

T H E U N I V E R S I T Y O F M I C H I G A N

Memorandum 14

DEXEDITOR

*Mem H.E.*  
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## DEXEDITOR

K. Burkhalter

### I. INTRODUCTION

DEXEDIT is the object module of a program that converts free-form DEXEMBLER\* statements to fixed-format form, thereby permitting the user to write PDP assembly language statements in free form. Although the DEXEMBLER compiler will accept free-form input, the DEXEDIT formatting routines will make the source listings more readable. Several additional DEXEDIT features allow more convenient comments to be inserted into the source listings.

The DEXEDITOR has a built-in command language interpreter which recognizes \$ commands imbedded in the input stream. These commands allow listings to be turned on and off, the tab columns to be set, special comment functions to be accomplished, and a PAL (DEC assembler) converter of a very simple nature to be turned on and off.

### II. USAGE

The program is invoked by the appropriate RUN command specifying \*DEXEDIT as the file where the object cards are to be found.

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\* Powers, Michael, PDP-8 Assembler, Concomp Project Technical Memorandum 12, University of Michigan, Ann Arbor, November 1967, 13 pp.

Logical I/O Units Referenced:

SCARDS: Free-form input lines to be converted. At the current time (16 January 1968) this I/O unit must be given as "5" rather than SCARDS, however, it will soon be defaulted by FORTRAN to the value assigned to SCARDS, and SCARDS may thus be given rather than 5.

SPRINT: Error comments, plus listing (in formatted form) if \$LIST was specified. All trailing blanks but one are stripped off outbound lines.

SPUNCH: Fixed-format output lines for processing by DEXEMBLER compiler. All trailing blanks but one are stripped off outbound lines of text.

Examples: \$RUN \*DEXEDIT; 5=\*SOURCE\* SPUNCH=-PROG

\$RUN \*DEXEDIT; 5=INFILE SPRINT=\*SINK\* SPUNCH=OUTFILE

### III. COMMAND LANGUAGE INTERPRETER: DESCRIPTION

The DEXEDITOR contains a command language interpreter which decodes the text on all cards, within the input stream, which have a "\$" in column one. Currently six (6) commands are recognized and are described below. Only the first and last letters of each command are decoded, thus LIST may be abbreviated to "LT." The default cases for the commands are: UNLIST, PALOFF, and the TABS set to columns 8, 16, and 35.

LIST

Causes the same output that appears at the SPUNCH device to also be directed to the SPRINT file/device, with the following exceptions: the pseudo ops EJECT and SKIP n are executed rather than being just printed. Thus the listing is nearer to the final assembly. Also fatal and nonfatal errors are flagged on the SPRINT listing.

UNLIST

Turns off the listing facility described. Listings may be turned on and off as often as desired.

PALON

Turns on a simple translator which will convert a great deal of a PAL source into a DEXEMBLER-compatible source. It handles such things as the indirect flag (I to \*) and the translation of periods into asterisks. Non-memory reference instructions separated by spaces will have a "+" inserted into the space position for the DEXEMBLER. In addition, a line of the form "\*300" will be converted to the appropriate DEXEMBLER pseudo op " ORG 300." A line of expressions terminated by semicolons (;) will be broken up into individual lines of text. Thus "TAD ONE; RTR; SMA" becomes

```
TAD    ONE
RTR
SMA
```

The converter is not able to handle such things as literals and defined constants, due to the symbol table requirements and the different allowable structures between the two assemblers. These lines will have to be found and corrected by hand, or they may be left to be flagged by the DEXEMBLER.

#### PALOFF

Turns off the PAL conversion routines. Conversion, as in listing, may be turned on and off as desired.

#### TABS

The tabs which determine the fixed-form output are preset to columns 1, 8, 16, and 35. Of these, the latter three may be reset to any desired value by a \$TABS command. Any combination of those three values may be left out. Trailing commas resulting from the omission of items may be left off; leading and internal commas are required. After reading a TABS command the system responds with a comment designating the new values.

