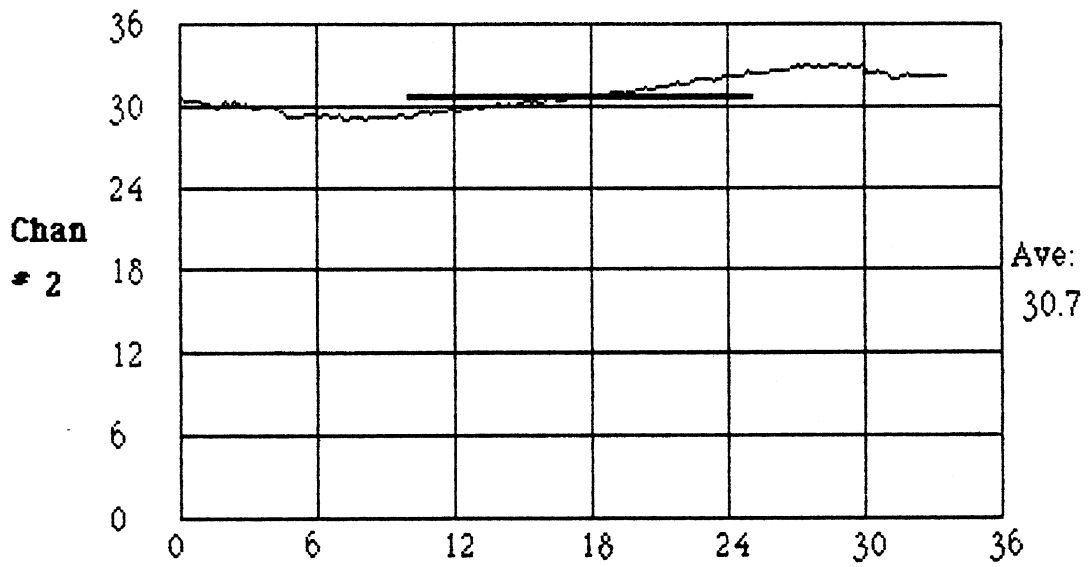


Ford LTD

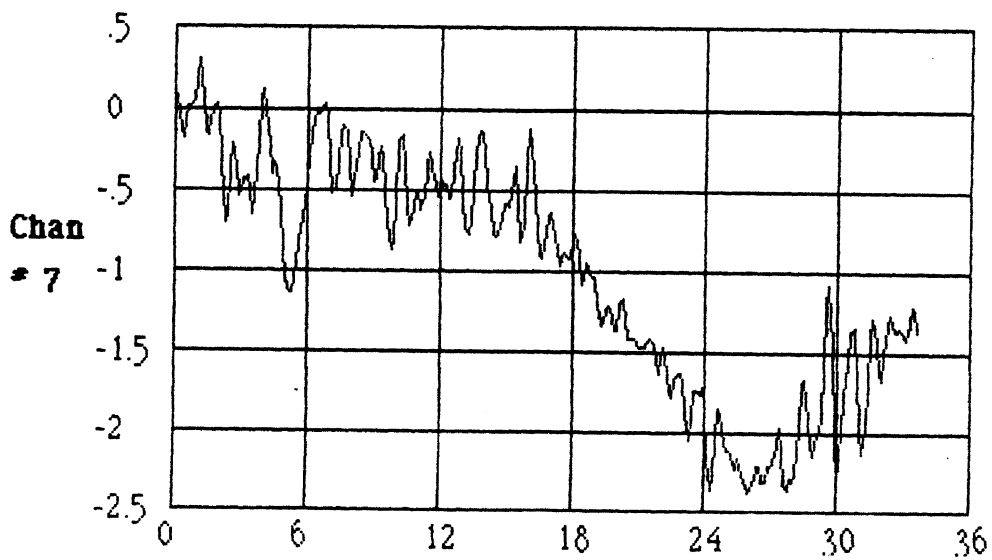
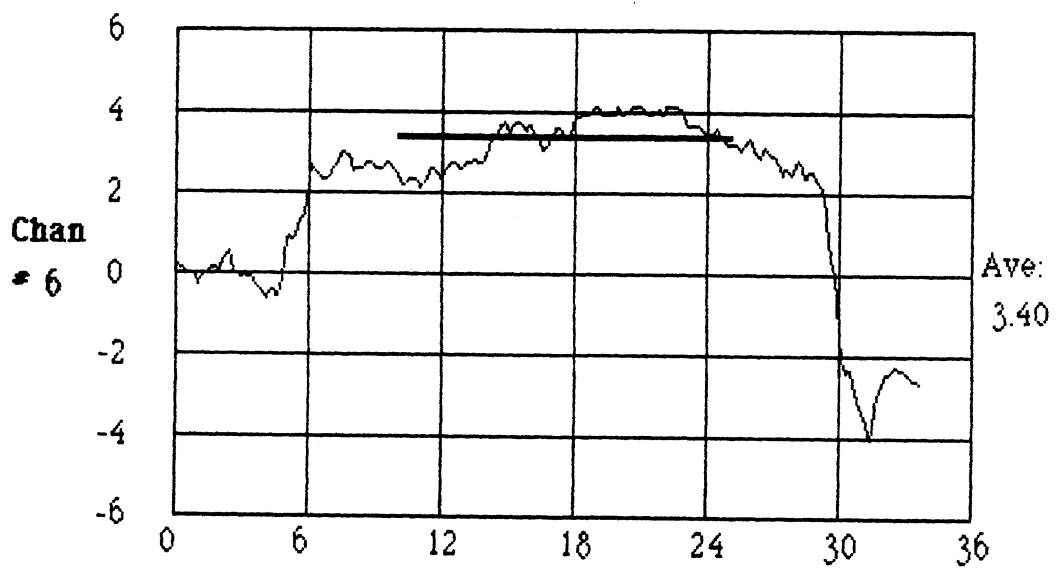
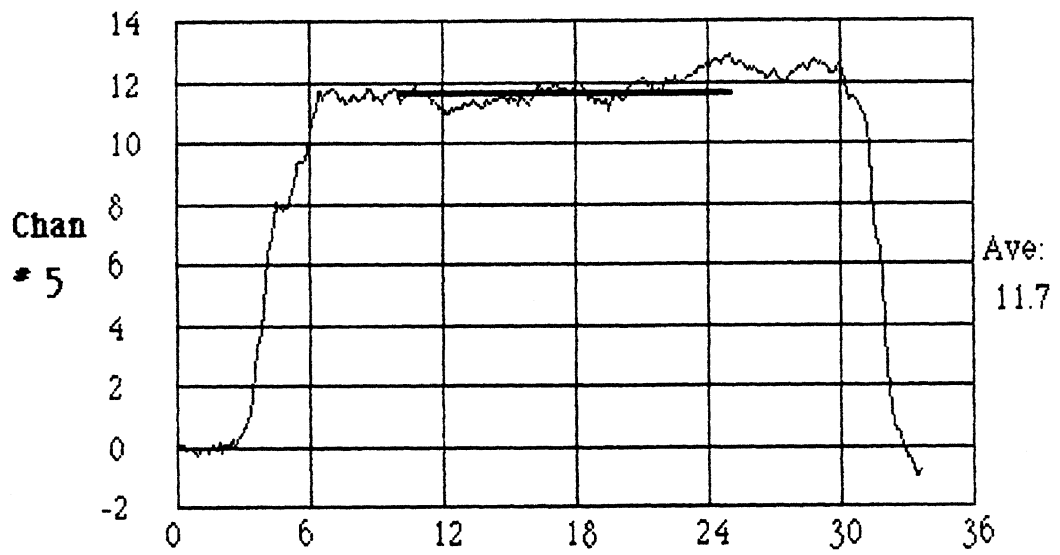
Ramp

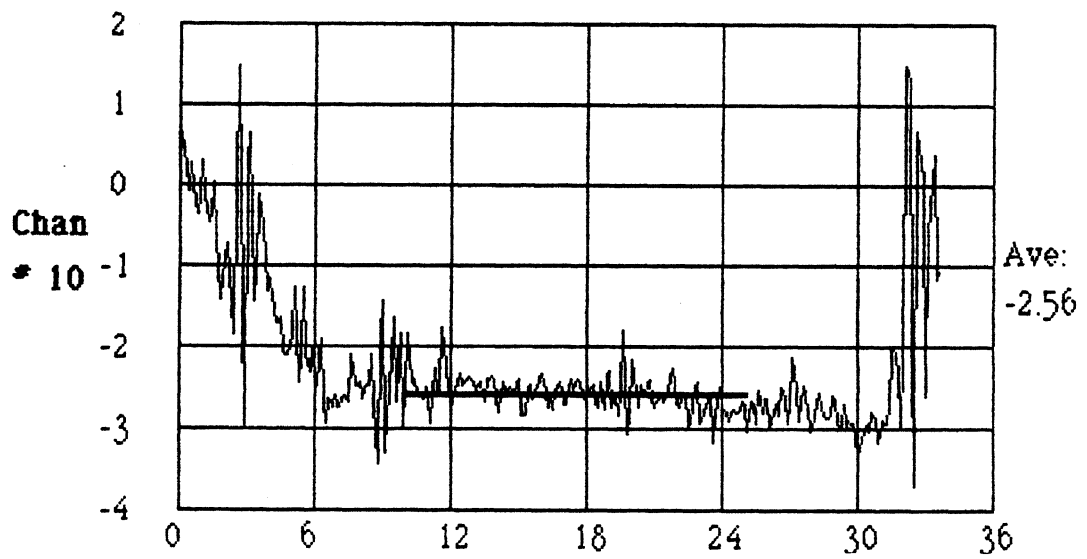
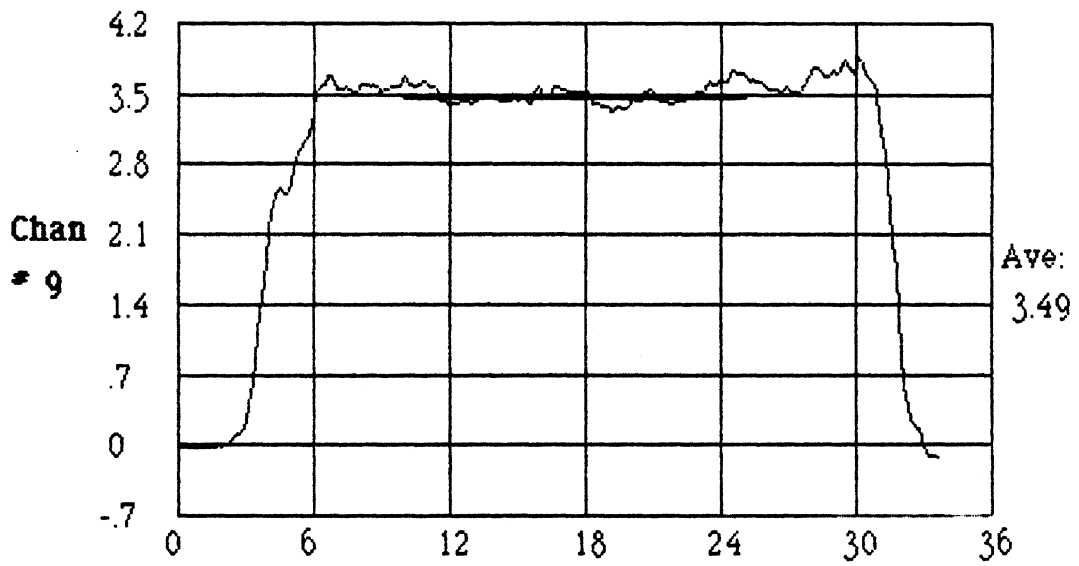
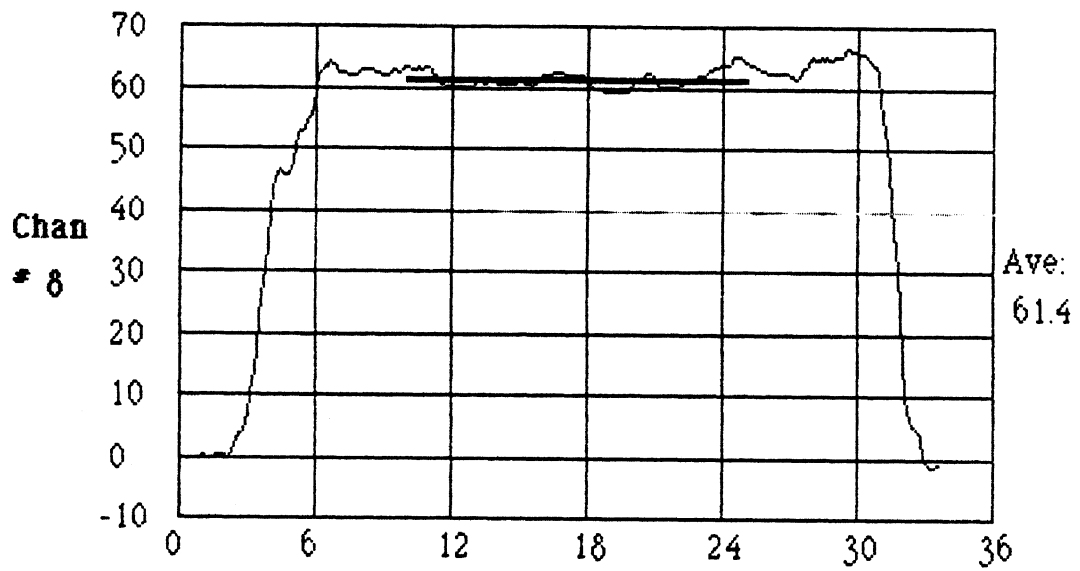
Repeat 1

Steady Turning







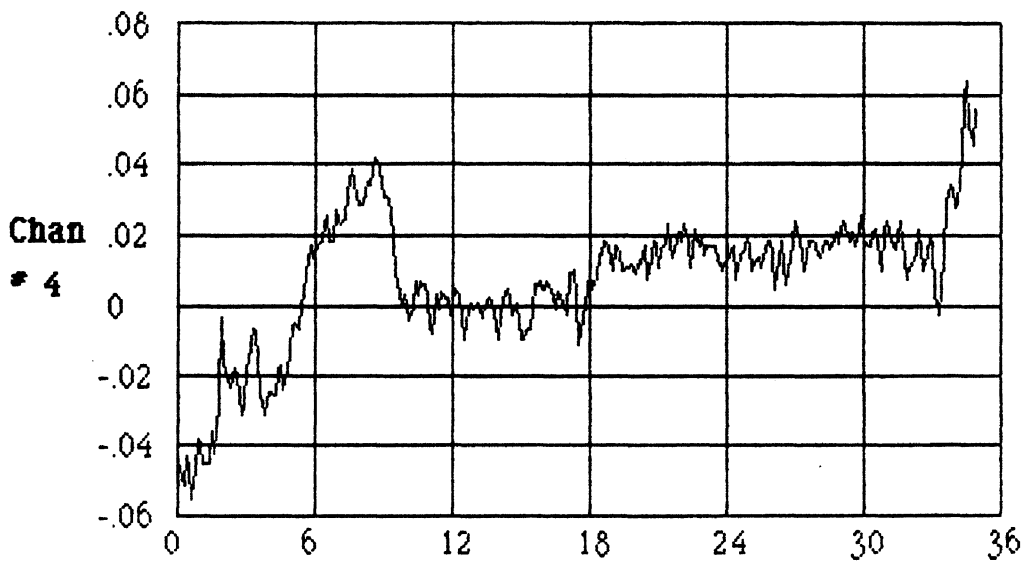
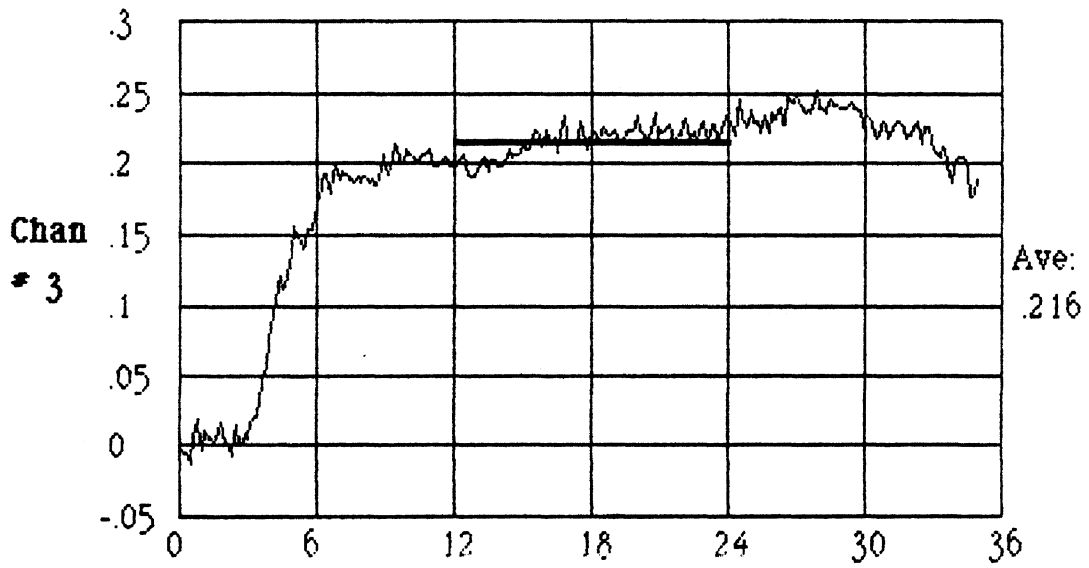
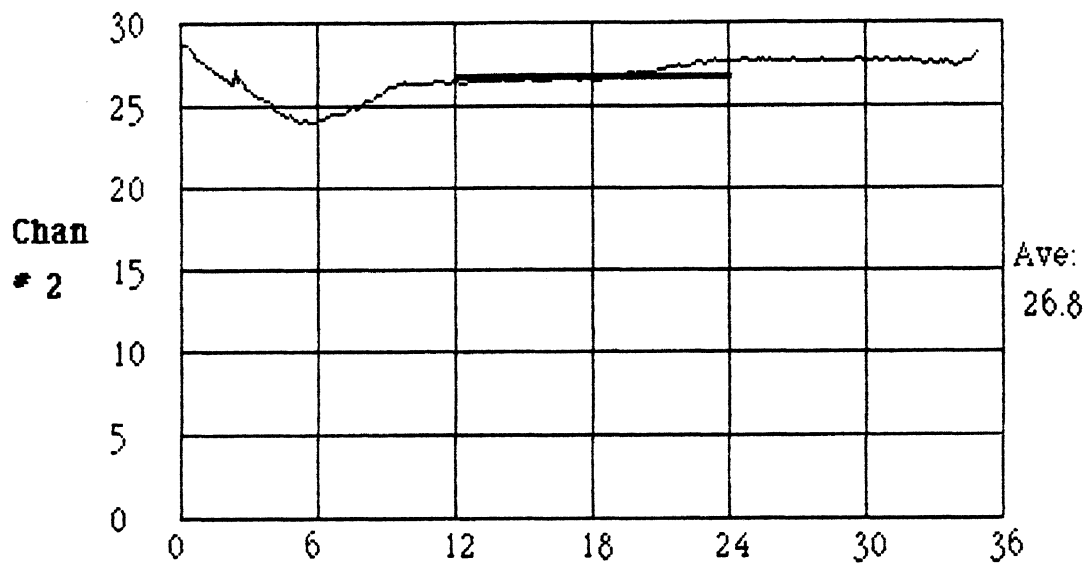


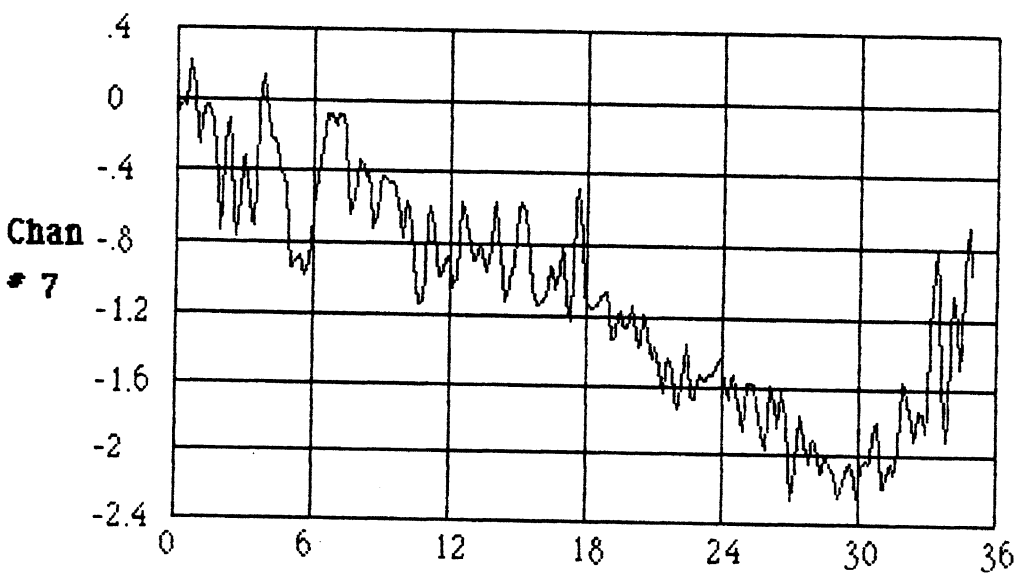
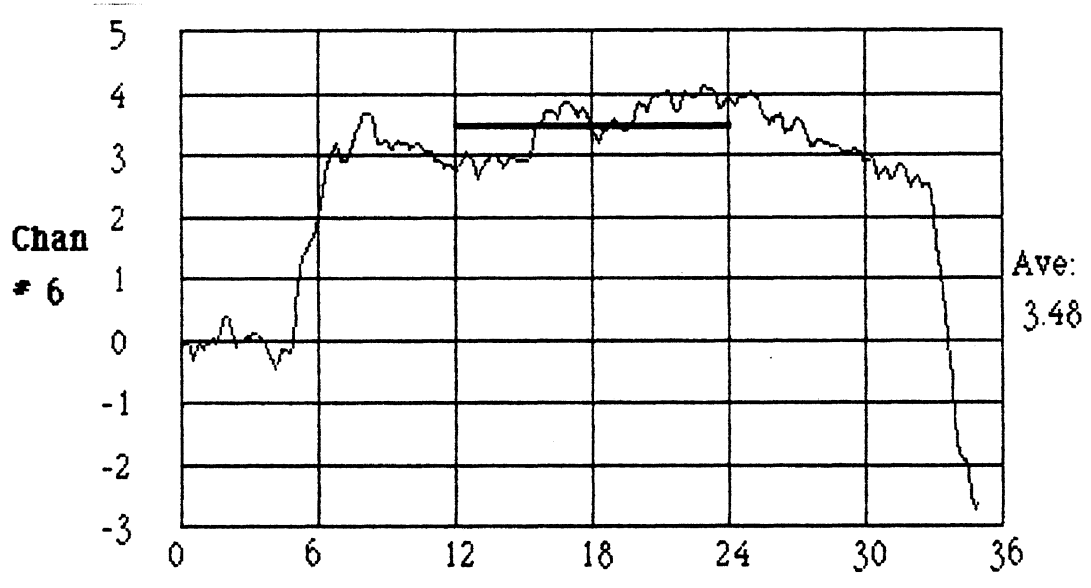
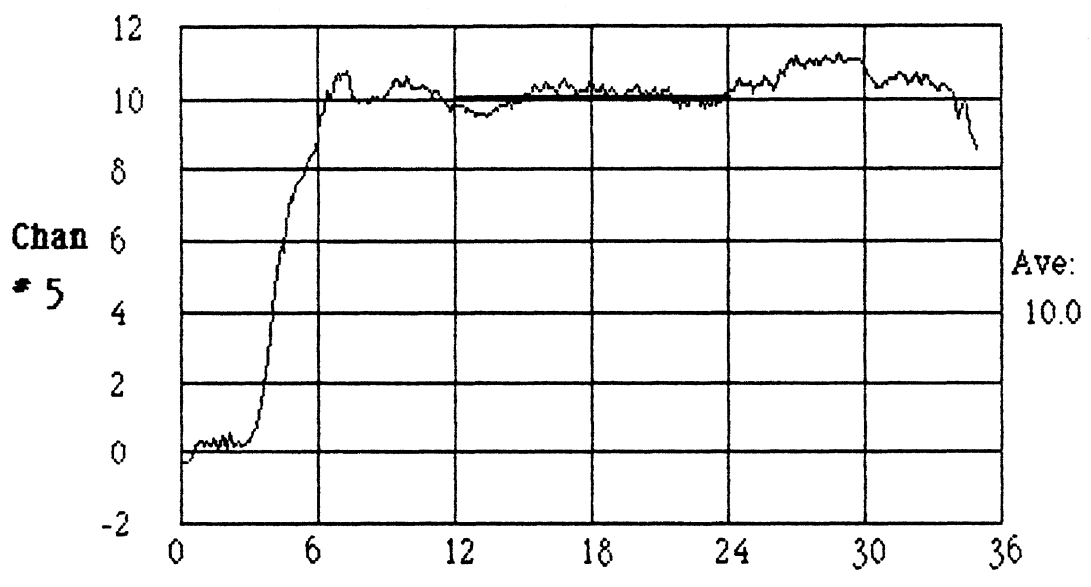
Ford LTD

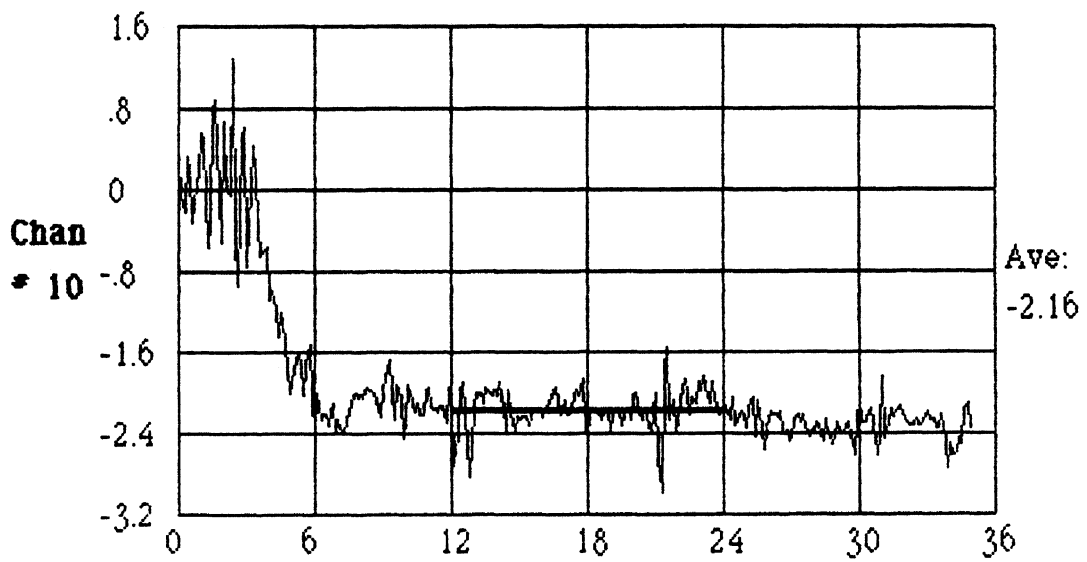
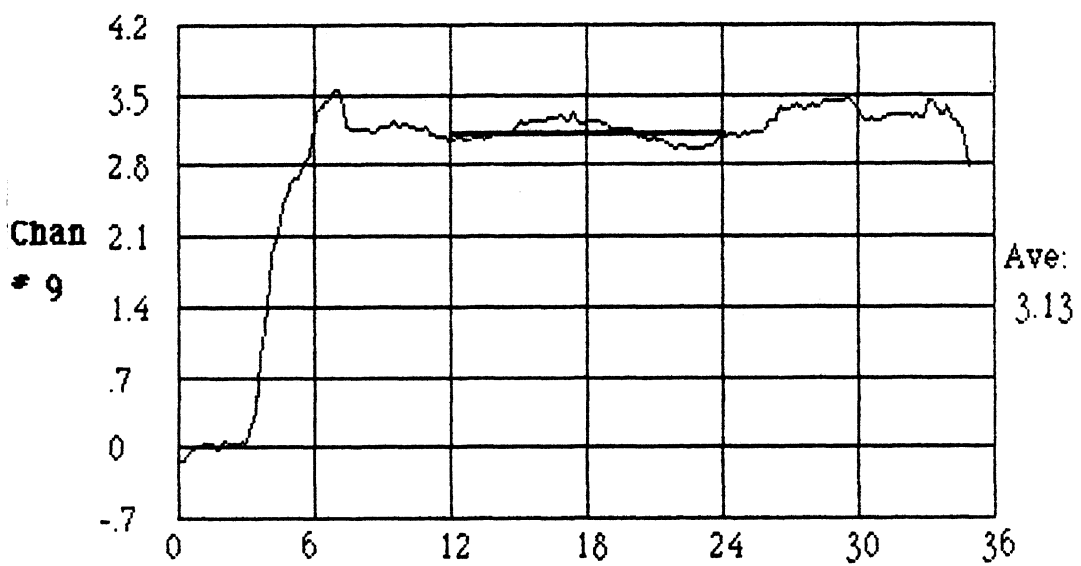
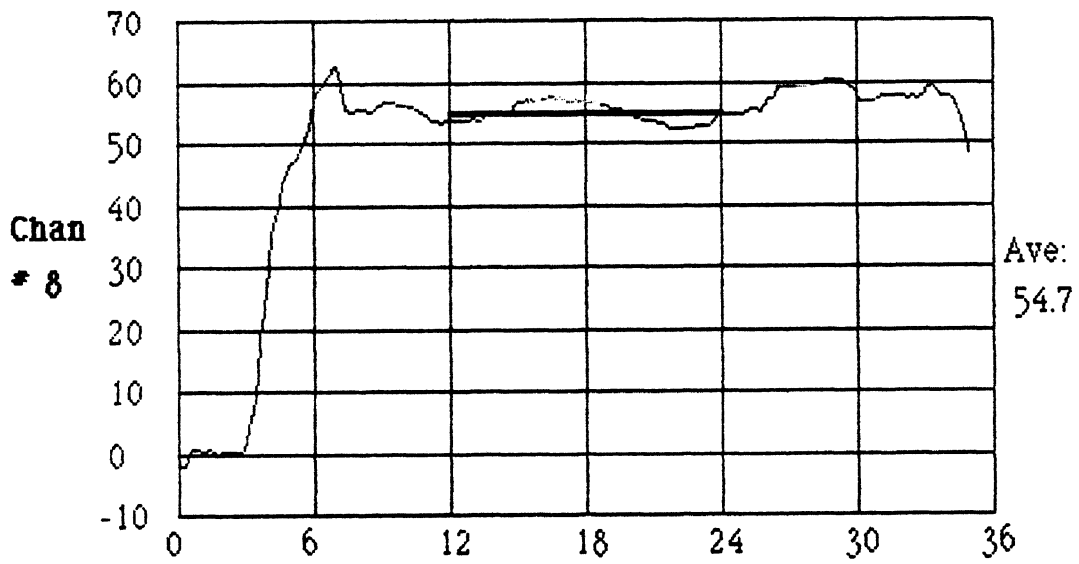
Ramp

