THE UNIVERSITY OF MICHIGAN

COLLEGE OF ENGINEERING

ANNUAL REPORT OF ENGINEERING PLACEMENT

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Engineering Placement Service Room 128H, West Engineering Bldg.

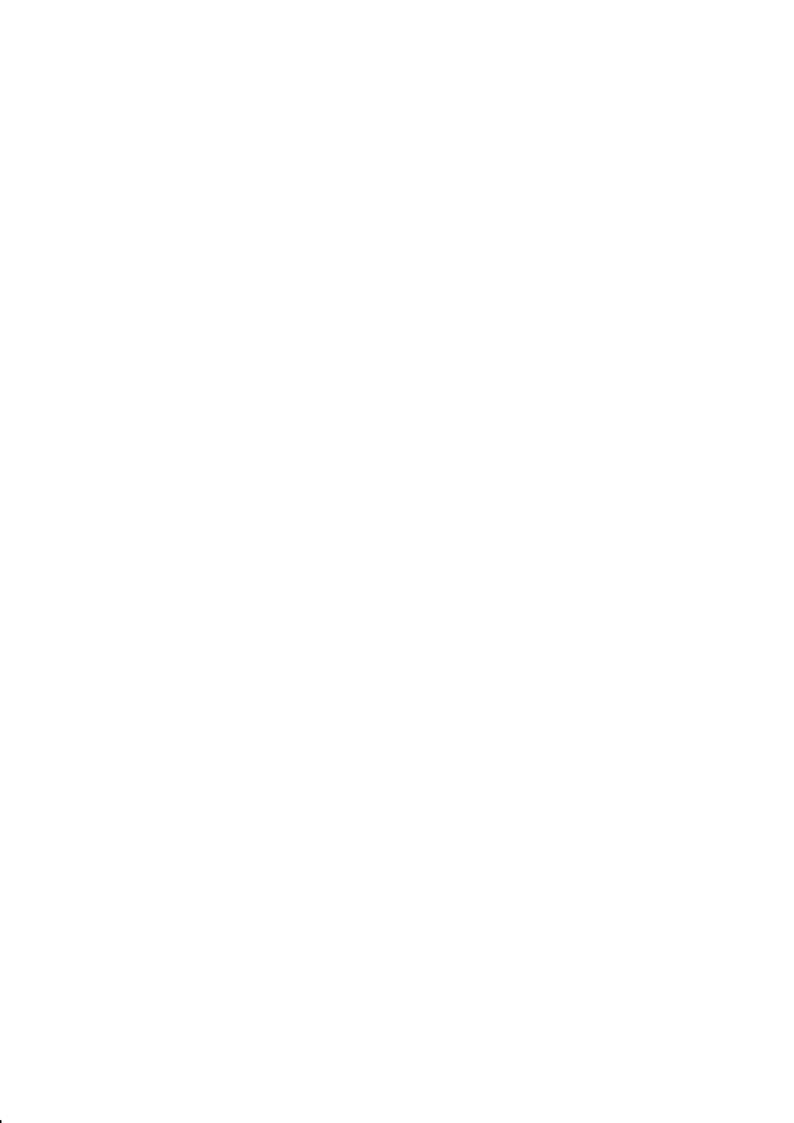


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ENGINEERING PLACEMENT

July 16, 1963 - June 5, 1964

A change in the University calendar, preparatory to instituting a tri-mester schedule, occasioned the earlier cut-off date indicated above.

The year was characterized by an evident continuation of the drop-off in the defense and space industry demand which started last year, and by a continued increase in demand from commercial industry. The net result was only a very small reduction in campus recruiting activity, as evidenced by the number of employers and interview visits. Students, however, responded to the situation with a substantial increase in interviewing effort and by maintaining the same average number of plant visits in spite of the reduction in vacation time available in this year's calendar.

In spite of the shift in demand, however, the proportion of students hired by the defense and space industry compared to others did not change appreciably, which may indicate a continued high demand for research and development type people in defense and space activities. This was also evidenced by the relatively slight decrease in the number of defense and space employers visiting the campus compared to the volume of reductions in government contract business.

A strong market for our graduates was further indicated by substantial increases in starting salaries at all degree levels and by the average number of offers remaining at the same level as last year.

The increase of last year in the proportion of students starting work in the Midwest or East at the expense of the West Coast continued, and an unusually large proportion of graduates started in operations and production work rather than research and development.

Advanced bookings for interview visits next year are about 10% behind this time last year, which may indicate some decline in recruiting intensity, but still a strong market.

