EGOS INFLATING OVER TIME: RISING NARCISSISM AND ITS IMPLICATIONS FOR SELF-CONSTRUAL, COGNITIVE STYLE, AND BEHAVIOR

by

Sarah H. Konrath

A dissertation submitted in partial fulfillment of the requirements for the degree of Doctor of Philosophy (Psychology) in The University of Michigan 2007

Doctoral Committee:

Professor Brad J. Bushman, Chair Professor Norbert W. Schwarz Professor David G. Winter Assistant Professor Katherine A. Burson © Sarah H. Konrath 2007

To Angela, Lacey, Milla, and Izabelle

Acknowledgements

In many endeavors people are given credit as individuals for accomplishments that could not have existed without the tangible or intangible support of an interconnected web of many unnamed others. While it would be impossible to name every single person who contributed in some way to the completion of this dissertation, I would like to acknowledge a few of you here.

Many thanks to my advisors, Brad Bushman, Norbert Schwarz, David Winter, and Kathryn Burson, and to the members of the Social Cognition and Political Psychology Labs at University of Michigan. Thanks also to my collaborators on these papers, Keith Campbell, Joshua Foster, and Jean Twenge.

I also wish to acknowledge the hard work that went on behind the scenes the past few years in the lives of my many research assistants and students. In particular the ones who have worked most closely with me are Carine Cattier, Tyler Grove, Alanna Maguire, Mallory Salerno, Lindsay Franti, Caitlyn Sorensen, Meredith Brooks, Kevin Francies, Amanda Eron, Erika Malinoski, and Carol Liu. All of you and many whom I have not mentioned have been inspirational to me. This project could not have come to completion without your passion and dedication. Finally, my close friends and family members deserve appreciation for their unwavering support throughout graduate school: my partner Paul Allen Anderson; my close friends Isabel Ng, Tiffany Griffin, Nanditha Alla, Ivy Tso, Jessica Stergiou, Rebecca Siemens, Sudin Bhattacharya, Mandira Bhadiri, Scott Harlow, Robin Manthy, Randy Harms, Ruti Mayo, Brenda & Lloyd Woods, and Ina & Sheldon Tizzard; my family members Diane, Jacob, Grace, Vera, Ben, Charity, and Noah.

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Abstract

In four articles I examine changes in narcissism over time and the implications of those changes. First in the introduction I review research on the history of narcissism as a personality disorder and as a personality trait. In Article 1 my colleagues and I conduct a cross-temporal meta-analysis and find that scores on the Narcissistic Personality Inventory (Raskin & Terry, 1988) have been rising since the 1980s in American college students. In the second article we present our theory that high self-focus in combination with low other-focus (i.e. social atomization) is related to a highly analytic cognitive style as measured by tests such as the Embedded Figures Test (Witkin et al, 1971). We review research in three separate areas of psychology in order to provide evidence for our theory: individualism/self-construal, narcissism, and autism. In two studies the third article shows that narcissism is related to an analytic cognitive style and lower self-reported holism. We also find that narcissism is related to higher independent and lower interdependent self-construal. In the final article we find that inducing a feeling of similarity between narcissists and potential targets of aggression leads to reduced aggression after an ego-threat.