

## Mouse Chromosome 11

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### Introduction

A consensus map of Chromosome 11 (Chr 11) was constructed from data from several multilocus genetic crosses as a foundation (Buchberg et al. 1989). The first update to the map included 20 new loci (Buchberg et al. 1991). In the second update reported here, over 100 new loci have been placed on the map. The largest class of new markers are anonymous sequences that can be typed by PCR (Miller et al. 1992). This report is to be used as a guide, to assist the readers in locating the primary resources relevant to their area of interest on Chr 11. Readers should give great attention to the primary data because substantial error in the consensus map is often unavoidable in cases where loci have not been mapped relative to one another. For example, the localization of microsatellite markers on well-characterized interspecific backcross panels will improve the accuracy of their integration into the consensus map (Buchberg et al. 1988; Miller et al. 1992). Similarly, the position of mutant loci relative to molecular markers has been determined in only a few cases, including *wr*, *df*, *spd*, *Tr*, and *Re* (Buchberg et al. 1988; Buckwalter et al. 1991, 1993; Kaupmann et al. 1992; Nadeau et al. 1990). Thus, most of the mutants on Chr 11 can be placed only approximately relative to molecular markers. An exciting development for Chr 11 this year was the identification of the lesion responsible for a classical mutation. *Tr* (trembler) was shown to be a defect in a peripheral myelin protein (*Pmp-22*) (Suter et al. 1992a, 1992b).

### Locus list

Over 260 loci are now assigned to Chr 11 (Table 1). The new gene assignments include several kinases [the beta subunit of calmodulin kinase II (*Camk2b*), a creatine kinase (*Ck-rs5*), an FMS-like tyrosine kinase

(*Flt-4*), and glucokinase (*Gk*)]; several receptors and transporters [the gamma-2 subunit of the GABA<sub>A</sub> receptor (*Gabrg-2*), a glutamate receptor (*Glr-1*), an insulin-responsive glucose transporter (*Glut-4*), serotonin transporter (*Htt*)]; and a variety of other genes including apolipoprotein H (*ApoH*), dopa decarboxylase (*Ddc*), connexin 45 (*Gja-7*), a guanine nucleotide binding protein (*Gna-13*), two integrin genes (*Gp3a*, *Gp2b*), sequences related to histone 2b and high mobility group proteins (*Hist2b-rs1*, *Hmg14-rs4*), an additional gene in the keratin complex (*Krt-1.14*), a mesenchyme homeobox localized near the *Hox-2* cluster (*Mox-1*), a P40-related sequence (*P40-rs5*), a ras-related gene (*Rab-1*), a guanylate cyclase activator (*Rcvrn*), a ribosomal RNA gene cluster and ribosomal protein related sequence (*Rnr11*, *Rpl18-rs*), a  $\beta$ -spectrin gene (*Spnb-2*), a T-cell transcription factor (*Tcf-1*), a protease inhibitor (*Timp-2*), and topoisomerase II (*Top-2*).

### Consensus map

A consensus map has been constructed (Buchberg et al. 1991) and updated (Fig. 1). Every effort has been made to include loci on the consensus map; however, loci were placed at the bottom of the map if they were mapped only in two-point linkages or solely by in situ hybridization, or assigned on the basis of analysis of somatic cell hybrids. One locus previously assigned to Chr 11 has been localized: *Anx-6* (formerly *Cabm*; Buckwalter and Camper 1992). Gene order is certain only for loci that have been mapped relative to one another in the same cross (Table 2). Gene order is ambiguous for some loci mapped by analysis of RI strain data, although RI strains suggest a gene order in some cases where it could not be determined in backcrosses (Table 4). The placement of several loci has been modified in this update, reflecting an improved knowledge of gene order. For example, the locations of *Rnula-1* and *AntP91a* on the consensus map have been significantly changed. Additionally, the positions

\*Chair of Committee for Mouse Chromosome 11

Table 1. Locus list for mouse Chr 11.

New	Symbol	Name	A	M (cM)	T	Method	H. symbol	H. location	References
	<i>Ace</i>	angiotensin converting enzyme, ( <i>D11Mit13</i> )		62	D	L	ACE1	17q23	71, 170
	<i>Acrb</i>	acetylcholine receptor beta ( <i>Achr-2, D11Mit29, D11Mit31</i> )	1	42	D	L	CHRNA	17p12-p11	109, 18
	<i>Achr-2</i>	See <i>Acrb</i>							
	<i>Adra-1</i>	adrenergic receptor, alpha-1	1	19	D	S,L	ADRA1	5q32-q34	275
	<i>Ahd-4</i>	aldehyde dehydrogenase-4		33	B	L	ALDH3	17	168, 225
	<i>Ahd-6</i>	aldehyde dehydrogenase-6		26	B	L			220
	<i>Akv-4</i>	See <i>Emv-14</i>							
	<i>Al</i>	alopecia		52	V	L			68
	<i>Amog</i>	See <i>Atp1b2</i>							
	<i>AntP91a</i>	tumor-specific transplantation antigen ( <i>D11Mit14</i> )		57	D	L			71
*	<i>Anx-6</i>	annexin-6 (formerly calcium binding membrane ( <i>Cabm</i> ) and <i>p68</i> )		19	D	L	ANX-6	5q32-34	61, 42
*	<i>ApoH</i>	apolipoprotein H (beta-2-glycoprotein-1)		62	D	L, I	APOH	17q23-qter	198
	<i>Asgr-1</i>	asialoglycoprotein receptor-1		37	D	L	ASGR1	17p13-p11	224, 223
	<i>Asgr-2</i>	asialoglycoprotein receptor-2		37	D	L	ASGR2	17p	224, 118
	<i>Atp1b2</i>	Na,K-ATPase beta-2 ( <i>Amog</i> )		41	D	S,L	ATP1B2	17p	204, 118
	<i>Bda</i>	bald-arthritis		58	V	L			83
	<i>Brp8</i>	brain protein-8 (provisional)		53	D	L			94
	<i>Bsk</i>	bare skin		58	V	L			160
	<i>Cabm</i>	formerly calcium binding protein, <i>p68</i> . See <i>Anx-6</i>							
*	<i>Camk2b</i>	calmodulin kinase II, beta subunit	0		D	L, S			59, 136
	<i>Chy</i>	chylous ascites		26	B	L			161
*	<i>Ck-rs5</i>	creatine kinase, brain-related sequence5		17	D	L			50
	<i>Cnp-1</i>	cyclic nucleotide phosphodiesterase-1		59	D	L	CNP	17q21	19
	<i>co</i>	cocked		bt	V	L			207
	<i>Cod</i>	cerebellar outflow degeneration		75	V	L			196
	<i>Cola-1</i>	procollagen type I, alpha 1 ( <i>Mov-13</i> )		56	D	I, L	COL1A1	17q21.3-q22	236, 256
	<i>Cryb1</i>	crystallin, beta polypeptide 1		46	D	L	CRYB1	17q11.1-q12	35, 274
	<i>Csfg</i>	colony stimulating factor, granulocyte		57	D	L	CSF3	17q11.2-q12	32, 258
	<i>Csfgm</i>	colony stimulating factor, granulocyte macrophage	1	29	D	S,L,P	CSF2	5q23-q31	95, 208
	<i>Csfmu</i>	colony stimulating factor, multi (contains <i>II-3</i> )		29	B	L			122, 120
	<i>D11Bay1</i>	DNA segment, Chr 11, Baylor-1		bt	D	S	D17S28	17p13.3	153
	<i>D11Bay2</i>	DNA segment, Chr 11, Baylor-2		45	D	S,L	D17S5	17p13.3	153
*	<i>D11Bir1</i>	DNA segment, Chr 11, Birkenmeier-1		53	D	L			22
*	<i>D11Byu1</i>	DNA segment, Chr 11, Brigham Young University-1		5	D	L			273
*	<i>D11Byu2</i>	DNA segment, Chr 11, Brigham Young University-2		17	D	L			273
*	<i>D11Byu3</i>	DNA segment, Chr 11, Brigham Young University-3		15	D	L			273
*	<i>D11Byu4</i>	DNA segment, Chr 11, Brigham Young University-4		15	D	L			273
*	<i>D11Cph1</i>	DNA segment, Chr 11, CEPH-1 (ex 3-2-20-P1)		30	D	L			135
*	<i>D11Cph2</i>	DNA segment, Chr 11, CEPH-2 (ex 3-2-21-P2)		30	D	L			135
*	<i>D11Cph3</i>	DNA segment, Chr 11, CEPH-3 (ex 6-1-3-P1)		30	D	L			135
*	<i>D11Cph4</i>	DNA segment, Chr 11, CEPH-4 (ex 10-1-10-P1)		30	D	L			135
*	<i>D11Dcw38</i>	DNA segment, Chr 11, D.C.Ward-38		bt	D	I			26
*	<i>D11H4S10</i>	DNA segment, Chr 11, formerly human <i>D4S10h</i>		31	D	L	D4S10	4p16.3-p16.2	49
*	<i>D11Haml</i>	DNA segment, Chr 11, Hamburg-1		bt	D	I			106
	<i>D11Jknle</i>	DNA segment, Chr 11, Jackson-1, expressed		75	D	L			125
*	<i>D11Jpl</i>	DNA segment, Chr 11, Japan-1		35	D	L			145
	<i>D11Leh1</i>	DNA segment, Chr 11, Lehrach-1		39	D	L			55
	<i>D11Leh2</i>	DNA segment, Chr 11, Lehrach-2		59	D	L			55
*	<i>D11Ler1</i>	DNA segment, Chr 11, Le-Roy-1		4	D	L			152
*	<i>D11Ler2</i>	DNA segment, Chr 11, Le-Roy-2		6	D	L			152
*	<i>D11Ler3</i>	DNA segment, Chr 11, Le-Roy-3		19	D	L			152
*	<i>D11Mc1</i>	DNA segment, Chr 11, McClelland-1		42	D	L			264
	<i>D11Mit1</i>	DNA segment, Chr 11, MIT-1		4	D	L			71
	<i>D11Mit2</i>	DNA segment, Chr 11, MIT-2		5	D	L			71
	<i>D11Mit4</i>	DNA segment, Chr 11, MIT-4		37	D	L			71
	<i>D11Mit5</i>	DNA segment, Chr 11, MIT-5	2	36	D	L			71
	<i>D11Mit7</i>	DNA segment, Chr 11, MIT-7		44	D	L			71
	<i>D11Mit8</i>	DNA segment, Chr 11, MIT-8	2	46	D	L			71
	<i>D11Mit10</i>	DNA segment, Chr 11, MIT-10		64	D	L			71
	<i>D11Mit11</i>	DNA segment, Chr 11, MIT-11		69	D	L			71
	<i>D11Mit12</i>	DNA segment, Chr 11, MIT-12	1	71	D	L			71
*	<i>D11Mit13</i>	DNA segment, Chr 11, MIT-13 See <i>Ace</i>		62	D	L			183
*	<i>D11Mit14</i>	DNA segment, Chr 11, MIT-14 See <i>AntP91a</i>		58	D	L			183
*	<i>D11Mit15</i>	DNA segment, Chr 11, MIT-15 See <i>Glut-4</i>		39	D	L			183
*	<i>D11Mit16</i>	DNA segment, Chr 11, MIT-16 See <i>Lif</i>	1	4	D	L			183
*	<i>D11Mit19</i>	DNA segment, Chr 11, MIT-19		11	D	L			183
*	<i>D11Mit20</i>	DNA segment, Chr 11, MIT-20		15	D	L			183
*	<i>D11Mit21</i>	DNA segment, Chr 11, MIT-21		15	D	L			183
*	<i>D11Mit22</i>	DNA segment, Chr 11, MIT-22		18	D	L			183
*	<i>D11Mit23</i>	DNA segment, Chr 11, MIT-23		22	D	L			183
*	<i>D11Mit24</i>	DNA segment, Chr 11, MIT-24		22	D	L			183
*	<i>D11Mit25</i>	DNA segment, Chr 11, MIT-25		22	D	L			183
*	<i>D11Mit26</i>	DNA segment, Chr 11, MIT-26		31	D	L			183
*	<i>D11Mit27</i>	DNA segment, Chr 11, MIT-27		36	D	L			183
*	<i>D11Mit28</i>	DNA segment, Chr 11, MIT-28		37	D	L			183
*	<i>D11Mit29</i>	DNA segment, Chr 11, MIT-29 See <i>Acrb</i>	1	42	D	L			183
*	<i>D11Mit30</i>	DNA segment, Chr 11, MIT-30		42	D	L			183
*	<i>D11Mit31</i>	DNA segment, Chr 11, MIT-31 See <i>Acrb</i>	1	42	D	L			183
*	<i>D11Mit32</i>	DNA segment, Chr 11, MIT-32		42	D	L			183
*	<i>D11Mit33</i>	DNA segment, Chr 11, MIT-33		42	D	L			183
*	<i>D11Mit34</i>	DNA segment, Chr 11, MIT-34		42	D	L			183
*	<i>D11Mit35</i>	DNA segment, Chr 11, MIT-35 See <i>Mipla</i>		48	D	L			183
*	<i>D11Mit36</i>	DNA segment, Chr 11, MIT-36		49	D	L			183

