

Han: Otherness and Syncretism

by

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PROGRAM NOTES

The Korean term *han* originates from the Sinitic-language *hen* (恨) conveying pity and regret. This Chinese character amalgamates two different characters, one that denotes the mind and the other the state of limitation or stagnancy. This idea of impasse in one's mind is central to the concept of *han* in Korea, a feeling of unresolved anger, grief, and regret that has been prolonged and accumulated over time. It has been identified that *han*, like trauma, suffers from its delayed manifestation which results in its ambivalent, paradoxical, and transgenerational quality.¹

In the first movement of my string quartet *Han*, the traditional Korean tune, *Saeya*, *Saeya, Parang Saeya* (Birds, Birds, Blue Birds) is used to describe the concept of *han*. The origin of this melody owes much to why I selected this tune to describe *han*. It is both a lullaby and an elegy. It was sung to commemorate Bong-jun Jeon, one of the leaders in *Donghak* Peasant Revolution (1894-95), an armed rebellion in Korea by aggravated peasants against the corrupt government. It was also sung by the widows of the Jeon's army as a lullaby for their babies. I found that these historical qualities of the original melody resemble the complexity of *han* that encompasses grief, regret, and hope. The original melody is stated at the beginning, and its fragments appear in different shapes and emotions, sometimes peaceful like a lullaby and other times explosive and pleading.

¹ Meera Lee, “Sorrowful Feeling: Han and Its Haunting Legacies,” *Telos* 184 (2018): 106.

The second movement imitates the color and intensity of singing style of *pansori*, Korean musical storytelling performed by a singer and drummer. Written without barlines, this movement acts like a monologue or recitative after the slow developing yet dramatic first movement.

The third movement is inspired by *sanjo*, which is a Korean musical genre that features a solo instrument accompanied by *janggu* (a Korean hourglass drum). In *sanjo*, *chuimsae* (vocal signals) is used by the drummer to add to the musical excitement and to communicate with the audience as well as the soloist.

The title of the fourth movement, *Mu*, means not, nothing, or without. I named this movement as such because this movement does not have a recognizable melody, yet expresses itself through dynamics, texture, and register. Here I wanted to write about the aspect of *han* having to do with the repression of repulsive elements deep within our psyche, which when allowed to surface can incite a visceral feeling within oneself so strong as to induce a desire to purge as a consequence. My goal was to create music that captures the process of purging these emotions from one's being, and try to make something beautiful out of this. In the process of doing so, I hoped to challenge traditional aesthetics of what can be considered beautiful music and, as a consequence, beautiful emotions.

The final movement, *Maum*, means heart or mind in Korean. It calls for Amita Buddha, a cosmic energy called into presence through the syllables. Through repetitious calling, chanting, singing, and meditating, I try to reach the state of emptiness, awareness, and the resolution of *han*.

PERFORMANCE NOTES

In the first movement, glissandos should cover all notes in between which is to be distinguished from portamento.

The second movement is to be played from using the full score rather than parts. Accidentals carry over in a measure. In the second movement where there is no barline, accidentals carry over the entire movement.

In the third movement, x noteheads represent indefinite pitches when used in the parts for strings. In the *janggu* part, it refers to hitting the rim part of the *janggu* side. ▼ noteheads represent *chuimsae*, vocal signals to express excitement as well as use it as a way to communicate with the audience.

In the fifth movement, the rhythm of vibrato is sometimes notated to imitate melodic ornamentations. Other times, it is accompanied by a squiggly line above when it does not require a specific rhythm. The length of a squiggly line represents the approximate length of vibrato. Players may sing an octave higher or lower than what is written, depending on their singing register.

Following microtones were used: quarter sharp ♭, three quarter sharp ♯, quarter flat ♪, and three quarter flat ♫.

ABSTRACT

My dissertation, *Han: Otherness and Syncretism*, is a 26-minute video-dance and performance video of *Han for string quartet*, in collaboration with filmmaker Toko Shiiki, Converge String Quartet, dancer and choreographer Rie Kim and Jun Wakabayashi.