#### BOX

Used for titling pages or routines, this command draws a box of asterisks around the text remaining between the BOX command and column 72 of the source line. The line of text so determined is tabbed to the second tab field (column 16 for default tabs). Any text which would extend beyond column 69 of the output line is truncated. If the BOX command is followed by another BOX command that next line is placed

under the first. The bottom of the box is closed only when no more contiguous BOX commands are found.

Commands may be concatenated on a single card separated by blanks or commas, with the exception of the BOX command which, if so done, must be the last command on the card, otherwise the following commands will be BOXED rather than executed.

Example: \$TABS,, 28 LIST PALON

#### IV. INPUT FORMAT DESCRIPTION

To allow easy use from those terminals with facilities for both upper- and lower-case letters, all alphabetic input is automatically converted to capital letters as it is read from the SCARDS device. If PAL is on, the normal rules of PAL hold. These can be reviewed in DEC publication 8-3-S. With PAL off, the following conventions hold.

Comment Lines: A line is a comment when the character in column 1 of the source line is an asterisk (\*). This type of line is transmitted directly to the output device. If the character in column 1 should be a semicolon (;) then a special comment state is entered and the remaining text is tabbed to the second tab field with an asterisk inserted in column 1. This is handy for subroutine and other labeling.

Text Lines: If an alphabetic character is found in column 1, it is presumed to be the first character of a



statement label. The first blank terminates the statement label and starts a hunt for the operator field. If the first character of the input line (column 1) is a blank or comma then it is assumed there is not a statement label and a search for the operator field is begun.

The operator field is delimited by the first non-special character\* at the left and the first blank or semicolon on the right. The semicolon serves as a comment delimiter. All text following it is tabbed to the third tab field (default column 35) and the remainder of the card is outputted directly.

If the operator field is not terminated directly with a semicolon, then a search for the expression field is begun. If a semicolon is found first then, as before, the remaining text is tabbed to the comment field. Otherwise the scan continues until the first nonspecial character is found. The expression field is terminated by a blank or semicolon. Any text remaining, if any, is taken as a comment.

If the source cards contain sequenced ID it is copied to the sink line images. If there is no ID, then the output lines are trimmed of trailing blanks before being transmitted to the SINK device.

---

\* Special characters being those used by the editor, such as asterisk, comma, or dollar sign.

IMPLICIT INTEGER\*2 (A-Z)

```
C ***** STATE TABLES *****
C ***** DEXEDIT STATE TABLE
C ***** COLUMNS=STATES(0-7)
C ***** ROWS=INPUTS ($ * , ; BLANK TEXT)
INTEGER*2 STATE(8,6)/11,10,10,10,10,10,07,07,
1      08,10,10,03,05,05,07,07,
2      02,02,10,10,10,10,07,07,
3      09,10,10,06,06,06,06,07,
4      02,02,02,04,04,06,06,07,
6      01,01,03,03,05,05,07,07/
```

```
C ***** PAL STATE TABLE
C ***** COLUMNS=STATES(0-7)
C ***** ROWS=INPUTS (* , ; / =)
INTEGER*2 PSTATE(8,5)/05,09,09,09,02,02,02,04,
1      01,07,07,07,09,09,09,04,
2      09,09,09,06,06,06,06,04,
3      08,09,09,03,03,03,03,04,
4      09,10,10,10,09,09,09,04/
```

DIMENSION LINE(80),C(80),TAB(3),COL(4)

DIMENSION CMMDS(6)

DIMENSION OPS(50)

DIMENSION EJECT(5),SPACE(5),ORG(3),EQU(3)

DATA BREAK/' ', '/', SCOLON/' ': ', COMMA/' ', '/'

DATA PERIOD/' . ', SLASH/' / ', EYE/' I '

DATA BLANK/' ', ASTER/' \* ', DOLLAR/' \$ '

DATA MINUS/' - ', PLUS/' + ', EQUAL/' = '

DATA EJECT/' E ', 'J ', 'E ', 'C ', 'T '

DATA SPACE/' S ', 'P ', 'A ', 'C ', 'E '

DATA ORG/' O ', 'R ', 'G '

