Sandra Lach Arlinghaus sarhaus@umich.edu http://www-personal.umich.edu/~sarhaus/

Volume I of the *Spatial Synthesis** series focuses on theory; Volume II* of the series focuses on applications, turning theory into practice.

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These chapters use subtle effects and reflect the mportance of transparency in making concepts become clear.

INTRODUCTION

Graphics created on the computer often employ subtle capabilities that did not really exist in a paper and pen environment. Thus, "white" becomes a color to be used in the same way as red or green. "Transparent" also becomes a color by which to uncover parts of other images. Two dimensional maps composed of layers in Geographic Information Systems software may look through one layer to see part of another. Images created in Adobe Photoshop can be assigned partially opaque colors to let still others show through. The world of three-dimensional models suggests a host of oppotunity for making things "clear." The emphasis in this second book in Volume II of the *Spatial Synthesis* is on the importance of transparency.

A visual annoted bibliography of previous related applications appears below. In the figure, click on an image (including the Earth at night) to go to related links. Author names appear on linked materials. These images link to electronic materials internal to the Institute of Mathematical Geography (IMaGe). Individual articles contain links to citations to a variety of materials. A poster based on this image was presented at the first "Scientific Applications with Google Earth Conference," October 22-23, 2008, at The University of Michigan, Ann Arbor. (Link to full-sized poster presented by the author.)

POPULATION-ENVIRONMENT DYNAMICS: A GOOGLE EARTH APPROACH

Sandra Lach Arlinghaus, Ph.D., Adjunct Professor of Mathematical Geography and Population-Environment Dynamics, School of Natural Resources and Environment, The University of Michigan; Member Executive Community Systems Foundation

BEFORE GOOGLE EARTH...

MUNICIPAL APPLICATIONS: PLANNING, ZONING, AND EMERGENCY MANAGEMENT



ARCHIMEDES IN ANN ARBOR: VISUALIZATION OF THE ALLEN CREEK FLOODPLAIN











THEN CAME GOOGLE EARTH

A HOST OF BUILDINGS (OVER 400) WAS CREATED, TOWN AND GOWN--TEXTURED AND UNTEXTURED, AND FROM THAT WORK, 2006 FORWARD, FLOWED OTHER APPLICATIONS...

Allen Creek



Classical Central Place Theory







The Skyline as Barchart: The Vertical City--Urban Change over Time.



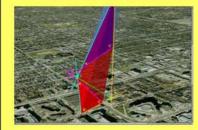
Banda Aceh, Piling up of Tsunami Waters



Burundi Buffers: Devinfo Data to Google Earth



Desargues's Two Triangle Theorem

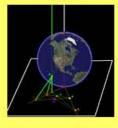


Selected References:



Google, Escher, and ...?

Harmonic Map Projection Theorem

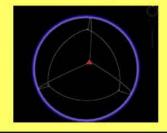




Tracking the spread of possible honeybee extinction



The Transparent Google Globe: The Next Frontier? Tetrahedron in the Google Globe





http://www.mylovedone.com/SpatialSynthesisVol2Book2/[2/4/2018 1:40:21 PM]



*2005: Book. <u>Spatial Synthesis, Volume I: Centrality and Hierarchy. Book 1</u>. Arlinghaus, Sandra Lach and Arlinghaus, William Charles. June 21. 2008: Book. <u>Spatial Synthesis, Volume II, Book 1. Scientific, Planning, Humanitarian, and Teaching Applications, From DevInfo to Google Earth</u>. Arlinghaus, Sandra Lach, et al.

Software used for analysis:

- DevInfo 5.0: http://www.devinfo.org/
- Adobe[®] PhotoShop and ImageReady
- Adobe[®] DreamWeaver
- ESRI:
 - ArcView[®] 3.2
 - ArcGIS[®] 9.2
 - ArcCatalog[®]
 - ArcMap[®]
- Google Earth[®]

Author affiliation:

Arlinghaus, Sandra Lach. Adjunct Professor of Mathematical Geography and Population-Environment Dynamics, School of Natural Resources and Environment, The University of Michigan. Executive Committee Member (Secretary) Community Systems Foundation, sarhaus@umich.edu, <u>http://www-personal.umich.edu/~sarhaus/</u>

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POPULATION-ENVIRONMENT DYNAMICS: A GOOGLE EARTH APPROACH

Sandra Lach Arlinghaus, Ph.D., a.k.a. "Archimedes" in the Google 3D Warehouse, Adjunct Professor of Mathematical Geography and Population-Environment Dynamics, School of Natural Resources and Environment, The University of Michigan

BEFORE GOOGLE EARTH...

MUNICIPAL APPLICATIONS: PLANNING, ZONING, AND EMERGENCY MANAGEMENT





ARCHIMEDES IN ANN ARBOR: VISUALIZATION OF THE ALLEN CREEK FLOODPLAIN





THEN CAME GOOGLE EARTH

A HOST OF BUILDINGS (OVER 400) WAS CREATED, TOWN AND GOWN--TEXTURED AND UNTEXTURED, AND FROM THAT WORK, 2006 FORWARD, FLOWED OTHER APPLICATIONS...

Allen Creek



The Skyline as Barchart: The Vertical City--Urban Change over Time.



Banda Aceh. **Piling up of Tsunami Waters**



Classical Central Place Theory





A Study in Shadows



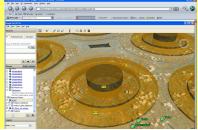
Google, Escher, and ...?



Tracking the spread of possible honeybee extinction



Burundi Buffers: DevInfo Data to Google Earth





Desargues's Two Triangle Theorem



Selected References:

Solstice: An Electronic Journal of Geography and Mathematics http://www.imagenet.org/

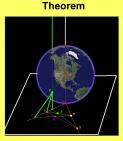
Spatial Synthesis eBooks: http://www.imagenet.org/

3D Atlas of Ann Arbor series: http://www.imagenet.org/

Lists of various other contributors can be found in associated books and articles found at the url above. In addition, all those works are also archived in Deep Blue: http://deepblue.lib.umich.edu/handle/2027.42/58219

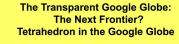
"Archimedes" is a Featured Google Earth Modeler in the 3D Warehouse http://sketchup.google.com/3dwarehouse/

Models by "Archimedes" are also featured in "Help Model A City" and in "Cities in Development." http://sketchup.google.com/3dwarehouse/



Neighborhood Watch





*"Google"



ON THE HORIZON...

image 640.8 Integra & philo Tarraidentina & 2013 Europa Torinalispina

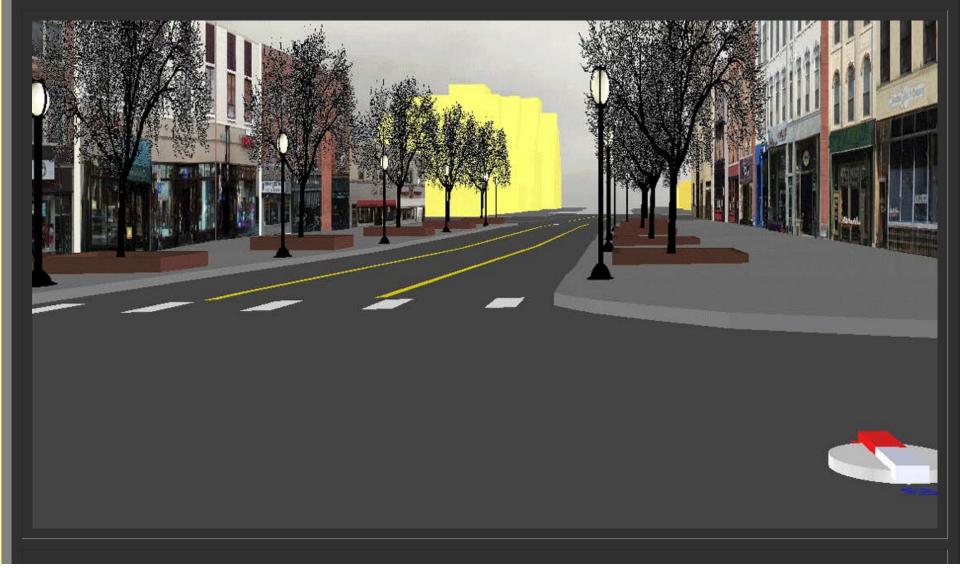
Spatial Synthesis: Volume II, Book 2. Making It Clear: The Invertance of Transparency. Includes a range of applications from Mathematics to Art to Population-Environment Dynamics. Escher/Barr Earth; Klein Earth, Fractal Earth E-book, in press.