Repeat 2

Steady Turning





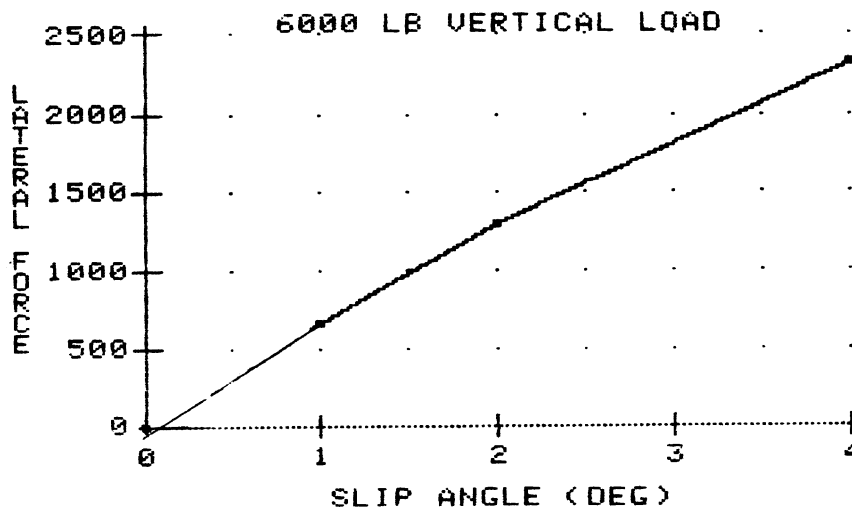
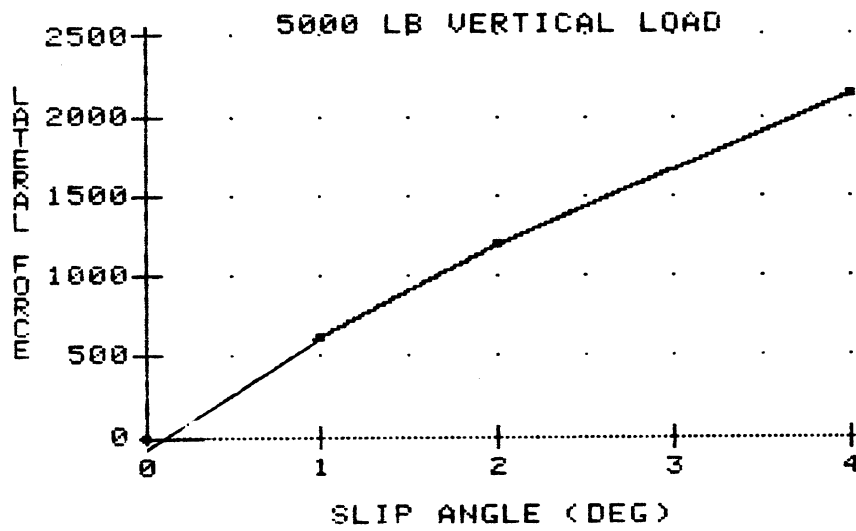
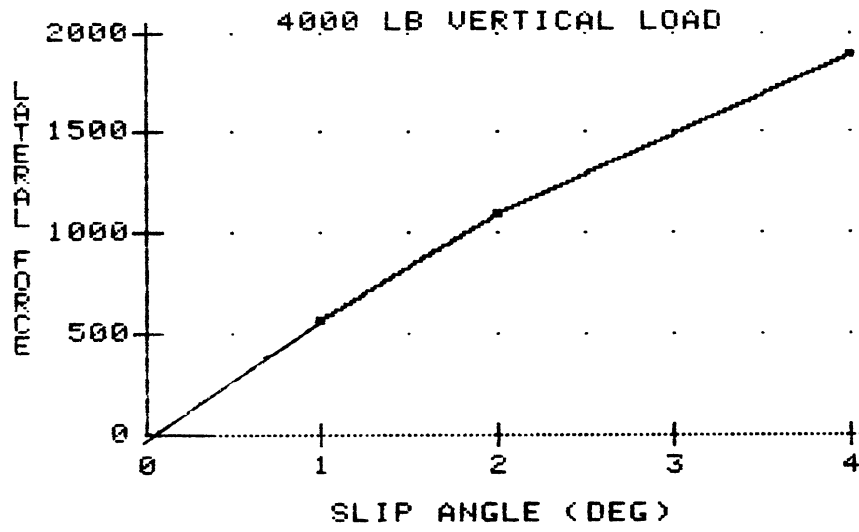


## Appendix E.2

### Tire Force Measurements

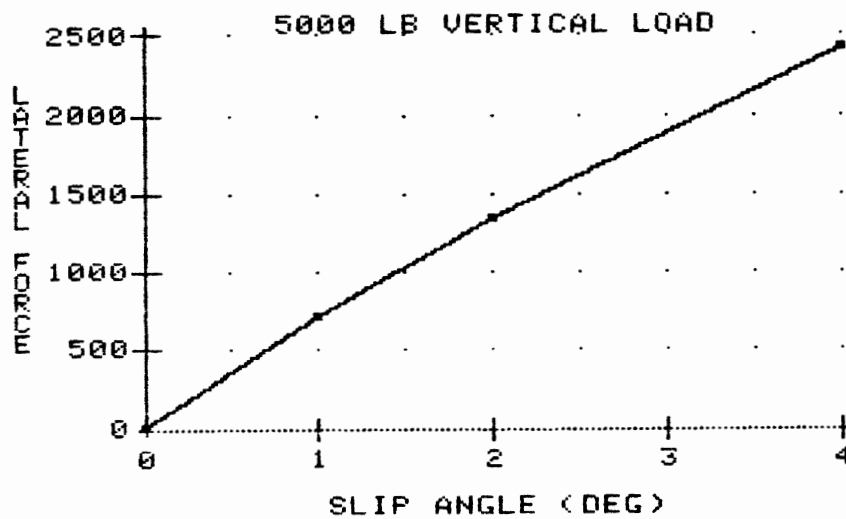
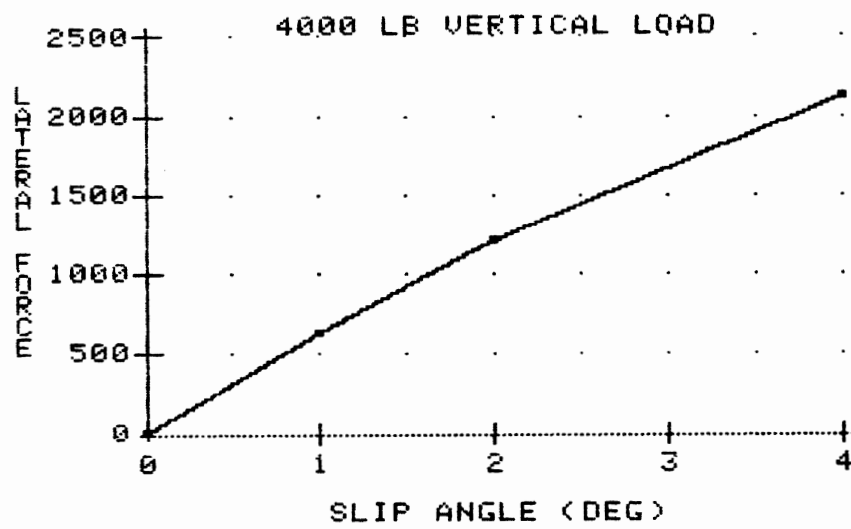
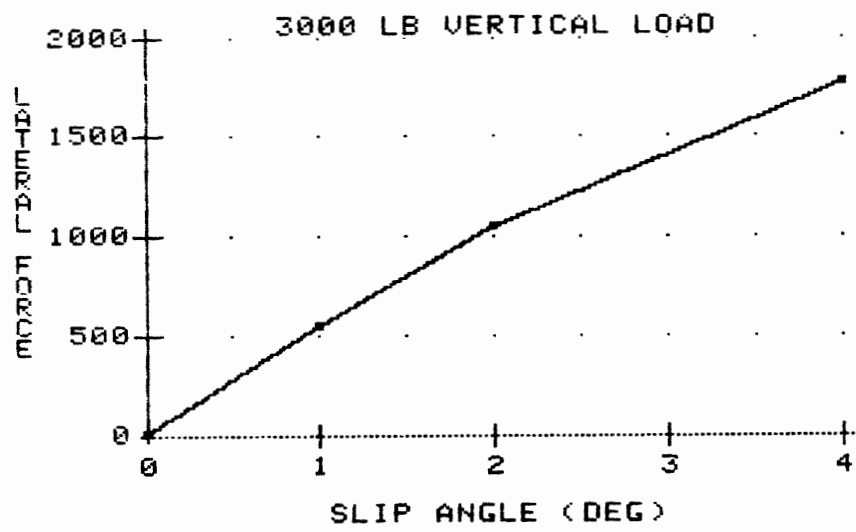
This appendix contains seven sets of tire data (three for the tractor-semitrailer and two each for the passenger cars). All measurements seen here are lateral tire forces at 0° camber and were collected on the UMTRI flat-bed tire test machine.

Tractor Front Tire

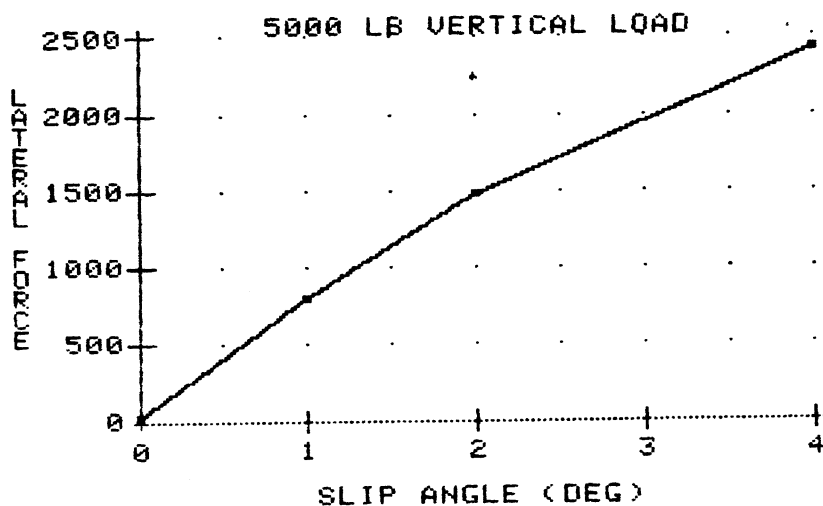
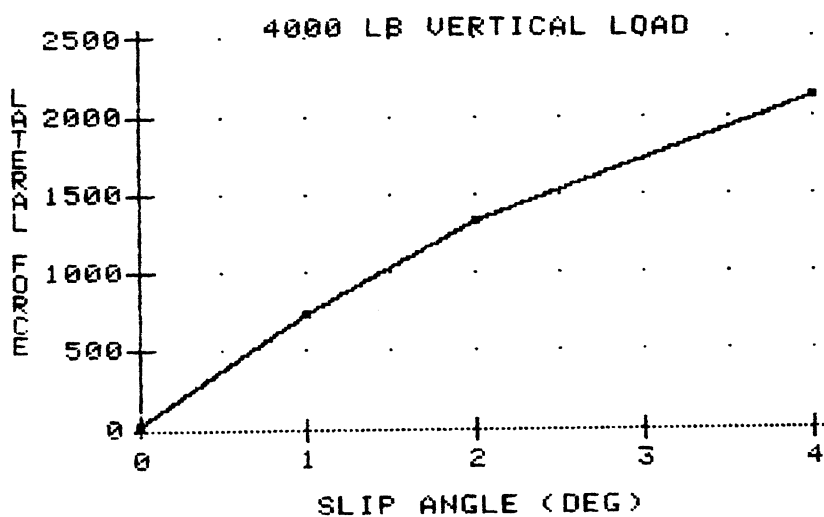
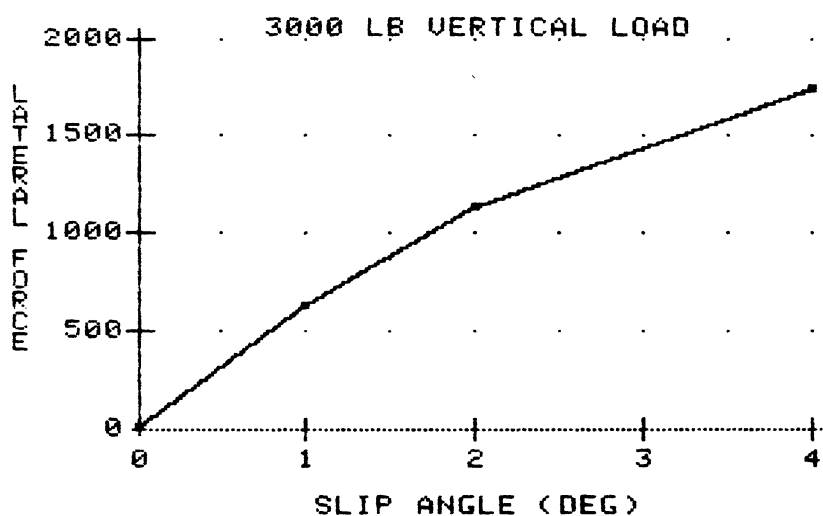


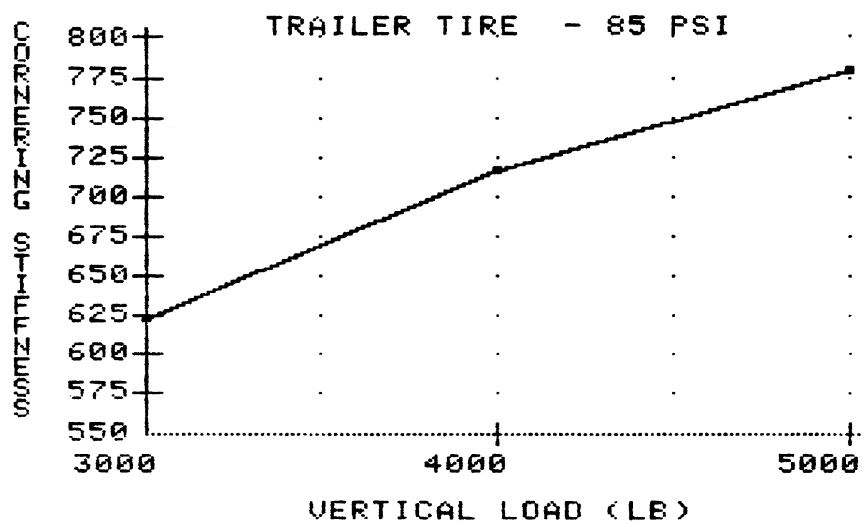
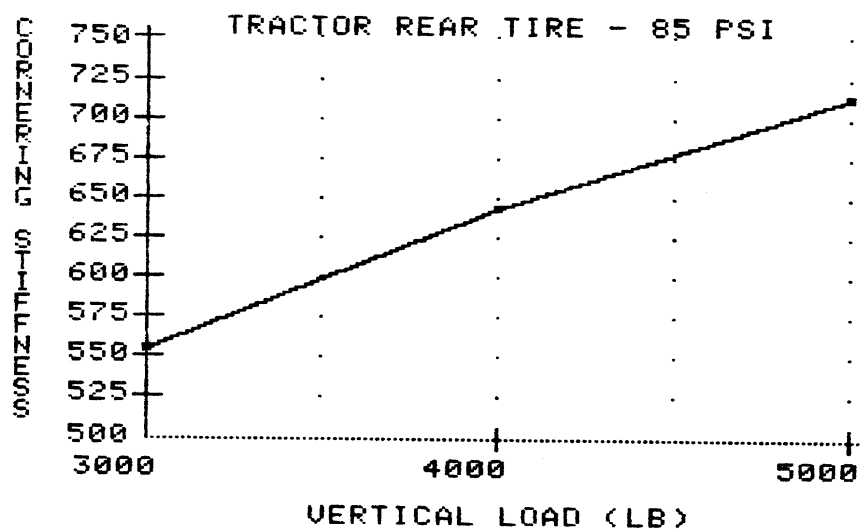
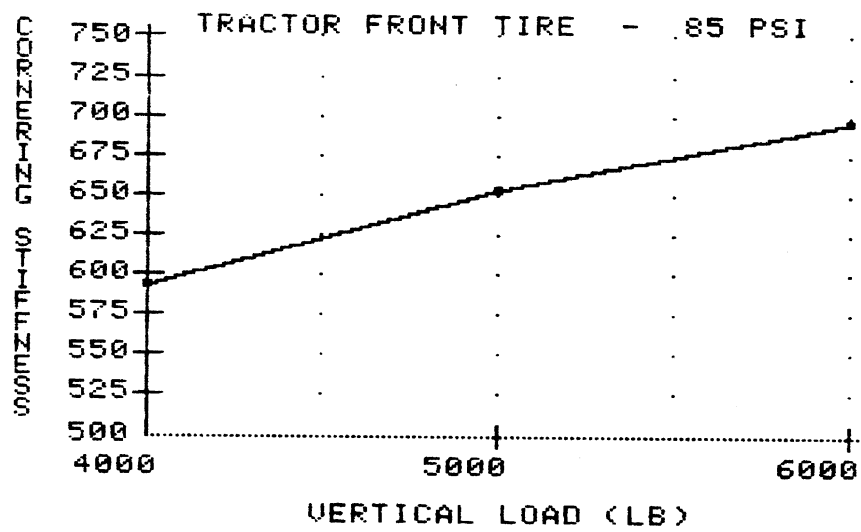