DATA EQU/' E ', 'Q ', 'U '

DATA HF040/ZF040/,H8140/Z8140/,HA940/ZA940/,H4000/Z4000/

DATA HF940/ZF940/,HC140/ZC140/,HE940/ZE940/,H0040/Z0040/

DATA HFF00/ZFF00/

DATA TAB/8,16,35/

```
C ***** COMMANDS: LIST,UNLIST,TABS,PALON,PALOFF,BOX
```

DATA CMMDS/'LT','UT','TS','PN','PF','RX'/

DATA OPS/6,3,'A ','N ','D ',3,'T ','A ','D ',

1 3,'I ','S ','Z ',3,'D ','C ','A ',

2 3,'J ','M ','S ',3,'J ','M ','P '/

LOGICAL PSW,LIST,PAL,BOX

LOGICAL PSEUDO,INIT,MORPAL,MEMREF

LOGICAL LEQU

```
C ***** PROGRAM INITIALIZATION
```

LCNT=0

ERROR=0

FIELD=0

LIST=.FALSE.

LEQU=.FALSE.

PSW=.FALSE.

PAL=.FALSE.

BOX=.FALSE.

INIT=.TRUE.

```
20 READ (5,1001,END=100) C
```

DO 201 I=1,80

```
201 IF (C(I).GE.H8140.AND.C(I).LE.HA940) C(I)=C(I)+H4000
```

LCNT=LCNT+1

I=1

\*\*\*\*\* NOW BLANK OUTPUT LINE IMAGE

```
21 DO 211 L=1,80
211 LINE(L)=BLANK
S=0
ICOL=0
LASTL=1
MEMREF=.FALSE.
MORPAL=.FALSE.
PSEUDO=.FALSE.
L=1
220 IF (C(I).NE.DOLLAR) GO TO 222
JUMP=STATE(S+1,1)
GO TO (31,32,33,34,35,36,37,38,39,40,41), JUMP
222 IF (.NOT.BOX) GO TO 223
PUNCH 1009
IF (LIST) PRINT 1009
BOX=.FALSE.
223 IF (INIT.AND.LIST) PRINT 1011
INIT=.FALSE.
IF (C(I).NE.ASTER) GO TO 23
IF (.NOT.PAL) GO TO 2231
JUMP=PSTATE(S+1,1)
GO TO (32,35,36,37,65,66,67,68,40,70), JUMP
2231 JUMP=STATE(S+1,2)
GO TO (31,32,33,34,35,36,37,38,39,40), JUMP
23 IF(C(I).NE.COMMA) GO TO 24
IF (.NOT.PAL) GO TO 231
JUMP=PSTATE(S+1,2)
GO TO (32,35,36,37,65,66,67,68,40,70), JUMP
231 JUMP=STATE(S+1,3)
GO TO (31,32,33,34,35,36,37,38,39,40), JUMP
24 IF(C(I).NE.SCOLON) GO TO 25
IF (.NOT.PAL) GO TO 241
JUMP=PSTATE(S+1,3)
GO TO (32,35,36,37,65,66,67,68,40,70), JUMP
241 JUMP=STATE(S+1,4)
GO TO (31,32,33,34,35,36,37,38,39,40), JUMP
25 IF(C(I).NE.BLANK) GO TO 26
JUMP=STATE(S+1,5)
GO TO (31,32,33,34,35,36,37,38,39,40), JUMP
26 IF (C(I).NE.EQUAL.OR..NOT.PAL) GO TO 261
JUMP=PSTATE(S+1,5)
GO TO (32,35,36,37,65,66,67,68,40,70), JUMP
261 IF (C(I).NE.SLASH.OR..NOT.PAL) GO TO 27
JUMP=PSTATE(S+1,4)
GO TO (32,35,36,37,65,66,67,68,40,70), JUMP
C ***** IF IN PAL STATE, ASSUME TEXT BELONGS TO
C ***** OPER FIELD UNTIL A COMMA IS FOUND.
27 IF (PAL.AND.S.EQ.0) S=2
JUMP=STATE(S+1,6)
GO TO (31,32,33,34,35,36,37,38,39,40), JUMP
C ***** STATEMENT LABEL STATE