The work attempts to transform static notions of identity as fixed by appearance and language by suggesting multiple identities, cultural hybridity, and women's experiences in an intercultural context by merging visual and musical art and re-appropriating technological modes of presentation. The composition itself promotes a syncretic approach to these themes by drawing from diverse musical sources such as Korean, traditional, folk, American, and European music and representing marginalized female voices with the concept of *han*, a feeling of unresolved grief and resentment that has been accumulated over time.

The musical work is in five movements. The first movement is an exploration of the concept of *han* using a Korean folksong *Saeya, Saeya, Parang Saeya*, represented in the video by different imageries and movements in white color. The second movement emulates the sonority of *pansori* to express more explosive aspects of *han*. In contrast to the previous movement, the video utilizes the contrast created by juxtaposing red and black as well as faster and expressive dancing movements. The third movement *Sanjo* functions as a connecting movement between the first and second half of the piece, where musicians remove their half-masks and reveal their faces to introduce human-ness, which has been intentionally obscured in previous movements.

The fourth movement *Mu* tries to embody emotions flowing out of a confined space with its explosive musical language using dynamics, contour, texture, and timbre and with imageries that invoke raw and expressive qualities. The fifth movement is a meditation borrowing from the practice of chanting in Korean Buddhism with its repetitious melodies and the use of the *moktak* instrument.

Han

for string quartet
used a Korean tune called

I. Saeya, Saeya, Parang Saeya

$\text{♩} = \text{c. 80}$ Like a lullaby, but distant and solemn

con sord.
sul tasto
poco vibrato
freely

Jungyoon Wie
(2016-19)

Violin 1

Violin 2

Viola

Violoncello

con sord.
sul tasto
senza vibrato
freely

$\text{♩} = \text{c. 80}$ Like a lullaby, but distant and solemn

2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12



A

senza vibrato

con sord.
sul tasto
senza vibrato

con sord.

$\text{♩} = \text{c. 80}$ Like a lullaby, but distant and solemn

13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22

B Reminiscent

sul tasto

con vib. ord.

con vib. senza sord. ord.

con vib. ord.

ord. sul tasto ord.

23 24 25 26 27 28 29 30 31



ord. l.v.

l.v. 32 33 34 35 36 37 38

ord. l.v.

ord. l.v.

mf pp

C Poco Agitato

senza sord.

39 40 41 42 43 44 45

≡

D Poignant

$\text{♩} = \text{c. } 80$

sul tasto sul tasto sul tasto sul tasto

46 47 48 49 50 51 52 53

4

ord.

mf

ord.

mf

ord.

gliss.

mf

mp

espress.

f

gliss.

mf

pp

mp

mf

54 55 56 57 58 59 60

≡

E **Passionate**

mf

mf

p

V

f

mf

f

mf

mf

p

mf

mf

mf

mf

mf

mf

61 62 63 64 65 66 67 68 69

F

Musical score for section F, measures 70-77. The score consists of four staves. Measure 70: Treble clef, B-flat key signature, dynamic *mf*, 3-note grace notes, 3-note grace notes, 3-note grace notes. Measure 71: 3-note grace notes, dynamic *f*. Measure 72: 3-note grace notes, dynamic *mp*, dynamic *mf*. Measure 73: 3-note grace notes, dynamic *p*, dynamic *mf*. Measure 74: 3-note grace notes, dynamic *pp*, dynamic *fp*. Measure 75: 3-note grace notes, dynamic *fp*. Measure 76: 3-note grace notes, dynamic *mp*, dynamic *mf*. Measure 77: 3-note grace notes, dynamic *fp*.