Tractor Rear Tire

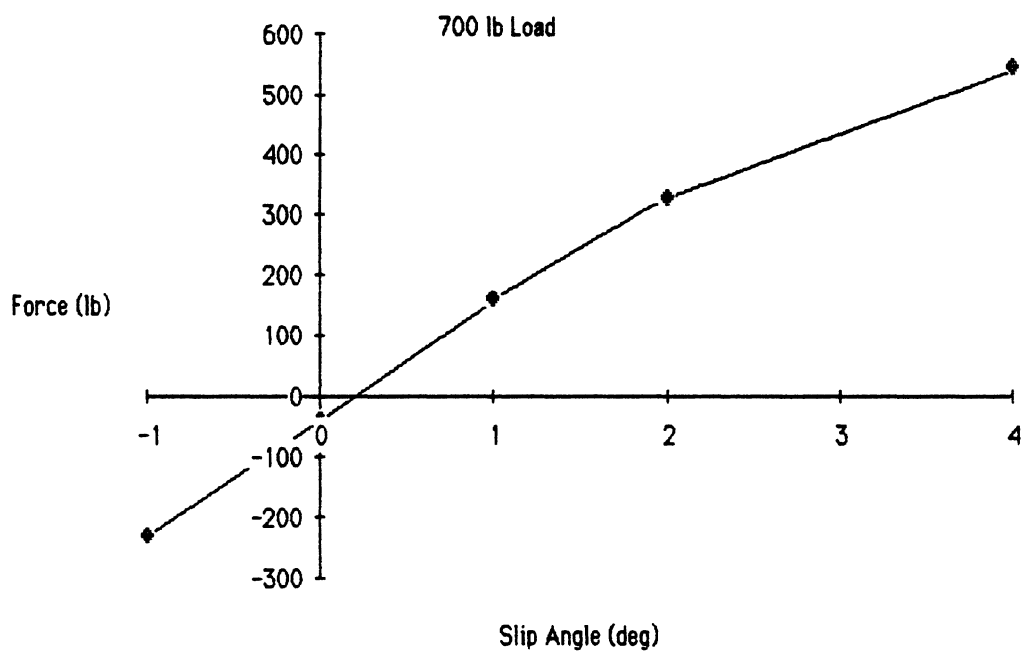


Trailer Tire

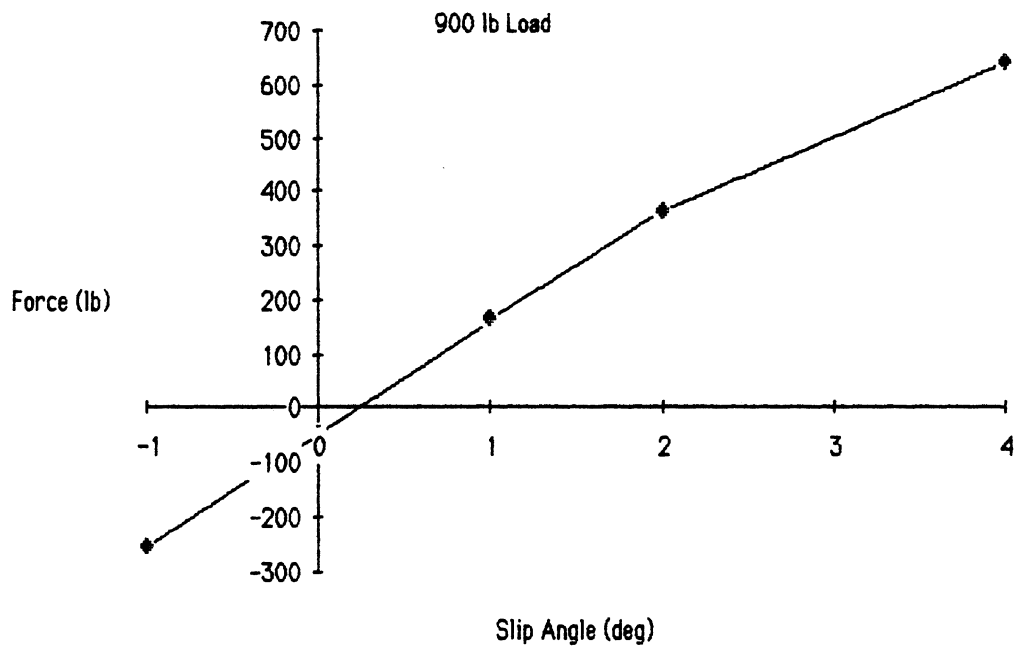




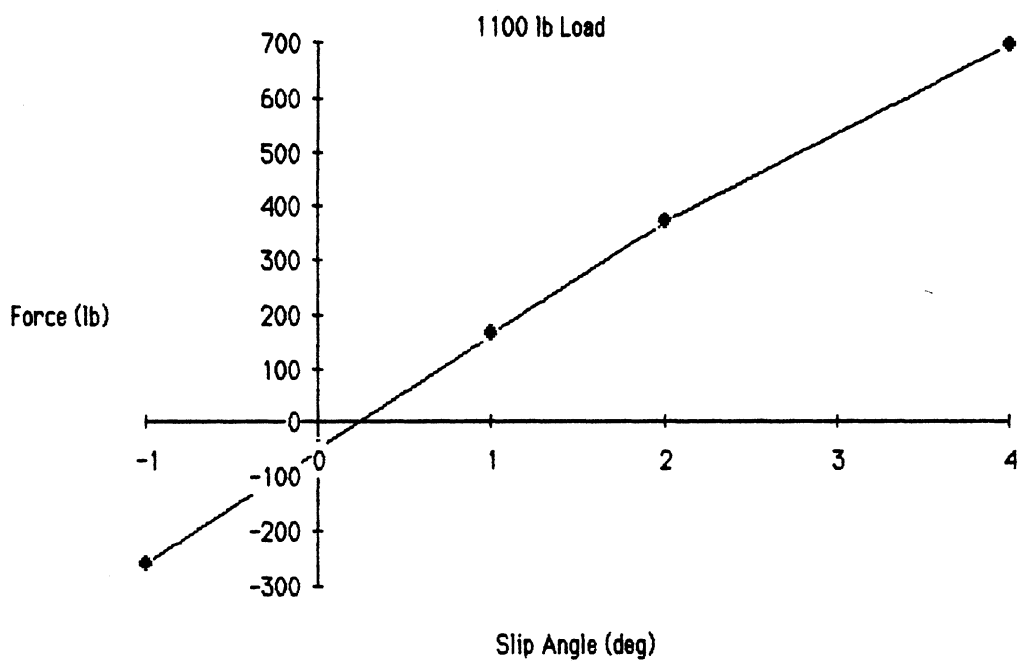
Dodge Aries Tire Measurements - Front



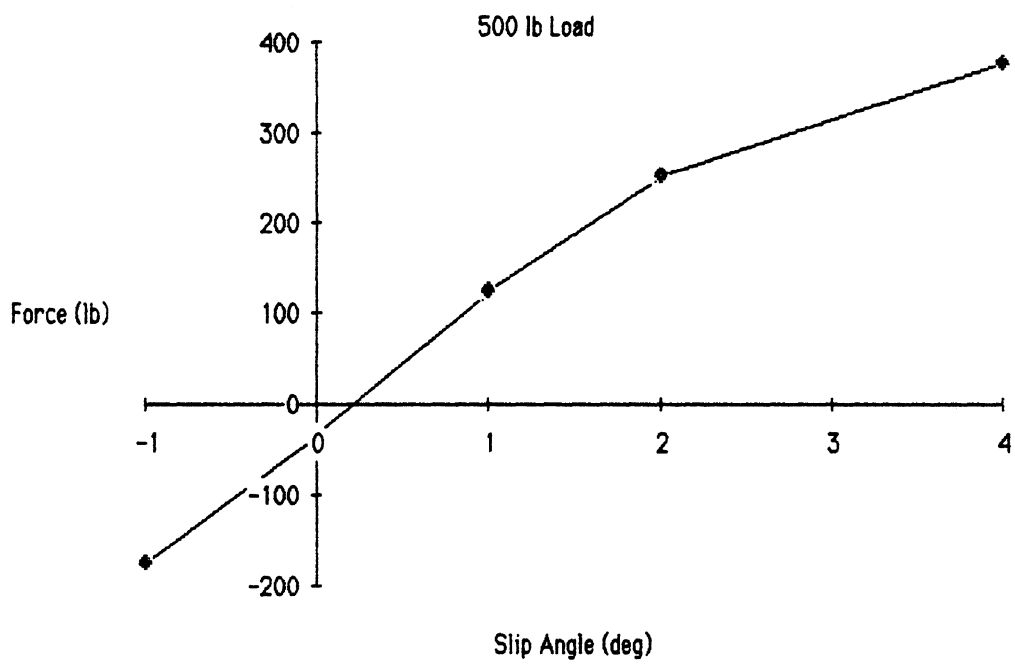
Dodge Aries Tire Measurements - Front



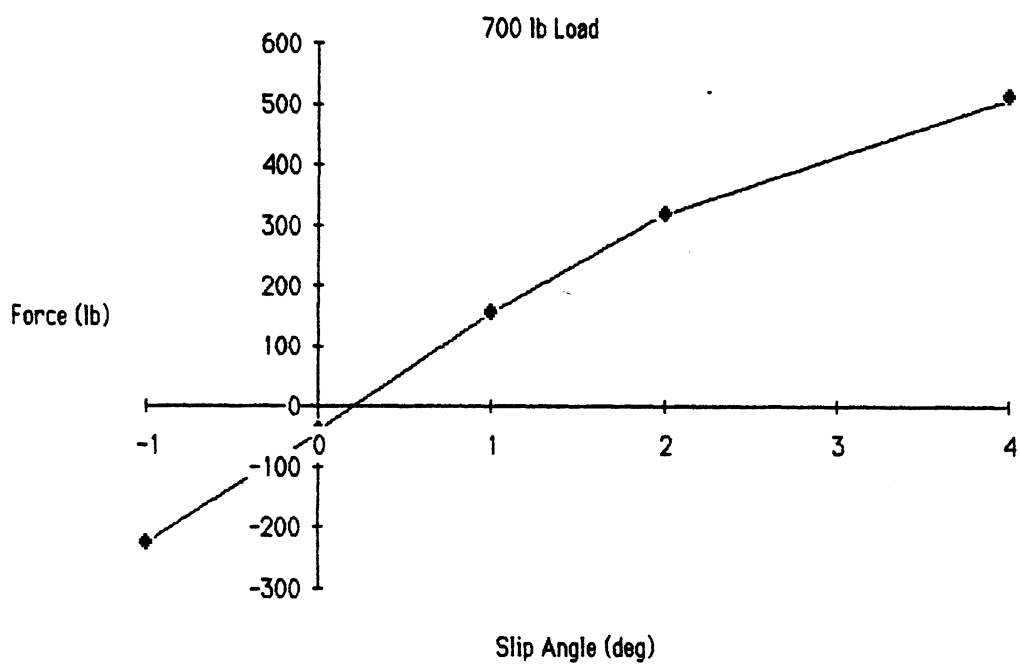
Dodge Aries Tire Measurements - Front



Dodge Aries Tire Measurements - Rear

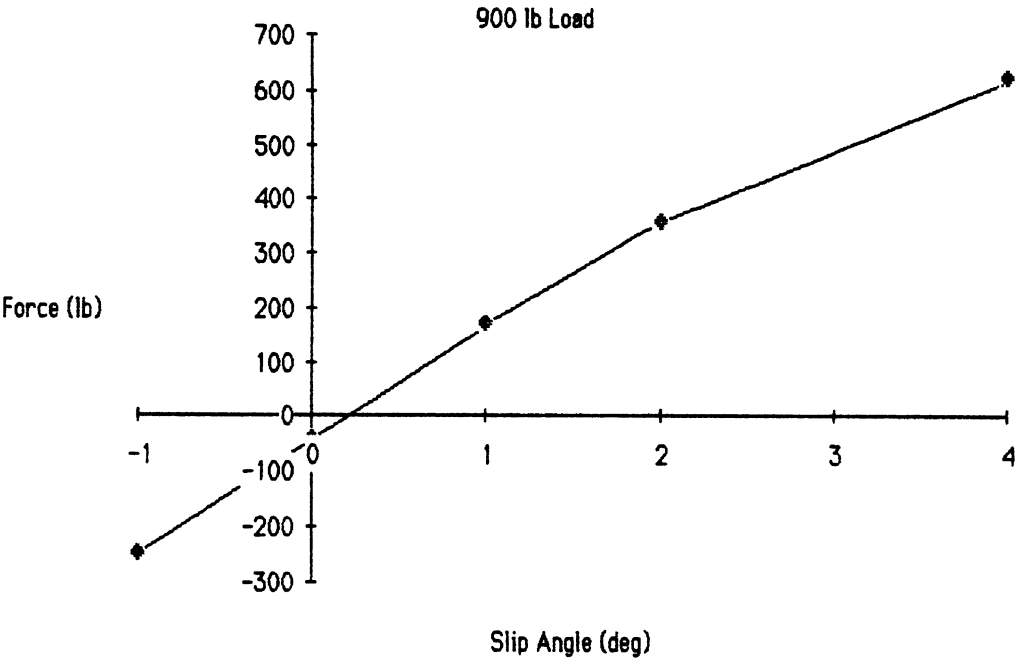


Dodge Aries Tire Measurements - Rear

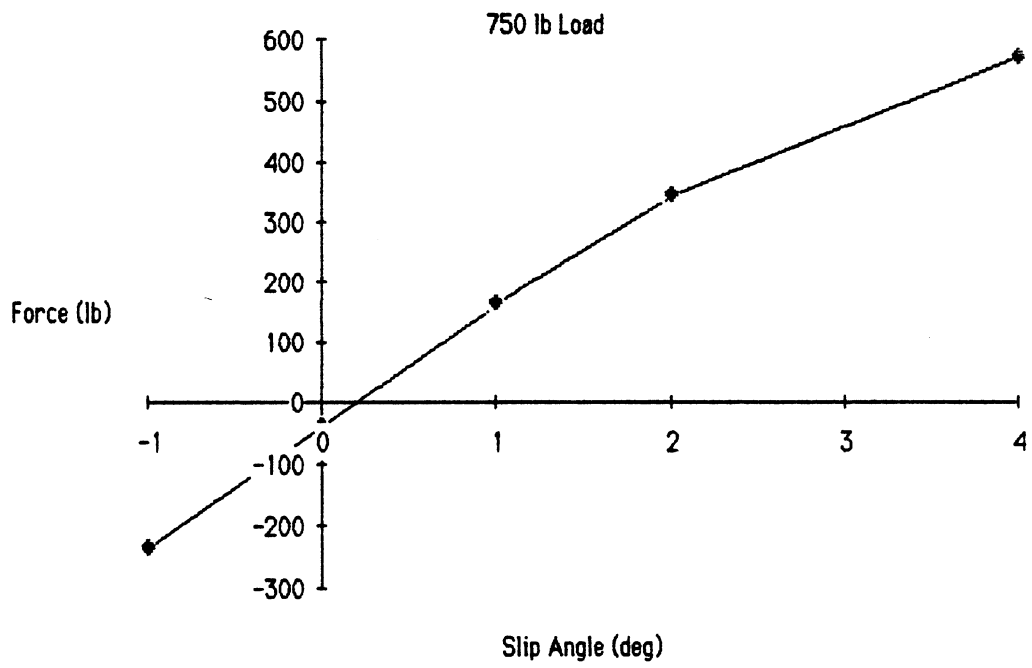




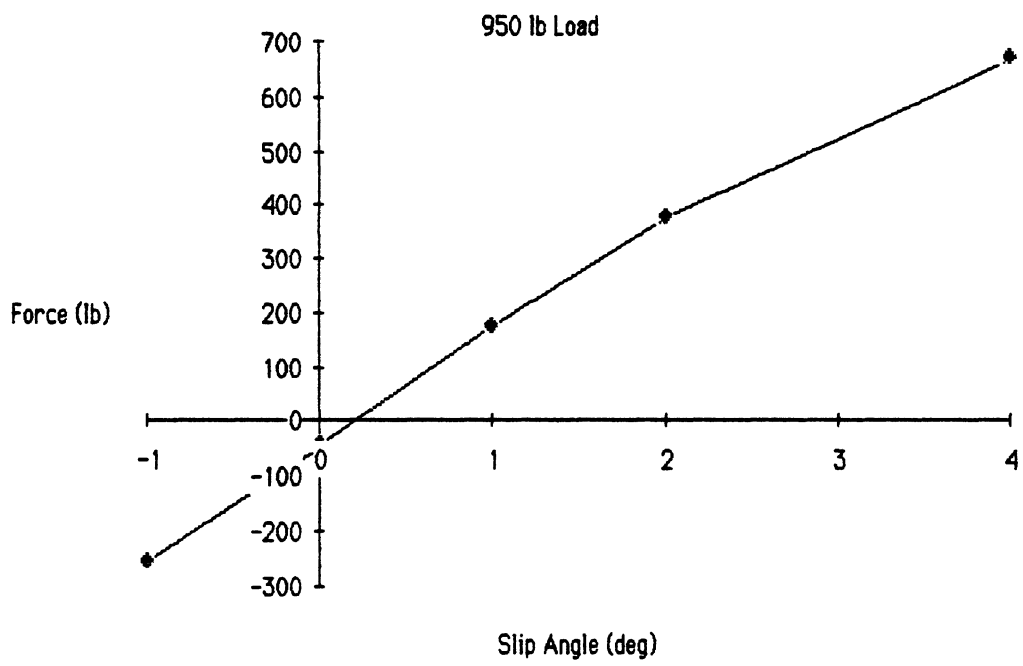
Dodge Aries Tire Measurements - Rear



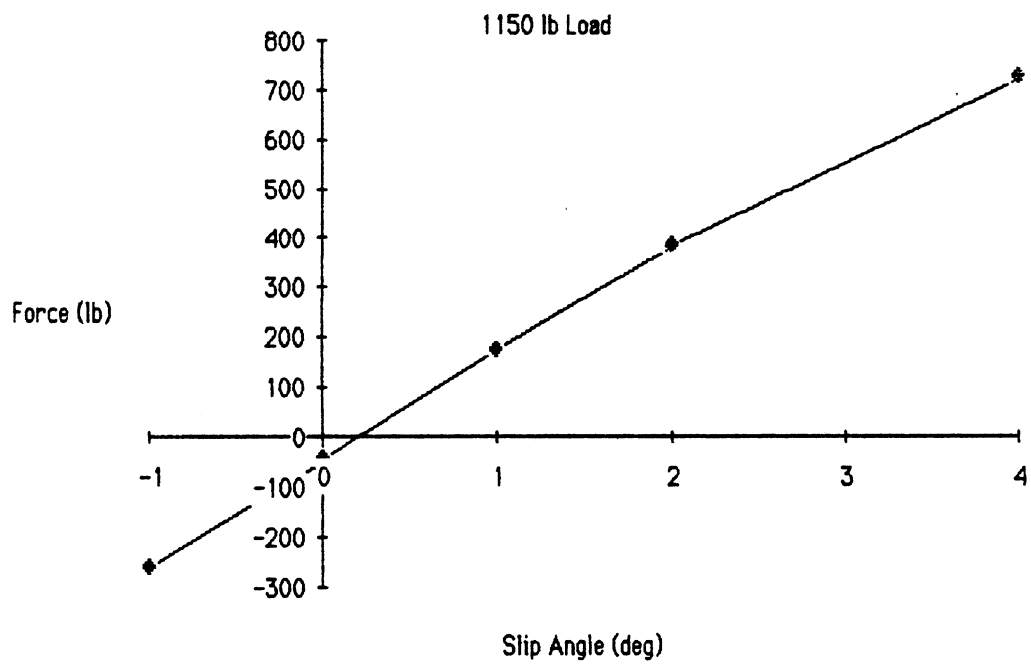
Ford LTD Tire Measurements - Front



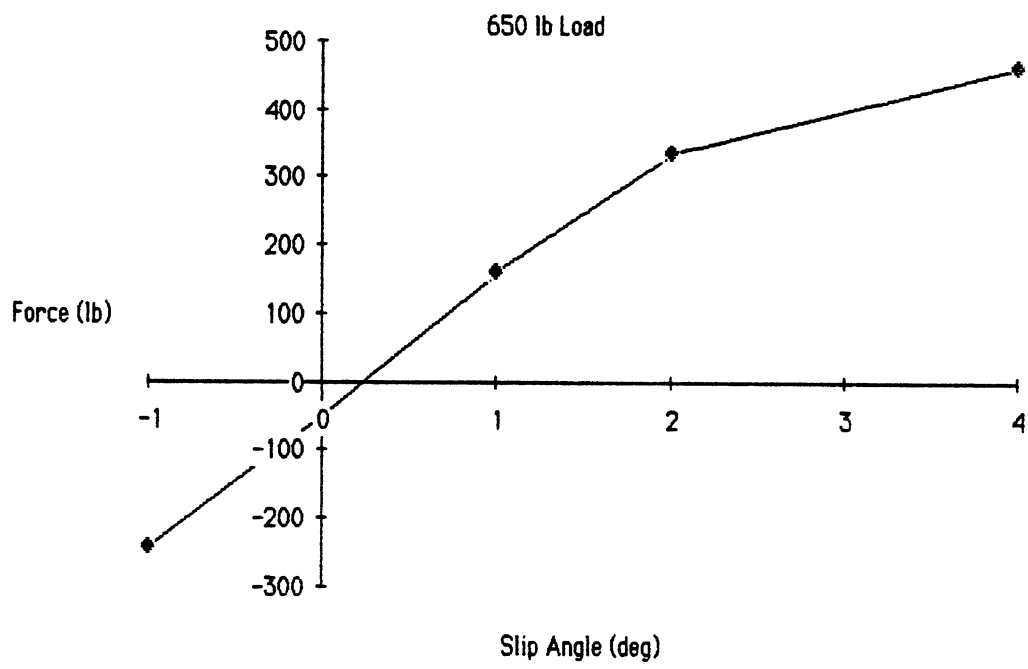
Ford LTD Tire Measurements - Front



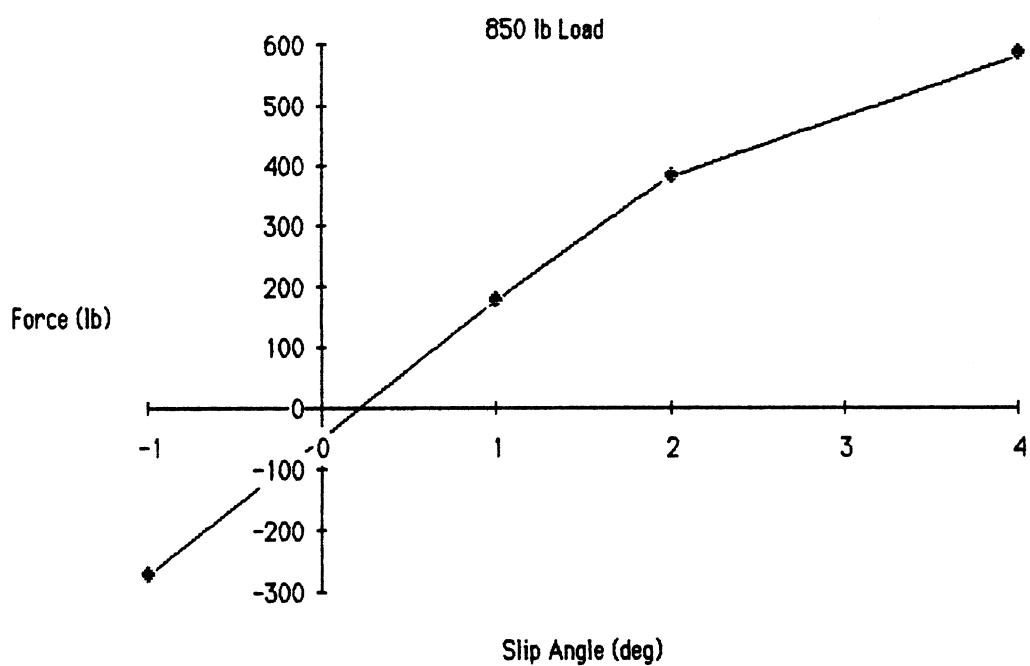
Ford LTD Tire Measurements - Front



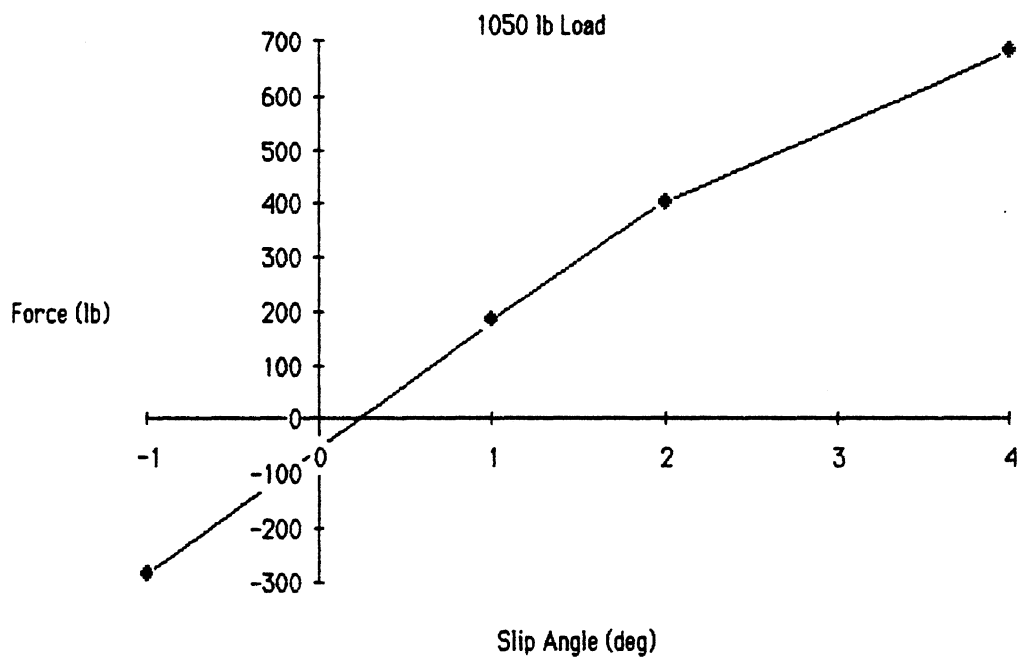
Ford LTD Tire Measurements - Rear



Ford LTD Tire Measurements - Rear



Ford LTD Tire Measurements - Rear

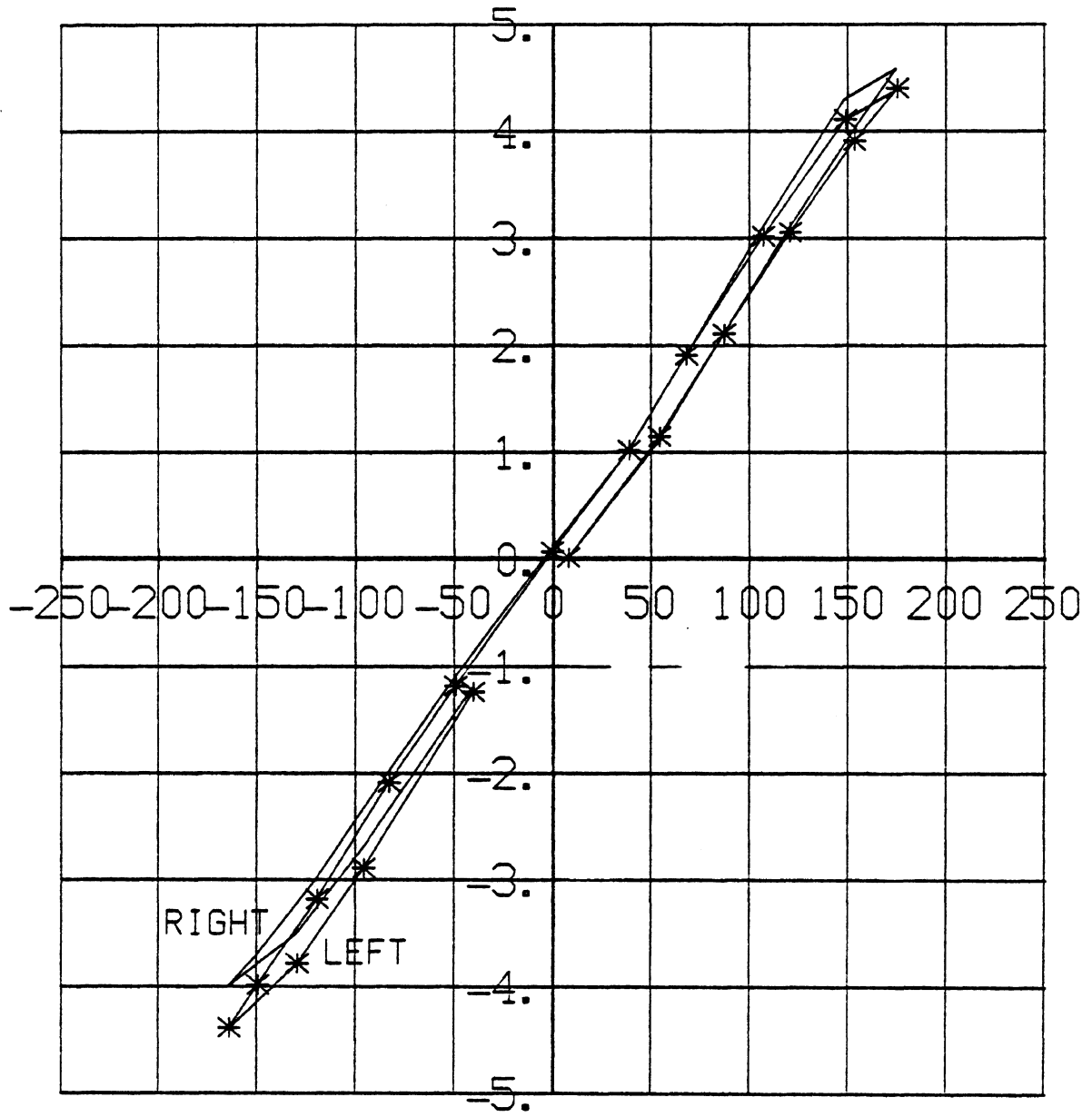


## Appendix E.3

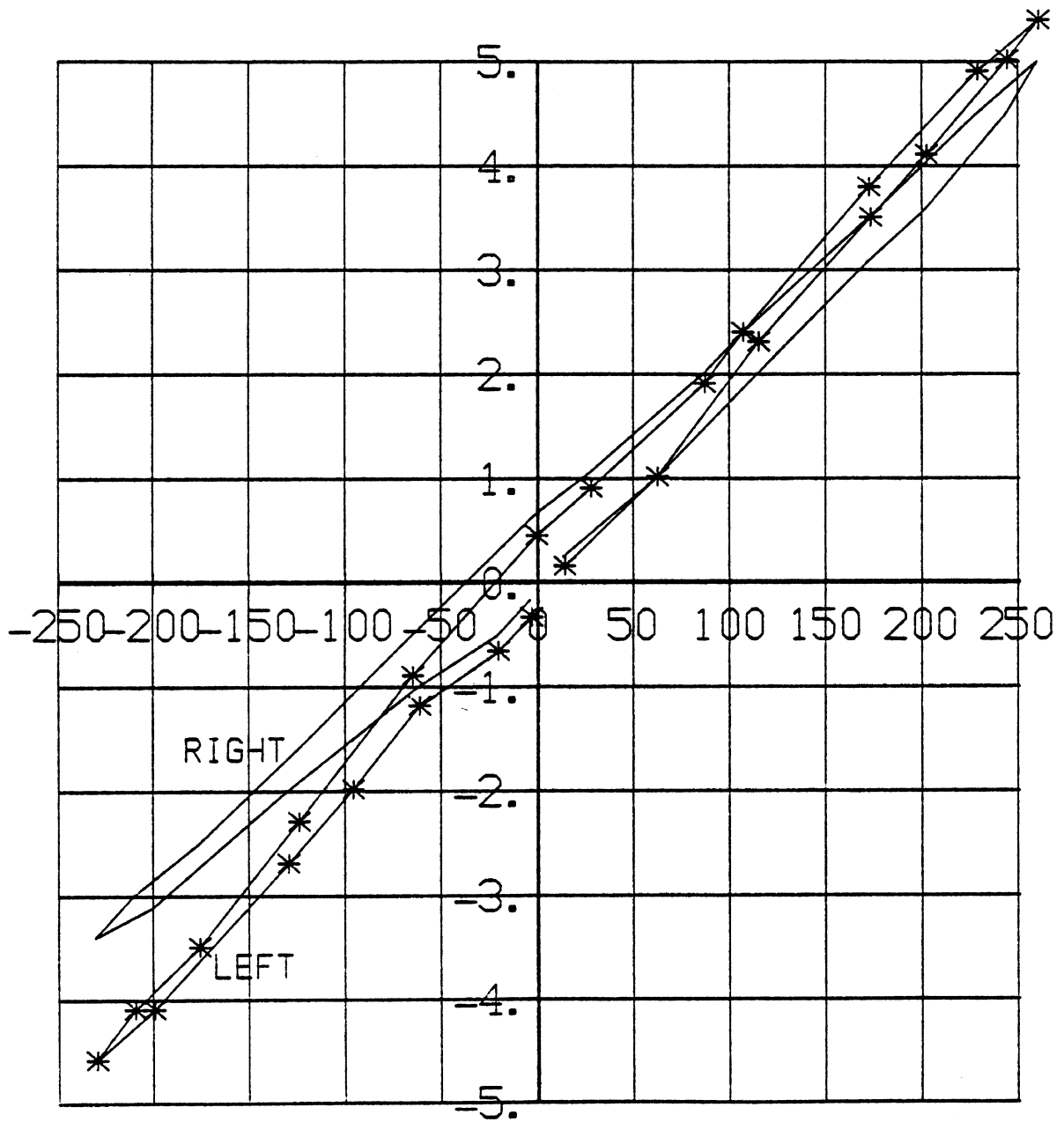
### Tractor Steering System Measurements

The measurements seen in the next two figures were performed on the tractor unit in its normally loaded condition ("Loaded") and with its front axle off the ground ("No Load"). The plots show measurements of left and right front wheel angles in response to displacements of the steering wheel (plus and minus 200° or so). The loaded plot indicates an effective steering gear ratio of approximately 50:1 while the no load measurements indicate an effective steering gear ratio of about 37:1. The level of hysteresis for the loaded measurements are about 30° - 40° at the steering wheel or about 0.7° at the front wheels. The hysteresis seen for the no load condition is about 15° at the steering wheel and about 0.3° at the front wheel. The no load measurements were performed primarily to examine the influence of vertical load changes on the degree of hysteresis and effective gear ratio observed during the more normal loaded condition.





DFW VS. DSW NO LOAD



DFW VS. DSW LOADED

## Appendix E.4

### Estimation of Individual Wheel Friction Factors from Vehicle Response Measurements

The methodology outlined here for estimating friction factors based upon vehicle response measurements is a summary of the discussion proposed as part of the "Validation Plan" used to guide the vehicle testing. The experimental estimates of individual wheel friction factors seen in Chapter 5 were obtained in the manner described here.

The term "friction factor" (or "normalized force") simply refers to the ratio of the lateral tire force requirement at a particular wheel location to the prevailing vertical tire load. The quantities of direct interest, then, are 1) the lateral tire force and 2) vertical tire load. Since the lateral tire force at a particular wheel location, when operating within the linear maneuvering regime, is simply the product of tire cornering stiffness and tire slip angle, knowledge of these two quantities are, in turn, needed. Cornering stiffness estimates were obtained from laboratory tire measurements (as seen in Appendix E.2). The slip angles at each wheel location can be obtained from knowledge of the geometric location of the wheel with respect to the vehicle c.g. and measurement of (a) vehicle sideslip, (b) yaw rate, (c) forward velocity, and (d) wheel steer angles. For example, the slip angle at the front axle of an automobile or truck is provided by the expression

$$B_f = B + a r / V - \delta$$

where

- $B_f$  is the slip angle of the front tire/axle
- $a$  is the distance from the vehicle c.g. to the front axle
- $B$  is the vehicle sideslip measurement at the c.g.
- $r$  is the vehicle yaw rate measurement
- $V$  is the forward speed measurement

and

- $\delta$  is the front wheel steer angle measurement

Multiplying  $B_f$  by the measured cornering stiffness will provide the needed estimate of lateral tire force at that wheel location.

The vertical tire loads prevailing under steady turning conditions can be estimated from knowledge of the static (curb) axle loads, the level of vehicle lateral acceleration, vehicle c.g. height, and suspension properties (stiffness / spring spacing / wheel track). Since each of these items were measured or obtained from the technical literature, reasonable estimates of vertical tire loads could be expected. For example, the load transfer across an axle due to steady turning can be closely estimated by the expression

$$\Delta F_z = W h (A_y - \theta) K / (T K_t)$$

where

- $\Delta F_z$  is the side-to-side load transfer across an axle
- $W$  is the total vehicle weight
- $h$  is the vehicle c.g. height
- $A_y$  is the steady turning lateral acceleration (horizontal plane)
- $\theta$  is the vehicle roll angle relative to the gravity vector (includes highway superelevation)
- $K$  is the axle roll stiffness
- $K_t$  is the total vehicle roll stiffness
- $T$  is the axle tire track

The prevailing tire load is then obtained by adding (or subtracting) the  $\Delta F_z$  quantity to the known (measured) static tire load. An estimate of the individual wheel friction factor is then obtained by a simple ratio of the aforementioned lateral force estimate and the above vertical tire force estimate.