More Population-Environment Dynamics applications, some with Michael Batty.

More Mathematical Geography applications

Sandra Lach Arlinghaus sarhaus@umich.edu http://www-personal.umich.edu/~sarhaus/

ANNOTATED RELATED LINKS ARCHIMEDES IN ANN ARBOR: VISUALIZATION OF THE ALLEN CREEK FLOODPLAIN





Virtual reality files created in 3D Studio Max suggest local changes in flooding that might come from a downstream disruption. While these files are correctly referenced in relation to each other they are not correctly geo-referenced in relation to latitude and longitude and therefore are not compatible with the original City of Ann Arbor GIS maps that served as base maps. The red semi-opaque chimneys on the rooftops are not there in the real world. These serve as links to pages that inventory the building content for emergency management purposes.

IMaGe LINKS

The links in this section go to files presented to municipal authorities (at the 3D Laboratory of the Duderstadt Center at The University of Michigan, at City Hall, and at the Downtown Development Authority) to visualize possible outcomes from displacement of water due to the building of new structures in the Allen Creek floodplain and also to understand implications that might involve emergency management. The red rooftop links to building content inventories were designed as a consequence of a building fire in the downtown in which a flammable substance stored in the basement caused a problem. Matthew Naud, Environmental Coordinator and Emergency Manager (at the time of file creation) worked with the author to suggest various strategies for the models. Links to the vrml files that create these images are included in the references.

The floodplain model illustrates the problems of building new structures in floodplains and suggests, based on Archimedes Principle of Displacement, the possible unintended consequences that might come about. When one drives through the vrml model, it is possible to see which basements would be flooded in addition to the more obvious problems for buildings above ground.

The vrml files have sounds linked to them to accentuate the effect. A bounding box for various types of sounds, from Beethoven's Sixth associated with the top image, to emergency sirens and rescue helicopters associated with the bottom image, circumscribe sound to make it drop off with distance. Considerable effort was taken to make the scenes realistic. They were shown to members of City Council, Planning Commission, University Administrators, and Downtown Development Authority staff.

In eBooks:

- 3D Atlas of Ann Arbor, 3rd Edition, Sandra Lach Arlinghaus with input from others noted throughout. June 2007.
- <u>3D Atlas of Ann Arbor, 2nd Edition</u>. Sandra Lach Arlinghaus, November, 2006.
- 3D Atlas of Ann Arbor, 1st Edition. Editor and principal author: Sandra Lach Arlinghaus with co-authors noted throughout the files. June, 2006.

In Solstice: An Electronic Journal of Geography and Mathematics:

- Volume XV, Number 1, 2004
 - The View from the Top: Visualizing Downtown Ann Arbor in Three Dimensions Sandra L. Arlinghaus, Fred J. Beal, and Douglas S. Kelbaugh
 - One Optimization of an Earlier Model of Virtual Downtown Ann Arbor Klaus-Peter Beier
- Volume XII, Number 1 Maps and Decisions: Allen's Creek Floodplain, Opportunity or Disaster? Sandra Lach Arlinghaus

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 - ArcGIS[®] 9.2
 - ArcCatalog[®]
 - ArcMap[®]
- Google Earth[®]

Author affiliation:

Arlinghaus, Sandra Lach. Adjunct Professor of Mathematical Geography and Population-Environment Dynamics, School of Natural Resources and Environment, The University of Michigan. Executive Committee Member (Secretary) Community Systems Foundation, sarhaus@umich.edu, <u>http://www-personal.umich.edu/~sarhaus/</u>

Published by: Institute of Mathematical Geography

http://www.imagenet.org http://deepblue.lib.umich.edu/handle/2027.42/58219 October, 2008.

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Sandra Lach Arlinghaus sarhaus@umich.edu

http://www-personal.umich.edu/~sarhaus/

ANNOTATED RELATED LINKS MUNICIPAL APPLICATIONS: PLANNING, ZONING, AND EMERGENCY MANAGEMENT

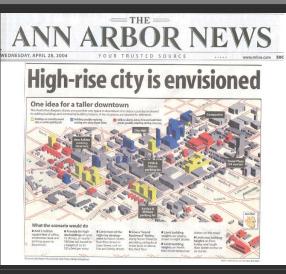




IMaGe LINKS

The links in this section go to files presented to municipal authorities (at the 3D Laboratory of the Duderstadt Center at The University of Michigan, at City Hall, and at the Downtown Development Authority) to visualize possible outcomes from changing

http://www.mylovedone.com/SpatialSynthesisVol2Book2/00a.html[2/4/2018 1:42:22 PM]

heights of buildings in the downtown and in understanding how changes in zoning might alter the vertical city.

The author introduced 3D models to her colleagues on the City of Ann Arbor Planning Commission during her years of service to that group (1995-2003). Initially, in the late 1990s, there were 3D models with no textures made in ArcView 3.2 with Spatial Analyst and 3D Analyst extensions. The Ordinance Revisions Committee of Planning Commission was able to use these in selected applications.

The image at the top of the page shows a report on a public hearing in Council Chambers in Ann Arbor City Hall. That hearing was the outcome of months of work using the urban planning models described above in association with the Downtown Residential Task Force of the Downtown Development Authority (DDA). The models were handed over to the DDA and ultimately to Calthorpe Associates who subsequently used them in making a variety of recommendations to City Council.

In 2003, after leaving City Planning Commission, the was able to learn (when serving as a Faculty Advisor) to make more realistic looking models in 3D Studio Max. In continuing work with Matthew Naud, Environmental Coordinator for the City of Ann Arbor (and then Emergency Manager, as well) a variety of other 3D models were developed with textures on the buildings so that they appeared to be more realistic.

The second image on this page shows a screen capture of a virtual reality file made using 3D Studio Max. The files were large in size and were not georeferenced. Thus, their use was not backward compatible with the city GIS files from which the building footprints were originally derived. Also, they were not aligned with the City aerials and contours. Nonetheless, their realism was attractive. Naud saw them as a possible way for firefighters, in their downtime, to have fun with them on laptops with the intended consequence of having them learn more about the road network and street names of the city they were serving.

Because, the file size is large, separate files with building textures were built a block at a time. In all, 12 blocks of the downtown were done. Photographic assistance came from students in Prof. Klaus-Peter Beier's Virtual Reality course in the College of Engineering of The University of Michigan. Being able to link between files was of course critical if one were to drive around town and learn about it. The semi-transparent red "kiosk" in the street intersection in the bottom figure is not really there; it was introduced as a place to click to go to the next file. Because it is somewhat transparent, building façades are not obscured.