Continued on next page

Table 1. Continued.

*	<i>D11Mit37</i>	DNA segment, Chr 11, MIT-37	49	D	L				183
*	<i>D11Mit38</i>	DNA segment, Chr 11, MIT-38	50	D	L				183
*	<i>D11Mit39</i>	DNA segment, Chr 11, MIT-39	50	D	L				183
*	<i>D11Mit40</i>	DNA segment, Chr 11, MIT-40	44	D	L				183
*	<i>D11Mit41</i>	DNA segment, Chr 11, MIT-41	52	D	L				183
*	<i>D11Mit42</i>	DNA segment, Chr 11, MIT-42	71	D	L				183
*	<i>D11Mit48</i>	DNA segment, Chr 11, MIT-48	76	D	L				183
*	<i>D11Mit49</i>	DNA segment, Chr 11, MIT-49	76	D	L				183
*	<i>D11Mit50</i>	DNA segment, Chr 11, MIT-50	67	D	L				183
*	<i>D11Mit51</i>	DNA segment, Chr 11, MIT-51	14	D	L				183
*	<i>D11Mit52</i>	DNA segment, Chr 11, MIT-52	61	D	L				183
*	<i>D11Mit53</i>	DNA segment, Chr 11, MIT-53	13	D	L				183
*	<i>D11Mit54</i>	DNA segment, Chr 11, MIT-54	56	D	L				183
*	<i>D11Mit56</i>	DNA segment, Chr 11, MIT-56	49	D	L				183
*	<i>D11Mit58</i>	DNA segment, Chr 11, MIT-58 <i>See Myla</i>	2 64	D	L				183
*	<i>D11Mit59</i>	DNA segment, Chr 11, MIT-59	58	D	L				183
*	<i>D11Mit60</i>	DNA segment, Chr 11, MIT-60	42	D	L				183
*	<i>D11Mit61</i>	DNA segment, Chr 11, MIT-61	71	D	L				183
*	<i>D11Mit62</i>	DNA segment, Chr 11, MIT-62	4	D	L				183
*	<i>D11Mit63</i>	DNA segment, Chr 11, MIT-63	5	D	L				183
*	<i>D11Mit64</i>	DNA segment, Chr 11, MIT-64	22	D	L				183
*	<i>D11Mit65</i>	DNA segment, Chr 11, MIT-65	44	D	L				183
*	<i>D11Mit66</i>	DNA segment, Chr 11, MIT-66	49	D	L				183
*	<i>D11Mit67</i>	DNA segment, Chr 11, MIT-67	57	D	L				183
*	<i>D11Mit68</i>	DNA segment, Chr 11, MIT-68	47	D	L				183
*	<i>D11Mit69</i>	DNA segment, Chr 11, MIT-69	80	D	L				183
*	<i>D11Mit70</i>	DNA segment, Chr 11, MIT-70	54	D	L				183
	<i>D11Nds1</i>	DNA segment, Chr 11, Nuffield Depart. of Surgery-1	45	D	L				52
	<i>D11Nds2</i>	DNA segment, Chr 11, Nuffield Depart. of Surgery-2	66	D	L				52
*	<i>D11Nds3</i>	DNA segment, Chr 11, Nuffield Depart. of Surgery-3	27	D	L				53
*	<i>D11Nds7</i>	DNA segment, Chr 11, Nuffield Depart. of Surgery-7 <i>See Gfap</i>	62	D	L				71
*	<i>D11Nds9</i>	DNA segment, Chr 11, Nuffield Depart. of Surgery-9 <i>See Il-5</i>	28	D	L				71
	<i>D11Pas1</i>	DNA segment, Chr 11, Pasteur-1	59	D	L				234
	<i>D11Pas2</i>	DNA segment, Chr 11, Pasteur-2	54	D	L				105
*	<i>D11Pas5</i>	DNA segment, Chr 11, Pasteur-5	43	D	L				13
*	<i>D11Pas6</i>	DNA segment, Chr 11, Pasteur-6	37	D	L				13
	<i>D11Sel1</i>	DNA segment, Chr 11, Seldin-1	23	D	L				201
*	<i>D11Sel2</i>	DNA segment, Chr 11, Seldin-2	73	D	L				233
*	<i>D11Sel3</i>	DNA segment, Chr 11, Seldin-3	74	D	L				233
*	<i>D11Sel4</i>	DNA segment, Chr 11, Seldin-4	43	D	L				233
	<i>D11Was70</i>	DNA segment, Chr 11, University of Washington-70	bt	D	I				72
	<i>D4S10h</i>	DNA segment, Chr 11, human D4S10 <i>See D11H4S10</i>	31	D	L				
*	<i>Ddc</i>	dopa decarboxylase	bt	D	I	DDC	7p11		31
	<i>dj</i>	Ames dwarf	25	V	L				14
	<i>Dlb-1</i>	dolichos lectin binding-1	55	B	L				209
	<i>Edp-1</i>	endothelial cell derived protein	38	D	L	EDP	17q22-q23		40
	<i>Eif4a1</i>	eukaryotic initiation factor-4A1	39	D	L				197
	<i>Empb3</i>	erythrocyte membrane protein band 3	61	D	L	EPB3	17q21-q22		159, 235
	<i>Emv-14</i>	endogenous ecotropic MuLV-14 ( <i>Akv-4, Akv-2J</i> )	38	D	L				130
	<i>Emv-28</i>	endogenous ecotropic MuLV-28	54	D	L				253
	<i>Emv-30</i>	endogenous ecotropic MuLV-30	11	D	L				215
	<i>Emv-33</i>	endogenous ecotropic MuLV-33 ( <i>Bbv</i> )	69	D	L				148
	<i>Erba</i>	avian erythroblastosis oncogene A, thyroid hormone receptor	57	D	S,L	THRA1	17q11.2-q21		67, 186
	<i>Erbb</i>	avian erythroblastosis oncogene B, epidermal growth factor receptor	1 10	D	S,L,I	EGFR	7p14-p12.2		276, 239
	<i>Erbb-2</i>	avian erythroblastosis oncogene B-2	57	D	L	ERBB2	17p11.2-q12		32, 210
	<i>Es-3</i>	esterase-3 ( <i>Ee-2</i> )	75	B	L				212, 206
	<i>Evi-2</i>	ecotropic viral integration site-2	46	D	L	EVI2A	17q11.2		32
*	<i>Flt-4</i>	FMS-like tyrosine kinase-4	bt	D	I	FLT4	5q34-q35		92
	<i>Gaa</i>	Acid alpha glucosidase	75	D	L	GAA	17q23		166, 165
	<i>Gabra1</i>	GABA receptor, subunit alpha-1	19	D	L	GABRA1	5q34-q35		140, 37
*	<i>Gabrg-2</i>	GABA-A receptor, subunit gamma-2	29	D	L	GABRG2	5q34-q35		41
	<i>Gas-3</i>	growth arrest specific-3 <i>See Pmp-22, Tr</i>	33	D	L				51
	<i>Gfap</i>	glial fibrillary acidic protein, ( <i>D11Nds7</i> )	62	D	L	GFAP	17q21		19, 25
	<i>Gh</i>	growth hormone	66	D	S,L	GH1	17q22-24		126, 274
*	<i>Gja-7</i>	gap junction membrane channel protein alpha-7 (connexin45)	bt	D	S				226
*	<i>Gk</i>	glucokinase	4	B	L	GCK	7p		156
	<i>Glk</i>	galactokinase	78	B	S	GALK	17q		185, 274
*	<i>Glms-ps1</i>	glutamine synthetase pseudogene-1	12	D	L	GLUL			159,
*	<i>Glr-1</i>	glutamate receptor-1	31	D	L	GLR1	5q33		42
*	<i>Glut-4</i>	glucose transporter, insulin responsive, ( <i>D11Mit15</i> )	39	D	L	GLUT4	17p13		112, 117
*	<i>Gna-13</i>	guanine nucleotide-binding protein alpha-13	68	D	L				268
*	<i>Cp3a</i>	glycoprotein 3a, alpha IIIa integrin	68	D	L	ITGB3	17q21.32		233
*	<i>Cp2b</i>	glycoprotein 2b, alpha IIB integrin	68	D	L	ITGA2B	17q21.32		233
*	<i>Gtbp</i>	<i>see Rab-1</i>	12	D	L				152
	<i>H(js)</i>	histocompatibility( <i>js</i> )(provisional)	bt	B	L				8
	<i>H(l)</i>	histocompatibility( <i>l</i> )(provisional)	bt	B	L				8
	<i>H(m)</i>	histocompatibility( <i>m</i> ) (provisional)	bt	B	L				8
	<i>Hba</i>	hemoglobin $\alpha$ -chain complex	17	B	L	HBA	16p13.3		211, 38
	<i>Hba-x</i>	hemoglobin X (alpha-like embryonic chain in Hba complex)	17	B	L				266
*	<i>Hcl1</i>	Heterochromatin satellite-11	0	D	L, I				169, 128
*	<i>Hist2b-rs1</i>	Histone 2b related sequence-1	32	D	L				143
*	<i>Hmg14-rs4</i>	high-mobility-group protein 14-related sequence-4	60	D	L				131
	<i>HoxB</i>	homeo box-2 cluster <i>formerly Hox-2</i>	1 56	D	S,L	HOX2	17q21-q22		134,157, 227
	<i>Hox-B1</i>	homeo box-2 cluster, gene 1	56	D	L,P, I				158