NUMBER OF GRADUATES

		B.S.*			M.S.		Pro	fession	nal	Pì	n.D.		OTAL I		TOTAL IN	% IN
PROGRAM	Aug 163	Dec '63	May '64	Aug '63	Dec '63	May '64	Aug '63	Dec '63	May '64	Dec '63	May '64	Aug '63	Dec '63	May '64	EACH PROG.	EACH PROG.
Aero. & Astro. Chemical Civil Electrical Engrg. Math. Engrg. Mech. Engrg. Physics Industrial Instrumentation Materials Mechanical Metallurgical Meteorology Nav. Arch. & Mar. Nuclear Science	5 8 5 19 4 2 1 8	27 14 12 52 16 2 4 18	31 28 27 59 27 10 19 30 41 6	14 11 10 1	8 5 8 18 2 2 6 1 24 3	10 13 25 32 10 4 9 24 3	1	2	1	7 1 5 5 1 2 1 1 1 1 2 5 5	4 5 5 8 2 1 4 1	15 12 16 42 4 2 1 8 15 1 22 5	37 26 21 75 16 5 4 22 7 2 63 10 3 16 14	46 46 58 99 27 22 19 35 10 69 10	98 84 95 216 47 29 24 65 32 3 154 25 3	10 9 10 22 5 3 2 7 3 0 15 3 0
TOTALS IN EACH CLASS	73	199	312	74	88	148	6	2	3	36	33	153	3 25	496	974	100%
% IN EACH CLASS	13	34	53	24	28	48	55	18	27	52	48	15	33	51		
TOTALS AT EACH DEGREE LEVEL		584			310			11		e	59		975			
% AT EACH DEGREE LEVEL		60%			32%			1%			7%		100%			

^{*} Includes graduates who received BS degree in more than one field.

COMMENTS

The total number of graduates increased about 3%, but this regained less than half of the decline of the previous year. The number of Ph.D's increased by 27%, however, for the largest number ever granted by the College in one year and more than twice the number granted six years ago.

The trend by programs was almost the exact inverse of last year with Aeronautical, Electrical, Mechanical, Instrumentation, and Nuclear all showing substantial increases compared to decreases last year. Similarly, Civil, Industrial, and Materials, which increased last year, showed decreases this year. Naval Architecture increased very substantially, Chemical continued to hold even, but Science continued to decline with only five graduates this year.

The proportion of advanced degrees continued to increase, but by only 1% compared to 3% last year.

STUDENT AND ALUMNI ACTIVITY

NUMBER OF STUDENTS INTERVIEWING	BS	MS	PhD	Total
Citizens* for Regular Employment Citizens for Summer Employment Non-citizens Non-engineers	313 58 49 32	55	75 30 27 6	527 133 131 98
Totals	452	299	138	889
NUMBER OF INTERVIEWS CONDUCTED				
FOR REGULAR EMPLOYMENT	Fal	l s	pring	Total
By Engineers, Citizens By Engineers, Non-citizens By Non-engineers	224 32: 19	2	3951 307 235	6198 629 430
Totals for Regular Employment	276)4	4493	7257
FOR SUMMER EMPLOYMENT	33	<u> </u>	1019	1354
Total for All Employmen	it 309	9 .	5512	8611
NUMBER OF INTERVIEWS, average	BS	MS	PhD	Total
per citizen accepting regular employment	12.0	11.1	3.5	10.9
NUMBER OF PLANT VISIT INVITATIONS, average	BS	MS	PhD	Total
per citizen accepting regular employment	3.9	9 6.6	5.5	4.9
NUMBER OF PLANT VISITS ACCEPTED, average	BS	MS	PhD	Total
per citizen accepting regular employment	2.8	3 4.5	3.9	3.4
INTERVIEWING BY PhD CANDIDATES	Before Sept. '		Expected After ot. '64	Total
Number of Candidates Interviewing Number of Interviews Taken Average Interviews per Candidate	54 267 5.0		42 124 3.0	96 391 4.1

^{* &}quot;Citizen" and "Non-citizen" refers to U.S. citizenship. Many non-citizens are available for temporary "practical training" employment only, usually for eighteen months following graduation.

POSTGRADUATE PLANS

	BS		MS		PhD		Total	
	\mathbb{N} o.	%	No.	%	No.	%	No.	%
To Accept Reg. Emplm't	142	44	73	40	24	69	239	44
To Continue School	126	39	44	24	0	0	170	32
To Military Service	49	15	39	21	3	8	91	17
To Return to Previous Emplm't	5	2	27	15	8	23	40	7
Totals	322	100	183	100	3 5	100	540	100

COMMENTS

Although the number of students interviewing decreased somewhat, especially for summer job applicants, the number of interviews per student increased so much that the total number of interviews conducted increased by nearly 18%.