The list of references below is selected from a much larger set. Additional citations may be found in the linked article co-authored by Arlinghaus, Beal, and Kelbaugh.

In eBooks

- 3D Atlas of Ann Arbor, 3rd Edition, Sandra Lach Arlinghaus with input from others noted throughout. June 2007.
- 3D Atlas of Ann Arbor, 2nd Edition, Sandra Lach Arlinghaus, November, 2006 · 3D Atlas of Ann Arbor, 1st Edition. Editor and principal author: Sandra Lach Arlinghaus with co-authors noted throughout the files. June, 2006

In Solstice: An Electronic Journal of Geography and Mathematics:

- Volume XVI, Number 1, 2005 Kloskland: A Strategy for Linking Hierarchical Levels of Virtual Reality Maps Sandra Lach Arlinghaus et al.
- Volume XV, Number 1, 2004
- The View from the Top: Visualizing Downtown Ann Arbor in Three Dimensions Sandra L. Arlinghaus, Fred J. Beal, and Douglas S. Kelbaugh-contains many references to related work · One Optimization of an Earlier Model of Virtual Downtown Ann Arbor Klaus-Peter Beier
- Volume XIV, Number 2, 2003 Ann Arbor, Michigan: Virtual Downtown Experiments, Part II Sandra Lach Arlinghaus
- Ann Arbor, Michigan: Virtual Downtown Experiments, Part III Teajung Kwon, Adrien A. Lazzaro, Paul J. Oppenheim, Aaron Rosenblum
 Volume XIV, Number 1, 2003 Ann Arbor, Michigan: Virtual Downtown Experiments Sandra Lach Arlinghaus

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- KLEIN EARTH

Software used in analysis

- DevInfo 5.0: http://www.devinfo.org/
- Adobe[®] PhotoShop and ImageReady
- Adobe[®] DreamWeaver • ESRI:
- ArcView[®] 3.2
 - ArcGIS[®] 9.2
 - ArcCatalog[®]
- ArcMap[®]
- Google Earth[®]

Author affiliation:

Arlinghaus, Sandra Lach. Adjunct Professor of Mathematical Geography and Population-Environment Dynamics, School of Natural Resources and Environment, The University of Michigan. Executive Committee Member (Secretary) Community Systems Foundation, sarhaus@unich.edu, http://www.personal.unich.edu/-sarhaus

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http://www.imagenet.org http://deepblue.lib.umich.edu/handle/2027.42/58219 October, 2008. Convright by Sar

Sandra Lach Arlinghaus sarhaus@umich.edu http://www-personal.umich.edu/~sarhaus/

ANNOTATED RELATED LINKS ANN ARBOR, 3D ATLASES AND RELATED MATERIALS



IMaGe LINKS

The links in this section reflect the direct evolution of the *3D Atlas of Ann Arbor* series. In eBooks:

• 3D Atlas of Ann Arbor, 3rd Edition, Sandra Lach Arlinghaus with input from others noted throughout. June 2007.

- <u>3D Atlas of Ann Arbor, 2nd Edition</u>. Sandra Lach Arlinghaus, November, 2006.
- 3D Atlas of Ann Arbor, 1st Edition. Editor and principal author: Sandra Lach Arlinghaus with co-authors noted throughout the files. June, 2006.

In Solstice: An Electronic Journal of Geography and Mathematics:

- Volume XVII, Number 1, 2006 3D Atlas of Ann Arbor: The Google Earth® Approach Part I; Part II Sandra Lach Arlinghaus
- Volume XVI, Number 2, 2005 NEWS: UPDATE ON THE 3D ATLAS OF ANN ARBOR
 - Archimedes in Ann Arbor? Sandra Lach Arlinghaus

- Virtual Flood in the Allen Creek Floodplain and Floodway. Alyssa J. Domzal, Ui Sang Hwang, and Kris J. Walters, Jr.
- Volume XVI, Number 1, 2005 Kioskland: A Strategy for Linking Hierarchical Levels of Virtual Reality Maps Sandra Lach Arlinghaus et al.
 Volume XV, Number 1, 2004
 - The View from the Top: Visualizing Downtown Ann Arbor in Three Dimensions Sandra L. Arlinghaus, Fred J. Beal, and Douglas S. Kelbaugh
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Arlinghaus, Sandra Lach. Adjunct Professor of Mathematical Geography and Population-Environment Dynamics, School of Natural Resources and Environment, The University of Michigan. Executive Committee Member (Secretary) Community Systems Foundation, sarhaus@umich.edu, http://www-personal.umich.edu/~sarhaus/

Published by: Institute of Mathematical Geography

Sandra Lach Arlinghaus sarhaus@umich.edu http://www-personal.umich.edu/~sarhaus/

ANNOTATED RELATED LINKS THE TRANSPARENT GOOGLE GLOBE: THE NEXT FRONTIER? TETRAHEDRON IN THE GOOGLE GLOBE

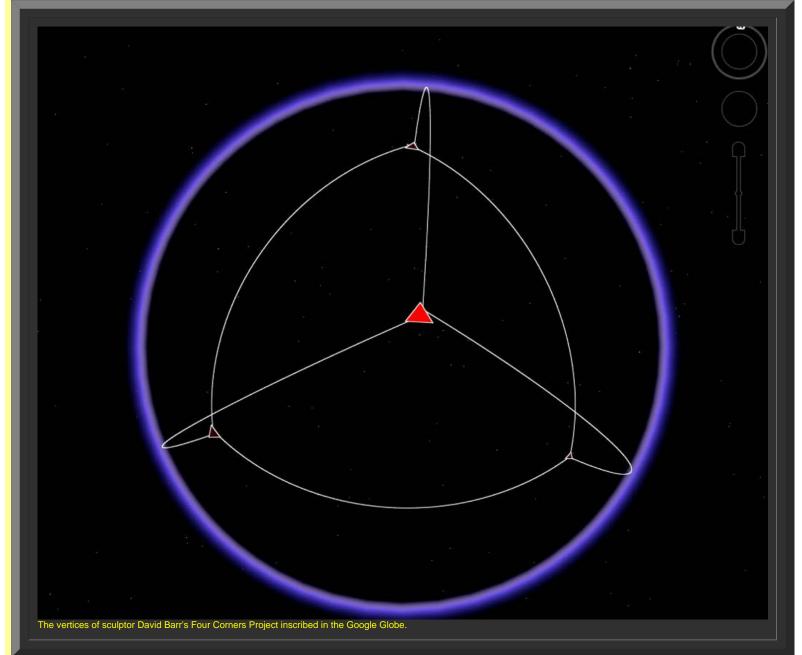


IMaGe LINKS

The link in this section is to a monograph about the work of sculptor David Barr. Imagine all the figures from this earlier book cast in the Google Globe so that one might try to understand the great difficulty in traversing the terrain difficulties Barr encountered in planting his four corners in Easter Island, the Kalahari Desert, the Greenland icecap, and Irian Jaya. Later material in this book will examine the detail of making the Google Earth ball become transparent and present other ways to use the transparent

Google Globe.

Book

Monograph One 78 pp. (master document prepared using MTS by Gwen Nystuen) Sandra L. Arlinghaus and John D. Nystuen, 1986. Mathematical Geography and Global Art: the Mathematics of David Barr's `Four Corners Project'.