Continued on next page

Table 1. Continued.

<i>Hox-B2</i>	homeo box-2 cluster, gene 2	56	D	P,L			158	
<i>Hox-B3</i>	homeo box-2 cluster, gene 3	56	D	L,I,P			190	
<i>Hox-B4</i>	homeo box-2 cluster, gene 4	56	D	P			73	
<i>Hox-B5</i>	homeo box-2 cluster, gene 5	56	D	P			73	
<i>Hox-B6</i>	homeo box-2 cluster, gene 6	56	D	L,P			158	
<i>Hox-B7</i>	homeo box-2 cluster, gene 7	56	D	P			73	
<i>Hox-B8</i>	homeo box-2 cluster, gene 8	56	D	P			96	
<i>Hsp86-ps1</i>	heat shock protein, 86 kDa-2 ( <i>Hsp86-2</i> )	46	D	S,L			188	
<i>Hu</i>	serotonin (5-hydroxytryptamine) transporter	44	D	L			99	
<i>Id4</i>	insulin-dependent diabetes susceptibility-4	44	B	L			255	
<i>Il-3</i>	interleukin-3 (contained in <i>Csfmu</i> )	29	D	I,S,L,P	IL3	5q23-q31	187, 120	
<i>Il-4</i>	interleukin-4	28	D	L,S	IL4	5q31	58, 246	
<i>Il-5</i>	interleukin-5, ( <i>DI1Nd9</i> )	28	D	S,I,L	IL5	5q23-q31	154,262, 245	
<i>Int-4</i>	See <i>Wnt-3</i>							
<i>Int-4A</i>	See <i>Wnt-3A</i>							
<i>Irf-1</i>	interferon regulatory factor-1	29	D	L	IRF1	5q23-q31	41, 124	
<i>js</i>	Jackson shaker	77	V	L			70	
<i>Krt-1</i>	keratin gene complex-1	58	D	S,L	KRT15	17q21-q22	181, 11	
<i>Krt-1.10</i>	keratin gene complex-1, gene 10	58	D	L	KRT10	17q21-q22	194	
<i>Krt-1.14</i>	keratin gene complex-1, gene 14	58	D	I	KRT14	17q12-q21	54	
<i>Lif</i>	leukemia inhibitory factor ( <i>DI1Mit6</i> )	1	0	D	S,I,L	LIF	22q11.1-q13.1	240,144, 247
<i>lt</i>	lustrous	bt	V	L			69	
<i>Mgat-1</i>	UDP-N-acetylglucosamine:a-3-D-mannoside b-1,2-N-acetylglucosaminyltransferase I	31	D	L	GLCT1	5	147, 121	
<i>Mipla</i>	macrophage inflammatory protein-1 a See <i>DI1Mit35</i>	48	D	L	SCYA3	17q11-q21	270, 123	
<i>Miplb</i>	macrophage inflammatory protein-1 b	48	D	L	SCYA4	17q11-q21	270, 123	
<i>Mmv-8</i>	MCF endogenous virus-8	bt	D	S			113	
<i>Mmv-11</i>	MCF endogenous virus-11	bt	D	S			113	
<i>Mmv-13</i>	MCF endogenous virus-13	bt	D	S			113	
<i>Mmv-16</i>	MCF endogenous virus-16	48	D	L			86	
<i>Mmv-17</i>	MCF endogenous virus-17	59	D	L			86	
<i>Mov-9</i>	Moloney leukemia virus-9	45	D	I,L			127	
<i>Mov-13</i>	see <i>Cola-1</i>							
<i>Mox-1</i>	mesenchyme homeobox-1	58	D	L, S			43	
<i>Mpmv-2</i>	modified polytropic murine leukemia virus-2	53	D	L			89	
<i>Mpmv-4</i>	modified polytropic murine leukemia virus-4( <i>Xmmv-3</i> )	48	D	L			88	
<i>Mpmv-8</i>	modified polytropic murine leukemia virus-8	63	D	L			89	
<i>Mpmv-15</i>	modified polytropic murine leukemia virus-15	72	D	L			89	
<i>Mpmv-18</i>	modified polytropic murine leukemia virus-18	11	D	L			89	
<i>Mpo</i>	myeloperoxidase	1	51	D	S,I,L	MPO	17q21.2-q23	33, 260
<i>Mtv-3</i>	mammary tumor virus-3	72	D	L			200	
<i>Mtv-45</i>	mammary tumor virus-45	bt						
<i>Myhs</i>	myosin heavy chain, skeletal muscle	35	D	S,L	MYH	17p12-p13	56, 76	
<i>Myhs-e</i>	myosin heavy chain, skeletal muscle, embryonic	35	D	S,L,P			155	
<i>Myhs-f2</i>	myosin heavy chain, skeletal muscle, adult fast-2	35	D	S,L,I,P			155	
<i>Myhs-p</i>	myosin heavy chain, skeletal muscle, perinatal	35	D	S,L,P			155	
<i>Myla</i>	myosin light chain, alkali, cardiac atria See <i>DI1Mit58</i>	2	64	D	L	MYL4	17q	217, 231
<i>Nf-1</i>	Neurofibromatosis type 1	46	D	L	NF1	17q11.2	35, 10, 232	
<i>Nfh</i>	neurofilament, heavy polypeptide	4	D	I	NFH	22q12.1-q13.1	173, 172	
<i>Ngfr</i>	nerve growth factor receptor	56	D	L	NGFR	17q21-q22	33, 119	
<i>nu</i>	nude	45	V	L			84	
<i>oe</i>	open eyelids	46	V	L			163	
<i>Om</i>	Ova produced substance responsible for DDK syndrome	48	V	L			9,	
<i>P40-rs5</i>	P40-related sequence 5	17	D	L			75	
<i>P4hb</i>	procollagen-proline, 2-oxoglutarate 4-dioxygenase, b polypeptide, ( <i>Thbp</i> )	2	80	D	C,L	P4HB	17q25	35, 205
<i>Pad-1</i>	MMTV LTR integration site	23	D	L			33	
<i>Pdeg</i>	cGMP-phosphodiesterase $\gamma$	bt	D	S	PDEG	17	60, 146, 257	
<i>Pfn</i>	Profilin	bt	D	I	PFN	17p13.3	189a	
<i>Phb</i>	Prohibitin	bt	D	I	PHB	17q21	189a	
<i>Pkca</i>	protein kinase C $\alpha$	68	D	S,L	PRKCA	17q22-q24	33, 242	
<i>Pmp-22</i>	peripheral myelin protein, 22kDa ( <i>Tr</i> )	33	D	S,L	PMP22	17p11.1	243	
<i>Pmv-2</i>	polytropic murine virus-2	5	D	L			88	
<i>Pmv-22</i>	polytropic murine virus-22	8	D	L			88	
<i>Pmv-46</i>	polytropic murine virus-46	12	D	L			88	
<i>Pmv-56</i>	polytropic murine virus-56	64	D	L			88	
<i>Pmv-58</i>	polytropic murine virus-58	14	D	L			86	
<i>Rab-1</i>	Ras related gene member, mouse homolog of yeast YPT1See <i>Gtbp</i>	12	D	L			267	
<i>Rara</i>	retinoic acid receptor, alpha	55	D	I, L	RARA	17q21.1	171	
<i>Rcvrn</i>	recoverin (guanylate cyclase activator)	35	D	L	RCVRN	17	178	
<i>Re</i>	rex	58	V	L			81	
<i>Rel</i>	reticuloendotheliosis oncogene	14	D	S,L	REL	2p13-p12	30	
<i>Rnv11</i>	ribosomal RNA gene cluster	2	D	L,I			132	
<i>Rnu1a-1</i>	U1a1 small nuclear RNA	51	D	S,L			182	
<i>Rnu3b</i>	U3B small nuclear RNA complex	bt	D	I			174	
<i>Rnu3b-1</i>	U3B small nuclear RNA-1	bt	D	I,P			174	
<i>Rnu3b-2</i>	U3B small nuclear RNA-2	bt	D	I,P			174	
<i>Rnu3b-3</i>	U3B small nuclear RNA-3	bt	D	I,P			174	
<i>Rnu3b-4</i>	U3B small nuclear RNA-4	bt	D	I,P			174	
<i>Rpl18-rs</i>	ribosomal protein 18 related sequence	4	D	L			233	
<i>Rpo2-1</i>	RNA polymerase II-1	37	D	S,L	POLR2	17p13.1	15, 44	
<i>Scn4a</i>	sodium channel a subunit, skeletal muscle	63	D	L	SCN4A	17q23.1-q25	193, 93	
<i>sh-2</i>	shaker-2	32	V	L			74	
<i>Shbg</i>	sex hormone binding globulin	35	D	S,L	SHBG	17p13-p12	133, 20	