In spite of the reduction in vacation time available during the first semester this year, the number of plant visits accepted actually increased slightly over last year.

The number of PhD candidates interviewing decreased to approximately the same level as in 1962-'63, but the average number of interviews per candidate increased by nearly 25%.

The proportion of students accepting regular employment or returning to previous employment was practically the same as last years, but there was some increase in the proportion going to military service at the expense of that continuing in school.

The number of alumni utilizing the placement service increased 6%, which was a little less than the increase last year.

EMPLOYER ACTIVITY

NUMBER OF EMPLOYERS SCHEDULING INTERVI	ing '	Total 472*		
NUMBER OF INTERVIEW VISITS				
BY INDUSTRIES	Visits Scheduled	Visits Cancelled	Vis: Comp.	its leted %
Aircraft, Space Veh., & Components Automotive & Mechanical Equipment Chemical, Drugs, & Allied Products Constr. & Bldg. Mat'ls. Mfgrs. Elect. Machinery & Equipment Electronics & Instruments Food & Beverage Processing Glass, Paper, Pkg., & Allied Products Metal & Metal Products Petro. & Allied Prod. (inc. Nat. Gas) Res. &/or Consulting Organizations Tire & Rubber Utilities-Public (inc. Trans.) State & Local Government Federal Government Educ. or Res. Related to Education	81 93 126 12 59 54 11 22 66 35 30 9 13 41 57 16	14 18 8 1 5 17 3 1 16 7 2 11 12 1	67 75 118 11 54 37 8 21 50 35 23 9 11 30 45 15	19 2 9 6 1 4 8 6 4
Totals	725	116	609	100
BY SIZE OF EMPLOYER'S ORGANIZATION Large (Over 5000 employees) Medium (Between 500 and 5000 employees) Small (Less than 500 employees)			Vis: Scheo No. 467 189 45	its duled % 67 27 6
Totals			701	100
NUMBER OF OFFERS, average per citizen accepting regular employm NUMBER OF EMPLOYERS REQUESTING APPLICAN Students for Regular Employment	TTS BY MAIL	ŕ	Ţ	Total 4.6
Sourcitor for the garat trubto incline	• • • • • • • • • • •	• • • • • • • • • • • • •	• • • • • •	_U

^{*} This total is the number of separate employers who scheduled visits during the year. Since more than half of these scheduled more than one visit, this total is <u>not</u> equal to the sum of the numbers of employers for fall and spring.

EMPLOYER ACTIVITY

COMMENTS

The number of employers scheduling visits increased slightly in the fall, but a drop-off in the spring resulted in a reduction of about 2% for the year.

The number of completed visits also decreased by 2%, in spite of some reduction in the proportion of cancellations.

The proportion of visits from the Aircraft, Space, and Electronics industries dropped off a total of 4% with a corresponding increase in the proportion from Metal and Metal Products. Other industries remained nearly the same.

After virtually no change for two years, the proportion of large employers increased 4% at the expense of medium-sized employers.

The average number of offers for all degree levels combined remained exactly the same as last year. This was the net result of small increases for BS and MS graduates and a decrease for PhD's.

The number of employers requesting students and alumni for regular employment by mail both decreased substantially compared to last year, but there was an increase in the number requesting students for summer and part-time work.

$\underline{\text{STARTING SALARIES ACCEPTED*}} \\ \text{(By citizens for regular employment, teaching positions omitted)}$

	_ :	BS]	MS	PhD		
By Programs	No.	Aver.	No.	Aver.	No.	Aver.	
Aero. & Astro.	24	\$638	5	\$751	İ		
Chemical	13	618	9	756	5	\$1000	
Civil	14	608	4	693	2	973	
Electrical	33	628	16	781	5	1062	
Engineering Mechanics	1	625	3	780	1	1040	
Industrial	12	611	1		2	1000	
Instrumentation			4	819			
Materials			1		1	1000	
Mathematics					1		
Mechanical	24	616	21	749	6	1124	
Metallurgical	1	600	1	750	i		
Naval Arch. & Marine	8	581	3	691			
Nuclear			6	804	1	1125	
Physics	2	643	1				
Science	2	623	i				
Combined	5	657					
Total No.	139		72		23		
Average Salary		\$622		\$757		\$1050	

