Tanner Notes 12/6/90

It is my pleasure and privilege

to welcome you to this year's Tanner lecture on human values, and to intorduce to you our Tanner Lecturerer, Professor Richard Rorty.

The Tanner Lecture is one of the most important

intellectual events of the year at Michigan.
It is one that I think all of us
anticipate with excitement because we know
we will be challenged to consider together
some of the most basic questions of human life and purpose.

The Tanner Lecutre and Symposium bring to us each year

some of the most outstanding thinkers of our time who are distinguished for their reflections on scholarly learning in relation to the entire range of values pertinent to the human condition, interest, behavior and aspiration. We are indebted to the members of the Philosohpy faculty and their colleagues from many departments who have planned this program and to the Tanner founder and faily whose generosity makes it possible.

Professor Rorty was recently described

in the New York Times Magazine as "the most influential contemporary American philosopher".

He is currently Professor of the Humanities at the University of Virgina.

This title suits him especially well. because his work reminds us that the word "human" is at the very core of the "humanities".

Professor Rorty began his career as one

of the most prominent philosophers in the country, But more recently he has ranged broadly across many areas of inquiry including literature, the history of ideas, and social and cultural studies. to illuminate his very original ideas about the human condition.

Although Professor Rorty has become perhaps

the most eloquent and influential critic of the idea

that any one view of "reality" is privileged or authoritative. Yet, he has always insisted that, in giving up this venerable proposition, we can substitute an "anything goes" view of life.

On the contrary, he presents to us an alternative vision

--a utopia in which moral seriousness is NOT expressed by seeking some objective or external or absolute perspective that will apply in all circumstances, settle all disputes, or explain all human differences as "mere contingency" or prejudice.

Rather, he suggests to us that moral seriousness

is a profoundly humane perspective expressed in sensitivity to pain and humiliation of others, of opposition to cruelty in all its forms.

In his lecture, Professor Rorty emphasizes the importance

of opening up new possibilities for thought and dialog.

And, indeed, his own career is testimony

to the creative value of such openess.

Through his work he has sought to bring together major themes from traditions that had largely been understood apart from --or even in opposition to--one another-American pragmatism, analytic philosophy, and recent continental philosophy.

In the new dialog he has created, Professor Rorty has found inspiration

both for the <u>personal</u> freedom to see in our individual lives as a realm of individual self-creation, and for the <u>social</u> freedom that comes when we cease to use our political institutions to impose our personal visions upon others.

Professor Rorty could hardly have chosen

a more important or challenging set of questions than those he will discuss in his lecture "Feminism and Pragmatism"

Please join me in welcoming Professor Rorty.