Continued on next page

Table 1. Continued.

<i>shm</i>	shambling	bt	V	L			97
<i>Sigje</i>	small inducible gene JE (provisional)	48	D	S	SCYA2	17q11.2-q21.1	238, 179
<i>Sparc</i>	secreted acidic cysteine rich glycoprotein ( <i>osteonectin</i> )	30	D	L,I	SPARC	5q31-q33	167, 249
<i>spd</i>	spasmodic	29	V	L			151
* <i>Spnb-2</i>	beta-spectrin-2, non-erythrocytic	13	D	L	SPTBN1	2p	24
<i>Syb-2</i>	synaptobrevin-2	bt	D	S	SYB2	17pter-p12	5
* <i>Tell1p</i>	telomeric segment, Chr 11, p arm	bt	D	I			27
* <i>Tell1q</i>	telomeric segment, Chr 11, q arm	bt	D	I			27
<i>Tca-3</i>	T-cell activation family-3	48	D	L	SCYA1	17	270, 184
* <i>Tcf-1</i>	T cell transcription factor-1	29	D	L	TCF7	5q31.1	233
<i>Tcf-2</i>	Transcription factor 2, hepatocyte nuclear factor -1 beta ( <i>D11Pas3</i> , <i>vHnf-1</i> )	44	D	S	TCF2	17cen-q21.3	105, 1
<i>Tcn-2</i>	transcobalamin-2	2	B	L	TCN2	22q11.2-qter	90, 6
* <i>Thbp</i>	thyroid hormone binding protein <i>See P4hb</i>	2	80	D	L	P4HB	17q25
<i>ti</i>	tippy	42	V	L			228
* <i>Timp-2</i>	tissue inhibitor of metalloproteinase-2	74	D	L	TIMP2	17q25	241
<i>Tk-1</i>	thymidine kinase-1	78	BD	S,C,I,L	TK1	17q23-q25	149,193, 141
<i>tn</i>	teetering	79	V	L			180
* <i>Top-2</i>	topoisomerase (DNA) II alpha	48	D	L	TOP2	17q21-q22	233
<i>Tr</i>	trembler ( <i>Gas-3</i> , <i>Fmp-22</i> )	33	V	L			82
<i>Trp53</i>	transformation-related protein 53	39	D	S,L,I	TP53	17p13.1	277, 57, 177
<i>Ts</i>	tail-short	68	V	L			189
<i>Tse-1</i>	tissue specific extinction-1, of TAT	bt	B	S	TSE1	17q23-q24	141,
<i>Umph-2</i>	uridine monophosphatase-2	bt	B	S	UMPH2	17q23.2-q25.3	248, 269,
<i>vb</i>	vibrator	32	V	L			263, 150
<i>Vpp-1</i>	vacuolar (endomembrane) proton pump subunit-1 (116kDa)	bt	D	S	VPP1	17q21-qter	203
<i>vt</i>	vestigial-tail	24	V	L			110
<i>wa-2</i>	waved-2	7	V	L			139
<i>Wnt-3</i>	wingless-related MMTV integration site-3 ( <i>Int-4</i> )	62	D	L	WNT3	17q21-q22	33, 216
<i>Wnt-3A</i>	wingless-related MMTV integration site-3A ( <i>Int-4A</i> )	bt	D				199
<i>wr</i>	wobbler	12	V	L			137
* <i>Xmmv-77</i>	xenotropic MCF leukemia virus-77	52	D	L			86
<i>Xmv-4</i>	xenotropic murine leukemia virus-4	bt	D	S			113
<i>Xmv-5</i>	xenotropic murine leukemia virus-5	bt	D	S			113
<i>Xmv-20</i>	xenotropic murine leukemia virus-20	54	D	L			87
<i>Xmv-42</i>	xenotropic murine leukemia virus-42	53	D	L			87
* <i>Xmv-47</i>	xenotropic murine leukemia virus-47	15	D	L			86
* <i>Xmv-49</i>	xenotropic murine leukemia virus-49	56	D	L			86
<i>Xmv-63</i>	xenotropic murine leukemia virus-63	3	D	L			85
<i>Zfp-2</i>	zinc finger protein-2	45	D	S,L			195
<i>Zfp-3</i>	zinc finger protein-3 ( <i>Fnp-1</i> )	42	D	R,L	ZFP3	17pter-p12	7

Loci preceded by an asterisk were added to last year's list (34). The gene name is presented along with alternate or archaic locus designations (if any). Recommended anchor loci are indicated, and the approximate map position of each locus relative to the centromere is given in cM. In the "T" column, the locus is described as a DNA sequence (D), a biochemical, protein, or immunological phenotype (B), or a visible phenotype (V). In the "Method" col-

umn, I = in situ hybridization, S = somatic cell genetics, R = radiation hybrid analysis, L = linkage analysis, C = cytogenetic analysis, D = deletion analysis, and P = physical mapping. Also presented are the human gene symbols and human gene locations. Original references describing the human and mouse gene characterization and map locations are listed. More complete descriptions of some genes can be found in Green (98).

of many loci distal to *ErbB* have been shifted proximal in comparison with last year's report.

