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Supporting Information
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Th1-mediated experimental autoimmune encephalomyelitis is CXCR3 independent
Supporting Information Figure 1. Myelin-reactive CXCR3⁻/⁻ Th1 cells readily infiltrate the CNS of adoptive transfer recipients. Draining LN cells from MOG₃₅₋₅₅/CFA immunized WT (left) or CXCR3⁻/⁻ (right) mice were cultured with antigen under Th1-polarizing conditions prior to transfer into CD45.1 congenic hosts. Spinal cord mononuclear cells from each cohort (n= 5 mice/ group) were pooled at the end of the experiment and analyzed by flow cytometry to quantify the absolute total number of CD45.2⁺ donor cells and CD45.1⁺ congenic host cells per spinal cord. The experiment was repeated twice with similar results.