## Appendix F

### COMPARISONS OF MODEL PREDICTION AND TEST RESULTS

This appendix contains model/test result comparisons which supplement the material presented in chapter 5 of volume II. Figures F-1 to F-6 show various vehicle response measurements and model predictions for each of the test vehicles at curve sites 2 and 3. Figures F-1 and F-2 apply to the 5-axle tractor-semitrailer (vehicle C); figures F-3 and F-4 apply to the front-wheel-drive passenger car (vehicle A); figures F-5 and F-6 apply to the rear-wheel-drive passenger car (vehicle B).

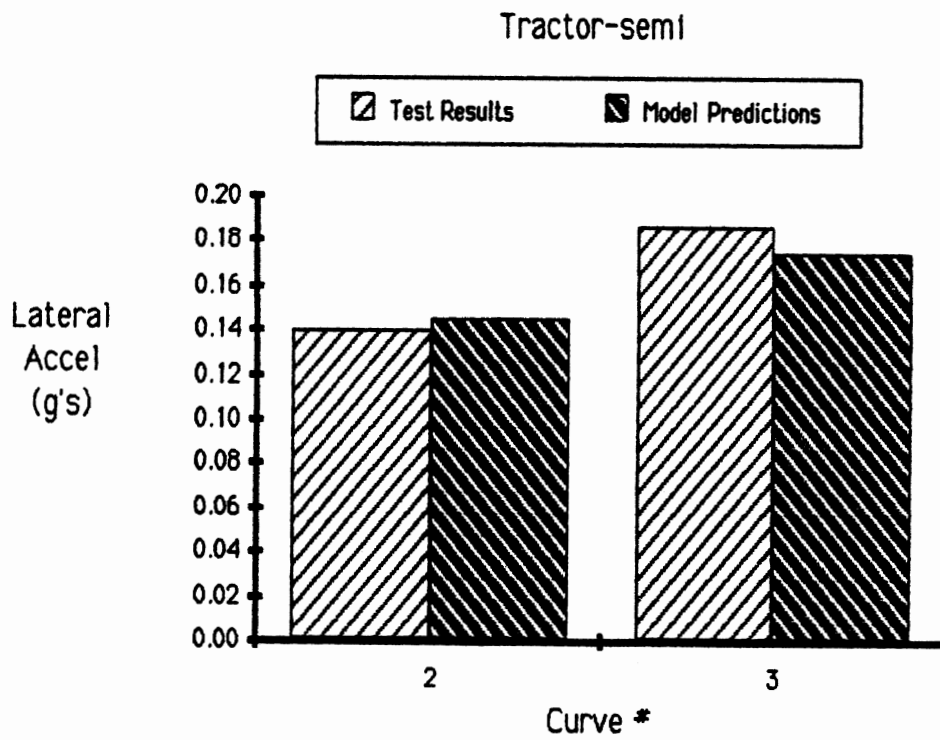
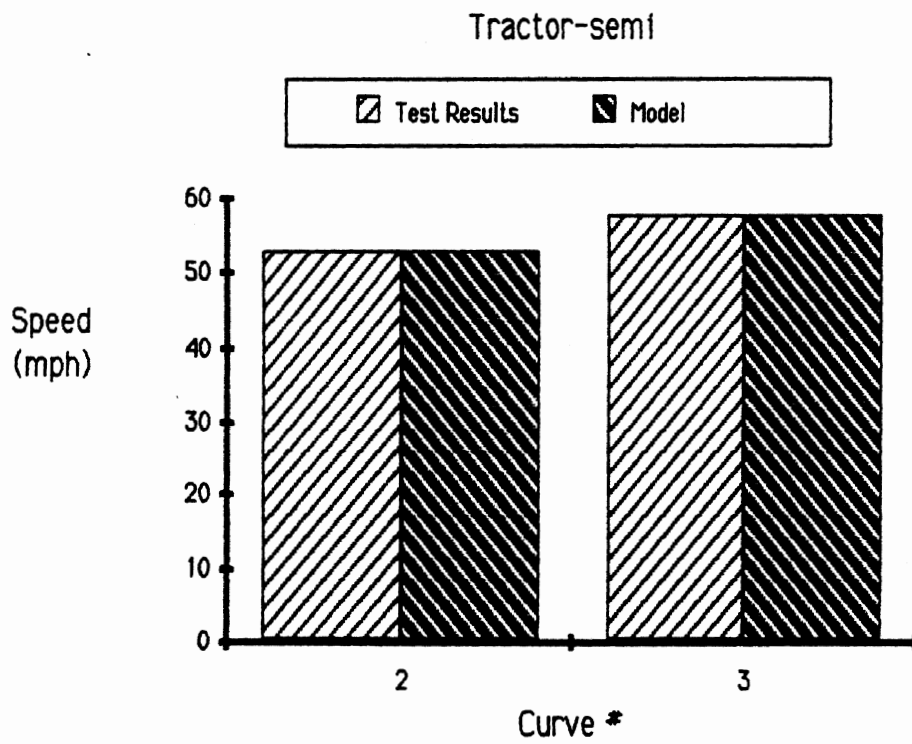


Figure F-1. Model/test comparisons; vehicle C.

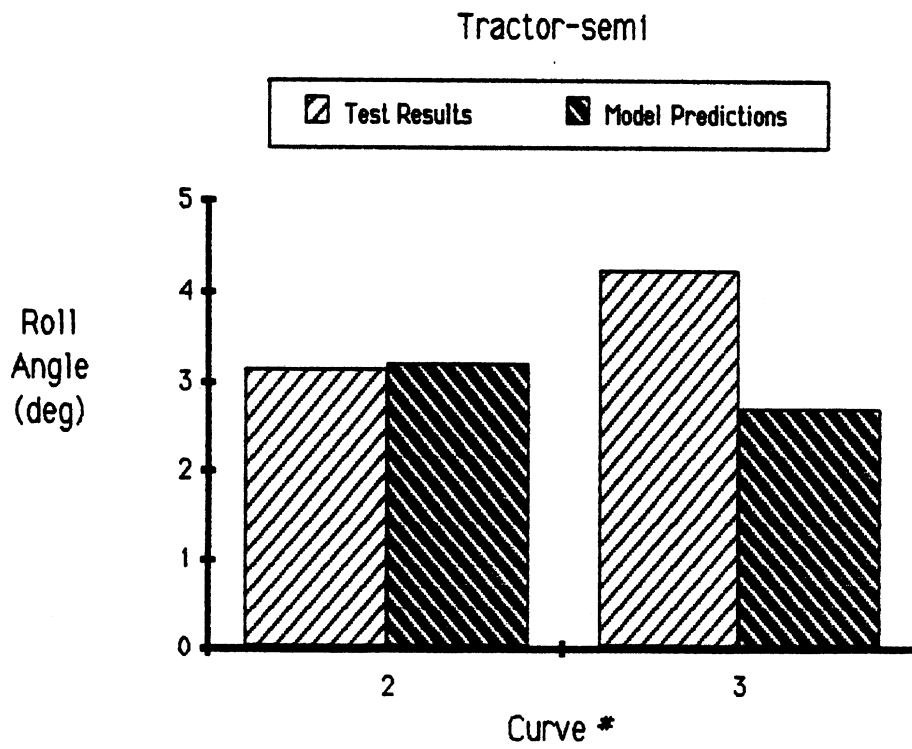
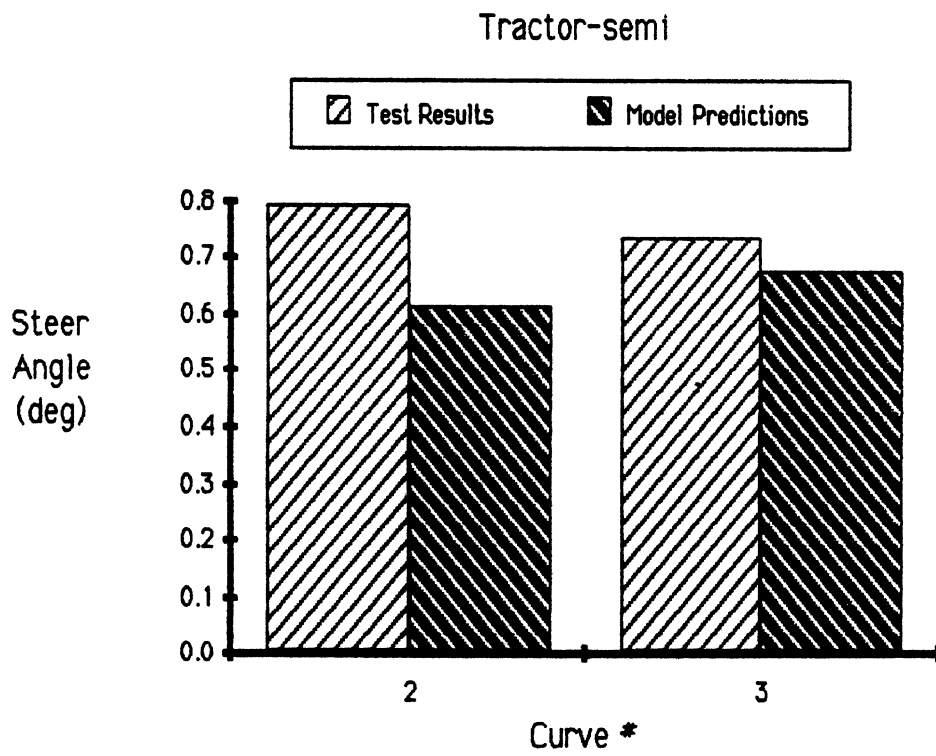


Figure F-1 (cont)



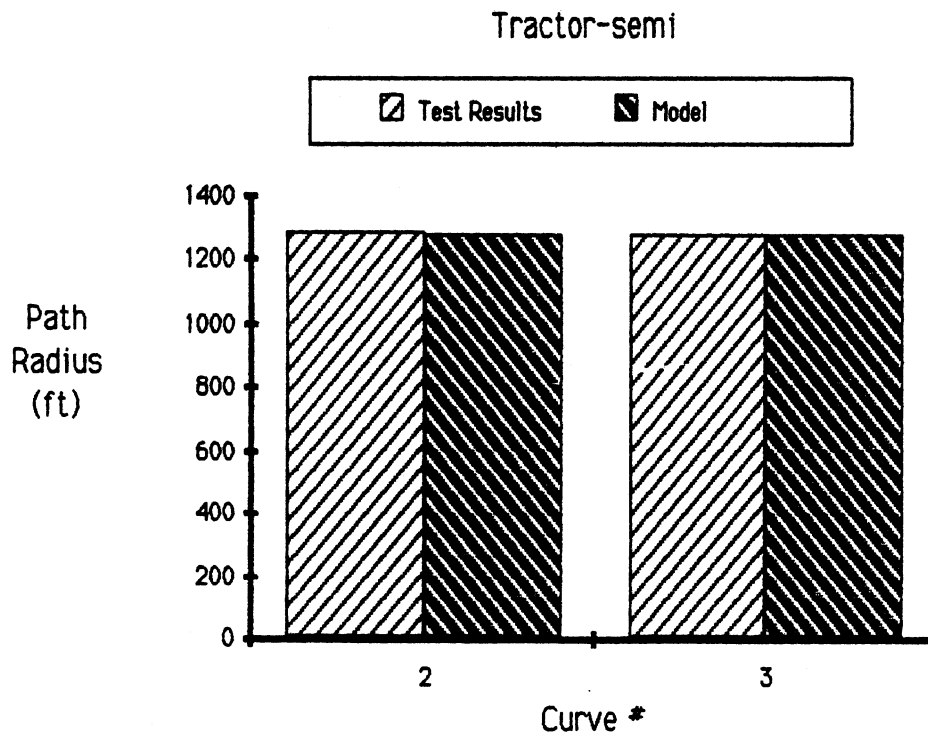
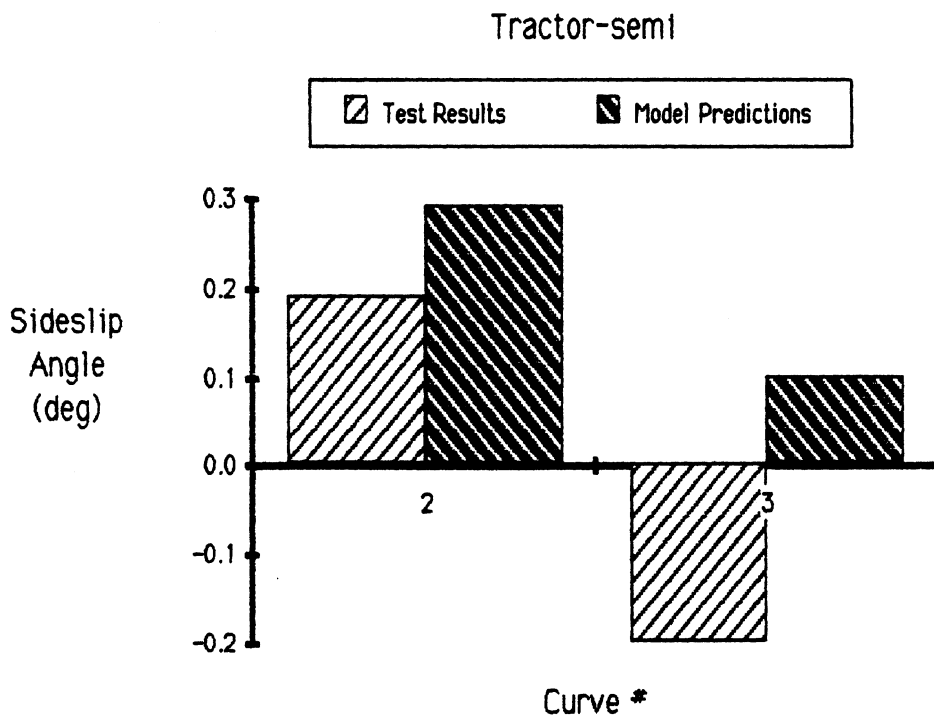


Figure F-1 (cont)

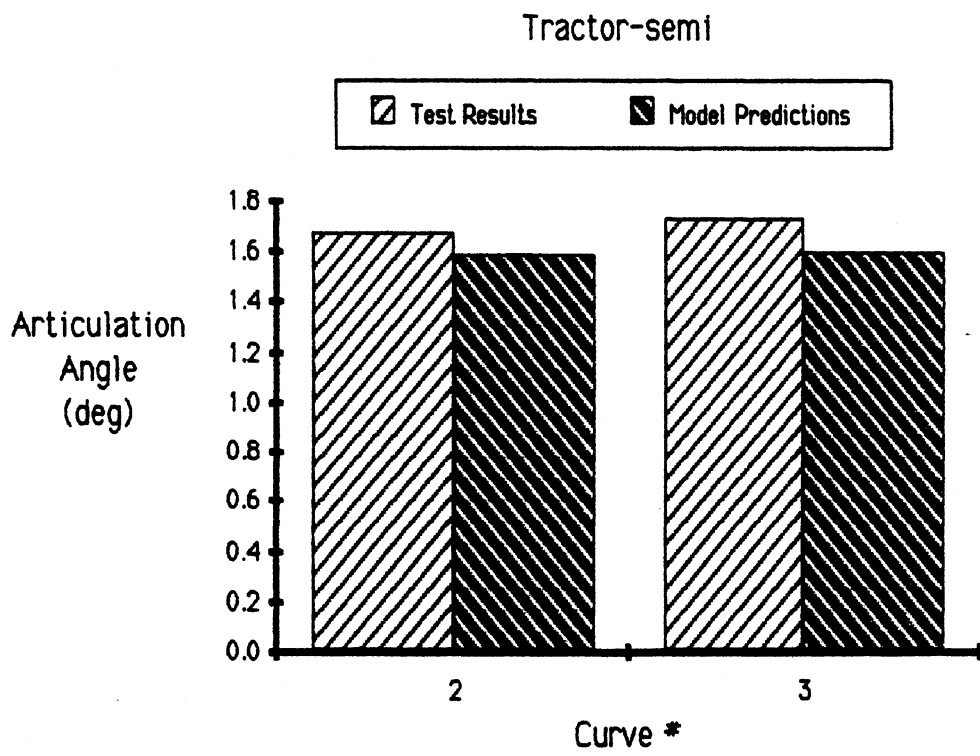


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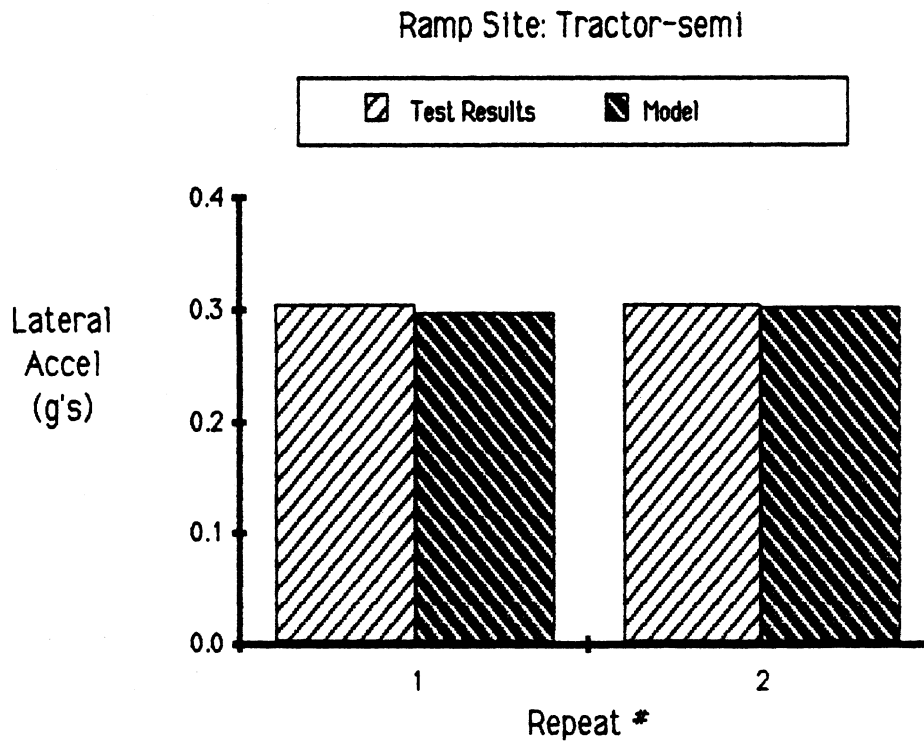
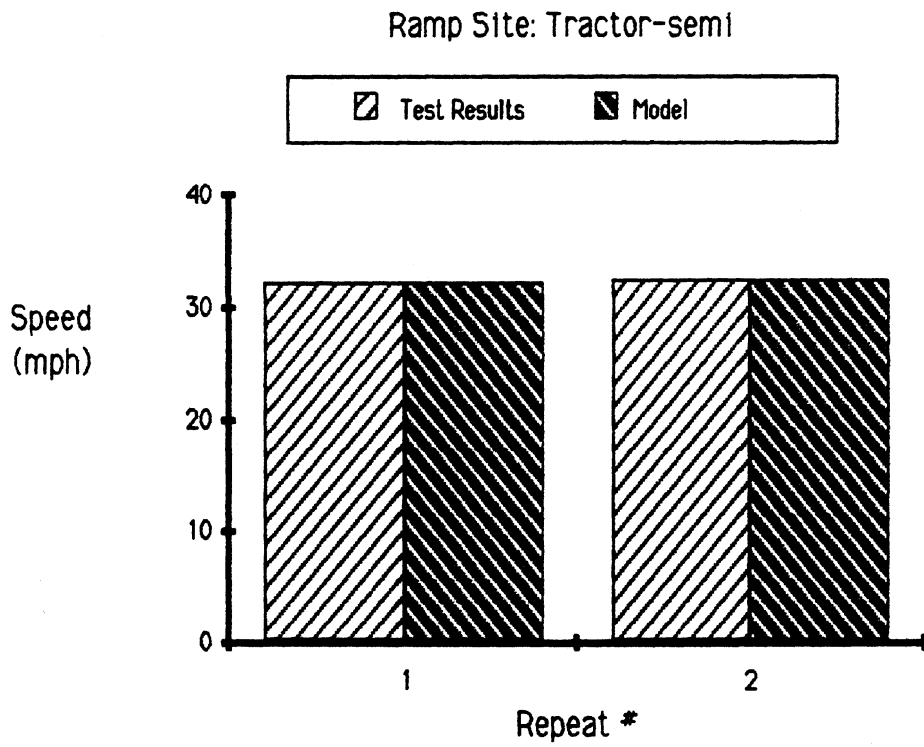
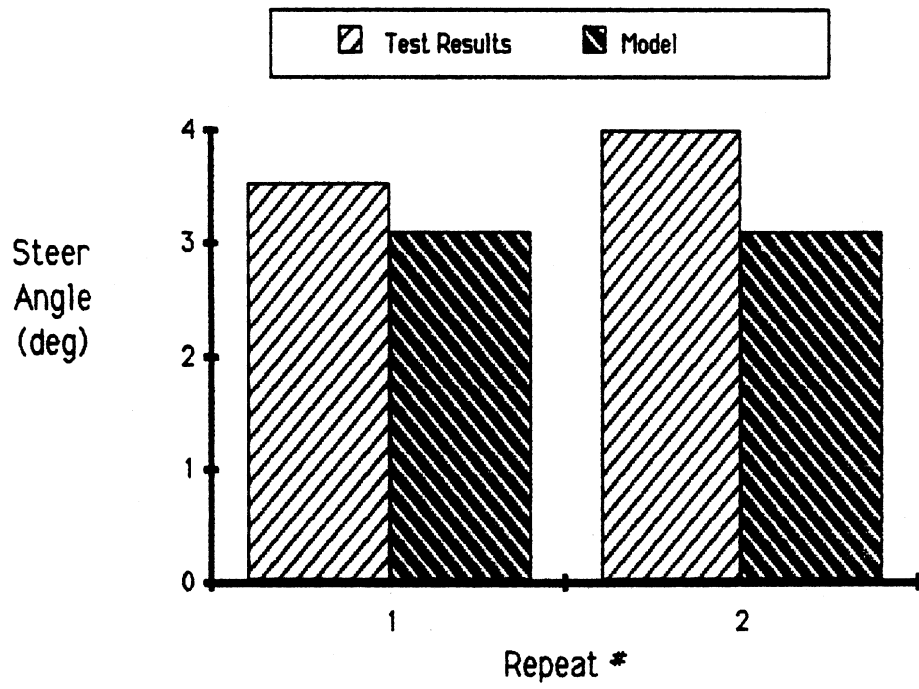


Figure F-2. Model/test comparisons; vehicle C.

Ramp Site: Tractor-semi



Ramp Site: Tractor-semi

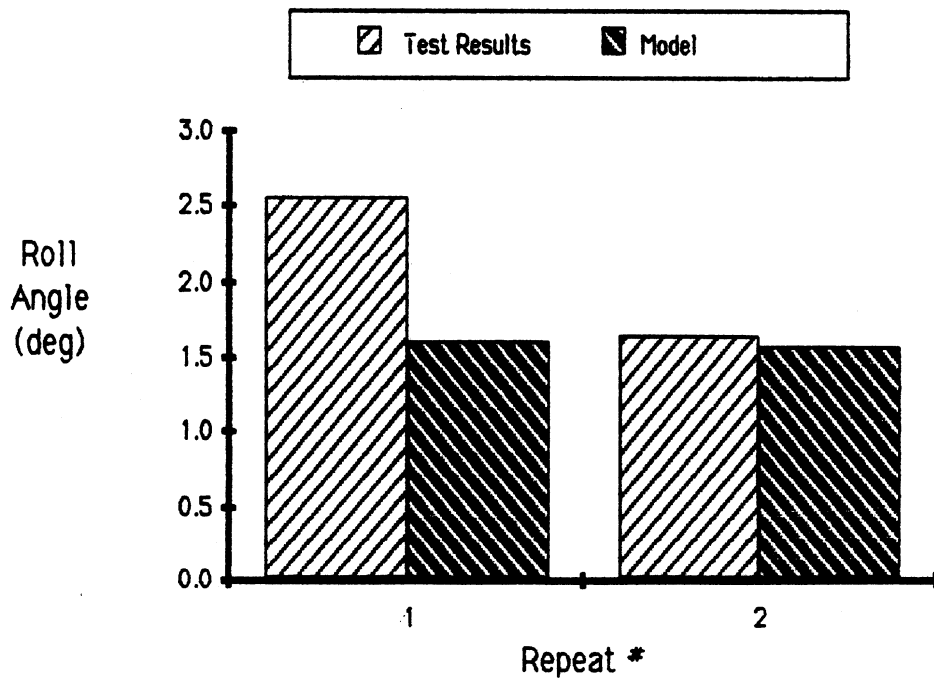
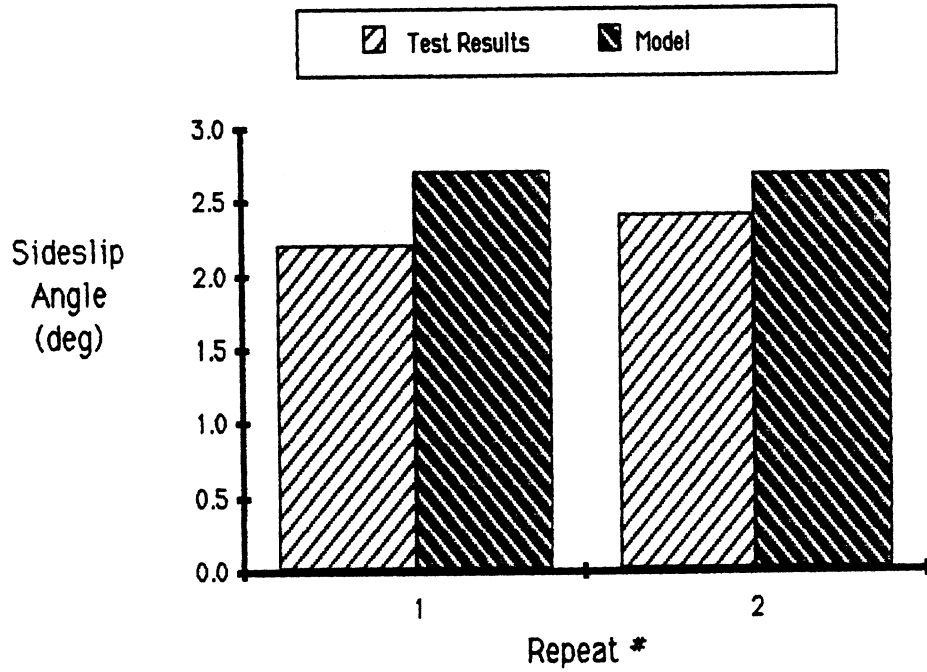


Figure F-2 (cont)

Ramp Site: Tractor-semi



Ramp Site: Tractor-semi

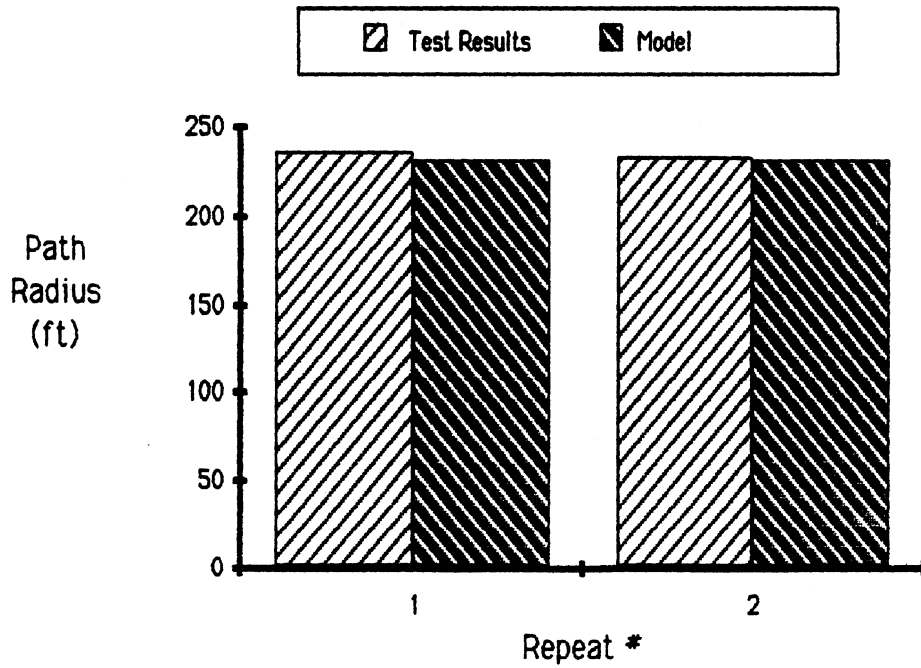


Figure F-2 (cont)