### Multilocus crosses

The multilocus backcrosses used to build a foundation for the consensus map (Table 2, cross A, B, C, and F) report linkages and genetic distances that are consistent with each other (Table 3). In this update, twelve new multilocus backcrosses have been included, bringing the total number of genetic crosses covered in the report to 48. The data presented in the new multilocus crosses are consistent with the previous data.

### RI strain data

Twenty new entries have been made into the recombinant inbred strain resources (Table 4). Some of these entries are for loci that have been previously ordered in another set of RI strains or by another mapping method. However, thirteen of these entries represent the first report of the localization. Six were endoge-

nous viral loci, five were anonymous loci typed by PCR, and two were genes.

### Cytogenetics

Twenty-nine loci have been mapped cytogenetically to Chr 11 (Table 5). These physical locations (Table 5) are consistent with the relative order presented in the consensus linkage map (Fig. 1). The chromosomal variants involving Chr 11 include ten Robertsonian fusions, nine translocations, and two inversions (Table 6).

### Comparative maps

Mouse Chr 11 contains genes whose human homologs map to human Chrs 2, 4, 5, 7, 16, 17, and 22; this suggests that Chr 11 may bear at least seven homology segments (Nadeau 1989).

The most extensive region of synteny homology is observed between mouse Chr 11 and human Chr 17. It comprises more than half of mouse Chr 11, extending

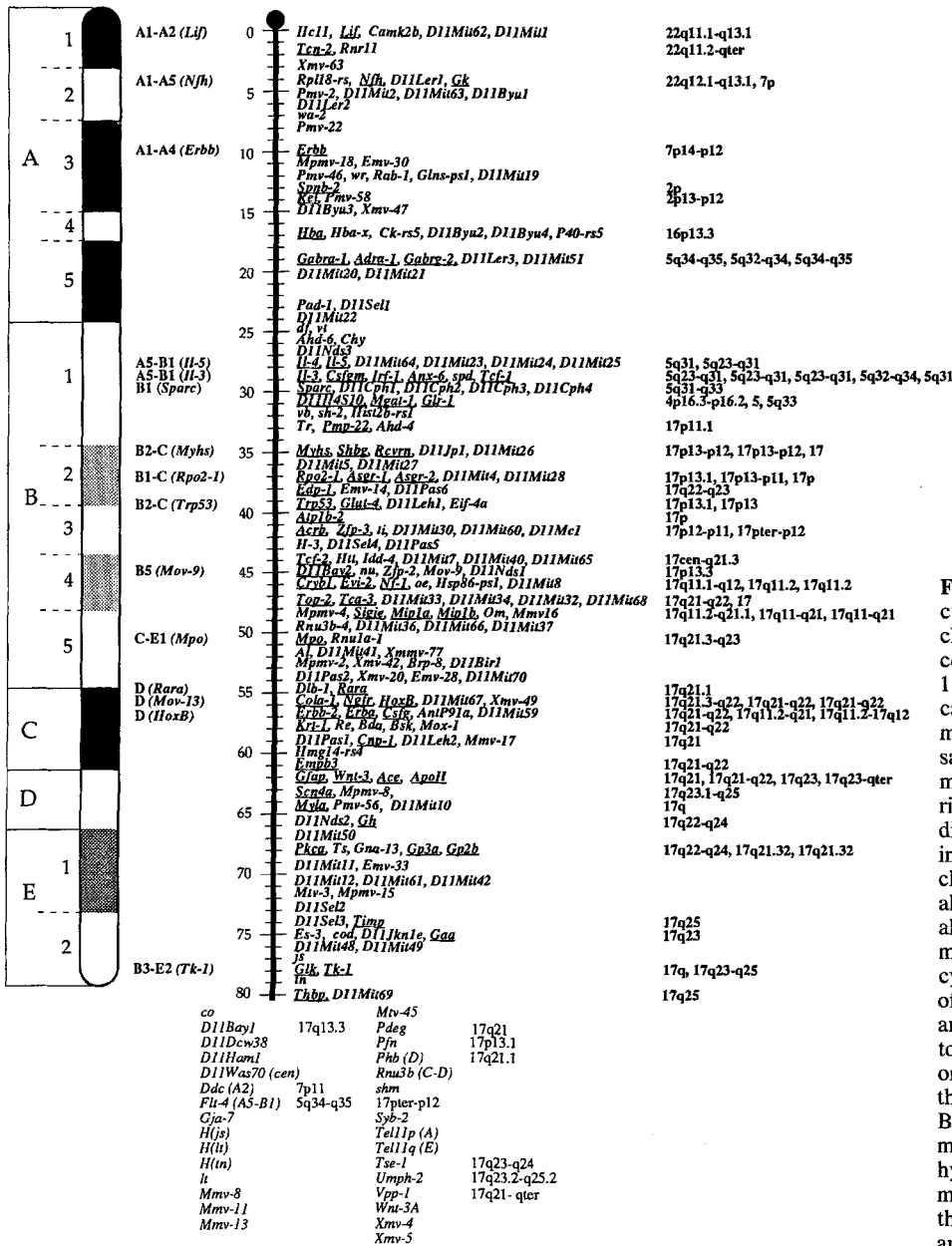


Fig. 1. Consensus linkage and cytogenetic map of mouse Chr 11. The chromosome on the right represents the consensus linkage map of mouse Chr 11, and it is likely to be inaccurate in cases where genes have not been mapped relative to one another in the same cross. The genes mapping to mouse Chr 11 are presented on the right of the chromosome, and the distance from the centromere is indicated on the left of the chromosome. Genes that are listed along the left of the chromosome have also been localized on the cytogenetic map (on the left of the figure), with the cytogenetic location shown to the left of the chromosome (Table 5). Loci that are underlined have also been localized to human chromosomes; their locations on human chromosomes are shown to the right of the chromosome (Table 1). Below the chromosome are those loci mapping to Chr 11 by somatic cell hybrid analysis, in situ hybridization methods, or two-point genetic analysis; their cytogenetic and human location are shown.

from the medial region to the telomere. This region of Chr 11 was previously known to contain 43 genes reported to map to human Chr 17, and this year nine additional genes were localized to this region. These include *ApoH*, *Glut-4*, *Gp3a*, *Gp2b*, *Krt-1.10*, *Pmp-22*, *Rcvrn*, *Timp-2*, and *Top-2*. The majority of the genes located in the distal half of mouse Chr 11 appear to comprise distinct conserved linkage groups; that is, genes whose homologs are located on human Chr 17q are clustered, and those whose homologs are localized to human Chr 17p are clustered. The locations of the exceptions, *Edp-1* and *Tcf-2*, will most likely be altered once they are mapped with respect to additional genes.

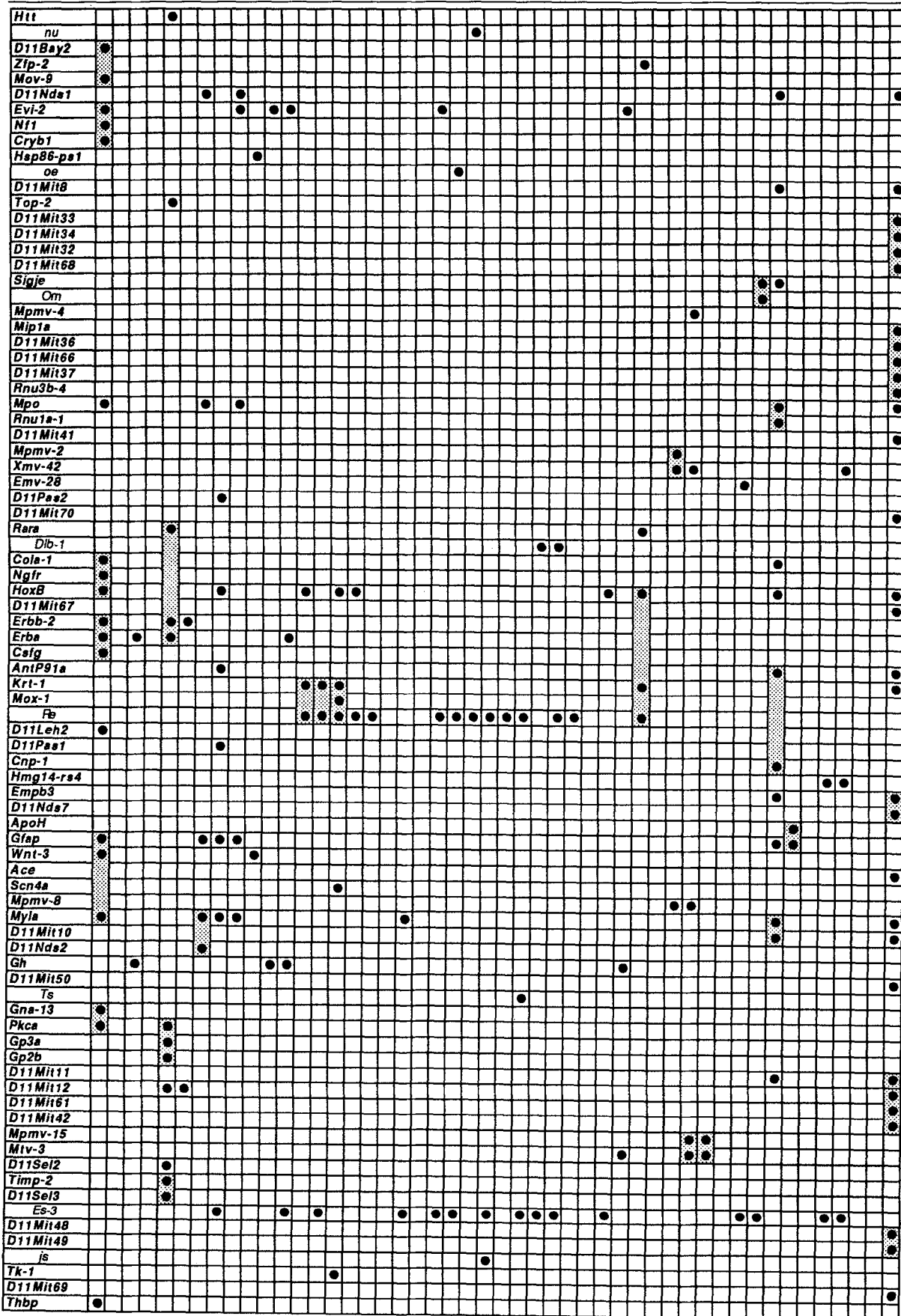
The only other extensive region of syntenic homology is the medial region of mouse Chr 11 and human