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ANNOTATED RELATED LINKS NEIGHBORHOOD WATCH AND COMMUNITY SITES



IMaGe LINKS

The links in this section include material from the City of Ann Arbor, from The University of Michigan, and from a local citizens group. The image above shows a screen capture of a Google Earth display of crime statistics from the City of Ann Arbor Police Department, Neighborhood Watch Program, gathered during the authors tenure on the city-wide Neighborhood Watch Advisory Panel (to Adele El-Ayoubi, Neighborhood Watch Coordinator, City of Ann Arbor Police Department). Because there is very little crime in Ann Arbor, it was possible to enter the data by hand to display the power of the approach, especially when coupled with the 3D building stock (created by the author as Archimedes--over 400 buildings). Work is underway to automate the process using a live feed (see the article below by Lars Schumann).

In Solstice: An Electronic Journal of Geography and Mathematics:

- Volume XIX, Number 1, 2008
 - Another Tale of Two Cities: Neighborhood Watch from Ann Arbor to Baghdad Sandra Lach Arlinghaus
 - Google Earth Applications in a Community Information System: Scio Residents for Safe Water Roger Rayle
 - Huron River Tour, Ann Arbor Matthew Naud
 - Real-time Animation Scripts for Google Earth Lars Schumann
- Volume XV, Number 1, 2004 A Golfer's Resource: Huron Hills Golf Course, Ann Arbor, Michigan Andrew Walton

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Spatial Synthesis

Spatial Synthesis Volume II, Book 2: Making It Clear: The Importance of Transparency

Sandra Lach Arlinghaus sarhaus@umich.edu http://www-personal.umich.edu/~sarhaus/

ANNOTATED RELATED LINKS DESARGUES'S TWO TRIANGLE THEOREM

http://www.mylovedone.com/SpatialSynthesisVol2Book2/10.html[2/4/2018 1:42:32 PM]

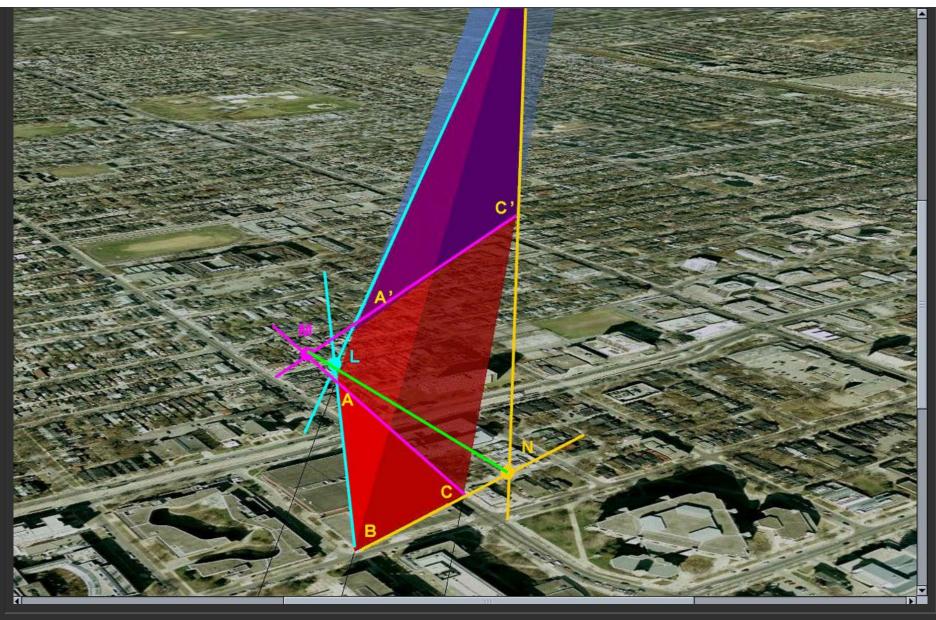


IMaGe LINKS

The links in this section suggest the power of Google Earth in visualizing non-Euclidean geometry theorems. The image above uses transparency to look through the otherwise complicated appearance of Desargues's Two Triangle theorem from Projective Geometry. The lines joining corresponding vertices of two triangles are concurrent, forming a tower with these triangles as sections. In this case, the tower is situated over the Sidney Smith Building of the University of Toronto, home to the Department of Mathematics and the late, great, geometer Professor H. S. M. Coxeter: mathematics history is linked to the mathematics itself.

```
Spatial Synthesis
```

Transparency makes the locations of intersection points of corresponding sides, and their associated collinearity, become clear. Visualizing a two-dimensional theorem in three dimensions, using semi-opaque colors, makes geometric relationships become clear.

In Solstice: An Electronic Journal of Geography and Mathematics:

- Volume XVIII, Number 2, 2007 (all by Sandra Lach Arlinghaus)
 - Special Issue on Projective Geometry Constructions
 - Geometry/Geography, Visual Unity
 - The Animated Pascal
 - Desargues's Two-Triangle Theorem
- Volume XVII, Number 1, 2006 Zipf's Hyperboloid? Sandra L. Arlinghaus and Michael Batty

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ANNOTATED RELATED LINKS HARMONIC MAP PROJECTION THEOREM

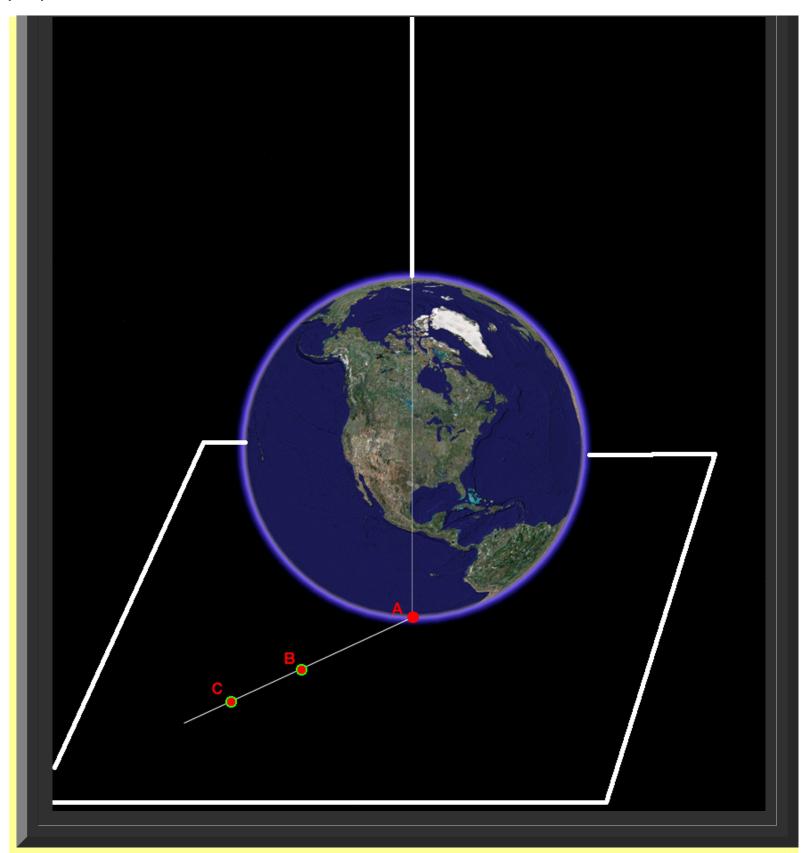


IMaGe LINKS

Read about harmonic conjugacy in association with true perspective projections of the globe to a mapping plane. All perspective mapping is captured by this projective geometric construction!