Ramp Site: Tractor-semi

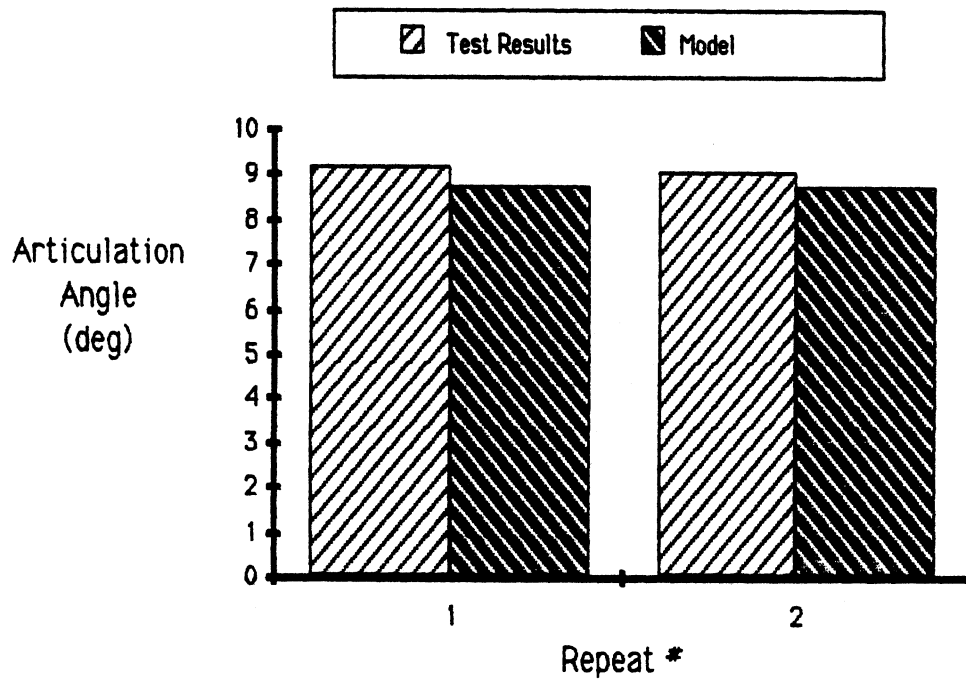


Figure F-2 (cont)

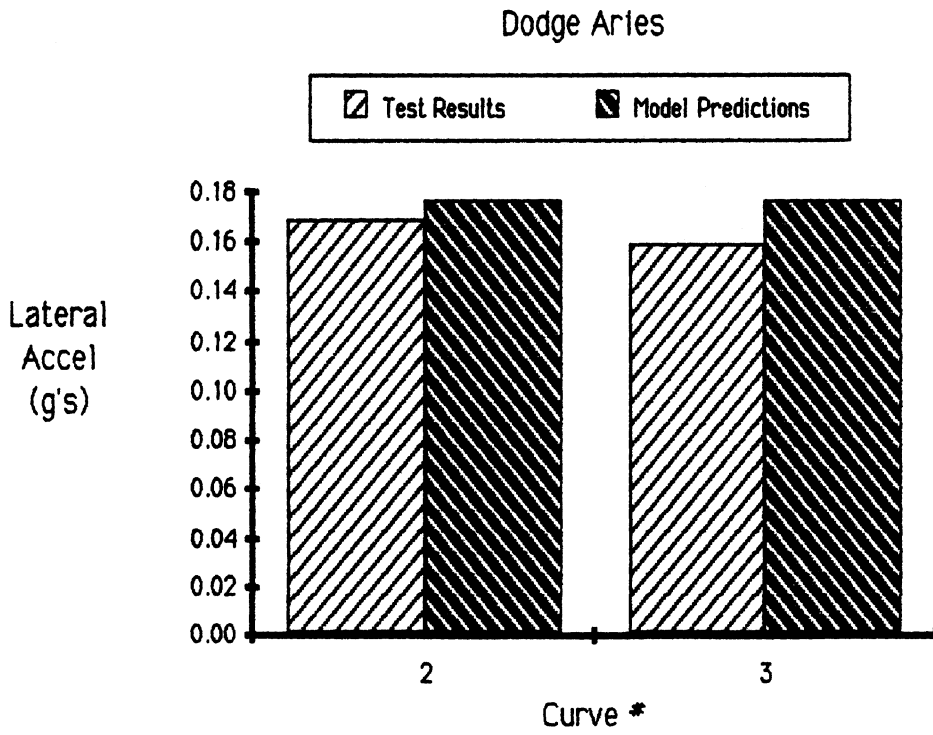
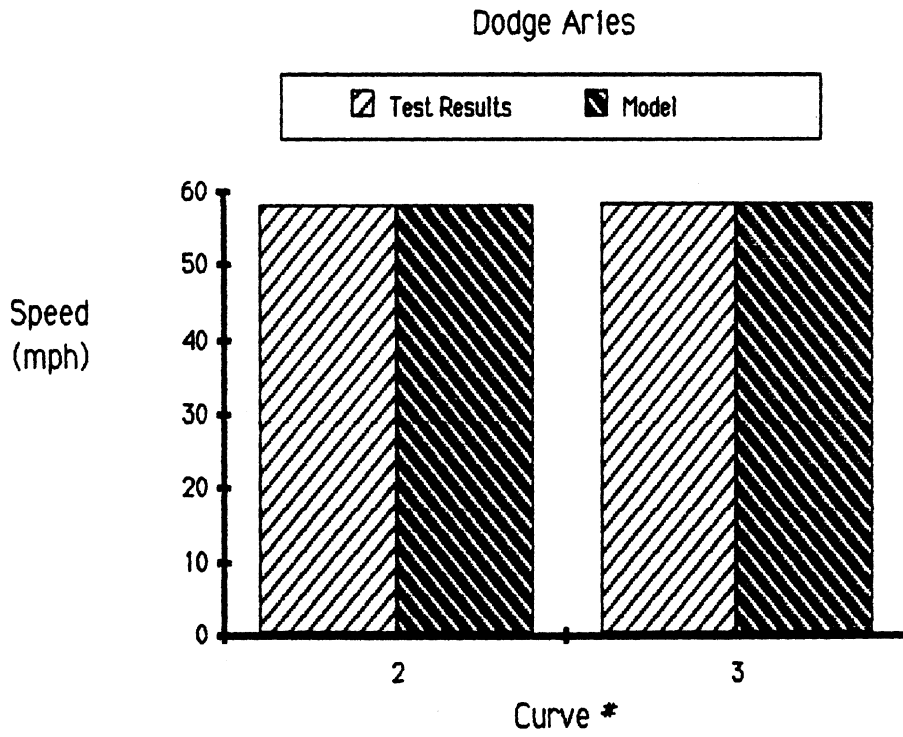
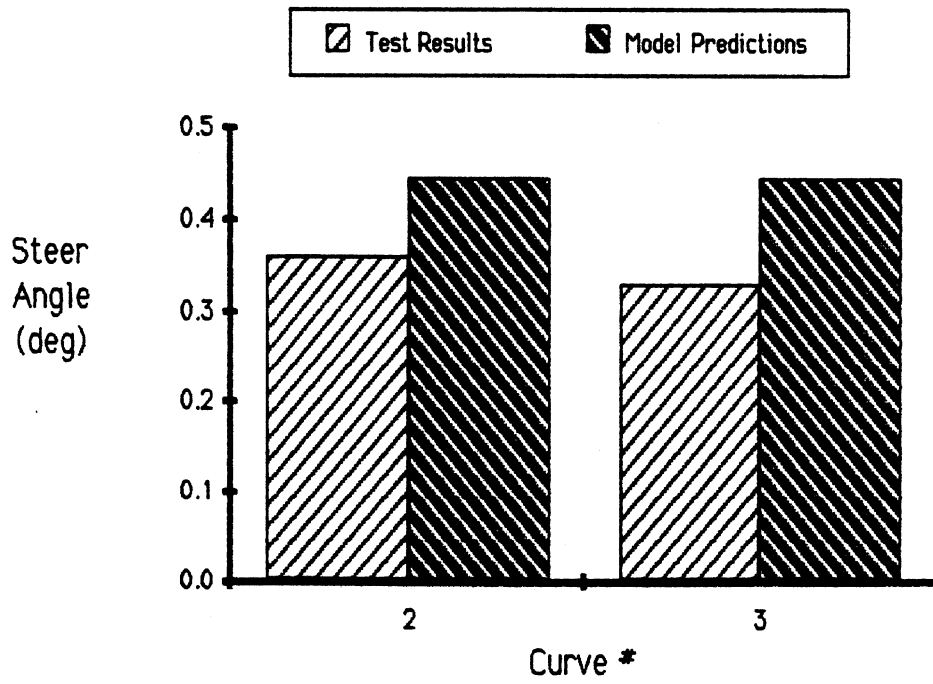


Figure F-3. Model/test comparisons; vehicle A.

### Dodge Aries



### Dodge Aries

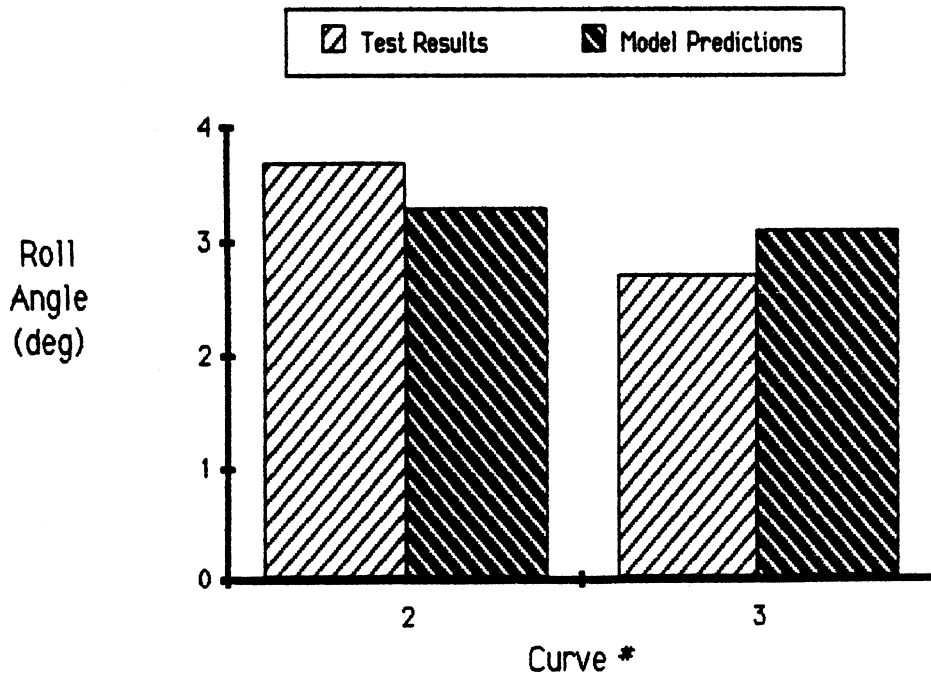


Figure F-3 (cont)



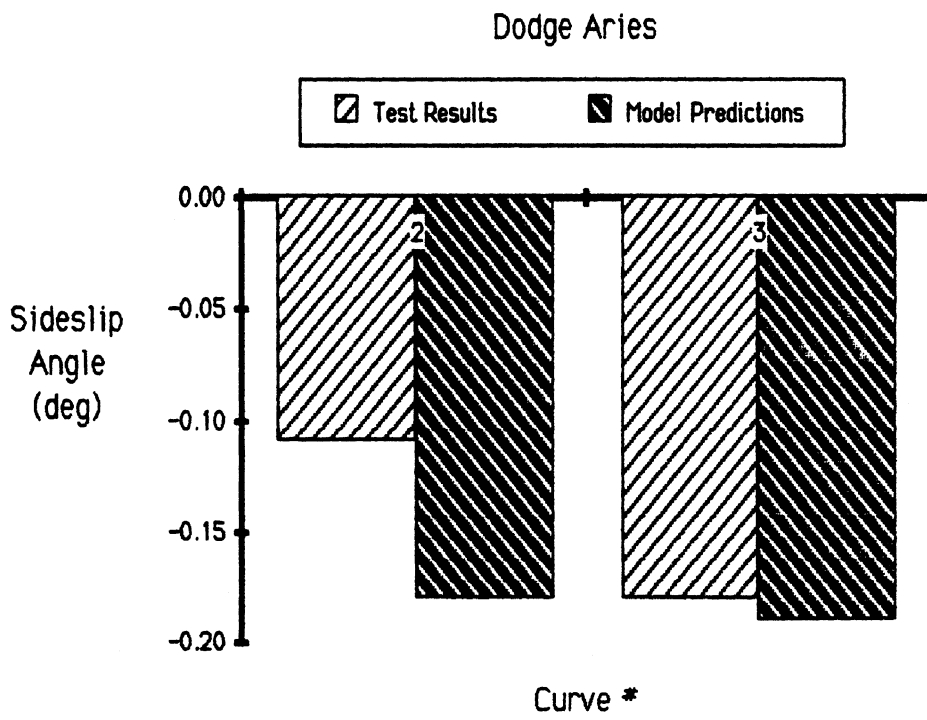
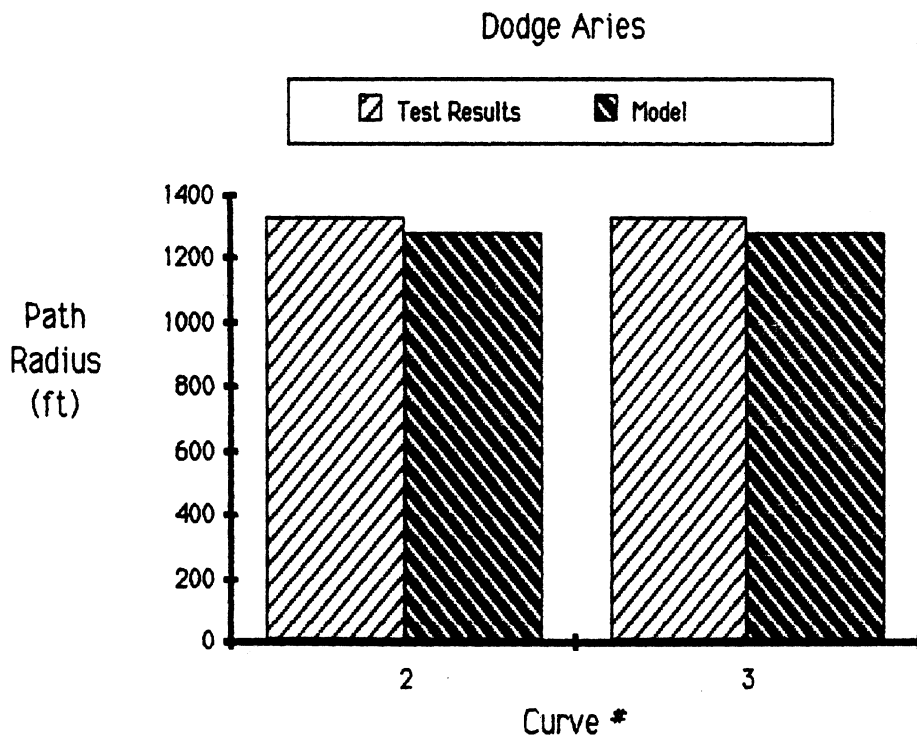
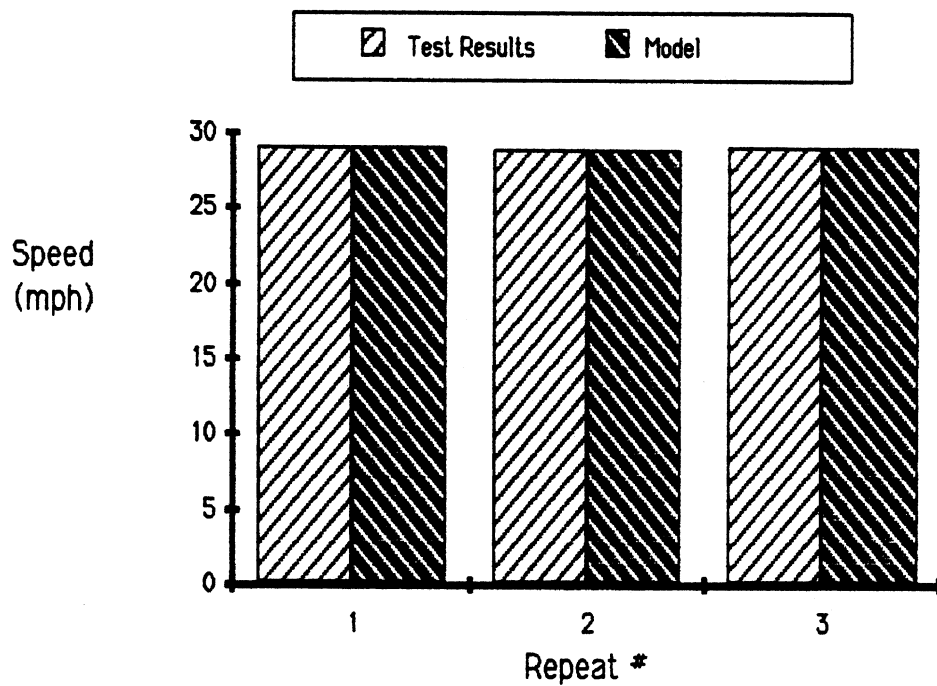


Figure F-3 (cont)

Ramp Site: Dodge Aries



Ramp Site: Dodge Aries

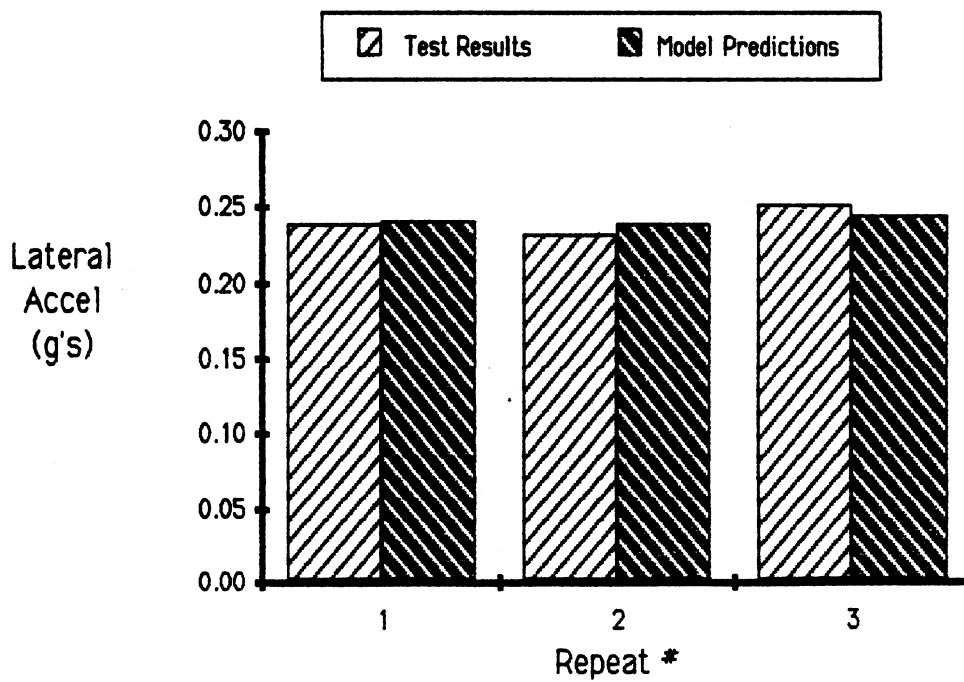
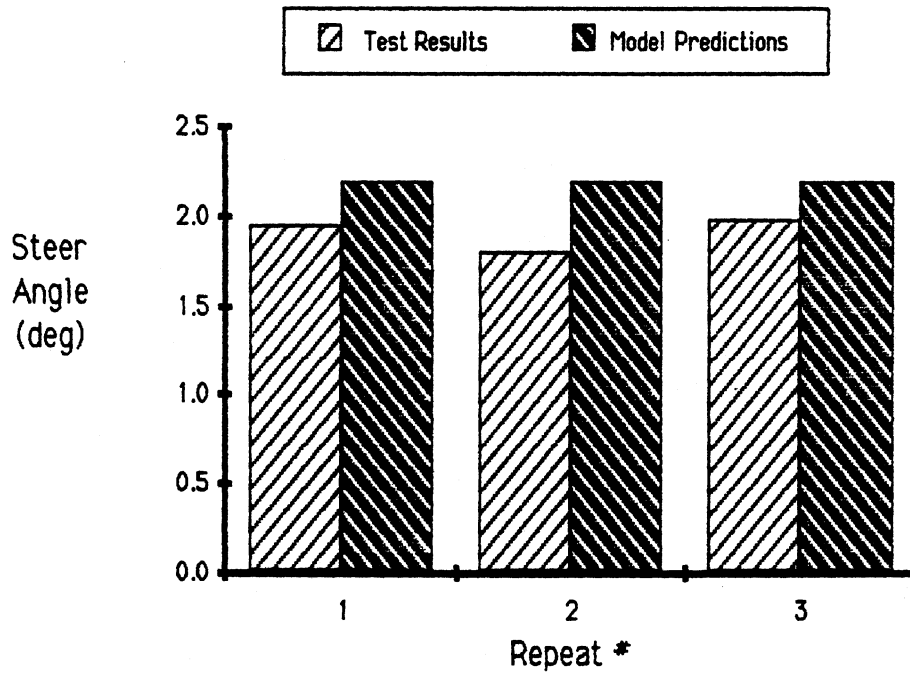


Figure F-4. Model/test comparisons; Vehicle A.

Ramp Site: Dodge Aries



Ramp Site: Dodge Aries

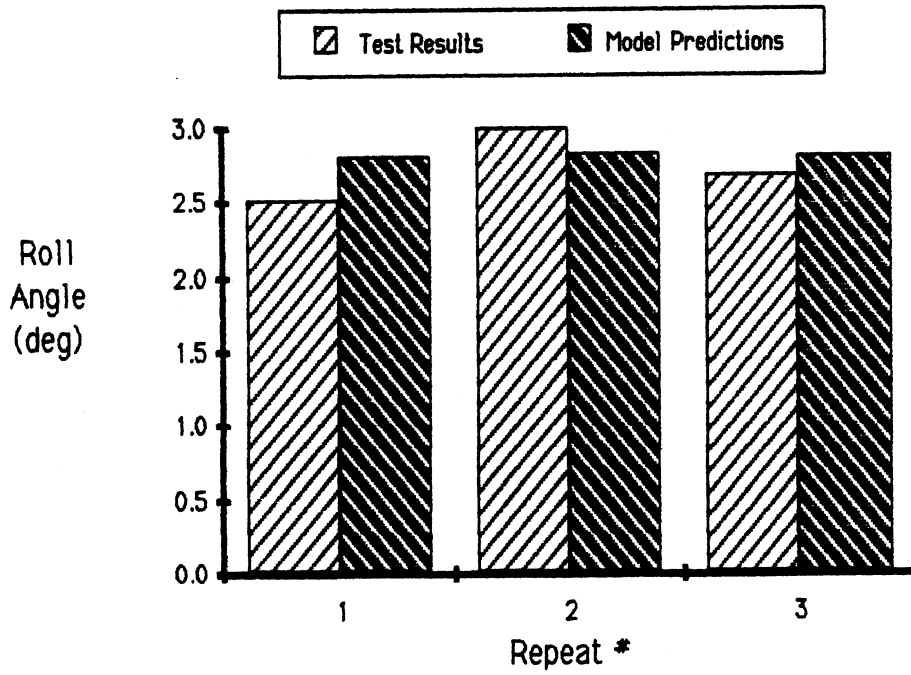
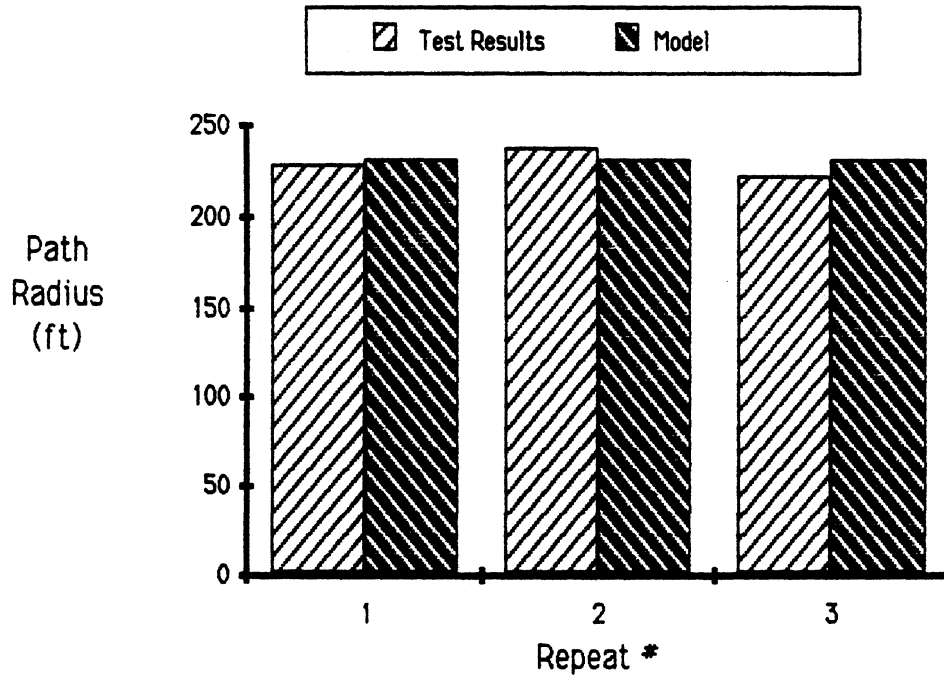


Figure F-4 (cont)

Ramp Site: Dodge Aries



Ramp Site: Dodge Aries

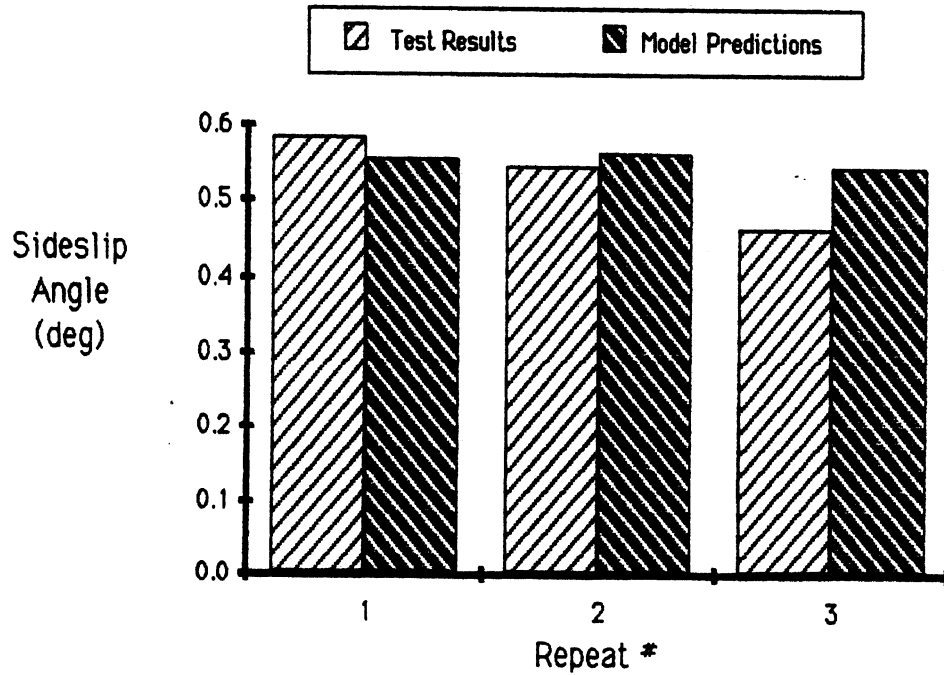


Figure F-4 (cont)