chromosome 5q23-35. The five genes localized this year that extended this previously recognized conservation are *Anx-6*, *Fli-4*, *Gabrg-2*, *Glu-1*, and *Tcf-1*. This brings the total number of genes in this synteny group to 13; however, many genes from human Chr 5q map to other mouse chromosomes, particularly mouse Chr 18. Thus, it is not possible to accurately predict the location of the murine homologs of human 5q genes.

The only locus from human Chr 4 that has been mapped to mouse Chr 11 is D11H4S10. Based on the fact that D11H4S10 is an anonymous human sequence and genes neighboring D11H4S10 in humans are linked on a different mouse chromosome, it seems possible that D11H4S10 may be hybridizing to a related, but different sequence in the mouse genome. Therefore,



Table 2. Continued.



The table summarizes the proposed order for loci mapped in multilocus genetic crosses. The order is from proximal to distal. Each column represents the order information obtained from a single multilocus cross. The black dot indicates the loci mapped in each cross. The open, shaded regions containing black dots indicate that order could not be determined in that specific cross for

those markers indicated. Loci typed by molecular probes are indicated in bold and left-justified. Mutant or biochemical markers are in plain text and center-justified. Each cross is represented by a letter at the top of each column and is cross-referenced in Table 3.



**Table 3.** This table presents the gene order (proximal to distal) and recombination distance (cM  $\pm$  standard error) for the multilocus crosses presented in Table 2. References are shown in bold for each cross. An asterisk indicates that the standard error was not included with the submitted data.