In Solstice: An Electronic Journal of Geography and Mathematics:

Volume XVIII, Number 2, 2007 Geometry/Geography, Visual Unity Sandra Lach Arlinghaus

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ANNOTATED RELATED LINKS TRACKING THE SPREAD OF POSSIBLE HONEYBEE EXTINCTION

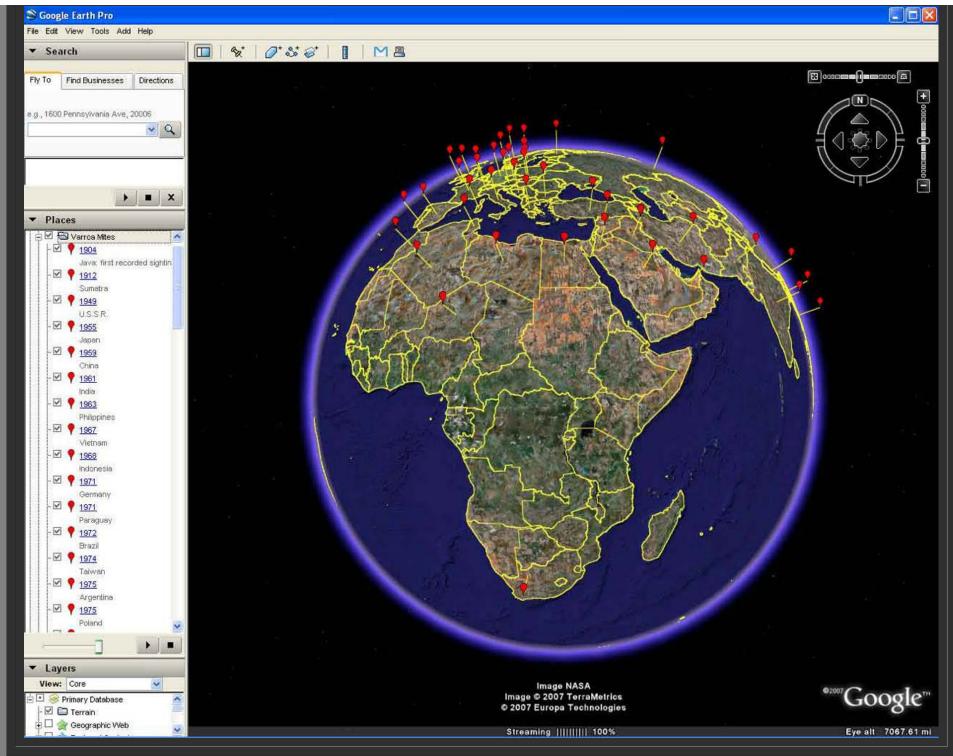


IMaGe LINKS

The links in this section track the progress of Diana Sammataro's research on the Varroa mite that threatens the world's honeybee population.

In Solstice: An Electronic Journal of Geography and Mathematics:

- Volume XVIII, Number 1, 2007 Update on the Varroa Mite Map Diana Sammataro [with Editorial Commentary]
- <u>Volume XVII, Number 2, 2006</u> <u>Update on the Varroa Mite Map</u> Diana Sammataro
- Volume XII, Number 1, 2001 Update on the Varroa Mite Map Diana Sammataro
- Volume IX, Number 1, 1998 Animaps Sandra L. Arlinghaus, William D. Drake, and John D. Nystuen with data and other input from: Audra Laug, Kris S. Oswalt, and Diana Sammataro

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- Google Earth[®]

Author affiliation:

Arlinghaus, Sandra Lach. Adjunct Professor of Mathematical Geography and Population-Environment Dynamics, School of Natural Resources and Environment, The University of Michigan. Executive Committee Member (Secretary) Community Systems Foundation, sarhaus@umich.edu, <u>http://www-personal.umich.edu/~sarhaus/</u>

Published by: Institute of Mathematical Geography

http://www.imagenet.org

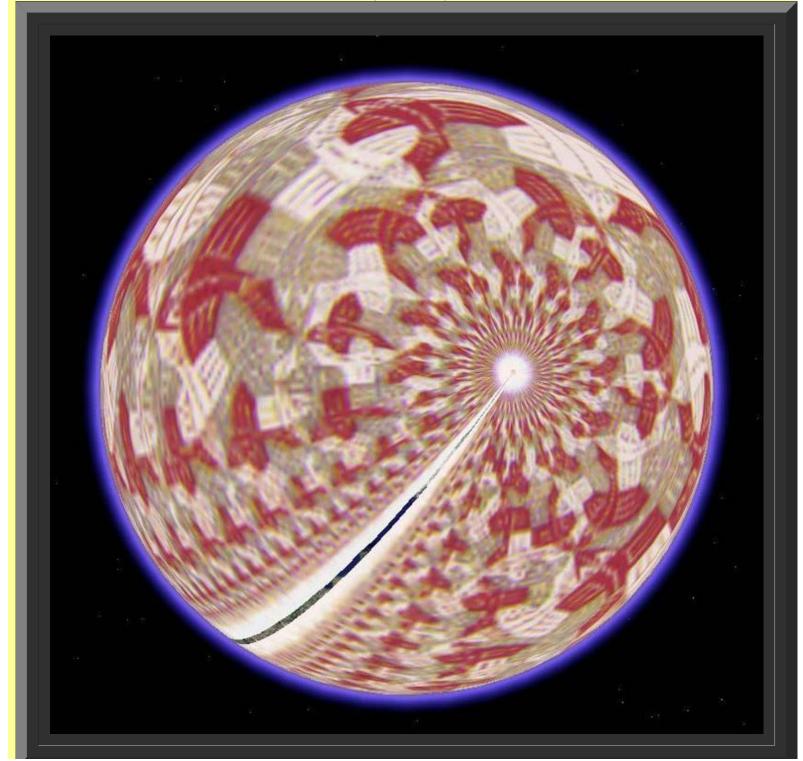
http://deepblue.lib.umich.edu/handle/2027.42/58219

October, 2008.

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Sandra Lach Arlinghaus sarhaus@umich.edu http://www-personal.umich.edu/~sarhaus/

> ANNOTATED RELATED LINKS GOOGLE, ESCHER, AND ?



http://www.mylovedone.com/SpatialSynthesisVol2Book2/07.html[2/4/2018 1:42:38 PM]

IMaGe LINKS

The links in this section reflect a variety of uses of transparency, blank space, alternative viewpoints, and imaginative input. The paraphrase in the title is a reference to Douglas Hofstadter's Pulitzer Prize winning book, <u>Gödel, Escher</u>, <u>Bach</u>. One "natural" way to fill in the "?" in the page title of "Google, Escher, ?" is with the rhyming maiden last name of the author, thus making the title, "Google, Escher, <u>Escher</u>, <u>Lach</u>"...however, there may well be better ways and that remains a challenge to readers!