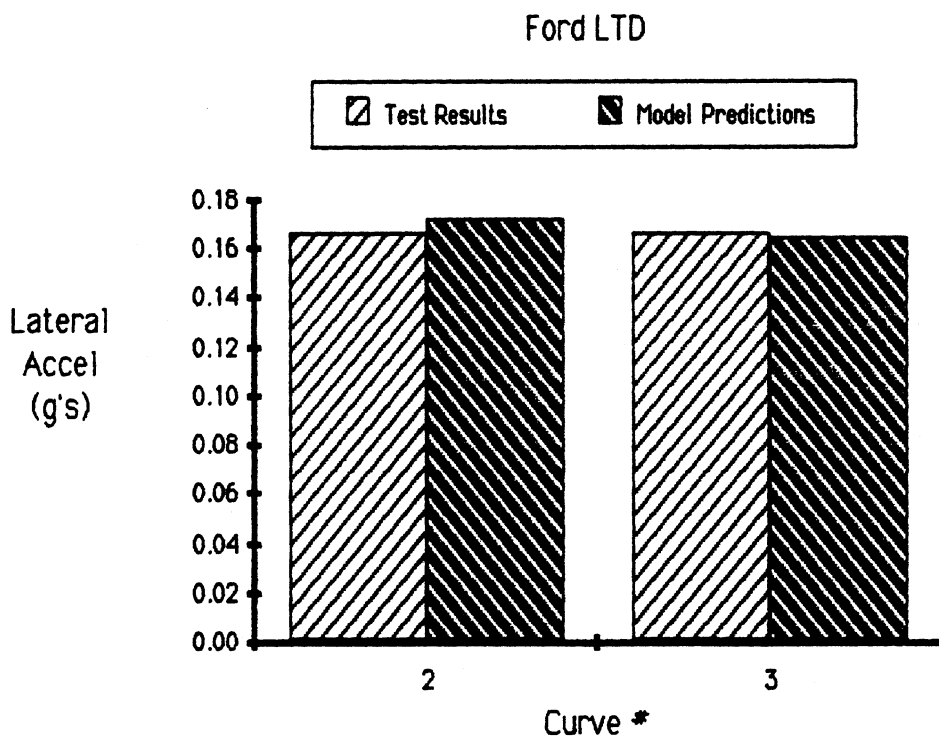
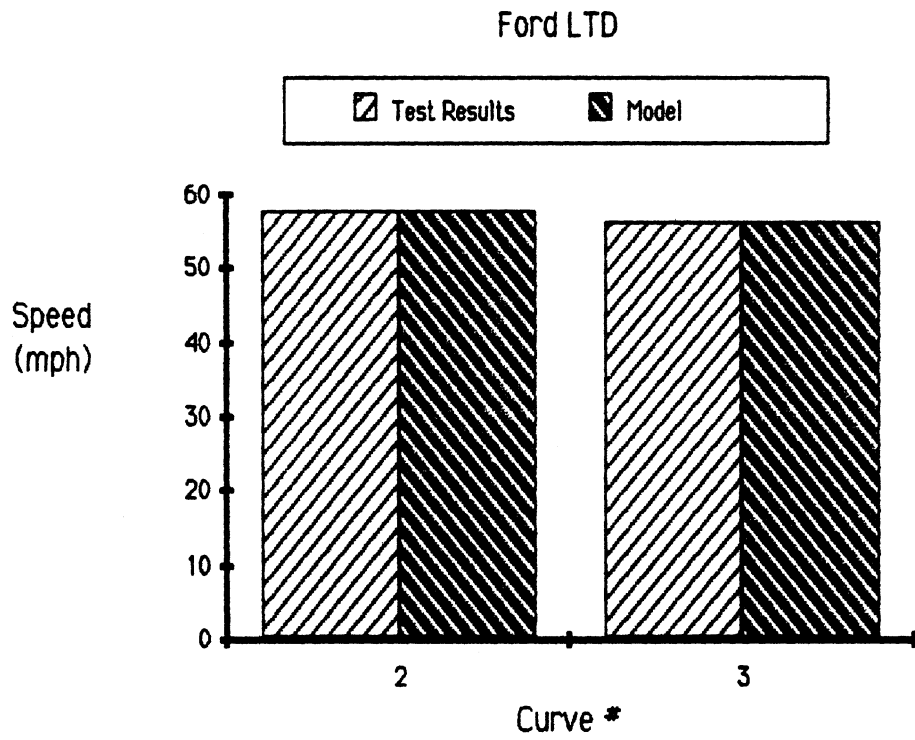
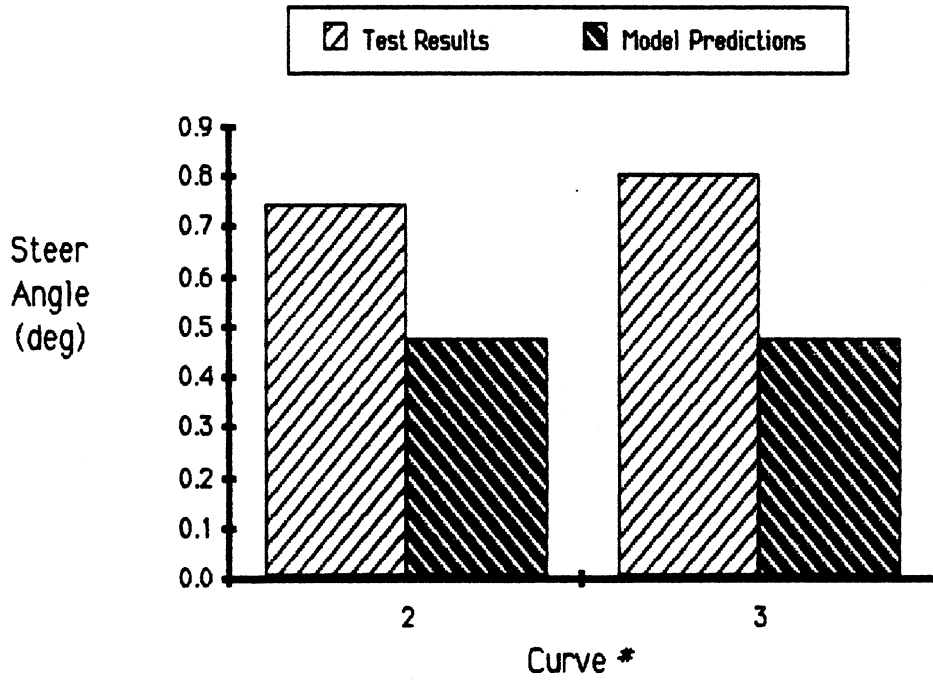


Figure F-5. Model/test comparisons; Vehicle B.

Ford LTD



Ford LTD

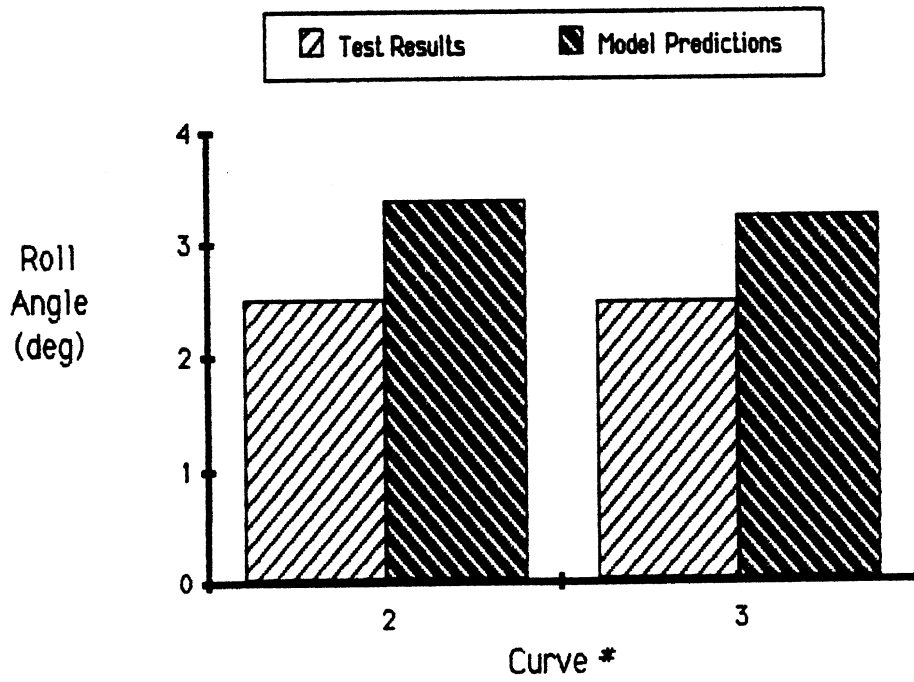


Figure F-5 (cont)

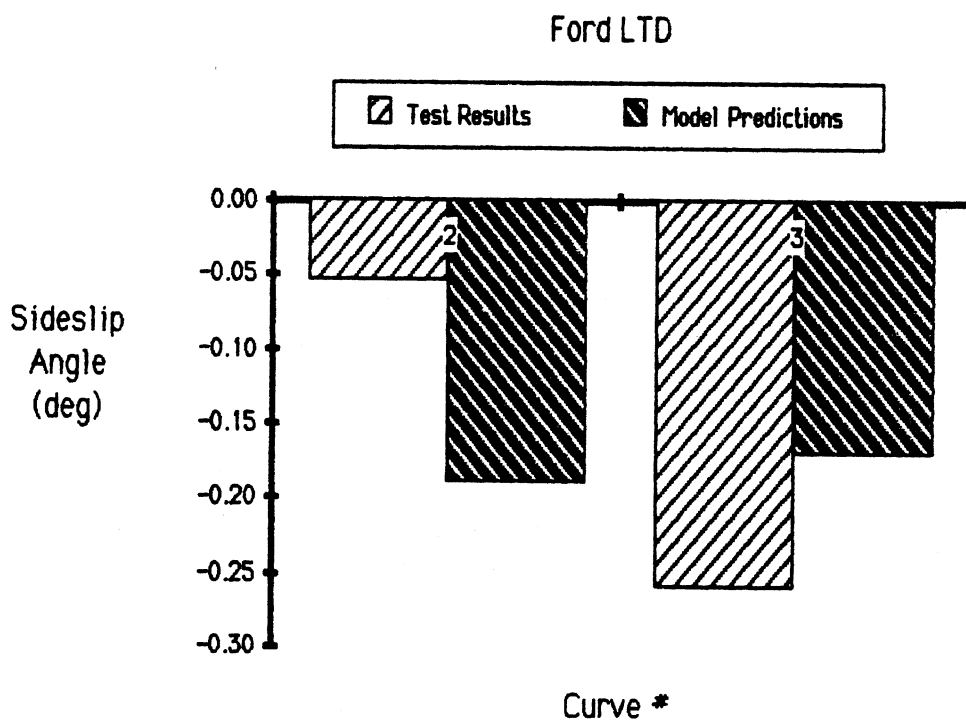
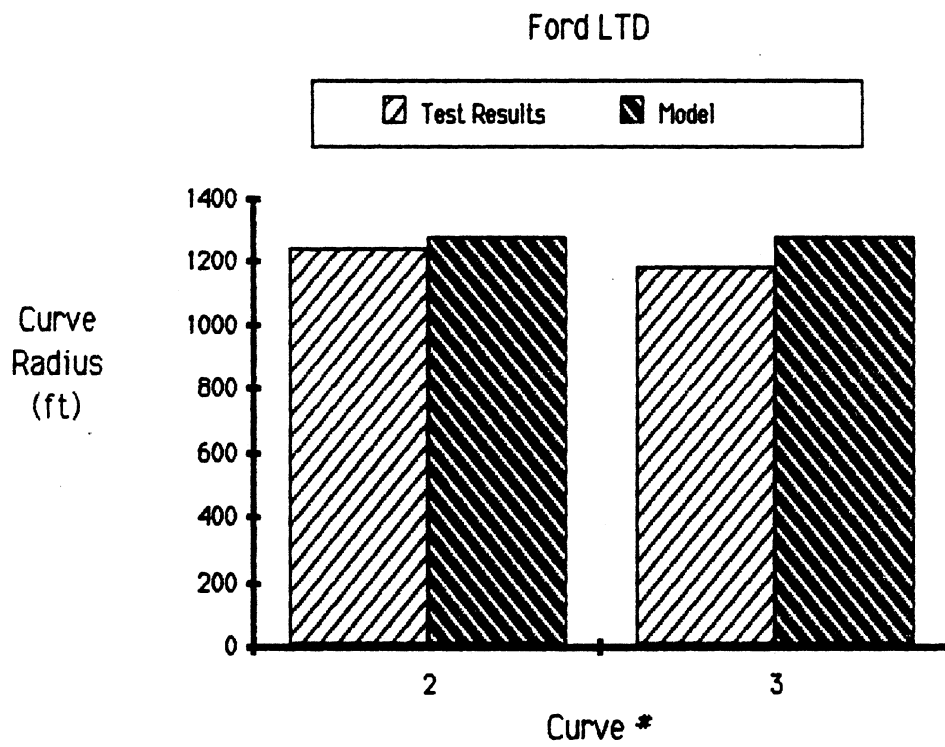


Figure F-5 (cont)

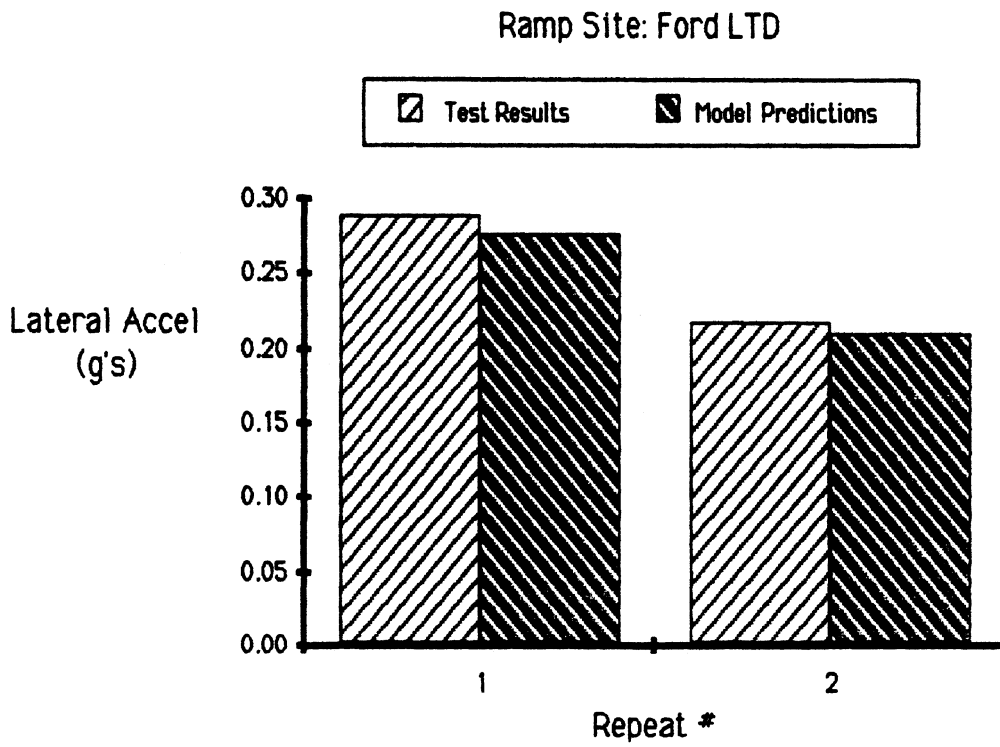
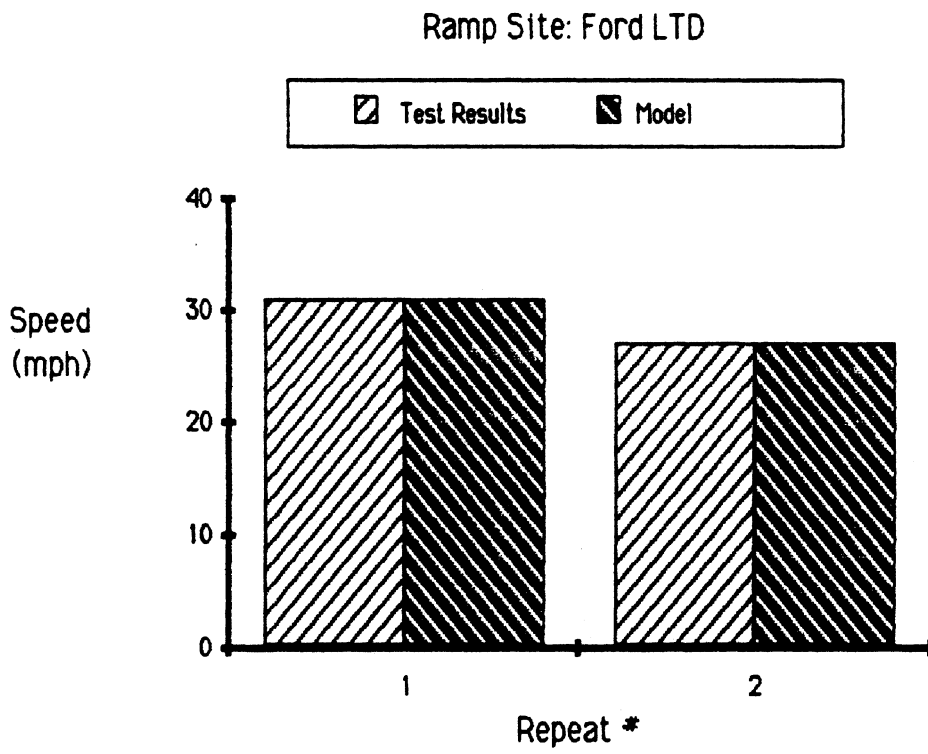
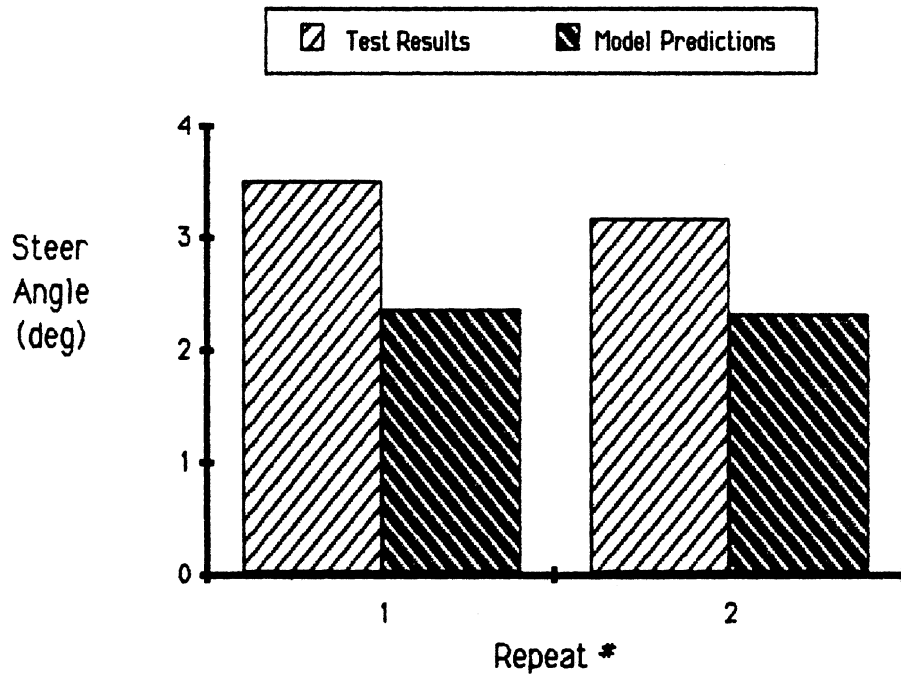


Figure F-6. Model/test comparisons; Vehicle B.



Ramp Site: Ford LTD



Ramp Site: Ford LTD

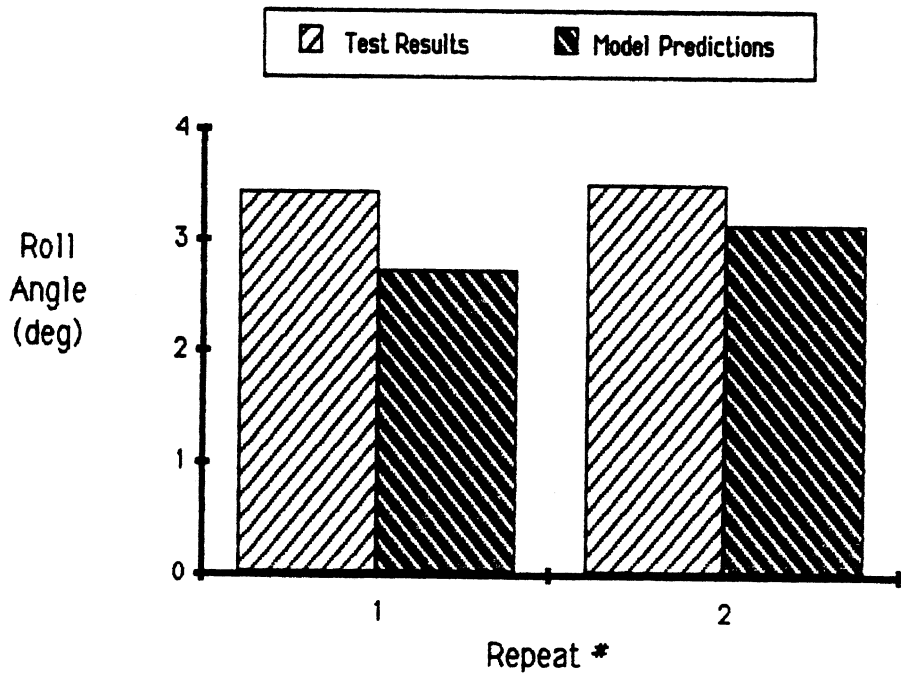
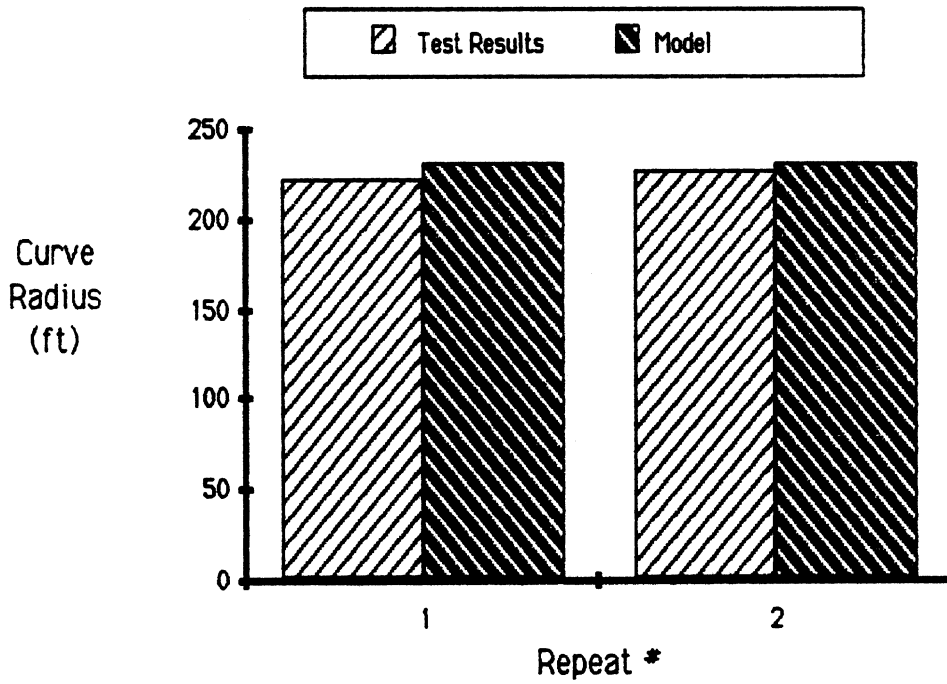


Figure F-6 (cont)

Ramp Site: Ford LTD



Ramp Site: Ford LTD

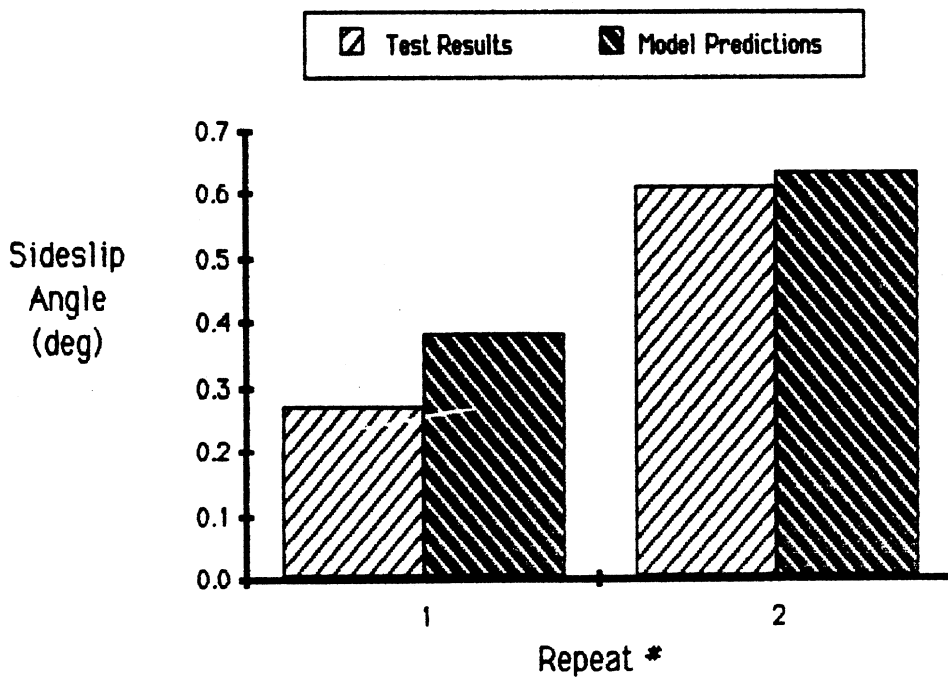


Figure F-6 (cont)

## Appendix G

### TRACTOR-SEMITRAILER PARAMETER SENSITIVITIES ( VEHICLE RESPONSE VARIABLES )

The graphs contained in this appendix supplement the material presented in chapter 6 of volume II. Vehicle response variables showing sensitivities to various parameter variations are seen for the five-axle tractor-semitrailer vehicle. Figures G-1 to G-8 illustrate vehicle sensitivity to changes in grade, suspension properties, fifth-wheel placement, center-of-gravity location, and wheelbase.

Baseline: R = 1273 ft V = 47.6 mph e = 0.067 ft/ft  
Tractor-semitrailer

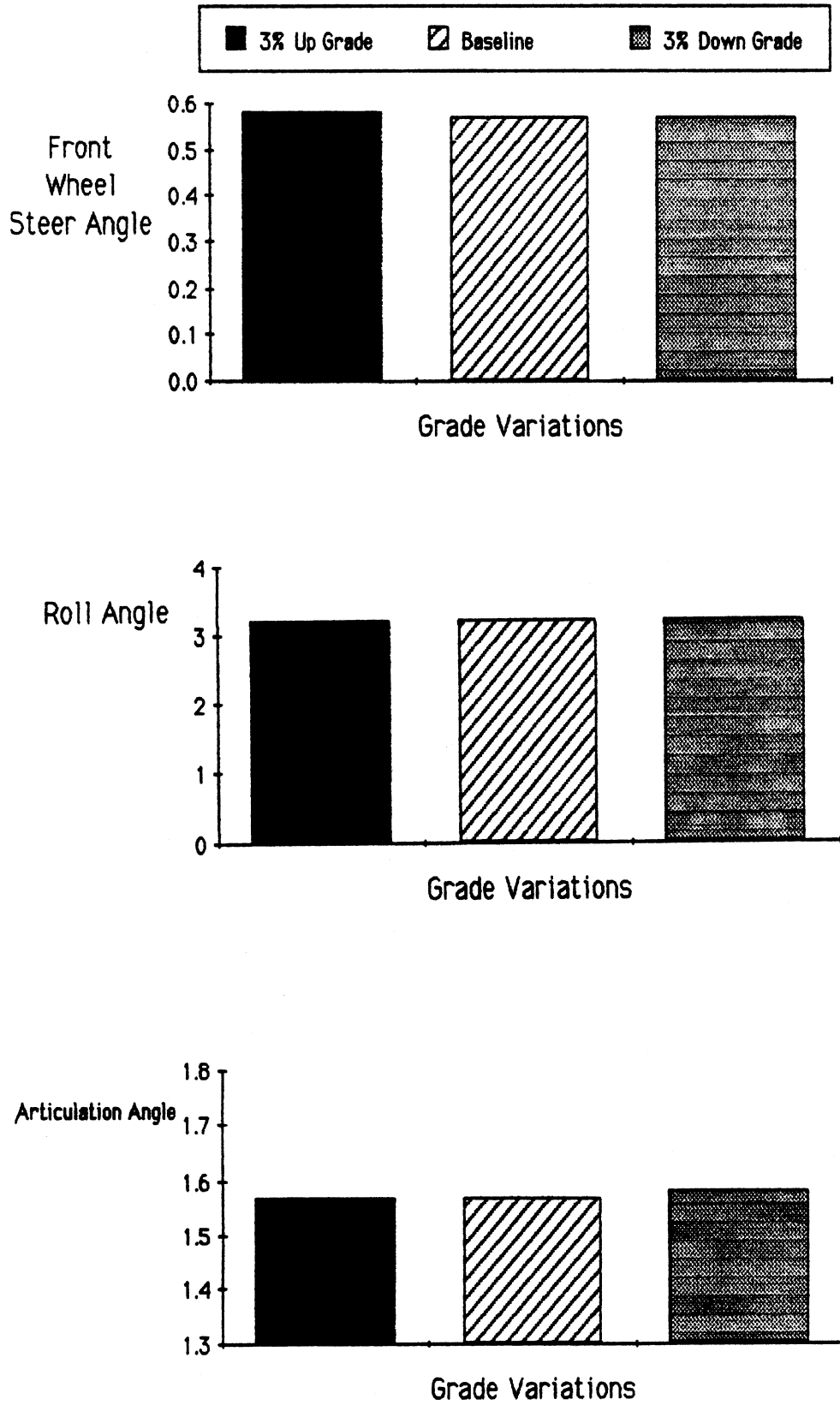
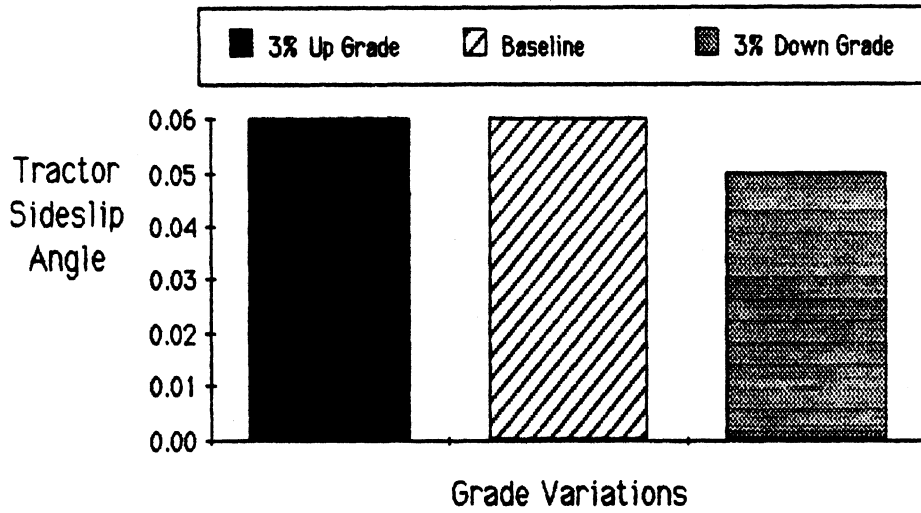


Figure G-1. Parameter sensitivities; vehicle C.