70 71 72 73 74 75 76 77

G Explosive

Musical score for section G, measures 78-85. The score consists of four staves. Measure 78: Treble clef, 3/4 time, dynamic *f*. Measure 79: 3/4 time, dynamic *f*. Measure 80: 3/4 time, dynamic *fp*. Measure 81: 3/4 time, dynamic *f*, dynamic *ff*. Measure 82: 3/4 time, dynamic *ff*, dynamic *molto vib.*, dynamic *f*. Measure 83: 3/4 time, dynamic *ff*, dynamic *like crying*, dynamic *molto vib.*. Measure 84: 3/4 time, dynamic *ff*, dynamic *marcato*, dynamic *molto vib.*. Measure 85: 3/4 time, dynamic *mf*.

78 79 80 81 82 83 84 85

H Pleading

molto rit. $\text{♩} = \text{c. } 72$
shrieking

II. *Pansori*

♩ = c. 52 Earnest, in a breaking yet assertive tone, in the style of Pansori

3.31 Earliest, in a breaking yet assertive tone, in the style of Pansori

sul G 3

emphatic like haegum

1/4 vib. sul pont

sul tasto IV

fpp — *f* *f* *p* *tr* *1/4* *accel.* *3* *gliss.*

p *p < f p* *molto sul tasto*

rubato

let pitch drop and scratch

accel.

ff *p*

insistent

A tempo

I

Solo, sul G
passionate

rubato

sul pont

ff *1/4 vib.*

mf < ffp < f >

ord.

f *p*

let pitch drop and scratch

ord.

p < mp

< p

J

rubato poco sul pont ord. 1/4 vib.
mp *fp* *ff* *3* *f* *p*
mf *fp* *f* *p*
mp *fp* *f* *p* < *f* 1/4 vib. short
gliss. *#* *gliss.* *#*

=

K **Marcato**

sul pont sul A sul D port. sul A
f *pp* *p* *f* *ff*
 molto accel. poco sul pont. A tempo
 sul D sul A 3s ff pp
 sul pont pp
f

A musical score for piano, featuring four staves. The top staff uses a treble clef, the second staff a bass clef, and the third and fourth staves are blank. Measure 1 starts with a dynamic *f*. Measures 2-3 show eighth-note patterns with grace notes. Measure 4 begins with a sustained note followed by eighth-note pairs. Measure 5 contains a sixteenth-note run. Measures 6-7 show eighth-note patterns with grace notes. Measure 8 features a sustained note followed by eighth-note pairs. Measure 9 concludes with a sixteenth-note run. Measure 10 ends with a sustained note followed by eighth-note pairs. Various performance markings are present, including slurs, grace notes, and dynamics like *f*.

10

L ♩ = c. 62

breaking
ord.
1/4 vib.
sfz
sul pont
mf
sul pont
breaking
ord.
IV
ff
sfz
ff
sfz
ff
sfz
1/4 vib.
gliss.
f
1/4 tr.
1/2 press
gliss.
p
pp

**M** ♩ = c. 52 Marcato, poco sul pont

accel.

A tempo

To Jang-gu

ff
ffff breaking, like a cry
1/4 vib. poco sul pont. ord.
sfz
ff > p
molto rubato
molto sul tasto

III. Sanjo

$\text{♩} = \text{ca. 76}$ Improvisatory, expressive with molto vib.

Jang-gu
RH (played with yeolchae, a flat, wooden stick)
let stick bounce 1.5"
LH (played with a hand)

x noteheads mean
play close to the rim

106 107 108 109 110 111

mm
ah
1/4 tr.
f
N
poco sul pont. ord.
p

112 113 114 115 116 117 118

12

119 120 121 122 123 124 125

=

126 127 128 129 130 131 132 133

arco

poco sul pont.

sul pont.

134

135

P

con sord.

ord.

con sord.

ah!

p

pizz.

ord.

ff

136

137

138

139

140

141

142

14

ord.
sul D
poco sul pont.