In Solstice: An Electronic Journal of Geography and Mathematics:

- Volume XIX, Number 1, 2008 Mouth Geography...Or, Sleep Apnea and Linguistics? William E. Arlinghaus
- Volume XVIII, Number 2, 2007 The Animated Pascal Sandra L. Arlinghaus
- Volume XVII, Number 1, 2006 PseudoCoup: A Psubtle Puzzle Link to Solution William C. Arlinghaus
- Volume XVI, Number 1, 2005 A Methodology for Historical Geography: Internet Implementation Ann Evans Larimore with Sandra Lach Arlinghaus and Robert Haug
- Volume XV, Number 2, 2004
 - Two Rivers Ridge: Capturing Art Sandra Arlinghaus and Braxton Blake
 - Goode's 80th! Sandra Lach Arlinghaus
- Volume XIV, Number 2, 2003 Lewis and Clark, 200 Years: A Visual Tribut to an Exploration. The Gates of the Rocky Mountains. Sandra Arlinghaus, Robert Haug, Ann Larimore
- Volume XIV, Number 1, 2003 Animated Time Lines: Coordination of Spatial and Temporal Information Sandra Arlinghaus, Michael Batty, and John Nystuen
- Volume IX, Number 1, 1998 Revitalizing Maps or Images? Sandra L. Arlinghaus, Ruben De la Sierra

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- Adobe[®] DreamWeaver
- ESRI:
 - ArcView[®] 3.2
 - ArcGIS[®] 9.2
 - ArcCatalog[®]
 - ArcMap[®]

Google Earth[®]

Author affiliation:

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ANNOTATED RELATED LINKS BURUNDI BUFFERS: DEVINFO TO GOOGLE EARTH

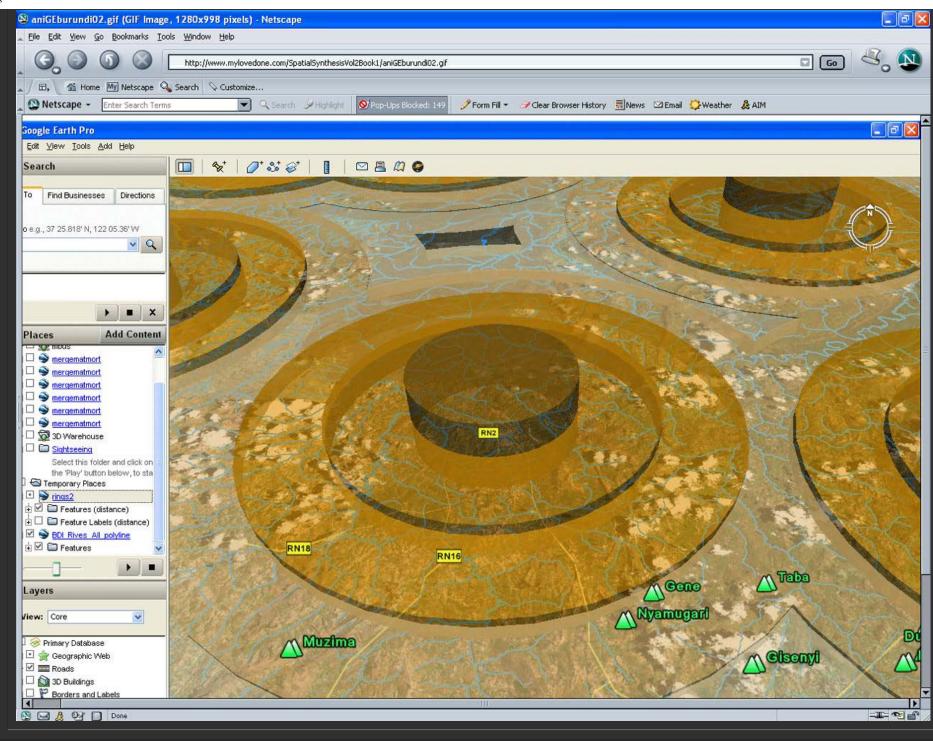


IMaGe LINKS

The links in this section suggest a variety of uses, most involving transparency and others involving related ideas, for spatial buffers. Buffers are often used to represent tributary errors to point locations--the city and its hinterland, and so forth. Partially transparent buffers permit us to look through to other maps, as Schlossberg suggests. Later work lets partially transparent reveal terrain and all that Google Earth has to offer.

When Google Earth is linked to DevInfo, particularly strong possibilities for 3D modeling in developing nations become apparent (see the first book below). DevInfo is software in place, through the United Nations, in over 80 developing nations of the world. It was developed by Community Systems Foundation (Ann Arbor), an international NGO in partnership with the United Nations. The backbone of the software is GIS. It is a stand alone package that is given to client nations along with training so that they become self-sufficient in monitoring and evaluating a host of humanitarian issues. It has seen use in a variety of humanitarian applications, from maternal and child health care to rescue efforts following earthquakes. Related links: http://www.CommunitySystemsFoundation.org/ ; http://www.csfnet.org/

In eBooks:

- Spatial Synthesis: Scientific, Planning, Humanitarian, and Teaching Applications, From DevInfo to Google Earth. Volume II, Book 1. September 2008. Sandra L. Arlinghaus, et al.
- Spatial Synthesis: Centrality and Hierarchy. Volume I, Book 1. Sandra Lach Arlinghaus and William Charles Arlinghaus. June 21, 2005.

In Solstice: An Electronic Journal of Geography and Mathematics:

- Volume XV, Number 1, 2004 Visualizing Accessibility II: Access to Food Marc Schlossberg
- <u>Volume XIV, Number 2, 2003</u> Tornado Siren Location, Response to Previous Article
 - Letter from United States Member of Congress, John Dingell
 - Quotations from articles in The Ann Arbor News
- Volume XIV, Number 1, 2003 Tornado Siren Location: Ann Arbor, Michigan Sandra Lach Arlinghaus
- Volume XIII, Number 2, 2002 Visual Accessibility with GIS Marc Schlossberg
- Volume XII, Number 2, 2001 Base Maps, Buffers, and Bisectors Sandra Lach Arlinghaus
- Volume X, Number 2 A Map of Jackson, Mississippi Sandra L. Arlinghaus

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Published by: Institute of Mathematical Geography

Sandra Lach Arlinghaus sarhaus@umich.edu http://www-personal.umich.edu/~sarhaus/

ANNOTATED RELATED LINKS A STUDY IN SHADOWS

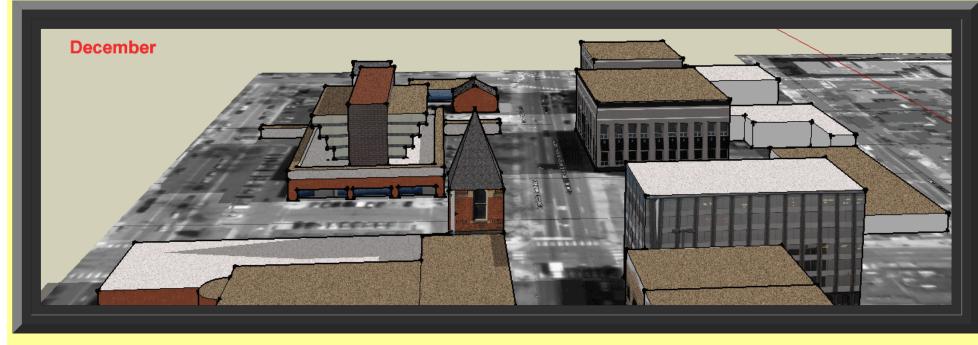


IMaGe LINKS

The links in this section are related to shadows. The image above shows shadow change, modeled in Google SketchUp for a segment of downtown Ann Arbor. The shadows that grow over time are more transparent than are the fixed ones that came in with the aerial baseplate from Google Earth.

In Solstice: An Electronic Journal of Geography and Mathematics:

- Volume XVII, Number 1, 2006 3D Atlas of Ann Arbor: The Google Earth® Approach Part I Sandra Lach Arlinghaus
- Volume XVI, Number 2, 2005 Beyond the Shadow Sandra L. Arlinghaus and William C. Arlinghaus (Variation on a submission for the Pirelli Challenge of 2005).