Baseline: R = 1273 ft V = 47.6 mph e = 0.067 ft/ft  
Tractor-semitrailer



Baseline: R = 1273 ft V = 47.6 mph e = 0.067 ft/ft  
Tractor-semitrailer

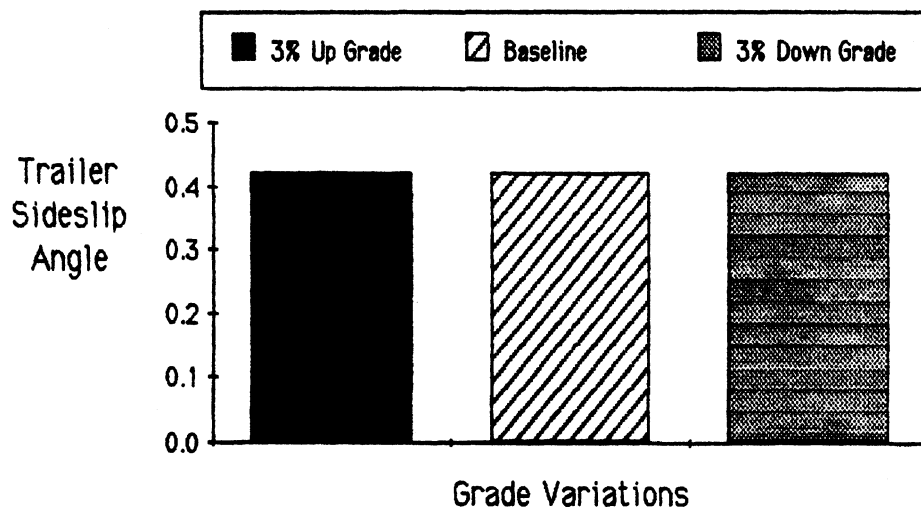


Figure G-1 (cont)

Baseline: R = 1273 ft V = 47.6 mph e = 0.067 ft/ft  
Tractor-semitrailer

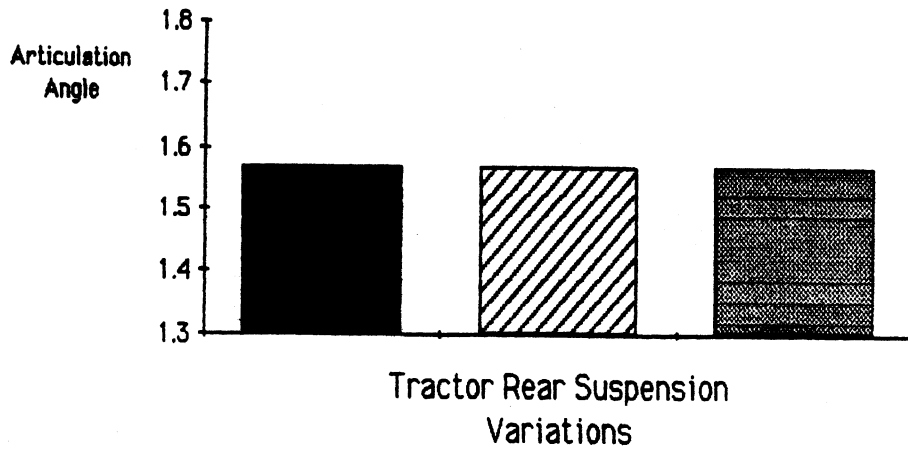
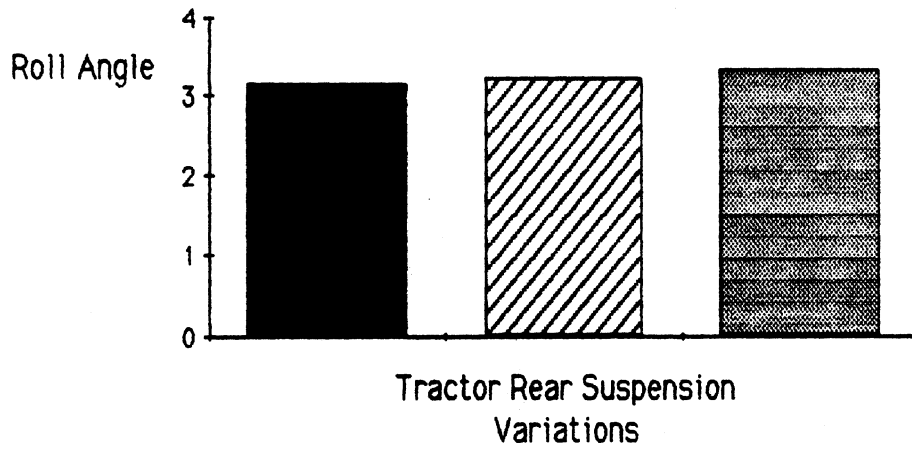
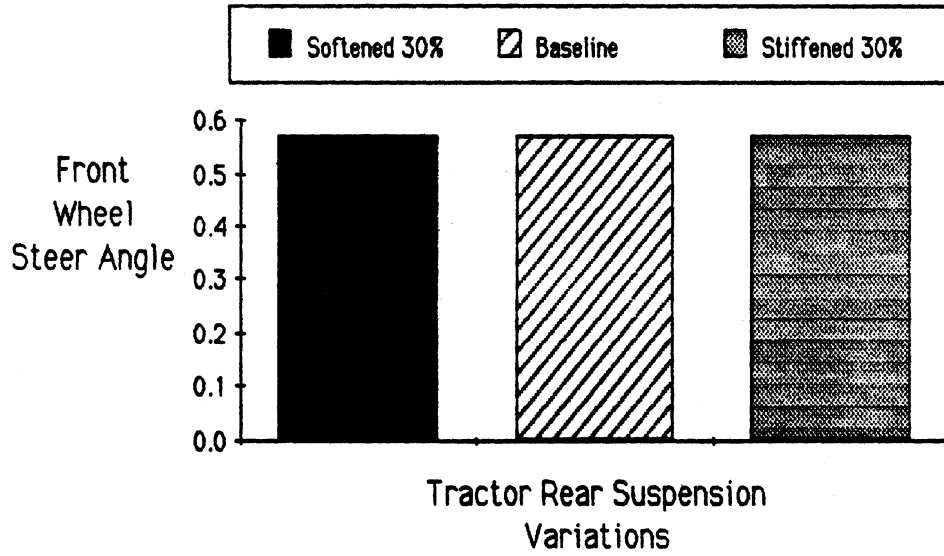
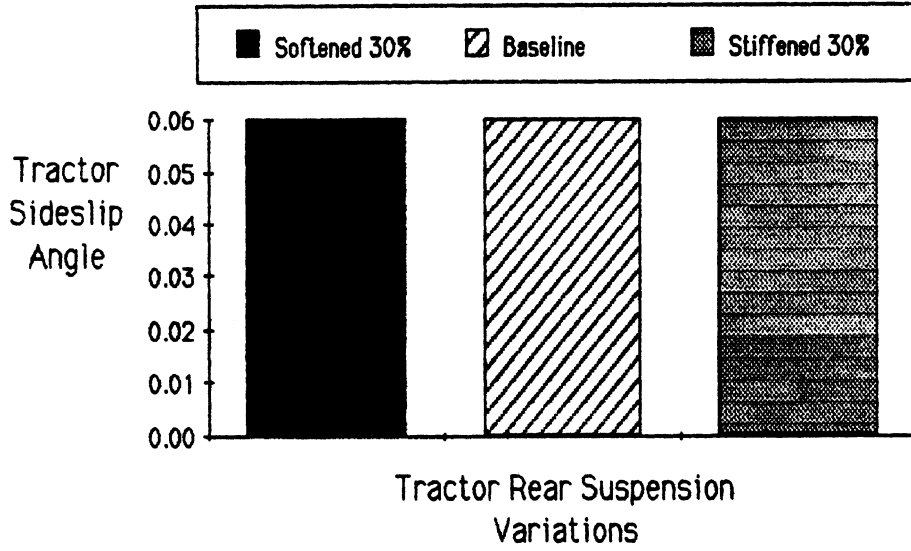


Figure G-2. Parameter variations: vehicle C.

Baseline: R = 1273 ft V = 47.6 mph e = 0.067 ft/ft  
Tractor-semitrailer



Baseline: R = 1273 ft V = 47.6 mph e = 0.067 ft/ft  
Tractor-semitrailer

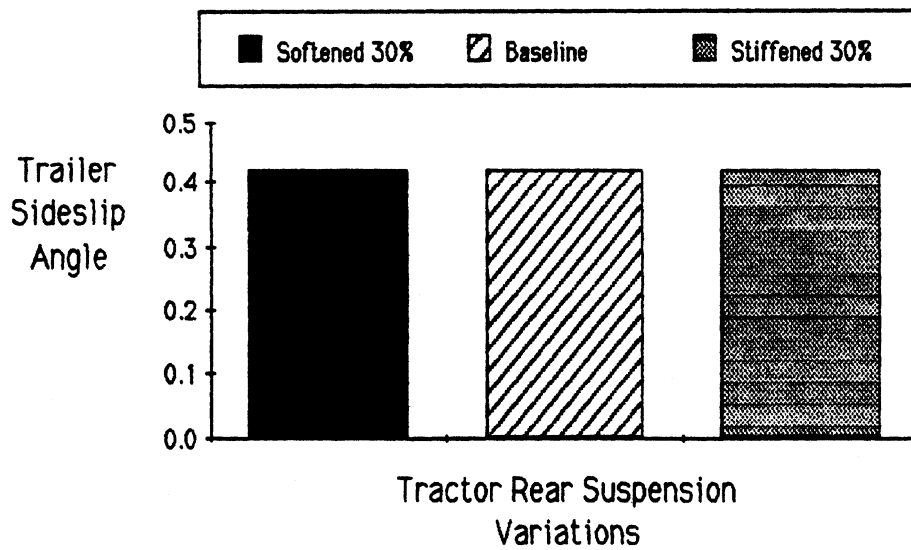


Figure G-2 (cont)

Baseline: R = 1273 ft V = 47.6 mph e = 0.067 ft/ft  
Tractor-semitrailer

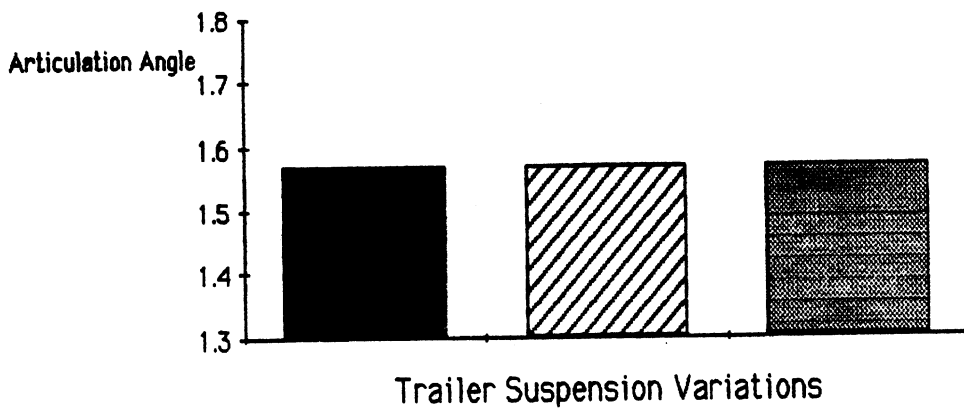
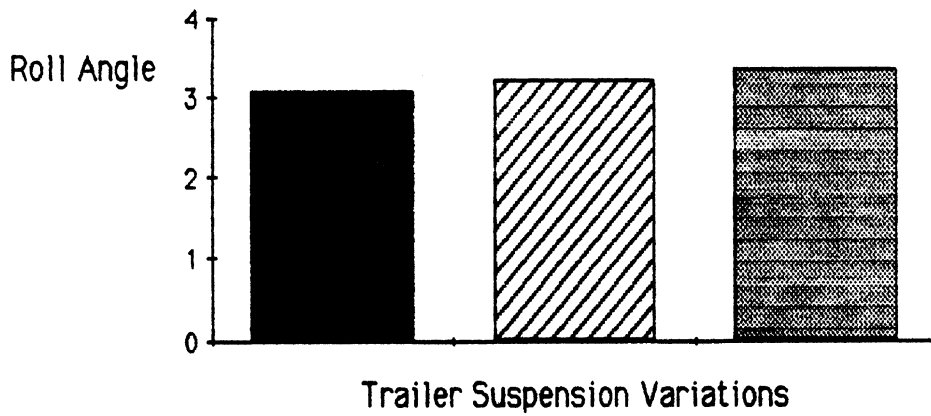
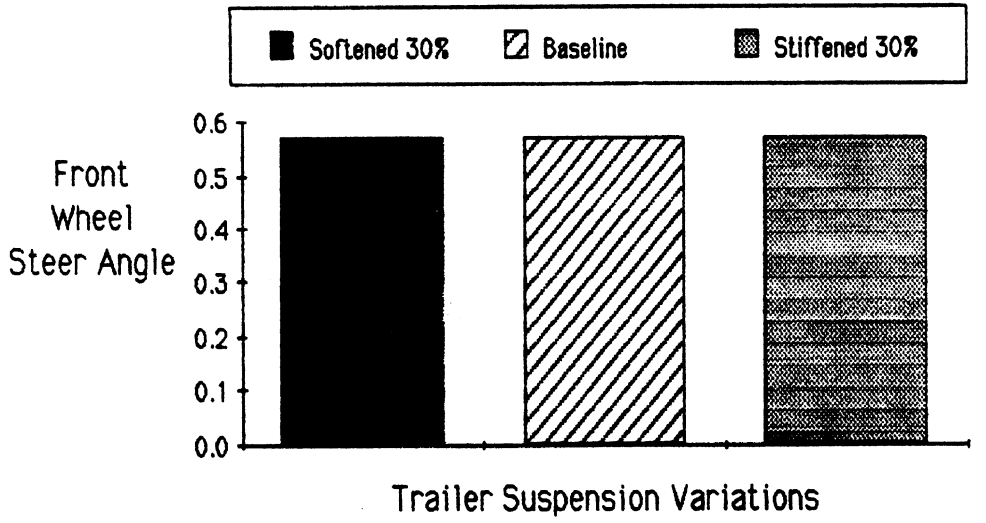


Figure G-3. Parameter variations; vehicle C.



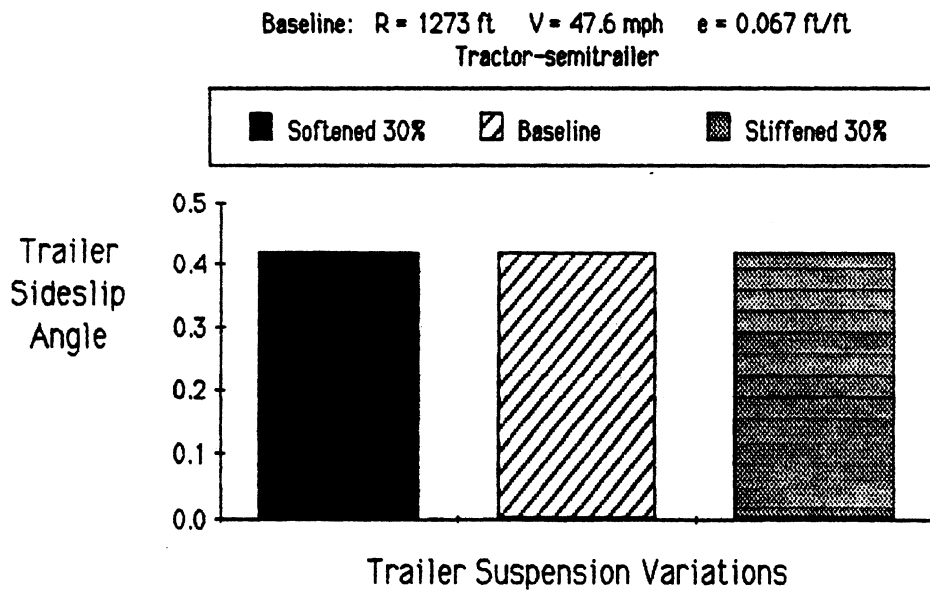
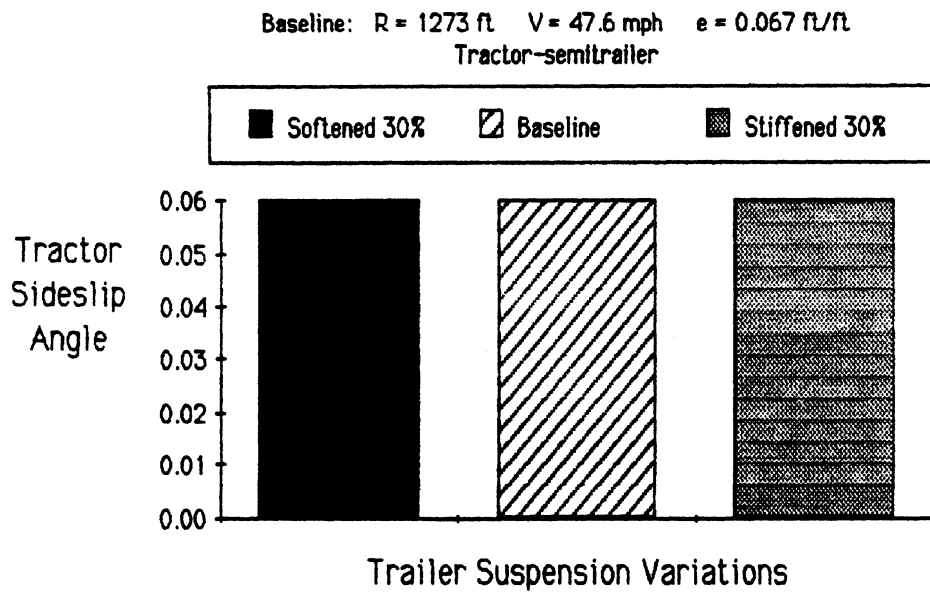


Figure G-3 (cont)

Baseline: R = 1273 ft V = 47.6 mph e = 0.067 ft/ft  
Tractor-semitrailer

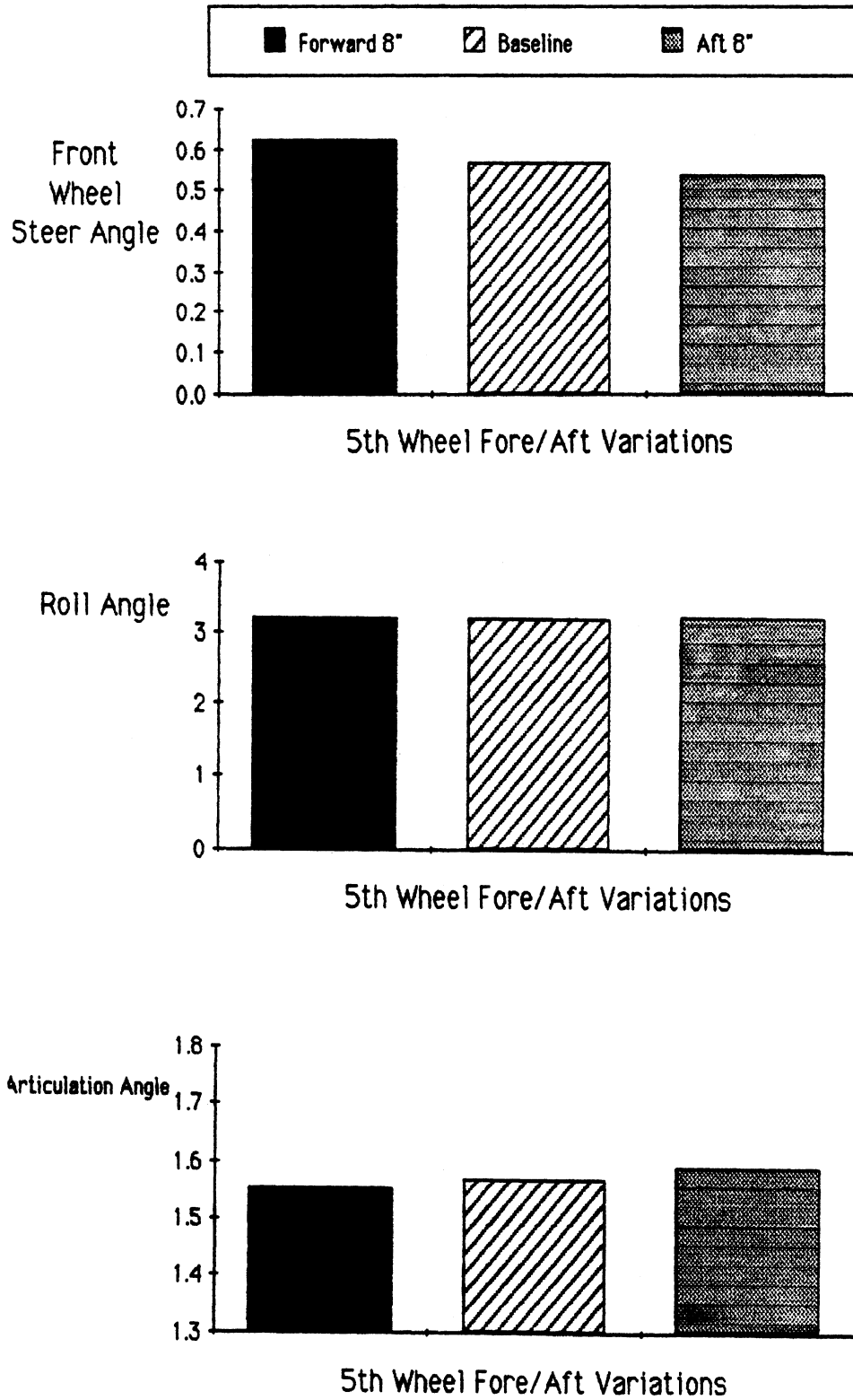
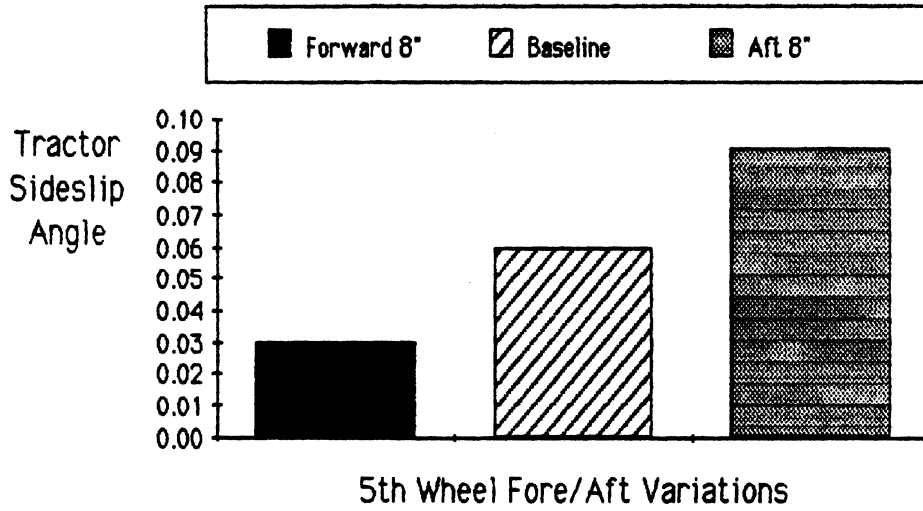


Figure G-4. Parameter variations; vehicle C.

Baseline: R = 1273 ft V = 47.6 mph e = 0.067 ft/ft  
Tractor-semitrailer



Baseline: R = 1273 ft V = 47.6 mph e = 0.067 ft/ft  
Tractor-semitrailer

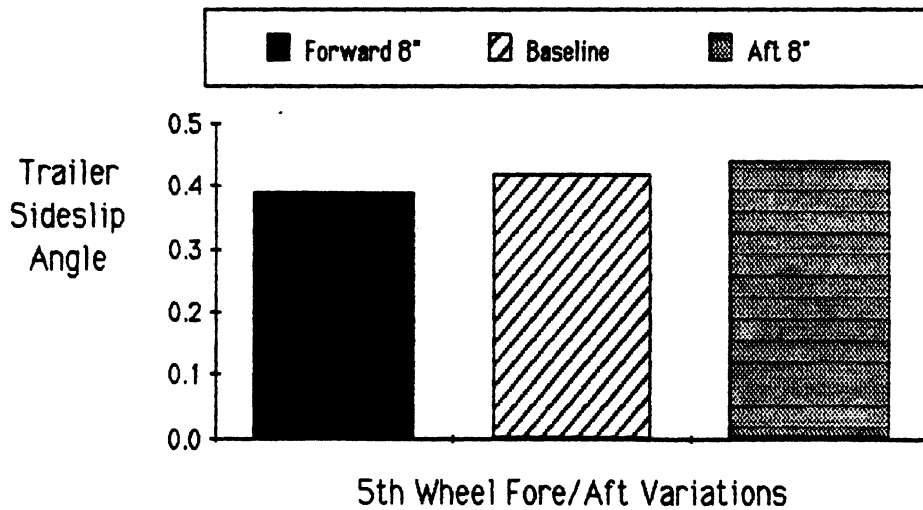


Figure G-4 (cont)

Baseline: R = 1273 ft V = 47.6 mph e = 0.067 ft/ft  
Tractor-semitrailer

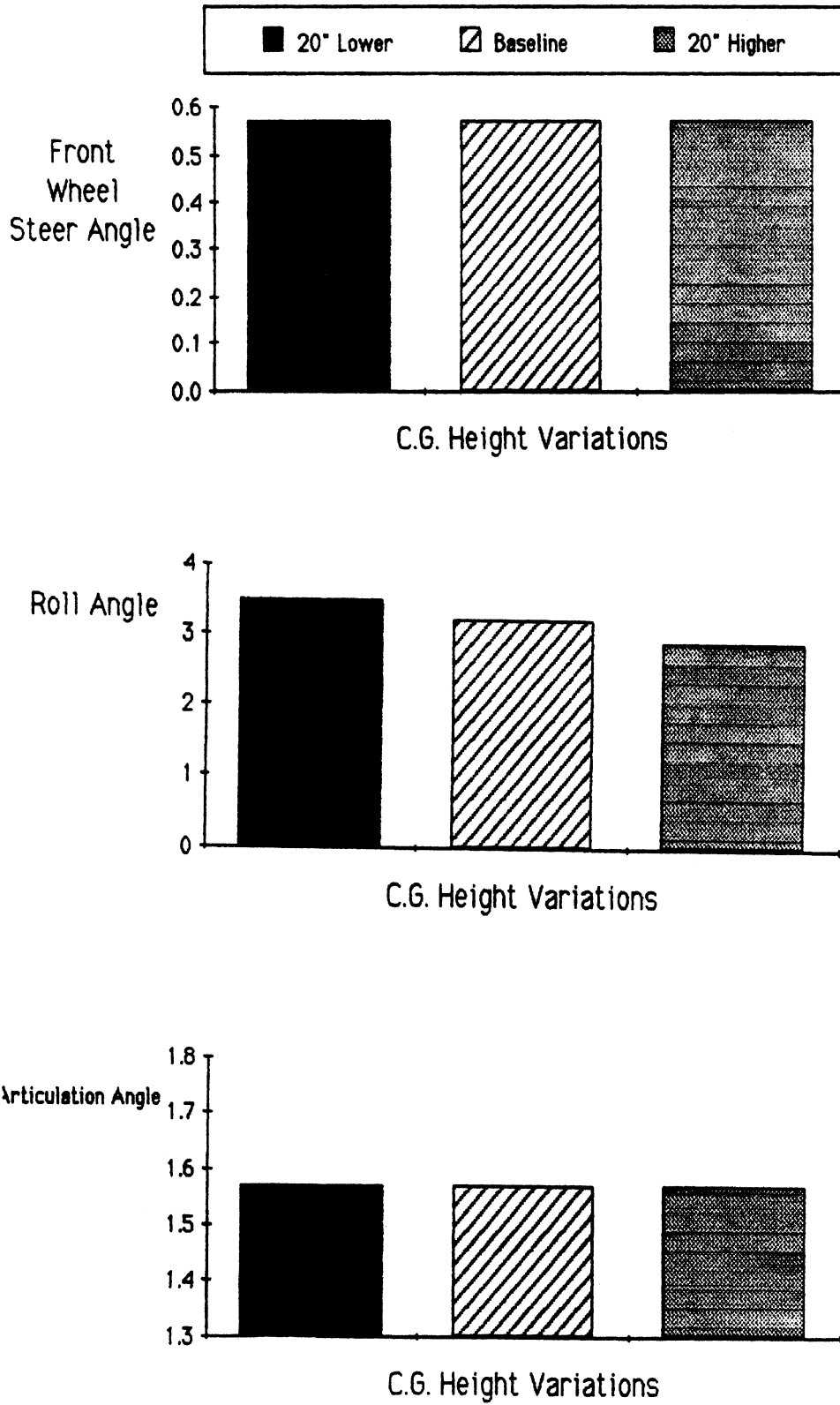


Figure G-5. Parameter variations; vehicle C.