143 144 145 146 147 148 149



senza sord. **More frantic**

150 151 152

vln. 1, cue down beat poco sul pont. molto vib. **Q** $\text{♩} = \text{ca. 82 Animated}$

153 154 155 156 157 158 159 160

start slower and get faster

161 162 163 164 165 166 167

168 169 170 171 172 173

R **Tempo I** ($\text{♩} = \text{ca. } 76$)

arco
ord. to sul pont.

poco sul pont

vln. 1, cue down beat
ord.

change to gung-chae (round)

ord. to sul pont.

poco sul pont

sul pont

ord.

arco
ord. to sul pont.

ord.

ord.

174 175 176

vln. 1, cue down beat

poco sul pont

f *fp*

p

poco sul pont

f *p* *mf* *fp* < *f*

f *p* = *f* *p* = *mf* *fp* < *f*

177 178 179

f

p

poco sul pont

ff

ff

ff

f

180 181 182 183

S poco accel.

sul A

ff
gliss.
uh!
ah!!
mm
port.
pizz.
ff
184 185 186 187 188 189



6
4
5
f
p
f
sul D
5
3
f
190 191 192 193 194 195

196 197 198 199 200 201

T $\text{♩} = \text{ca. } 116$ Explosive $\text{♩} = \text{ca. } 184$ $\text{♩} = \text{ca. } 116$

molto accel. molto accel.

sul tasto, scratch

A. B. A. cresc. poco a poco

4"

202 203 204 205 206 207 208

J = ca. 184

Play box A to B until rehearsal U
 The length from A to B is reduced everytime it repeats
 B may be varied to foreshadow vln. 2

U do not coordinate

10"

8"

Play with these motives freely,
varing them each time to achieve
greater density to rehearsal U

B.

Play box A to B until rehearsal U
 The length from A to B is reduced everytime it repeats
 B may be varied to foreshadow vln. 2

ff continue this until rehearsal U
getting louder and denser

209

210

211

212

213



highest note possible 8"

coordinate suddenly heavier

as fast as possible

molto scratch

fp

fp

fp

ff

ff

ff

ff

214

215

216

217

IV. *Mu*

\downarrow = ca. 100 Passionate and mournful

like a whale, 1/4 vib. whenever possible

all the shapes, pitches, and rhythms are approximate
consecutive 16th notes show density, not the actual rhythm

=

poco sul pont.
lingering between semitones
pitches below are approximate

II

I

no vib.
to semitone vib.

1/4 vib.

pp

f

ff

=

the shape below is approximate with free bowing
scratch poco a poco
sul C
3"

molto scratch

ff

ord.

>p

pp

ff

=

1/4 vib.

ff

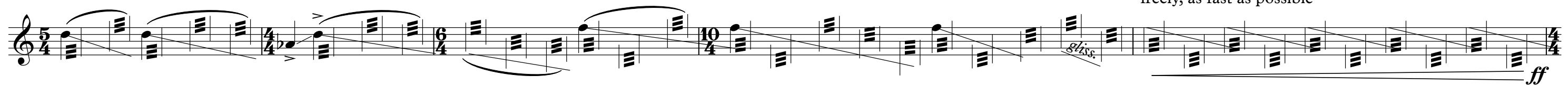
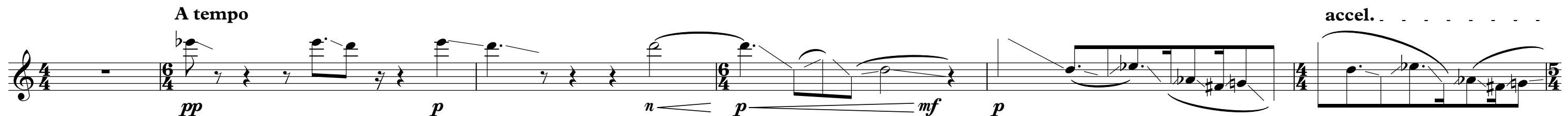
p