31 S=1
IF (L.LE.8) GO TO 45
IF (PSW) GO TO 46
PSW=.TRUE.
ICOL=ICOL+1
COL(ICOL)=L
GO TO 46
C ***** LOOK FOR OPERATOR FIELD STATE
32 S=2
```

```
GO TO 46
C ***** OPERATOR FIELD STATE
33 IF (S.EQ.3) GO TO 45
C ***** IF PAL, IS THIS A MEMORY REF INSTRUCTION
IF (.NOT.PAL) GO TO 3300
FINOPS=OPS(1)
OPEND=1
DO 3306 CNT=1,FINOPS
K=OPEND+1
OPEND=OPS(K)+K
K=K+1
KS=K
DO 3305 K=KS,OPEND
IF (C(I+K-KS).NE.OPS(K)) GO TO 3306
3305 CONTINUE
MEMREF=.TRUE.
GO TO 3304
3306 CONTINUE
3300 DO 3301 K=1,5
IF (C(I-1+K).NE.EJECT(K)) GO TO 3302
3301 CONTINUE
GO TO 334
3302 DO 3303 K=1,5
IF (C(I-1+K).NE.SPACE(K)) GO TO 3304
3303 CONTINUE
GO TO 335
3304 IF (L.GE.TAB(1)) GO TO 331
336 L=TAB(1)
GO TO 332
331 IF (PSW) GO TO 333
ICOL=ICOL+1
COL(ICOL)=L-1
PSW=.TRUE.
333 L=L+1
332 S=3
GO TO 45
334 PRINT 1011
PSEUDO=.TRUE.
GO TO 336
335 NUM=0
K=I+6
DO 3351 K=K,72
C ***** IF C(K) IS A NUMBER, GO TO 3352
IF (C(K).LE.HF940.AND.C(K).GE.HF040) GO TO 3352
IF (NUM.NE.0) GO TO 3353
3351 CONTINUE
C ***** DEFAULT 1 SPACE
NUM=1
GO TO 3353
3352 NUM=(NUM*10)+((C(K)-HF040)/2**8)
GO TO 3351
3353 DO 3354 J=1,NUM
3354 PRINT 1012
PSEUDO=.TRUE.
GO TO 336
C ***** LOOK FOR EXPRESSION FIELD STATE
34 S=4
GO TO 46
C ***** EXPRESSION FIELD STATE
35 IF (S.EQ.5) GO TO 45
```

```
IF (.NOT.PAL) GO TO 356
IF (MEMREF) GO TO 355
LINE(L)=PLUS
L=L+1
S=5
GO TO 45
355 IF (C(I).EQ.PERIOD) C(I)=ASTER
IF (C(I).EQ.EYE.AND.C(I+1).EQ.BLANK) GO TO 354
356 IF (L.GE.TAB(2)) GO TO 351
L=TAB(2)
GO TO 352
351 ICOL=ICOL+1
COL(ICOL)=L-1
PSW=.TRUE.
357 L=L+1
352 S=5
GO TO 45
354 LINE(L)=ASTER
S=4
LASTL=L
GO TO 451
C ***** LOOK FOR COMMENT FIELD STATE
36 IF ((PAL.AND.C(I).EQ.SLASH).OR(.NOT.PAL)) GO TO 361
S=4
GO TO 46
361 S=6
GO TO 46
C ***** COMMENT FIELD STATE
37 IF (S.EQ.7) GO TO 45
IF (L.GE.TAB(3)) GO TO 371
L=TAB(3)
GO TO 372
371 ICOL=ICOL+1
COL(ICOL)=L-1
PSW=.TRUE.
373 L=L+1
PSW=.TRUE.
372 S=7
45 LINE(L)=C(I)
IF (C(I).NE.BLANK) LASTL=L
451 L=L+1
IF (L.GE.73) GO TO 461
46 I=I+1
IF (I.LE.72) GO TO 220
461 IF (I.EQ.72) GO TO 464
I=I+1
DO 462 I=I,72
IF (C(I).NE.BLANK) GO TO 463
462 CONTINUE
GO TO 464
463 PSW=.TRUE.
ICOL=ICOL+1
COL(ICOL)=L-1
C ***** TEXT FINISHED.COPY ID FIELD
464 L=73
DO 47 I=73,80
IF (C(I).EQ.BLANK) GO TO 47
LINE(L)=C(I)