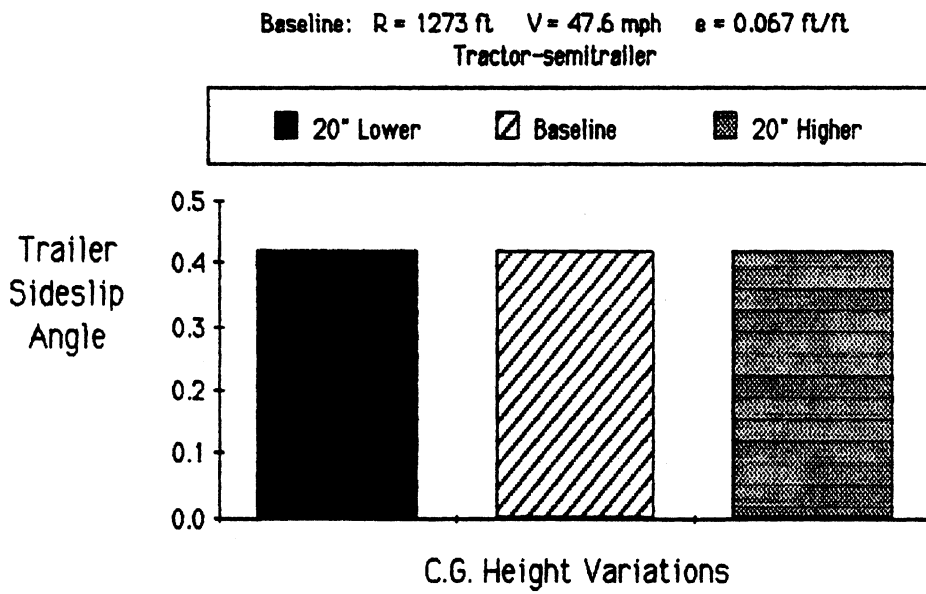
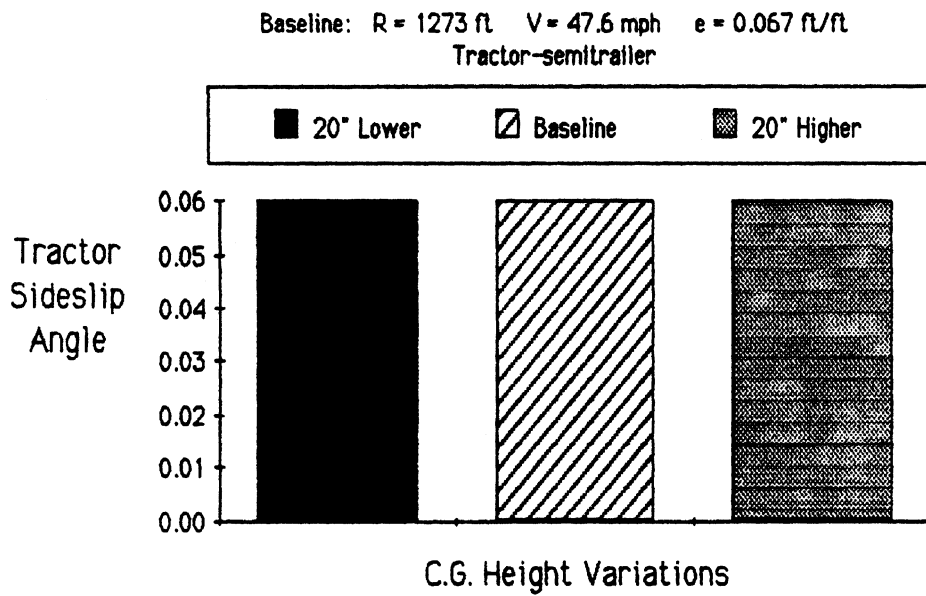


Figure G-5 (cont)

Baseline: R = 1273 ft V = 47.6 mph e = 0.067 ft/ft  
Tractor-semitrailer

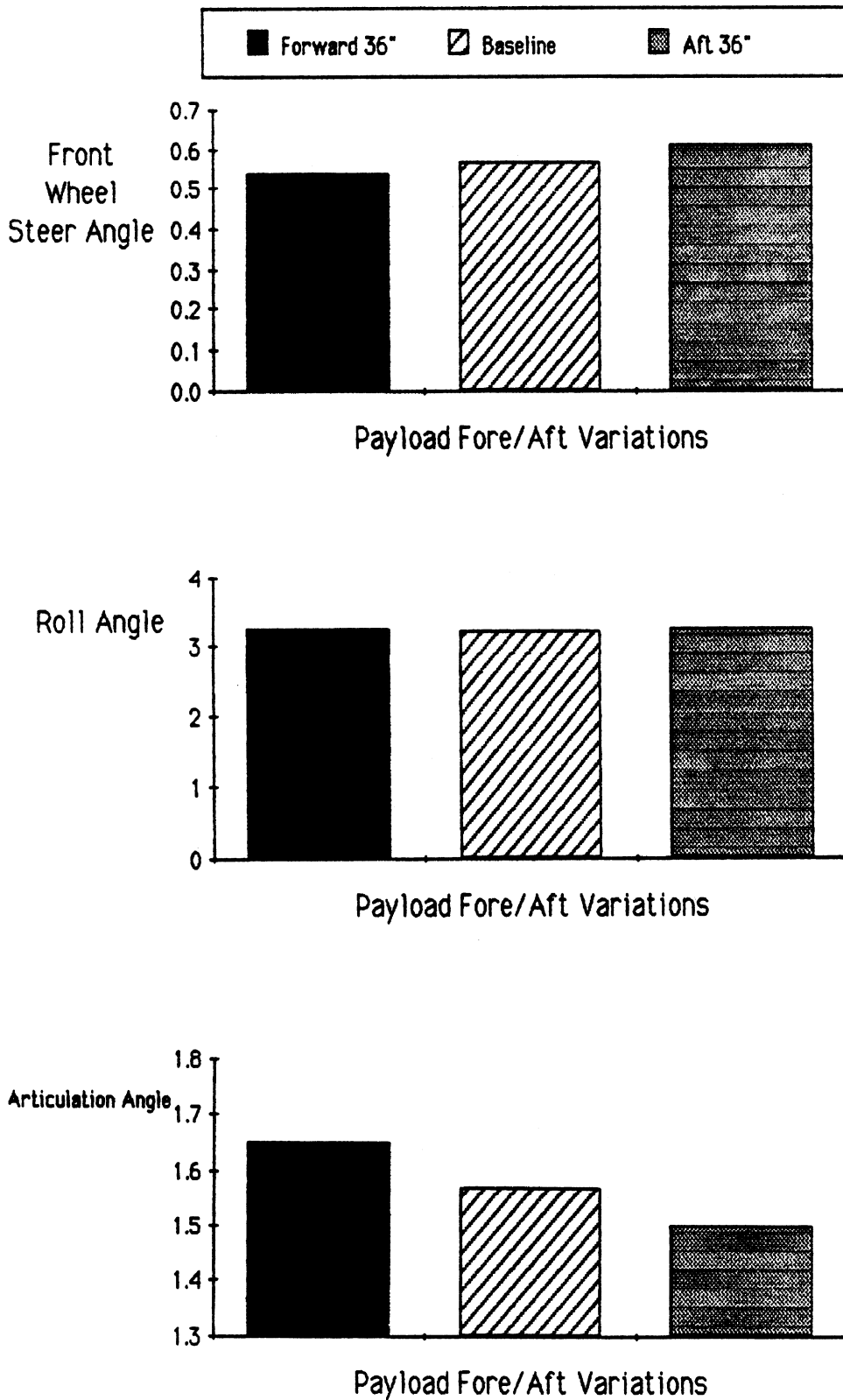
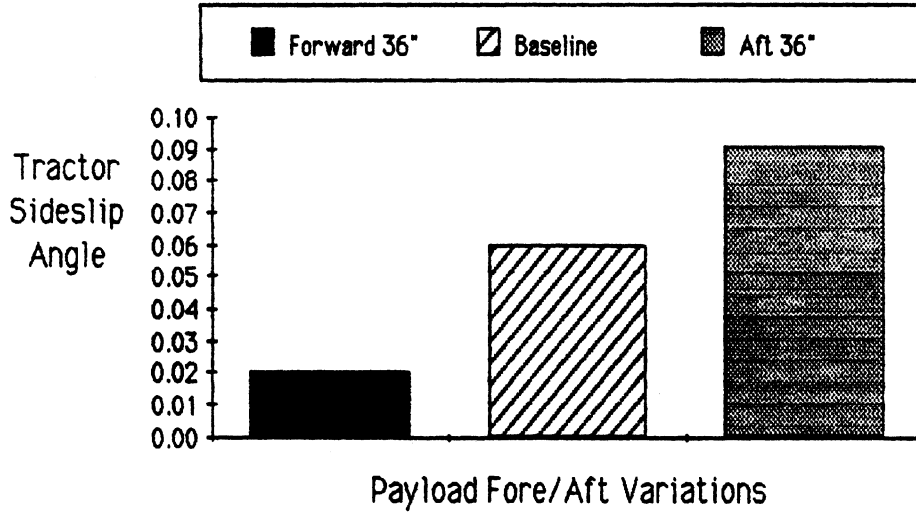


Figure G-6. Parameter variations; vehicle C.

Baseline: R = 1273 ft V = 47.6 mph e = 0.067 ft/ft  
Tractor-semitrailer



Baseline: R = 1273 ft V = 47.6 mph e = 0.067 ft/ft  
Tractor-semitrailer

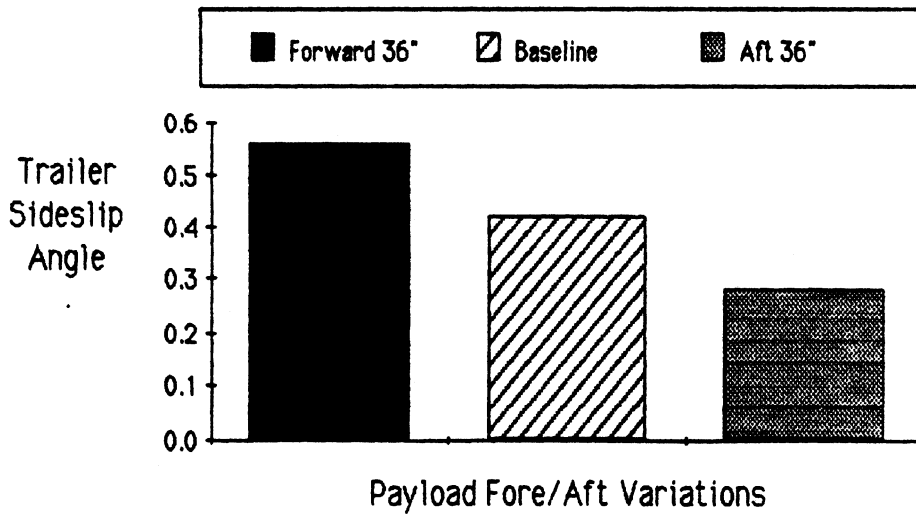


Figure G-6 (cont)

Baseline: R = 1273 ft V = 47.6 mph e = 0.067 ft/ft  
Tractor-semitrailer

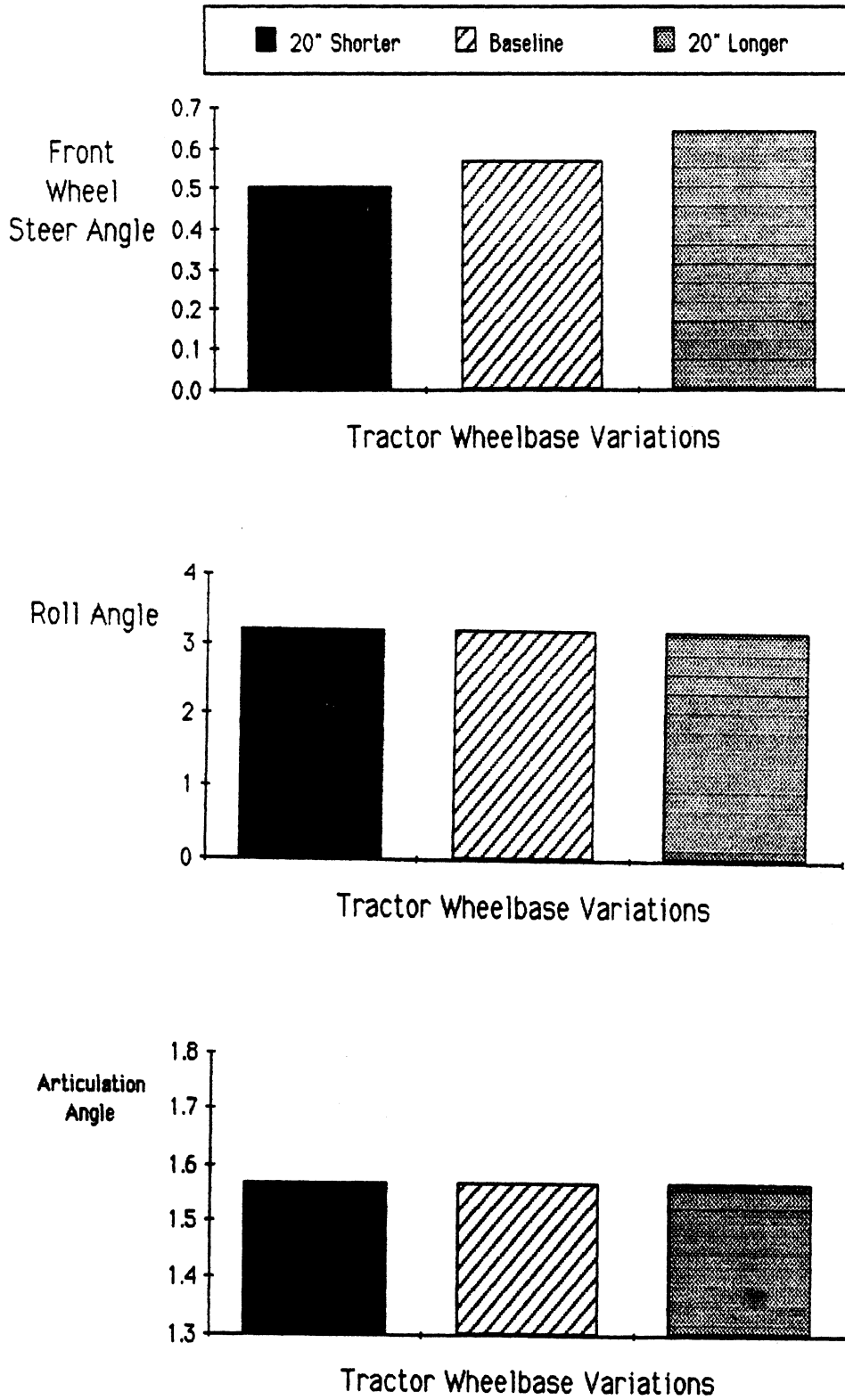


Figure G-7. Parameter variations; vehicle C.



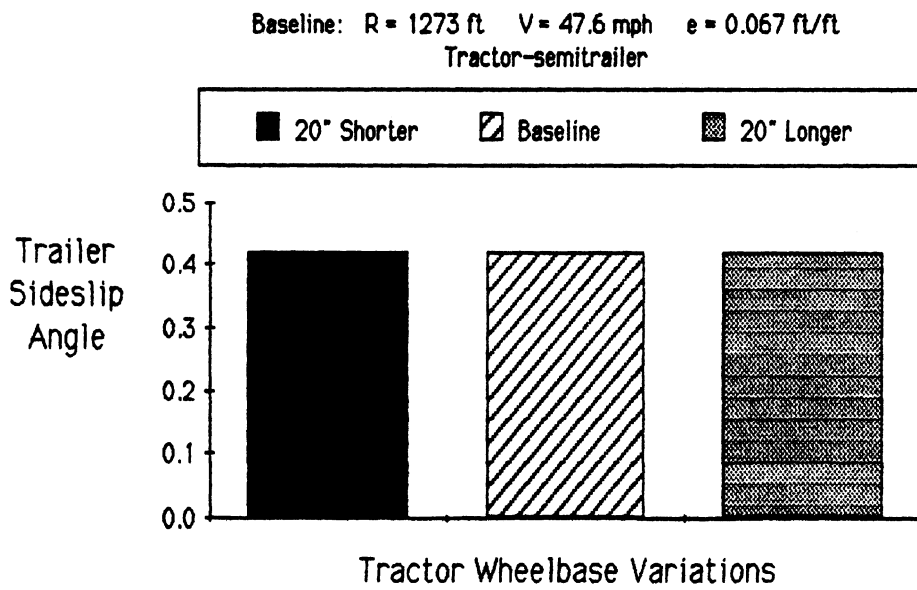
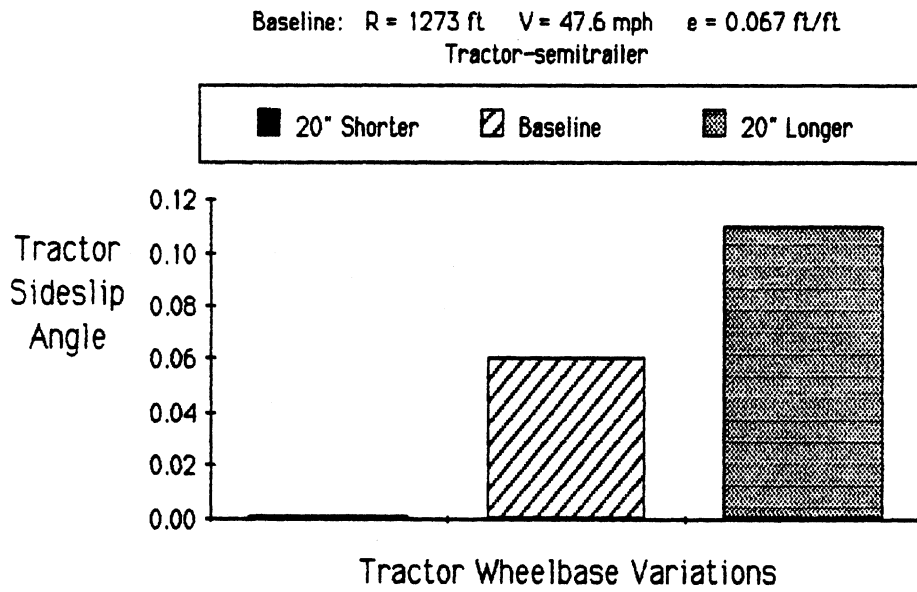


Figure G-7 (cont)

Baseline: R = 1273 ft V = 47.6 mph e = 0.067 ft/ft  
Tractor-semitrailer

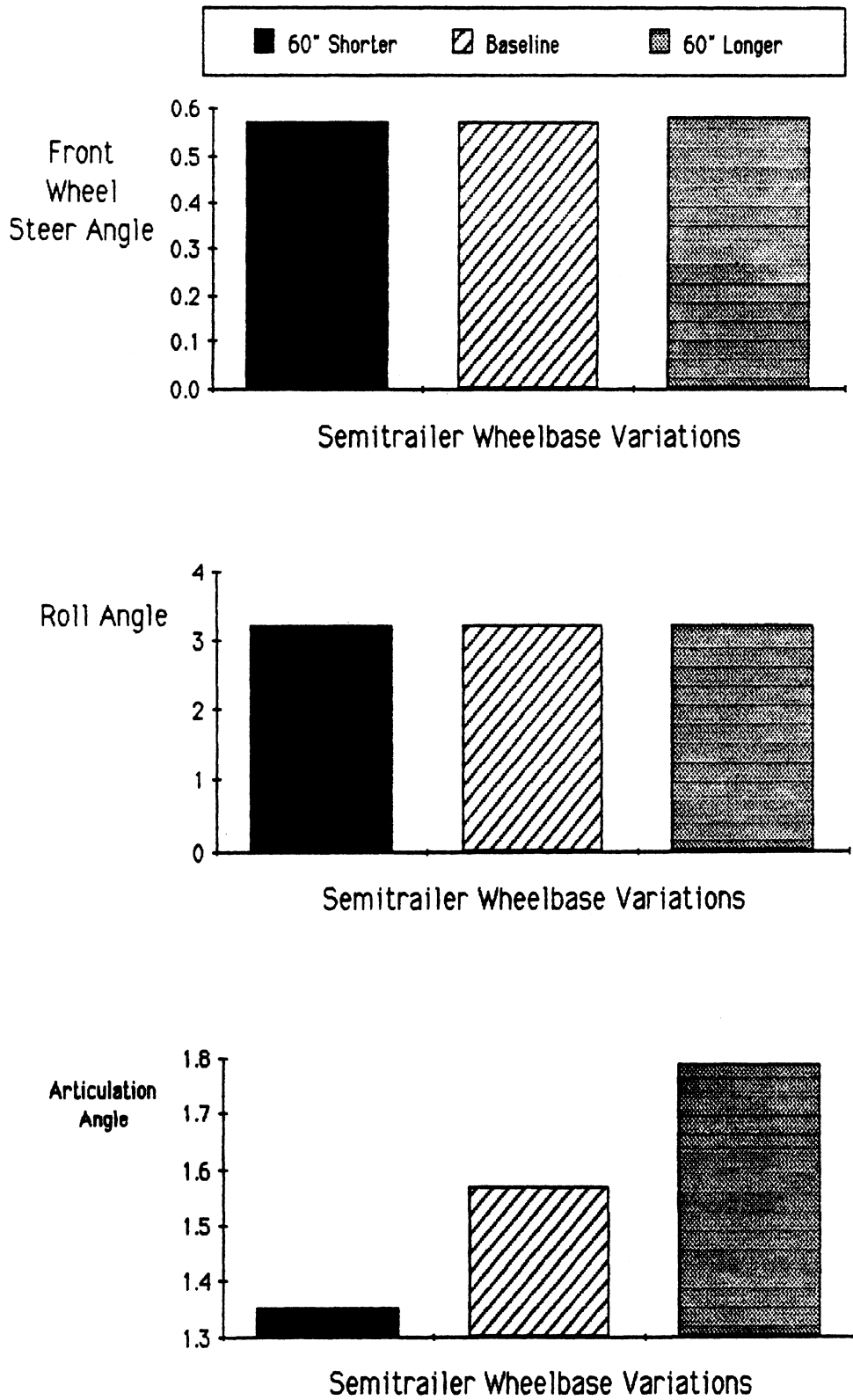


Figure G-8. Parameter variations; vehicle C.

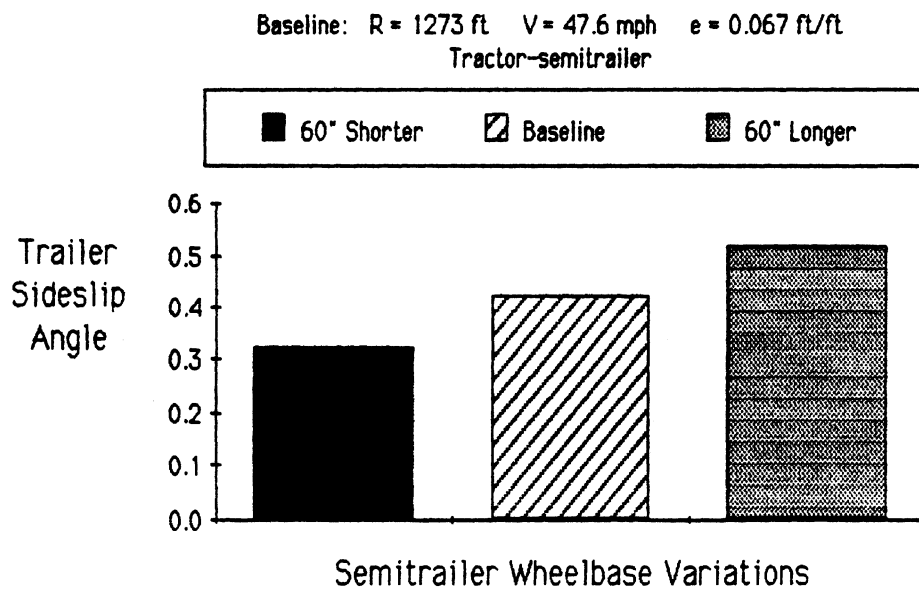
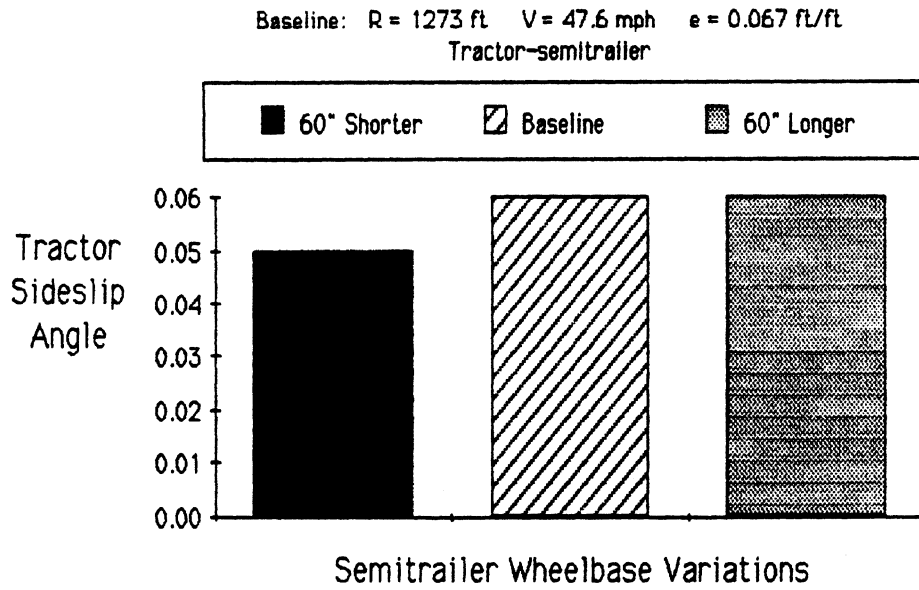


Figure G-8 (cont)