	E	3S	1	MS	PhD	
By Industries	No.	Aver.	No.	Aver.	No.	Aver.
Aircraft, Space Vehicles, &						
Components	36	\$637	24	\$/84	1	\$1155
Automotive & Mech. Equip.	18	610	9	752	1	1088
Chem., Drugs, & Allied Prod.	8	637	6	703	1	1000
Constr. & Bldg. Mat'ls. Mfrs.	12	631				
Elect. Machinery & Equip.	8	615	2	696	2	963
Electronics & Instruments	14	628	11	762	1	1000
Food & Beverage Processing	2	587				
Glass, Paper, Pkg., & Allied						
Products	2	646			į	
Metal & Metal Products	8	611	3	742	1	
Petro. & Allied Prod. (inc.			1			
Nat. Gas)	6	611	4	743	2	1038
Res. &/or Consulting Organ's.	3	648	5	821	3	1142
Tire & Rubber	2	613				
Utilities-Public (inc. Trans.)	8	606				
State & Local Government	5	607	1	651	1	
Federal Government	3	586	5	701		
Educ. or Res. Related to			1		1	
Educ.	2	674			12	1041
Total No.	137		70		23	
Average Salary		\$622		\$757		\$1050

^{*} No salaries reported by Professional degree graduates.

COMMENTS

Starting salaries increased substantially at all degree levels this year: 4.7% for BS, 6.8% for MS, and 5.4% for PhD's.

Aeronautical resumed the lead for BS salaries with Electrical quite close and followed by Chemical and Mechanical at a lower but almost equal level. Civil and Industrial were again close together at a still lower level.

The industries were led by Chemical, Air-space, and Research with Electronics and Construction also well above the average.

Note that in some categories too few salaries were reported to be statistically significant.

POSITIONS ACCEPTED

(By citizens for regular employment)

BY LOCATION (23	8 reported)	BY TYPE OF WORK (238 reported	.)
	<u>%</u>		%
Michigan	27	Training Program	25
Other Midwest	21	Research & Development	3 5
East	27	Design or Systems Engrg.	23
West	22	Operations or Production	10
Other	3	Sales	2
	100	Teaching	5
		ī	.00

BY TYPE OF INDUSTRY (238 reported)

	ď		d
			<u>%</u>
Aircraft, Space Vehicles, &		Metal & Metal Products	5
Components	27	Petro. & Allied Prod. (inc.	
Automotive & Mechanical Equip.	12	Nat. Gas)	5
Chem., Drugs, & Allied Prod.	6	Res. &/or Consulting Organ's.	5
Constr. & Bldg. Mat'ls. Mfrs.	5	Tire & Rubber	1
Elect. Machinery & Equip.	5	Utilities-Public (inc. Trans.)	3
Electronics & Instruments	12	State & Local Government	3
Food & Beverage Processing	1	Federal Government	-3
Gl., Paper, Pkg., & Allied Prod.	1	Educ. or Res. Related to Educ.	6
	100		100

BY SIZE OF EMPLOYER'S ORGANIZATION (238 reported)

	%
Large (More than 5000 employees)	61
Medium (Between 500 and 5000 employees)	31
Small (Less than 500 employees)	8
	100

COMMENTS

The proportion starting in Michigan remained the same as last year, but Other Midwest States and the East Coast gained at the expense of the West Coast which declined to 22% as compared with 40% only two years ago.

Last year's shift from Production to Sales was reversed completely this year with the largest proportion ever reported going into Operations and Production work at the expense of Training Programs and Research and Development.

The classification of industries was changed this year to conform with the College Placement Council, but no significant change appeared in the distribution by industries or by size of employer.



SUMMER POSITIONS

A special survey of approximately 400 students registered for summer positions was made in early June with the following results reported through June 15.

STATUS OF APPLICANTS	Below Jr. Yr.	Jr.	Sr.	Grad.	Total	%_
Have Position Still Looking No Longer Want	12 3	31 5	84 15 3	41 8 2	168 31 6	82 15 3
Totals	15	37	102	51	205	100

AVERAGE MONTHLY SALARY	Below Jr. Yr.	Jr.	Sr.	Grad.	Overall Average
Training Positions Ordinary Work Combined Average	412	429	449	502	453
	343	379	426	550	447
	363	403	436	532	450

COMMENTS

Although a large majority of applicants had accepted positions by June 15, there were a substantial number still available.

The largest number of positions, 37, was reported in the Automotive and Mechanical Equipment industries, followed by 27 in Education-related Research, mostly at the University, and 18 in the Chemical industries.

Salaries for training positions averaged considerably higher than for ordinary jobs except at the post-graduate level where many were employed on regular research work at relatively high rates.