A.	( <i>Camk2b</i> , <i>Lif</i> )–3.8 $\pm$ 1.6– <i>ErbB</i> –3.8 $\pm$ 1.5– <i>Rel</i> –15.0 $\pm$ 2.9– <i>Pad-1</i> –6.7 $\pm$ 2.2–( <i>Il-3</i> , <i>Csfgm</i> , <i>Sparc</i> )–5.6 $\pm$ 2.4– <i>Myhs</i> –4.8 $\pm$ 1.8–( <i>Acrb</i> , <i>Atplb2</i> , <i>Trp53</i> , <i>Zfp-3</i> , <i>Glut-4</i> , <i>D11Leh1</i> )–2.1 $\pm$ 1.2–( <i>D11Bay2</i> , <i>Mov-9</i> )–0.7 $\pm$ 0.7–( <i>Crybl1</i> , <i>Evi-2</i> , <i>Nf-1</i> )–5.6 $\pm$ 2.7– <i>Mpo</i> –6.3 $\pm$ 2.0–( <i>Cola-1</i> , <i>Ngfr</i> , <i>HoxB</i> )–0.7 $\pm$ 0.7–( <i>ErbB-2</i> , <i>Erba</i> , <i>Csfj</i> )–1.7 $\pm$ 1.6– <i>D11Leh2</i> –3.5 $\pm$ 2.4–( <i>Gfap</i> , <i>Wnt-3</i> , <i>Myla</i> )–3.2 $\pm$ 1.4–( <i>PKca</i> , <i>Gna-13</i> )–11.1 $\pm$ 2.5– <i>P4hb</i> . 33, 35, 7, 55, 112, 136, 268
A.	( <i>Cen11</i> , <i>Lif</i> )–12.6 $\pm$ 3.4– <i>Rel</i> 128
B.	<i>ErbB</i> –14.5 $\pm$ 3.3–( <i>Adral</i> , <i>Gabra-1</i> )–3.4 $\pm$ 1.7–( <i>Pad-1</i> , <i>D11Sel1</i> )–0.9 $\pm$ 0.9– <i>dj</i> –2.6 $\pm$ 1.5–( <i>Il-3</i> , <i>Csfgm</i> , <i>Irf-1</i> , <i>Il-5</i> , <i>Il-4</i> , <i>Sparc</i> )–2.6 $\pm$ 1.5– <i>Myhs</i> –1.7 $\pm$ 1.2–( <i>Rpo-2</i> , <i>Asgr</i> )–0.9 $\pm$ 0.9– <i>Edp-1</i> –5.8 $\pm$ 2.5– <i>Tcf-2</i> –16.3 $\pm$ 4.0– <i>Erba</i> –4.3 $\pm$ 1.9– <i>Gh</i> . 40, 42a
B.	<i>Adra-1</i> –3.8 $\pm$ 2.1– <i>Pad-1</i> –6.3 $\pm$ 2.7–( <i>Anx-6</i> , <i>Csfgm</i> , <i>Glir-1</i> , <i>Il-3</i> , <i>Il-4</i> , <i>Il-5</i> , <i>Sparc</i> , <i>spd</i> )–9.1 $\pm$ 2.4– <i>D11Mit5</i> –2.2 $\pm$ 1.5– <i>Asgr-1</i> . 42
C.*	( <i>D11Mit1</i> , <i>ErbB</i> )–15.4– <i>Adral</i> –6.1– <i>D11Sel1</i> –2.7–( <i>Il-3</i> , <i>Tcf-1</i> )–1.9– <i>Glir-1</i> –5.3– <i>Pmp-22</i> –4.4–( <i>Eif4a1</i> , <i>Trp53</i> )–0.9– <i>D11Sel4</i> –0.9– <i>Htt</i> –3.2– <i>Top-2</i> –0.9–( <i>Erba</i> , <i>ErbB2</i> , <i>Rara</i> )–6.1–( <i>PKca</i> , <i>Gp3a</i> , <i>Gp2b</i> )–1.2– <i>D11Mit12</i> –2.3– <i>D11Sel2</i> –0.9–( <i>Timp-2</i> , <i>D11Sel3</i> ) 201, 202, 51, 241, 233, 197
C.*	<i>Rpl18-rs</i> –6.9– <i>ErbB</i> –37.4– <i>Il3</i> –20.7– <i>ErbB2</i> –16.2– <i>D11Mit12</i> 233
D.	<i>D11Mit2</i> –9.5 $\pm$ 4.5– <i>Glns</i> –16.3 $\pm$ 2.1– <i>D11Nds3</i> –12.7 $\pm$ 1.5– <i>Acrb</i> –4.9 $\pm$ 0.9– <i>D11Nds1</i> –5.9 $\pm$ 1.2– <i>Mpo</i> –13.7 $\pm$ 1.7– <i>Gfap</i> –3.4 $\pm$ 1.1–( <i>Myla</i> , <i>D11Nds2</i> ) 255, 176
E.	<i>D11Pas3</i> –21.4 $\pm$ 10.9– <i>Sparc</i> –3.4 $\pm$ 2.4– <i>Csfgm</i> –28.8 $\pm$ 5.9– <i>D11Pas2</i> –2.3 $\pm$ 2.3– <i>HoxB</i> –1.9 $\pm$ 1.9– <i>D11Pas1</i> –1.4 $\pm$ 1.4– <i>Gfap</i> –7.3 $\pm$ 3.1– <i>Myla</i> –5.8 $\pm$ 2.8– <i>Es-3</i> 105
E.	<i>D11Nds3</i> –16.5 $\pm$ 4.2–( <i>Glut-4</i> , <i>Trp53</i> )–1.4 $\pm$ 0.8– <i>Atplb2</i> –0.5 $\pm$ 0.5– <i>Acrb</i> –0.9 $\pm$ 0.6– <i>D11Nds1</i> –1.4 $\pm$ 0.8– <i>Evi-2</i> –4.3 $\pm$ 1.4– <i>Mpo</i> –14.3 $\pm$ 4.1– <i>Gfap</i> –6.5 $\pm$ 3.1– <i>Myla</i> 176
F.	<i>Camk2b</i> –8.0 $\pm$ 2.9– <i>Rel</i> –9.8 $\pm$ 3.3– <i>Gabra-1</i> –3.3 $\pm$ 2.3–( <i>Il-3</i> , <i>Mgat-1</i> )–8.9 $\pm$ 3.8– <i>Shbg</i> –11.6 $\pm$ 3.9– <i>Hsp86-ps1</i> –17.4 $\pm$ 4.6– <i>Wnt-3</i> . 133, 140, 188, 213, 59
G.	<i>ErbB</i> –9.5 $\pm$ 3.7– <i>Hba</i> –20.6 $\pm$ 5.1– <i>Evi-2</i> –25.4 $\pm$ 5.5– <i>Gh</i> . 77, 78
H.	<i>Sparc</i> –16.7 $\pm$ 4.2– <i>Evi-2</i> –9.0 $\pm$ 3.2– <i>Erba</i> –2.6 $\pm$ 1.8– <i>Gh</i> –19.2 $\pm$ 4.5– <i>Es-3</i> . 78
I.	<i>Tr</i> –21.3 $\pm$ 4.7– <i>HoxB</i> –1.3 $\pm$ 1.3–( <i>Krt-1</i> , <i>Re</i> ). 194
J.	<i>Hba</i> –20.3 $\pm$ 4.5– <i>Tr</i> –27.7 $\pm$ 3.6–( <i>Krt-1</i> , <i>Re</i> )–13.9 $\pm$ 3.9– <i>Es-3</i> . 194
K.	<i>Tr</i> –21.2 $\pm$ 5.0– <i>HoxB</i> –1.5 $\pm$ 1.5–( <i>Krt-1</i> , <i>Re</i> , <i>Mox-1</i> )–2.6 $\pm$ 1.8– <i>Scn4a</i> –12.8 $\pm$ 3.8– <i>Tk-1</i> . 43, 194, 193
L.	<i>Tr</i> –20.6 $\pm$ 4.7– <i>HoxB</i> –1.4 $\pm$ 1.4– <i>Re</i> . 107
M.	<i>spd</i> –2.5 $\pm$ 1.2– <i>Tr</i> –25.3 $\pm$ 3.4– <i>Re</i> . 151
N.	( <i>Il-3</i> , <i>Csfgm</i> , <i>Sparc</i> ). 12
O.	<i>Hba</i> –32.2 $\pm$ 8.4– <i>Myhs</i> –26.2 $\pm$ 6.8– <i>Myla</i> –8.1 $\pm$ 4.5– <i>Es-3</i> . 265, 217
P.	<i>Tcn-2</i> –6.9 $\pm$ 2.2– <i>wa-2</i> –12.3 $\pm$ 2.9– <i>Hba</i> . 91
Q.	<i>Tr</i> –4.1 $\pm$ 2.8– <i>Akv-4</i> –12.2 $\pm$ 4.7– <i>Evi-2</i> –24.5 $\pm$ 6.1– <i>Re</i> –10.2 $\pm$ 4.3– <i>Es-3</i> . 254, 32
R.	<i>oe</i> –13.3 $\pm$ 6.2– <i>Re</i> –20.0 $\pm$ 7.3– <i>Es-3</i> . 21
S.	<i>Tr</i> –7.4 $\pm$ 3.6– <i>nu</i> –11.1 $\pm$ 4.3– <i>Re</i> . 84
T.	<i>Re</i> –13.3 $\pm$ 6.2– <i>Es-3</i> –3.3 $\pm$ 3.3– <i>js</i> . 219
U.	<i>wa-2</i> –22.2 $\pm$ 1.7– <i>vi</i> –8.9 $\pm$ 1.2– <i>ii</i> –20.2 $\pm$ 1.5– <i>Re</i> . 228
V.	<i>Re</i> –8.6 $\pm$ 3.7– <i>Ts</i> –5.2 $\pm$ 2.2– <i>Es-3</i> . 250
W.	<i>Hba</i> –40.5 $\pm$ 4.56– <i>Dlb-1</i> –28.4 $\pm$ 4.2– <i>Es-3</i> . 259
X.	<i>Dlb-1</i> –2.3 $\pm$ 1.3– <i>Re</i> –20.3 $\pm$ 3.5– <i>Es-3</i> . 259
Y.	<i>Hba</i> –20.4 $\pm$ 2.9–( <i>Ahd-4</i> , <i>Tr</i> )–26.3 $\pm$ 3.2– <i>Re</i> . 114
Z.	<i>Hba</i> –13.8 $\pm$ 3.9– <i>Ahd-6</i> –7.5 $\pm$ 2.9– <i>Ahd-4</i> . 115
AA.	<i>Hba</i> –29.6 $\pm$ 4.6– <i>HoxB</i> –23.5 $\pm$ 4.3– <i>Es-3</i> . 261
AB.	<i>Evi-2</i> –27.0 $\pm$ 7.3– <i>Gh</i> –5.4 $\pm$ 3.7– <i>Es-3</i> . 77
AC.	<i>Tr</i> –4.7 $\pm$ 3.2– <i>Trp53</i> –1.6 $\pm$ 1.6– <i>Zfp-3</i> –8.1 $\pm$ 3.5– <i>Zfp-2</i> –30.6 $\pm$ 5.9– <i>Rara</i> –32.2 $\pm$ 2.2– ( <i>HoxB</i> , <i>Krt-1</i> , <i>Re</i> ). 195
AD.	( <i>Mpmv-18</i> , <i>Emv-30</i> )–25.0 $\pm$ 7.2– <i>Il-3</i> . 215
AE.	<i>Pmv-2</i> –3.3 $\pm$ 3.3– <i>Pmv-22</i> –3.7 $\pm$ 3.6– <i>Mpmv-18</i> –51.8 $\pm$ 9.6–( <i>Mpmv-2</i> , <i>Xmv-42</i> )–9.4 $\pm$ 5.2– <i>Mpmv-8</i> . 89
AF.	<i>Mpmv-18</i> –32.1 $\pm$ 6.2– <i>Mpmv-4</i> –3.5 $\pm$ 2.4– <i>Xmv-42</i> –14.0 $\pm$ 4.6– <i>Mpmv-8</i> –15.8 $\pm$ 4.8–( <i>Mpmv-15</i> , <i>Mtv-3</i> ). 89
AG.	<i>Xmv-63</i> –8.2 $\pm$ 3.5– <i>Pmv-2</i> –4.5 $\pm$ 3.2– <i>Pmv-22</i> –53.5 $\pm$ 7.6–( <i>Mpmv-15</i> , <i>Mtv-3</i> ). 89
AH.	<i>Nfh</i> –5.6 $\pm$ 3.1– <i>ErbB</i> –1.1 $\pm$ 1.1–( <i>Rabl</i> , <i>Glns-ps1</i> , <i>wr</i> )–2.2 $\pm$ 1.6– <i>Rel</i> –4.4 $\pm$ 2.1– <i>Hba</i> –17.8 $\pm$ 4.0– <i>Il-3</i> . 138
AI.	<i>Emv-14</i> –23 $\pm$ 9– <i>Emv-28</i> –23 $\pm$ 9– <i>Es-3</i> . 253
AJ.	( <i>Il-5</i> , <i>Csfgm</i> )–4.7 $\pm$ 3.2– <i>Sparc</i> –30.2 $\pm$ 7.0–( <i>Om</i> , <i>Sigje</i> )–20.9 $\pm$ 6.2– <i>Es-3</i> . 9
AK.	<i>D11Mit1</i> –11.4 $\pm$ 1.9– <i>Glns</i> –26.2 $\pm$ 2.8– <i>Il-5</i> –2.7 $\pm$ 1.0– <i>D11Jp1</i> –1.6 $\pm$ 0.8– <i>D11Mit5</i> –3.5 $\pm$ 1.2– <i>D11Nds1</i> –0.4 $\pm$ 0.4–( <i>D11Mit7</i> , <i>Acrb</i> )–2.0 $\pm$ 0.9– <i>D11Mit8</i> –1.2 $\pm$ 0.7– <i>Sigje</i> –1.5 $\pm$ 0.8–( <i>Mpo</i> , <i>Rnu1a-1</i> )–3.1 $\pm$ 1.1– <i>Cola1</i> –1.5 $\pm$ 0.8– <i>HoxB</i> –2.4 $\pm$ 1.0–( <i>Anp91A</i> , <i>Cnp-1</i> )–5.1 $\pm$ 1.4– <i>Empb3</i> –0.4 $\pm$ 0.4– <i>Gfap</i> –2.0 $\pm$ 0.9–( <i>D11Mit10</i> , <i>Myla</i> )–5.5 $\pm$ 1.4– <i>D11Mit11</i> 145
AL.	<i>Acrb</i> –18 $\pm$ 5.4–( <i>Gp2b</i> , <i>Gfap</i> ). 198
AM.	<i>ErbB</i> –2.6 $\pm$ 1.8– <i>Spnb-2</i> –17.9 $\pm$ 4.4– <i>Sparc</i> . 24
AN.	<i>Rnr11</i> –19.9 $\pm$ 3.4– <i>Hba</i> –13.8 $\pm$ 2.9– <i>Il-4</i> –33.6 $\pm$ 4.0– <i>Hmg14-rs4</i> –11.4 $\pm$ 2.7– <i>Es-3</i> 131, 132
AO.	<i>Xmv-42</i> –13.4 $\pm$ 2.9– <i>Hmg14-rs4</i> –11.3 $\pm$ 2.7– <i>Es-3</i> 131
AP.*	<i>D11Ler1</i> –2– <i>D11Ler2</i> –2– <i>Gtbp</i> –17– <i>D11Ler3</i> –10– <i>Sparc</i> 152
AQ.	<i>Csfgm</i> –4.4 $\pm$ 2.1– <i>Pmp-22</i> –2.2 $\pm$ 1.5– <i>Myhs</i> 243
AR.*	( <i>D11Mit1</i> , <i>D11Mit62</i> , <i>D11Mit16</i> )–2.0–( <i>D11Mit2</i> , <i>D11Mit63</i> )–7.3– <i>D11Mit19</i> –2.4– <i>D11Mit53</i> –1.9– <i>D11Mit51</i> –3.0–( <i>D11Mit20</i> , <i>D11Mit21</i> )–3.4– <i>D11Mit22</i> –2.2–( <i>D11Nds9</i> , <i>D11Mit64</i> , <i>D11Mit23</i> , <i>D11Mit24</i> , <i>D11Mit25</i> )–7.3– <i>D11Mit26</i> –4.7–( <i>D11Mit27</i> , <i>D11Mit5</i> , <i>D11Mit4</i> , <i>D11Mit28</i> )–1.1–( <i>D11Mit15</i> , <i>D11Mit29</i> , <i>D11Mit31</i> , <i>D11Mit30</i> , <i>D11Mit60</i> )–3.4–( <i>D11Nds1</i> , <i>D11Mit7</i> , <i>D11Mit65</i> )–2.2–( <i>D11Mit33</i> , <i>D11Mit8</i> , <i>D11Mit34</i> , <i>D11Mit32</i> , <i>D11Mit68</i> )–1.1–( <i>D11Mit35</i> , <i>D11Mit36</i> , <i>D11Mit66</i> , <i>D11Mit37</i> , <i>D11Mit56</i> )–1.1–( <i>D11Mit38</i> , <i>D11Mit39</i> )–3.4– <i>D11Mit41</i> –5.2– <i>D11Mit70</i> –8.8– <i>D11Mit54</i> –1.1–( <i>D11Mit67</i> , <i>D11Mit58</i> )–2.2– <i>D11Mit14</i> –1.1– <i>D11Mit59</i> –1.0– <i>D11Mit52</i> –0.1– <i>D11Nds7</i> –1.1– <i>D11Mit10</i> –1.1– <i>D11Mit13</i> –4.5– <i>D11Mit50</i> –2.2– <i>D11Mit11</i> –1.8– <i>D11Mit61</i> –0.9–( <i>D11Mit12</i> , <i>D11Mit42</i> )–5.8–( <i>D11Mit48</i> , <i>D11Mit49</i> )–2.8– <i>D11Mit69</i> 71, 183