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ANNOTATED RELATED LINKS CLASSICAL CENTRAL THEORY



IMaGe LINKS

The links in this section reflect the evolution of an approach to classical central place theory created by S. Arlinghaus in 1985 (Arlinghaus, S. "Fractals Take A Central Place" *Geografiska Annaler*, 67B, 1985, pp. 83-88, Journal of the Stockholm School of Economics; Arlinghaus S. and Arlinghaus, W. "The Fractal Theory of Central Place Hierarchies: A Diophantine Analysis of Fractal Generators for Arbitrary Loschian Numbers" *Geographical Analysis: An International Journal of Theoretical Geography*, Ohio State University Press, Vol. 21, No. 2, April, 1989, pp. 103-121) written about in these references and elsewhere.

The image above illustrates a strategy for aligning an historical map with the actual landscape. It also inserts bars as part of a hierarchy of the spatial distribution of cities and tributary areas in World War II Poland.

In eBooks: Spatial Synthesis: Centrality and Hierarchy. Volume I, Book 1. Sandra Lach Arlinghaus and William Charles Arlinghaus. June 21, 2005.

In Solstice: An Electronic Journal of Geography and Mathematics:

- Volume XVII, Number 2, 2006 (all by Sandra Lach Arlinghaus)
 - Special Issue on Internet Geometry and Geography: Introduction to the Special Issue
 - Visualizing a Map of Walter Christaller, Poland 1941
 - Part I: Benchmarking the Map
 - Part II: Interpolation of the Benchmarked Map

 Volume XV, Number 1, 2004 Spatial Synthesis Sampler. Geometric Visualization of Hexagonal Hierarchies: Animation and Virtual Reality. Sandra Lach Arlinghaus and William Charles Arlinghaus. Semi-Finalist, Pirelli INTERNETional Award.

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Sandra Lach Arlinghaus sarhaus@umich.edu http://www-personal.umich.edu/~sarhaus/

ANNOTATED RELATED LINKS BANDA ACEH, PILING UP OF TSUNAMI WATERS



similar, but not identical, effect occurs with tides in the Bay of Fundy. Policy makers of all sorts might be well-advised not to create channels with man-made structures that could cause unintended consequences from the piling up of water, air, or other naturally flowing substances.

IMaGe LINKS

The links in this section reflect a growing association in using Google Earth in projects and interests of Community Systems Foundation, an international NGO in Ann Arbor partnered with the United Nations.

In eBooks: <u>Spatial Synthesis: Scientific, Planning, Humanitarian, and Teaching Applications, From DevInfo to Google Earth</u>. Volume II, Book 1. September 2008. Sandra L. Arlinghaus, et al.

In Solstice: An Electronic Journal of Geography and Mathematics:

Volume XVII, Number 2, 2006 Banda Aceh: A View on the Globe Sandra Lach Arlinghaus

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Spatial Synthesis

Volume II, Book 2: Making It Clear: The Importance of Transparency

Sandra Lach Arlinghaus sarhaus@umich.edu http://www-personal.umich.edu/~sarhaus/

ANNOTATED RELATED LINKS THE SKYLINE AS BARCHART: THE VERTICAL CITY--URBAN CHANGE OVER TIME

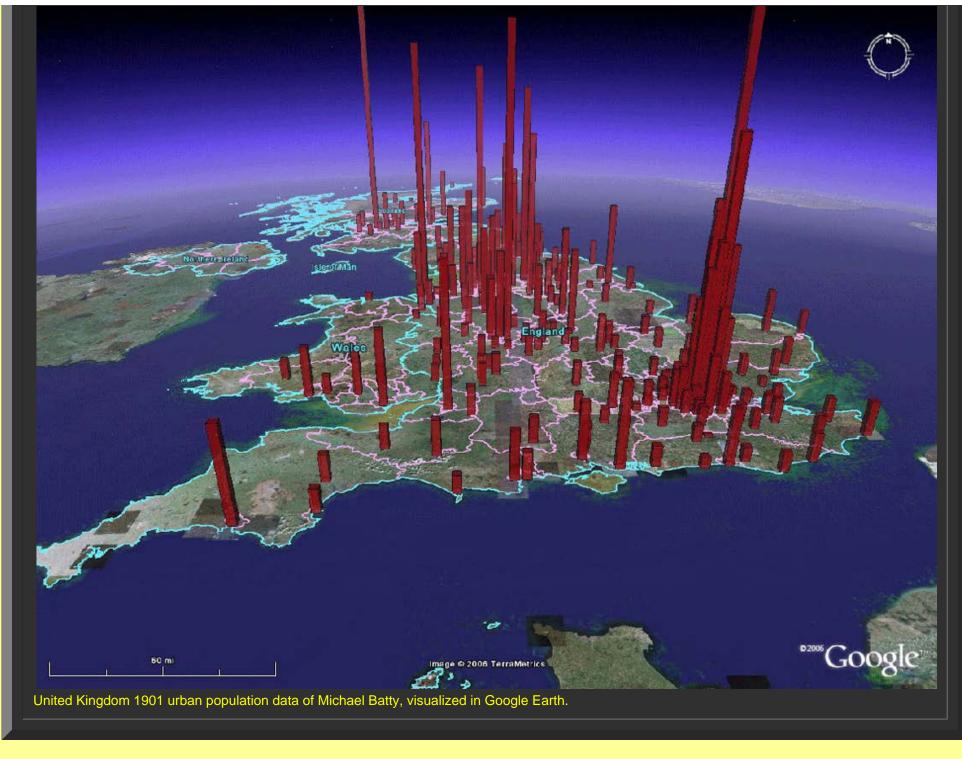


IMaGe LINKS

The links in this section reflect collaboration between S. Arlinghaus and M. Batty in the use of geometry in geography. An added link to a Tobler paper reflects his long-standing and continuing interest in that same interaction. A wide variety of linked articles reflecting relations between geometry and geography is available in the Solstice archive and in the online eBooks archive, <u>http://www.imagenet.org/</u>

In Solstice: An Electronic Journal of Geography and Mathematics:

- Volume XVII, Number 2, 2006 Visualizing Rank and Size of Cities and Towns Sandra Arlinghaus and Michael Batty
 - Part I: England, Scotland, and Wales, 1901-2001
 - Part II: Greater London, 1901-2001
- Volume XVII, Number 1, 2006 Zipf's Hyperboloid? Sandra L. Arlinghaus and Michael Batty
- Volume XII, Number 2 Spherical Measures without Spherical Trigonometry Waldo Tobler

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Published by: Institute of Mathematical Geography

Spatial Synthesis

Spatial Synthesis Volume II, Book 2: Making It Clear: The Importance of Transparency