LASTL=L
L=L+1
```

```
47 CONTINUE
C ***** TACK ONE TRAILING BLANK ONTO LINE
48 IF (LASTL.EQ.1.AND.LINE(1).EQ.BLANK) GO TO 481
LASTL=LASTL+1
481 PUNCH 1001,(LINE(L),L=1,LASTL)
IF (LIST.AND..NOT.PSEUDO) PRINT 1001,(LINE(L),L=1,LASTL)
IF (.NOT.PSW.AND..NOT.MORPAL) GO TO 20
IF (.NOT.PSW.AND.MORPAL) GO TO 21
PRINT 1003,LCNT,(COL(K),K=1,ICOL)
FIELD=FIELD+1
PSW=.FALSE.
IF (MORPAL) GO TO 21
GO TO 20

C
C ***** PAL SPECIAL SECTIONS
C
C ***** CHANGE INITIAL * TO "ORG"
65 L=TAB(1)
DO 651 J=1,3
651 LINE(L-1+J)=ORG(J)
C ***** FAKE IT, FOR NO "+"
652 MEMREF=.TRUE.
S=4
LASTL=L
GO TO 451

C ***** STRIP MULTIPLE LINES WITHIN ONE
66 LASTL=L-1
MORPAL=.TRUE.
I=I+1
GO TO 48
C ***** COMMA OR = FOUND AFTER FIRST TEXT FIELD
C ***** THUS MOVE OPER BACK TO LABEL FIELD.
67 START=TAB(1)
DO 671 J=START, LASTL
671 LINE(J-TAB(1)+1)=LINE(J)
TEMP=LASTL
LASTL=LASTL-START+1
C ***** NOW BLANK OUT PREVIOUS OPER FIELD
START=LASTL+1
DO 672 J=START, TEMP
672 LINE(J)=BLANK
L=LASTL+1
IF (LEQU) GO TO 673
GO TO 32
673 L=TAB(1)
DO 674 J=1,3
674 LINE(L-1+J)=EQU(J)
LEQU=.FALSE.
GO TO 652

C ***** PAL COMMENT CARD
68 C(1)=ASTER
GO TO 38
C ***** CHANGE = TO "EQU"
70 LEQU=.TRUE.
GO TO 67

C
C ***** COMMAND LANGUAGE DECODER
41 I=1
411 I=I+1
DO 412 I=1,72
```

```
C      ***** IF C(I) IS A LETTER, GO TO 413
      IF (C(I).GE.HC140.AND.C(I).LE.HE940) GO TO 413
412    CONTINUE
      GO TO 20
413    CLIS=I
      DO 414 I=I,72
      IF (C(I).EQ.BLANK.OR.C(I).EQ.COMMA) GO TO 415
414    CONTINUE
C      ***** HAVE COMMAND, NOW FIND ENTRY POINT
415    CLIE=I-1
      CMMD=(C(CLIS)-H0040)+(C(CLIE)/2**8-HFF00-1)
      DO 416 J=1,6
      IF (CMMD.EQ.CMMDS(J)) GO TO 417
416    CONTINUE
C      ***** INVALID COMMAND
      IF (CLIE-CLIS.GT.40) CLIE=CLIS+40
      PRINT 1010,(C(I),I=CLIS,CLIE)
      GO TO 411
417    GO TO (421,422,423,424,425,426),J
C      ***** COMMAND...LIST
421    LIST=.TRUE.
      GO TO 411
C      ***** COMMAND...UNLIST
422    LIST=.FALSE.
      GO TO 411
C      ***** COMMAND...TABS
C      ***** TAB SETUP
423    NUM=0
      T=1
      DO 4235 I=I,72
C      ***** IF C(I) ALPHABETIC, GO TO 4236
      IF (C(I).GE.HC140.AND.C(I).LE.HE940) GO TO 4236
C      ***** IF C(I) .NOT. A NUMBER, GO TO 4231