currently there is insufficient evidence to support the suggestion of synteny homology between mouse Chr 11 and human Chr 4.

In contrast, two other regions of putative synteny homology have been supported by gene localizations reported this year. In the previous chromosome report, *ErbB* was the only gene on mouse Chr 11 whose homolog mapped to human Chr 7. The recent localiza-

tion of *Gk* to proximal Chr 11 suggests that a region of synteny homology might exist. Another gene, *Ddc*, from HSA 7p has recently been assigned to this region of mouse Chr 11 by in situ hybridization, providing further support for the suggestion of a human Chr 7p synteny homology region. Similarly, whereas *Rel* was formerly the only gene on mouse Chr 11 whose homolog mapped to human Chr 2, the localization of





Table 5. Cytogenetic location of genes on mouse Chr 11.

Locus	Band location	Reference
<i>ApoH</i>	A5-B1	198
<i>Cola-1</i>	D	192
<i>Dkc</i>	A2	31
<i>D11Was70</i>	Chr11	72
<i>ErbB</i>	A1-A4	191
<i>Fli-4</i>	A5-B1	92
<i>HoxB</i>	D	190
<i>Il-3</i>	A5-B1	262
<i>Il-5</i>	A5-B1	262
<i>Krt-1.14</i>	D	54
<i>Lif</i>	A1-A2	144
<i>Mov-9</i>	B5	192
<i>Mpo</i>	C-E	218
<i>Myhs-f</i>	B2-C	191
<i>Nfh</i>	A1-A5	173
<i>Pfn</i>	11	189a
<i>Phb</i>	D	189a
<i>Rara</i>	D	171
<i>Rnu3b</i>	C-D	175
<i>Rnu3b-1</i>	C-D	175
<i>Rnu3b-2</i>	C-D	175
<i>Rnu3b-3</i>	C-D	175
<i>Rnu3b-4</i>	C-D	175
<i>Rpo2-1</i>	B1-C	214
<i>Sparc</i>	B1	167
<i>Tell1p</i>	A	27
<i>Tell1q</i>	E	27
<i>Tk-1</i>	B3-E2	116
<i>Trp53</i>	B2-C	191

*Spnb-2* to the vicinity of *Rel* suggests the possibility that other genes from HSA 2 may map to proximal Chr 11.

Some genes recently mapped to mouse Chr 11 have not been assigned to human chromosomes. The observed evolutionary conservation of chromosomal assignments of genes makes some predictions possible. The high degree of homology between mouse Chr 11 and human Chr 17 strongly supports the suggestion

that *Gna-13*, *Hmg14-rs4*, *Htt*, and *Mox-1* will map to human 17. *Tr* (*Pmp-22*, *Gas-3*) currently defines the most proximal locus from HSA 17 on mouse Chr 11. The assignment of *Hist2b-rs1* to either human Chr 17 or human Chr 5 might help to more precisely define the boundary between these two synteny homology groups on Chr 11.

It is more difficult to predict with certainty the human chromosome assignment of genes mapped to proximal mouse Chr 11 because this region contains genes that map to human Chrs 22, 7, 2, 16, and 5. Three genes from HSA 22—*Tcn-2*, *Lif*, and *Nfh*—map on proximal mouse Chr 11 near the centromere. This suggests that three genes recently localized to this region, *Camk2b*, *Rnr11*, and *Rpl18-rs*, might map to human Chr 22. As the human chromosome assignments of *Ck-rs5*, *Glns-ps1*, *P40-rs5*, and *Rab-1* are completed, the extent of evolutionary conservation on proximal mouse Chr 11 may be clarified.

### Reference mapping loci

In the previous report, we proposed the use of eleven anchor loci to provide a means of cross-referencing maps. Primary anchor loci were chosen from well-spaced loci whose chromosomal location had been confirmed in independent crosses. In order to provide adequate coverage of the chromosome, we proposed several secondary anchor loci that had not been as extensively mapped. *Glns* has been removed as an anchor locus because of its identification as a pseudogene and hence might not be present in all strains. This year we are suggesting the addition of two anchor loci, *D11Mit5* and *D11Mit12*. The following gene order and distances (cM) as estimated from the consensus map are:

*Lif* (*D11Mit16*)–10–*ErbB-9*–*Adra-1*–10–*Csfgm*  
–7–*D11Mit5*–6–*Acrb* (*D11Mit29*, *D11Mit31*)–4–  
*D11Mit8*–4–*Mpo*–5–*HoxB*–8–*Myla* (*D11Mit58*)  
–6–*D11Mit12*–9–*Thbb* (*P4hb*).

These anchor loci span the entire 80 cM of Chr 11. Researchers involved in placing markers on mouse Chr 11 are encouraged to include these loci in their analyses.

Table 6. List of variant chromosomes involving mouse Chr 11. NA = not applicable.

Variant name	Breakpoint	References
<b>Robertsonian fusions</b>		
Rb(1.11)2Mpl	NA	222
Rb(4.11)12Rma	NA	46
Rb(9.11)14Tu	NA	3, 28,29
Rb(10.11)8Bnr	NA	104, 46
Rb(10.11)5Rma	NA	45, 46, 100
Rb(11.13)4Bnr	NA	278, 102, 103, 101
Rb(11.13)6Lub	NA	100, 271, 272
Rb(11.13)6Tu	NA	3
Rb(11.14)1Dn	NA	64
Rb(11.16)2H	NA	162
<b>Translocations</b>		
T(X;11)38H	XA1, 11E1	230, 80, 229, 16
T(2;11)4Dn	2D,11B5	63
T(2;11)30H	2H1,11B1	47,16, 48
T(3;11)16Ad	3F1,11B5	63
T(5;11)17Ad	5B,11B1	63
T(9;11)9Ad	9B1,11D	2
T(11;16)53Dn	11D,16A	63
T(11;17)39Dn	11D,17A2	63
T(11;19)42H	11D, 19B	230, 79, 17, 142
<b>Chromosomal inversions</b>		
In(11)2Dn	11A4, 11B1	62
In(11)20Rk	11A2, 11D	66, 65

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