Sandra Lach Arlinghaus sarhaus@umich.edu http://www-personal.umich.edu/~sarhaus/

ANNOTATED RELATED LINKS ALLEN CREEK

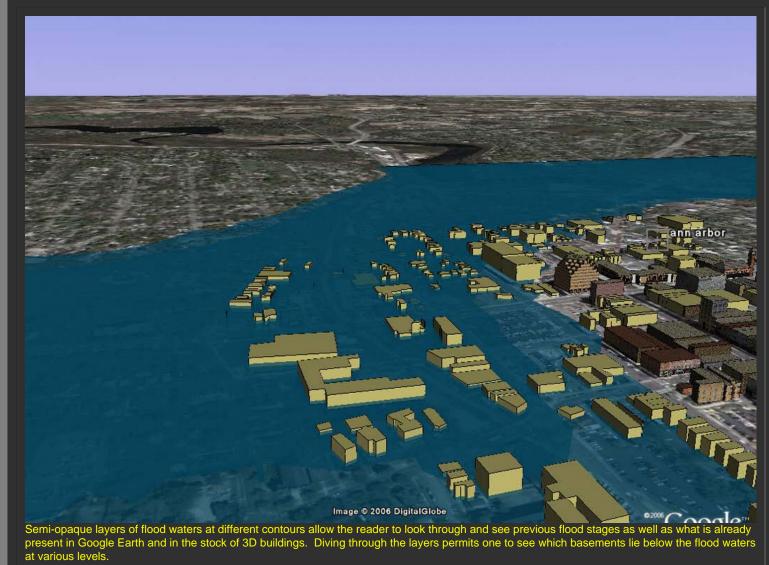


IMaGe LINKS

The link in this section goes to files presented to municipal authorities (at the 3D Laboratory of the Duderstadt Center at The University of Michigan) to visualize, in Google Earth, possible outcomes from displacement of water due to the building of new structures in the Allen Creek floodplain. The image above shows an overlay in which different levels of water are visible. The image below shows an animation of successive fillings of the floodplain to different contour levels, from 770 to 900 feet. Both were used in conjunction with a discussion of Archimedes Principle of Displacement ("bathtub principle") to illustrate the difficulty of building new structures in an existing floodplain. New structures will cause unintended consequences when the "bathtub" is filled; the filling water that has been displaced will overflow the "tub" perimeter.



In Solstice: An Electronic Journal of Geography and Mathematics:

- Volume XVI, Number 2, 2005 NEWS: UPDATE ON THE 3D ATLAS OF ANN ARBOR
 - Archimedes in Ann Arbor? Sandra Lach Arlinghaus
 - Virtual Flood in the Allen Creek Floodplain and Floodway. Alyssa J. Domzal, Ui Sang Hwang, and Kris J. Walters, Jr.

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Sandra Lach Arlinghaus sarhaus@umich.edu http://www-personal.umich.edu/~sarhaus/

ANNOTATED RELATED LINKS SPATIAL SYNTHESIS



Great Lakes Basin: City Lights in Google Earth. Link to an earlier related article in Solstice: Volume XIII, Number 1, 2002 The Lights Are On, All Over the World Sandra Lach Arlinghaus.

IMaGe LINKS

The links in this section reflect the direct evolution of the *Spatial Synthesis* series. In eBooks:

- Spatial Synthesis: Scientific, Planning, Humanitarian, and Teaching Applications, From DevInfo to Google Earth. Volume II, Book 1. September 2008. Sandra L. Arlinghaus, et al.
- Spatial Synthesis: Centrality and Hierarchy. Volume I, Book 1. Sandra Lach Arlinghaus and William Charles Arlinghaus. June 21, 2005.

In Solstice: An Electronic Journal of Geography and Mathematics:

- Volume XVI, Number 1, 2005
 - Spatial Synthesis: The Evidence of Cartographic Example: Hierarchy and Centrality Sandra Lach Arlinghaus
 - Spatial Synthesis: Investigations in Progress Sandra Lach Arlinghaus

- Volume XV, Number 2, 2004 Spatial Synthesis: 3D Atlas of Ann Arbor Sandra Lach Arlinghaus
- Volume XV, Number 1, 2004 Spatial Synthesis Sampler. Geometric Visualization of Hexagonal Hierarchies: Animation and Virtual Reality Sandra Lach Arlinghaus and William Charles Arlinghaus. Semi-Finalist, Pirelli INTERNETional Award.
- Volume XIII, Number 2, 2002 Spatial Synthesis: A Research Program Sandra L. Arlinghaus and William C. Arlinghaus

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Sandra Lach Arlinghaus sarhaus@umich.edu http://www-personal.umich.edu/~sarhaus/

ANNOTATED RELATED LINKS AWARDS



IMaGe LINKS

The link in this section shows selected "Blue Ribbon" models, of Archimedes, in the Google 3D Warehouse. Models receiving a Blue Ribbon appear in the default loadset of Google Earth when the 3D Buildings switch is clicked on. The scene above is aligned correctly with the underlying aerials. As aerials have changed in Google Earth over time, the alignment has become distorted.

In Solstice: An Electronic Journal of Geography and Mathematics:

Volume XVIII, Number 2, 2007

• Awards (contains recent listing of "blue ribbons" from the "Best of the Google 3D Warehouse")

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Sandra Lach Arlinghaus sarhaus@umich.edu http://www-personal.umich.edu/~sarhaus/

Volume I of the *Spatial Synthesis** series focuses on theory; Volume II* of the series focuses on applications, turning theory into practice.

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These chapters use subtle effects and reflect the mportance of transparency in making concepts become clear.

INTRODUCTION

Graphics created on the computer often employ subtle capabilities that did not really exist in a paper and pen environment. Thus, "white" becomes a color to be used in the same way as red or green. "Transparent" also becomes a color by which to uncover parts of other images. Two dimensional maps composed of layers in Geographic Information Systems software may look through one layer to see part of another. Images created in Adobe Photoshop can be assigned partially opaque colors to let still others show through. The world of three-dimensional models suggests a host of oppotunity for making things "clear." The emphasis in this second book in Volume II of the *Spatial Synthesis* is on the importance of transparency.

A visual annoted bibliography of previous related applications appears below. In the figure, click on an image (including the Earth at night) to go to related links. Author names appear on linked materials. These images link to electronic materials internal to the Institute of Mathematical Geography (IMaGe). Individual articles contain links to citations to a variety of materials. A poster based on this image was presented at the first "Scientific Applications with Google Earth Conference," October 22-23, 2008, at The University of Michigan, Ann Arbor. (Link to full-sized poster presented by the author.)

POPULATION-ENVIRONMENT DYNAMICS: A GOOGLE EARTH APPROACH

Sandra Lach Arlinghaus, Ph.D., Adjunct Professor of Mathematical Geography and Population-Environment Dynamics, School of Natural Resources and Environment, The University of Michigan; Member Executive Community Systems Foundation

BEFORE GOOGLE EARTH...

MUNICIPAL APPLICATIONS: PLANNING, ZONING, AND EMERGENCY MANAGEMENT



ARCHIMEDES IN ANN ARBOR: VISUALIZATION OF THE ALLEN CREEK FLOODPLAIN











THEN CAME GOOGLE EARTH

A HOST OF BUILDINGS (OVER 400) WAS CREATED, TOWN AND GOWN--TEXTURED AND UNTEXTURED, AND FROM THAT WORK, 2006 FORWARD, FLOWED OTHER APPLICATIONS...

Allen Creek



The Skyline as Barchart: The Vertical City--Urban Change over Time.



Banda Aceh, Piling up of Tsunami Waters



Classical Central Place Theory





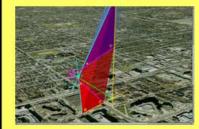
A Study in Shadows



Burundi Buffers: Devinfo Data to Google Earth



Desargues's Two Triangle Theorem

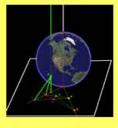


Selected References:



Google, Escher, and ...?

Harmonic Map Projection Theorem





Tracking the spread of possible honeybee extinction



The Transparent Google Globe: The Next Frontier? Tetrahedron in the Google Globe





http://www.mylovedone.com/SpatialSynthesisVol2Book2/index.html[2/4/2018 1:43:21 PM]



*2005: Book. <u>Spatial Synthesis, Volume I: Centrality and Hierarchy. Book 1</u>. Arlinghaus, Sandra Lach and Arlinghaus, William Charles. June 21. 2008: Book. <u>Spatial Synthesis, Volume II, Book 1. Scientific, Planning, Humanitarian, and Teaching Applications, From DevInfo to Google Earth</u>. Arlinghaus, Sandra Lach, et al.

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