      IF (C(I).GT.HF940.OR.C(I).LT.HF040) GO TO 4231
      NUM=(NUM*10)+((C(I)-HF040)/2**8)
      GO TO 4235
4231    IF (C(I).NE.COMMA) GO TO 4232
      IF (NUM.EQ.0) GO TO 4234
      GO TO 4233
4232    IF (C(I).EQ.BLANK.AND.NUM.EQ.0) GO TO 4235
4233    TAB(T)=NUM
      NUM=0
4234    T=T+1
      IF (T.EQ.4) GO TO 4236
4235    CONTINUE
4236    PRINT 1007,TAB
      GO TO 411
C      ***** COMMAND...PALON
424    PAL=.TRUE.
      GO TO 411
C      ***** COMMAND...PALOFF
425    PAL=.FALSE.
      GO TO 411
C      ***** COMMAND...BOX
426    IF (BOX) GO TO 4261
      IF (INIT.AND.LIST) PRINT 1011
      INIT=.FALSE.
      PUNCH 1008
      IF (LIST) PRINT 1008
      BOX=.TRUE.
```

```
4261 I=I+1
      START=TAB(2)
      DO 4262 L=START,69
      LINE(L)=C(I)
      I=I+1
      IF (I.GT.72) GO TO 4263
4262 CONTINUE
4263 LINE(1)=ASTER
      LINE(71)=ASTER
      PUNCH 1000,(LINE(L),L=1,71)
      IF (LIST) PRINT 1000,(LINE(L),L=1,71)
      GO TO 20

C
C ***** TERMINATION MESSAGE
100 IF (BOX) PUNCH 1009
      IF (BOX.AND.LIST) PRINT 1009
      PRINT 1006,ERROR,FIELD,LCNT
      STOP

C ***** PRINT COMMENT CARD
38 PUNCH 1001,C
      IF (LIST) PRINT 1001,C
      GO TO 20

C ***** INDENTED (SPECIAL) COMMENT
39 LINE(1)=ASTER
      L=TAB(2)
      DO 391 I=2,80
      LINE(L)=C(I)
      IF (C(I).NE.BLANK) LASTL=L
391 L=L+1
      GO TO 48

C ***** ERROR MESSAGE
40 IF (LIST) PRINT 1001,C
      PRINT 1002,ERROR,I
      ERROR=ERROR+1
      PUNCH 1004,ERROR,ERROR
      IF (ERROR.LE.10) GO TO 20
      PRINT 1005
      STOP

C
C ***** FORMATS
C
1000 FORMAT(71A1)
1001 FORMAT(80A1)
1002 FORMAT('E',I3,T7,'***** ILLEGAL SYMBOL IN COLUMN',I3)
1003 FORMAT('***** FIELD OVERFLOW',4X,'LINE',
1I5,4X,'COLUMN(S)',I3,3(' ',I3))
1004 FORMAT('ERROR',I3,1X,62(1H*),T73,'ERROR',I3)
1005 FORMAT(/52H***** THIS ISN'T ASSEMBLY LANGUAGE, IT'S MADNESS *****)
1006 FORMAT(1H1/'ALL INPUT HAS BEEN PROCESSED'/
1'FLAGS (ERROR',I4,4X,'FIELD',I4,1H),10X,
2'LINES PROCESSED',I5/)
1007 FORMAT('TABS SET TO',I3,1H,,I3,5H, AND,I3)
1008 FORMAT(71(1H*)/1H*,T71,1H*)
1009 FORMAT(1H*,T71,1H*/71(1H*))
1010 FORMAT('***** INVALID COMMAND....',40A1)
1011 FORMAT(1H1)
1012 FORMAT(1H )
      END
```



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