f

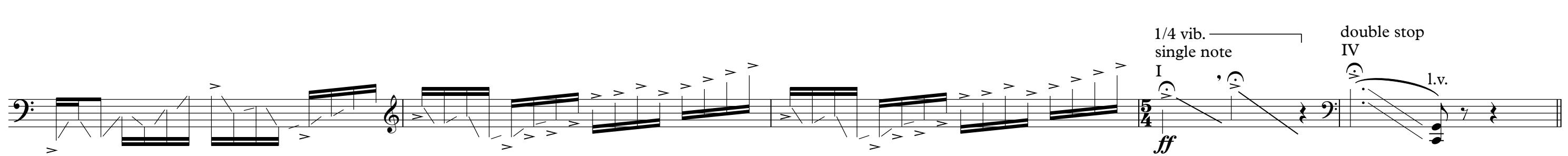
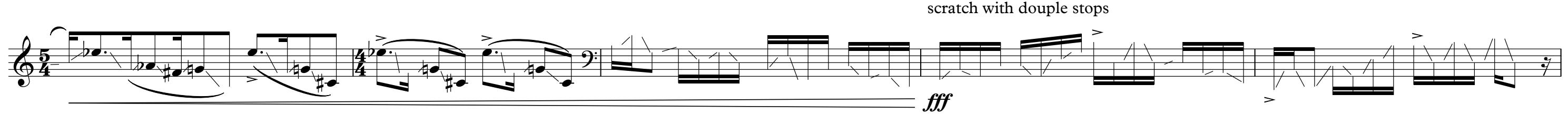
mp

f

ff

molto accel.**A tempo****A tempo, fiercely**

scratch with double stops



V. Maum

$\text{♩} = \text{ca. } 63$ Like chanting, singing, calm, unending
moktak

218 219 220 221 222 223 224 225 226

≡

227 228 229 230 231 232 233 234 235 236 237 238

239 240 241 242 243 244 245 246 247 248 249



W Sorrowful

250 251 252 253 254 255 256 257 258 259 260 261

X

pizz. with a thumbnail hold like a guitar

vib.

mf

mf vib.

vib.

na-mu a-mi ta - bul na-mu a - mi ta - bul na-mu a-mi ta - bul na-mu a - mi ta - bul na-mu a - mi ta - bul

262 263 264 265 266 267 268 269 270 271

Y Passionate

mf *p* *mf*

f *ff*

vib. port. vib. vib. port. vib. port.

f vib. port. vib. vib. port. vib. port.

na-mu a-mi ta - bul na-mu a-mi ta - bul na-mu a-mi ta - bul

272 273 274 275 276 277 278 279

Musical score for page 26, featuring four staves of music. The top staff uses a treble clef and includes dynamic markings *>*, *3*, *v*, and *ff*. The second staff uses a treble clef and includes dynamic markings *v*, *V*, and *ff*. The third staff uses a bass clef and includes dynamic markings *vib.* and *port.* The fourth staff uses a bass clef and includes dynamic markings *vib.* and *ff*. The lyrics "na-mu_ a-mi_ ta - bul_ na_mu a - mi ta bul_ na-mu a - mi ta - bul_ ta" are written below the third and fourth staves. Measure numbers 280 through 289 are indicated at the bottom of each staff.

280 281 282 283 284 285 286 287 288 289

Z Joyful

Sing vib.

port.

na-mu a-mi ta - bul na - mu a - mi ta - bul na-mu a - mi ta - bul na - mu a - mi ta - bul

> .3. > >

f

Sing vib.

port.

na-mu a-mi ta - bul na - mu a - mi ta - bul na-mu a - mi ta - bul na - mu a - mi ta - bul

> .3. > >

Play

ff

Sing vib.

port.

na-mu a-mi ta - bul na - mu a - mi ta - bul na-mu a - mi ta - bul na - mu a - mi ta - bul

> .3. > >

Play vib.

port.

na-mu a-mi ta - bul na - mu a - mi ta - bul na-mu a - mi ta - bul na - mu a - mi ta - bul

