

Table S1. Characteristics of POUCHmoms Study Participants in this Analysis (n=667) and of POUCH Study Subcohort Women not in the Follow-up Study (n=693).

	Study Sample (N=667 of 678 enrolled) N (%)	POUCH Study Participants Not Enrolled in Follow- up to Date (N=693) N (%)
Maternal Age at Pregnancy (years)		
< 20	109 (14)	132 (15)
20-29	367 (56)	403 (59)
≥ 30	191 (30)	158 (26)
Maternal Race/ethnicity*		
White or other	424 (80)	364 (71)
African-American	243 (20)	329 (29)
Maternal Education (years)*		
< 12	126 (16)	186 (22)
= 12	179 (25)	216 (31)
> 12	362 (59)	291 (48)
Medicaid Status*		
No	326 (56)	257 (45)
Yes	341 (44)	435 (55)
Community*		
Flint	124 (13)	162 (17)
Grand Rapids	107 (17)	105 (18)
Kalamazoo	46 (10)	67 (13)
Lansing	290 (46)	219 (35)
Saginaw	100 (15)	140 (18)
Pre-pregnancy BMI		
Underweight	34 (4)	31 (4)
Normal	295 (47)	311 (46)
Overweight	140 (21)	161 (25)
Obese	198 (28)	190 (25)
Pregnancy Outcome		
Term	500 (90)	527 (89)
Preterm	167 (10)	166 (11)
Small for Gestational Age		
No	581 (90)	604 (90)
Yes	84 (10)	89 (10)
Blood Pressure during Pregnancy		
Normotensive	n=667 220 (29)	n=674 238 (31)

Moderately-elevated BP, overall	369 (60)	366 (60)
Moderately-elevated, systolic only	131 (22)	116 (19)
Moderately-elevated, diastolic only	53 (8)	54 (7)
Moderately-elevated, both systolic and diastolic	185 (30)	196 (34)
Moderately-elevated, early (< 20 wks gestation)	232 (38)	241 (40)
Moderately-elevated, late (>=20 wks gestation)	137 (22)	125 (20)
<hr/> Hypertensive disorder of pregnancy (HDP)	78 (11)	70 (9)

Note: all percentages are based on weighted data. The analytic sample excludes members of this POUCHmoms Study sample (n=11) missing data on blood pressure measurements during pregnancy. Data are missing for Medicaid status (n=1) and small for gestational age (n=2). Abbreviations: %, weighted percent; BMI, body mass index; BP, blood pressure; HDP, hypertensive disorder of pregnancy.

* P-value <0.05 for Rao-Scott chi-square test comparing POUCH Study women in the follow-up study (POUCHmoms) with those not in the follow-up study.