> .3. > >

vib.

na-mu a-mi ta - bul na - mu a - mi ta - bul na-mu a - mi ta - bul na - mu a - mi ta - bul

> .3. > >

Play pizz.

f

AA

vib.

na-mu a-mi ta - bul na-mu a - mi ta - bul na-mu a - mi ta - bul na - mu a - mi ta - bul na - mu a - mi

3

vib.

na-mu a-mi ta - bul na-mu a - mi ta - bul na-mu a - mi ta - bul na - mu a - mi ta - bul na - mu a - mi

V 3

3

B

3

*like a whale, 1/4 vib. whenever possible
all the shapes, pitches, and rhythms are approximate*

vib.

f p 3 ff

3

vib.

con vib.

na-mu a-mi ta - bul na-mu a - mi ta - bul na-mu a - mi ta - bul na - mu a - mi ta - bul na - mu a - mi

ff 3

300 301 302 303 304 305 306 307 308

BB Meditative

ta - bul To Vln.

p Sing
ah

p tenderly

mp

sffz

p ah

pp

f

ta - bul ah

sffz

309 310 311 312 313 314 315 316 317 318 319 320 321

30

mp

vib.

f

na-mu a-mi

ta - bul

na-mu a-mi

na-mu a-mi

na-mu a-mi

ta - bul

na - mu a - mi

ta - bul

||

mf

ma - um

p

f

mp

vib.

f

vib.

vib.

na-mu a-mi

ta - bul

na-mu a-mi

na-mu a-mi

na-mu a-mi

ta - bul

na - mu a - mi

ta - bul

||

mp

vib.

f

vib.

vib.

na-mu a-mi

ta - bul

na-mu a-mi

na-mu a-mi

na-mu a-mi

ta - bul

na - mu a - mi

ta - bul

mf

322

323

324

325

326

327

328

329

330

331

CC Slightly faster

A tempo**p**

ma - um ma - um ma - um ma - um ma - um

um ma - um

ma - um ma - um ma - um

na-mu a - mi ta - bul na - mu a - mi ta - bul na-mu a - mi ta - bul na-mu a - mi ta - bul

ma - um ma - um

um ma - um

mp

ma - um ma - um

vib. vib. f

na mu a - mi ta - bul na - mu a - mi ta - bul

espress. vib.

na-mu a - mi ta - bul ah

vib. vib.

mm

Musical score for vibraphone parts 377-388. The score consists of four staves, each representing a vibraphone part. The parts are identical, featuring a continuous pattern of eighth-note pairs with grace notes and slurs. Measure numbers 377 through 388 are indicated below the staves. The score concludes with a dynamic marking 'FF' in a box and a vibraphone mallet icon.



A musical score for vibraphone and orchestra, spanning pages 200 through 208. The score consists of four staves: Treble, Alto, Bass, and Bassoon. The vibraphone part is prominent, featuring various rhythmic patterns and dynamics. The orchestra part includes instructions for the vibraphone player, such as 'vib.', 'espress.', 'ff', 'p', 'gliss.', 'sul tasto', and 'ord.'. The score is written in a clear, professional musical notation style.

close your eyes

ma - um ma - um

ma - um ma - um ma - um ma - um ma - um ma - um ma - um ma - um ma - um ma - um ma - um ma - um

ma - um ma - um ma - um ma - um ma - um ma - um ma - um ma - um ma - um ma - um ma - um

412 413 414 415 416 417 418 419 420 421 422 423 424



ca. 40"

It starts to disappear into nothing

ma - um ma - um

ma - um ma - um ma - um ma - um ma - um ma - um ma - um ma - um ma - um ma - um ma - um

put your instrument away
as you meditate

close your eyes

p

ma - um ma - um

ma - um ma - um ma - um ma - um ma - um ma - um ma - um ma - um ma - um

425 426 427 428 429 430 431 432 433 434 435 436